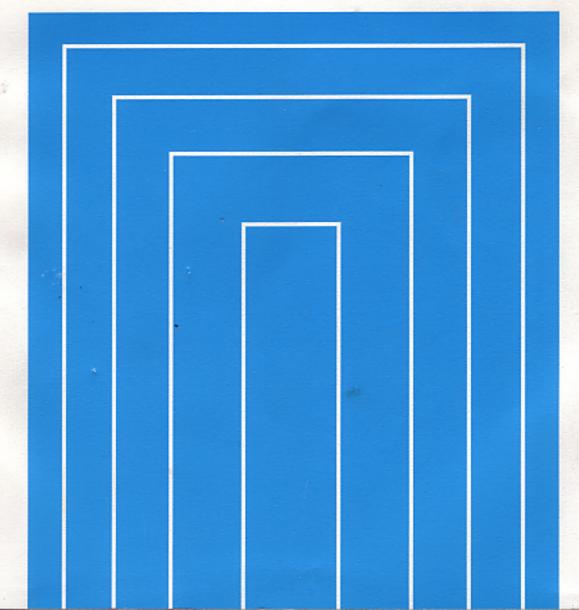


1KZ-TE ENGINE

REPAIR MANUAL

Aug., 1999



Pub. No. RM710E

FOREWORD

This repair manual has been prepared to provide information covering general service repairs for the 1KZ-TE engine equipped on the TOYOTA HILUX.

Applicable models: KZN165 series

Please note that the publications below have also been prepared as relevant service manuals for the components and system in this engine.

Manual Name	Pub. No.
HILUX Electrical Wiring Diagram	EWD307F

All information in this manual is based on the latest product information at the time of publication. However, specifications and procedures are subject to change without notice.

TOYOTA MOTOR CORPORATION

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PREPARATION SERVICE SPECIFICATIONS DIAGNOSTICS ENGINE MECHANICAL TURBOCHARGER **EMISSION CONTROL** ELECTRONIC CONTROL DIESEL ENGINE FUEL COOLING LUBRICATION STARTING CHARGING **ALPHABETICAL INDEX**

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INTRODUCTION

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IN

HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL

GENERAL INFORMATION : . C بالمتحاف المحاف المراج

INDEX 1.

An INDEX is provided on the first page of each section to guide you to the item to be repaired. To assist you in finding your way through the manual, the section title and major heading are given at the top of every page.

PRECAUTION 2.

At the beginning of each section, a PRECAUTION is given that pertains to all repair operations contained in that section.

Read these precautions before starting any repair task.

TROUBLESHOOTING 3.

TROUBLESHOOTING tables are included for each system to help you diagnose the problem and find the cause. The fundamentals of how to proceed with troubleshooting are described on page IN-9.

Be sure to read this before performing troubleshooting.

PREPARATION 4.

Preparation lists the SST (Special Service Tools), recommended tools, equipment, lubricant and SSM (Special Service Materials) which should be prepared before beginning the operation and explains the purpose of each one. 4

REPAIR PROCEDURES 5.

Most repair operations begin with an overview illustration. It identifies the components and shows how the <u>ы</u> . يەد دىن ـ parts fit together. ta -4.5 1600 Ę, 18 Sec. 17 1 1.0 5 8 10 C ne. Example:

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Constant and the section for quite section for	S TIFICATIONS Jecth are plotted in the occupient of the states ence
n in said is a company of the said of the	CAUTIC Late Control In people. NOTHING are also presented heing repair of the the HINTS are coarrightrom the heip you particulated Shawr
G + Gasket	• . • •
N·m (kgf·cm, ft·lbf) : Specified torque ♦ Non-reusable part	B07996 B08237

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IN-2	INTRODUCTION - HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL
The proc	edures are presented in a step-by-step format:
•	The illustration shows what to do and where to do it. The task heading tells what to do.
•	The detailed text tells how to perform the task and gives other information such as specifications
	and warnings. The same same sources and the second se
Example	l A STRA STRATTATATATATATATATATATATATATATATATATAT
	Task heading : what to do
	21. CHECK PISTON STROKE OF OVERDRIVE BRAKE
	(a) Place SST and a dial indicator onto the overdrive brake pis-
	ton as shown in the illustration.
1996	SST 09350-30020 (09350-06120)
	Illustration: what to do and where Set part No.
	Detailed text : how to do task
	(b) Measure the stroke applying and releasing the compressed
	air (392 — 785 kPa, 4 — 8 kgf/cm ² or 57 — 114 psi) as shown in the illustration.
and References	Piston stroke: 1.40 — 1.70 mm (0.0551 — 0.0669 ln.)
	Specification

This format provides the experienced technician with a FAST TRACK to the information needed. The upper case task heading can be read at a glance when necessary, and the text below it provides detailed information. Important specifications and warnings always stand out in bold type.

6. REFERENCES

References have been kept to a minimum. However, when they are required you are given the page to refer to.

7. **SPECIFICATIONS**

Specifications are presented in bold type throughout the text where needed. You never have to leave the procedure to look up your specifications. They are also found in Service Specifications section for quick reference.

CAUTIONS, NOTICES, HINTS: 8.

- 🔶 Cran Inait CAUTIONS are presented in **bold** type, and indicate there is a possibility of injury to you or other people.
- NOTICES are also presented in **bold** type, and indicate the possibility of damage to the components being repaired.
- HINTS are separated from the text but do not appear in **bold**. They provide additional information to help you perform the repair efficiently.

SI UNIT 9.

The UNITS given in this manual are primarily expressed according to the SI UNIT (International System of Unit), and alternately expressed in the metric system and in the English System. Example:

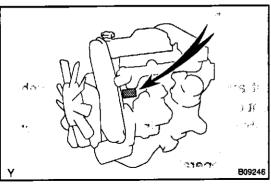
Torque: 30 N·m (310 kgf cm, 22 ft lbf)

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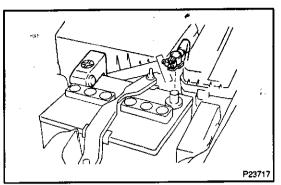
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IDENTIFICATION - IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION



IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION ENGINE SERIAL NUMBER

The engine serial number is stamped on the engine block, as shown in the illustration.



REPAIR INSTRUCTIONS GENERAL INFORMATION BASIC REPAIR HINT

- (a) Use fender, seat and floor covers to keep the vehicle clean and prevent damage.
- (b) During disassembly, keep parts in the appropriate order to facilitate reassembly.
- (c) Observe the following operations:
 - (1) Before performing electrical work, disconnect the negative (-) terminal cable from the battery.
 - (2) If it is necessary to disconnect the battery for inspection or repair, always disconnect the negative (-) terminal cable which is grounded to the vehicle body.
 - (3) To prevent damage to the battery terminal, loosen the cable nut and raise the cable straight up without twisting or prying it.
 - (4) Clean the battery terminals and cable ends with a clean shop rag. Do not scrape them with a file or other abrasive objects.
 - (5) Install the cable ends to the battery terminals with the nut loose, and tighten the nut after installation. Do not use a hammer to tap the cable ends onto the terminals.
 - (6) Be sure the cover for the positive (+) terminal is properly in place.
- (d) Check hose and wiring connectors to make sure that they are secure and correct.
- (e) Non-reusable parts
 - (1) Always replace cotter pins, gaskets, O-rings and oil seals etc. with new ones.
 - (2) Non-reusable parts are indicated in the component illustrations by the "◆" symbol.
- (f) Precoated parts

Precoated parts are bolts and nuts, etc. that are coated with a seal lock adhesive at the factory.

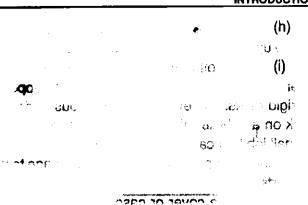
- (1) If a precoated part is retightened, loosened or caused to move in any way, it must be recoated with the specified adhesive.
- (2) When reusing precoated parts, clean off the old adhesive and dry with compressed air. Then apply the specified seal lock adhesive to the bolt, nut or threads.
- (3) Precoated parts are indicated in the component illustrations by the "★" symbol.
- (g) When necessary, use a sealer on gaskets to prevent leaks.

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Medium Current Fuse and High Current Fuse

Equal Amperage Rating

 Carefully observe all specifications for bolt tightening torques. Always use a torque wrench.

Use of special service tools (SST) and special service materials (SSM) may be required, depending on the nature of the repair. Be sure to use SST and SSM where specified and follow the proper work procedure. A list of SST and SSM can be found in section PP (Preparation) in this manual.

When replacing fuses, be sure the new fuse has the correct amperage rating. DO NOT exceed the rating or use one with a lower rating.

Illustration		Symbol	Part Name	Abbreviation
and the second se	BE5594		FUSE and the second	FUSE
	BE5595		MEDIUM CURRENT FUSE	M-FUSE
	BE5596		HIGH CURRENT FUSE	H-FUSE
: elec:	BE5597		FUSIBLE LINK	kukun₩ ∖ FL
eusea.	BE5598	8	CIRCUIT BREAKER	СВ
wrench to remove or Instel		(6) Never (6)	: ₽	V000 7

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 constants we get (k)
 constants we get (k)

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Care must be taken when jacking up and supporting the vehicle. Be sure to lift and support the vehicle at the proper locations.

Cancel the parking brake on the level place and shift the transmission in Neutral (or N position).

When jacking up the front wheels of the vehicle at first place stoppers behind the rear wheels.

When jacking up the rear wheels of the vehicle at first place stoppers behind the rear wheels.

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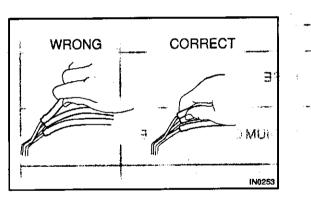
spec.

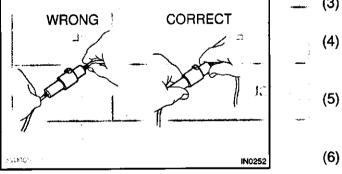
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 When either the front or rear wheels only should be jacked up, set rigid racks and place stoppers in front and behind the other wheels on the ground.

After the vehicle is jacked up, be sure to support it on rigid racks. It is extremely dangerous to **do any** work on a vehicle raised on a jack alone, even for a small job that can be finished quickly.

-) Observe the following precautions to avoid damage to the following parts:
 - Do not open the cover or case of the ECU unless absolutely necessary. (If the IC terminals are touched, the IC may be destroyed by static electricity.)





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To disconnect vacuum hoses, pull off the end, not the middle of the hose.

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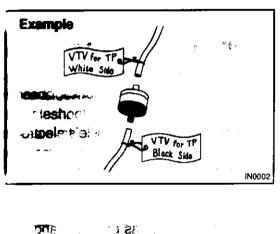
- (3) To pull apart electrical connectors, pull on the connector itself, not the wires.
- (4) Be careful not to drop electrical components, such as sensors or relays. If they are dropped on a hard floor, they should be replaced and not reused.
 - When steam cleaning an engine, protect the electronic components, air filter and emission-related components from water.
- (6) Never use an impact wrench to remove or install temperature switches or temperature sensors.
- (7) When checking continuity at the wire connector, insert the tester probe carefully to prevent terminals from bending.
- (8) When using a vacuum gauge, never force the hose onto a connector that is too large. Use a step-down adapter for adjustment. Once the hose has been stretched, it may leak.

IN-6



INTRODUCTION - REPAIR INSTRUCTIONS

1. 25 p



- (m) Tag hoses before disconnecting them:
 - (1) When disconnecting vacuum hoses, use tags to identify how they should be reconnected.
 - (2) After completing a job, double check that the vacuum hoses are properly connected. A label under the hood shows the proper layout.
- (n) Unless otherwise stated, all resistance is measured at an ambient temperature of 20°C (68°F). Because the resistance may be outside specifications if measured at high temperatures immediately after the vehicle has been running, measurement should be made when the engine has cooled down.

FOR ALL OF VEHICLES

PRECAUTION

- 1. IF VEHICLE IS EQUIPPED WITH MOBILE COMMUNICATION SYSTEM
- For vehicles with mobile communication systems such as two–way radios and cellular telephones, observe the following precautions.
 - (1) Install the antenna as far as possible away from the ECU and sensors of the vehicle's electronic system.

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- (2) Install the antenna feeder at least 20 cm (7.87 in.) away from the ECU and sensors of the vehicle's electronic systems. For details about ECU and sensors locations, refer to the section on the applicable component.
- (3) Avoid winding the antenna feeder together with the other wiring as much as possible, and also avoid running the antenna feeder parallel with other wire harnesses.
- (4) Check that the antenna and feeder are correctly adjusted.
- (5) Do not install powerful mobile communications system.
- 2. FOR USING HAND-HELD TESTER

CAUTION:

- **Observe the following items for safety reasons:**
- Before using the hand-held tester, the hand-held tester's operator manual should be read throughly.
- Be sure to route all cables securely when driving with the hand-held tester connected to the vehicle. (i.e. Keep cables away from feet, pedals, steering wheel and shift lever.)
- Two persons are required when test driving with the hand-held tester, one person to drive the vehicle and one person to operate the hand-held tester.

HOW TO TROUBLESHOOT ECU CONTROLLED SYSTEMS

A large number of ECU controlled systems are used in the HILUX. In general, the ECU controlled system is considered to be a very intricate system requiring a high level of technical knowledge and expert skill to troubleshoot. However, the fact is that if you proceed to inspect the circuits one by one, troubleshooting of these systems is not complex. If you have adequate understanding of the system and a basic knowledge of electricity, accurate diagnosis and necessary repair can be performed to locate and fix the problem. This manual is designed through emphasis of the above standpoint to help service technicians perform accurate and effective troubleshooting, and is compiled for the following major ECU controlled systems:

System	Page
Engine	DI–1

The troubleshooting procedure and how to make use of it are described on the above pages.

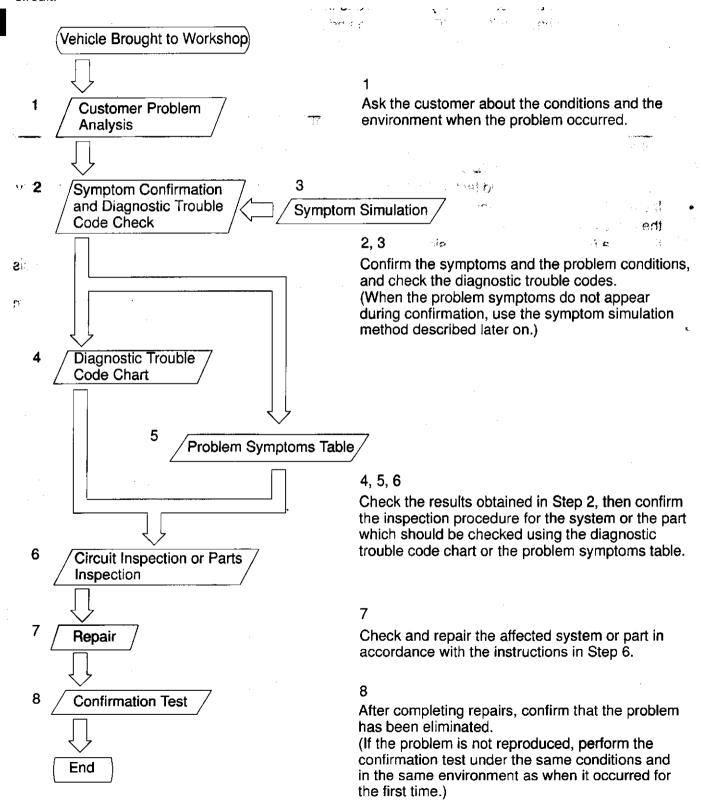
FOR USING HAND-HELD TESTER

- Before using the hand-held tester, the hand held-tester's operator manual should be read throughly.
- If the hand-held tester cannot communicate with ECU controlled systems when you have connected the cable of the hand-held tester to DLC3, turned the ignition switch ON and operated the scan tool, there is a problem on the vehicle side or tool side.
 - (1) If communication is normal when the tool is connected to another vehicle, inspect the diagnosis data link line (Bus⊕line) or ECU power circuit of the vehicle.
 - (2) If communication is still not possible when the tool is connected to another vehicle, the problem is probably in the tool itself, so perform the Self Test procedures outlined in the Tester Operator's Manual.

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HOW TO PROCEED WITH TROUBLESHOOTING

Carry out troubleshooting in accordance with the procedure on the following page. Here, only the basic procedure is shown. Details are provided in each section, showing the most effective methods for each circuit. Confirm the troubleshooting procedures first for the relevant circuit before beginning troubleshooting of that circuit.



CUSTOMER PROBLEM ANALYSIS 1.

In troubleshooting, the problem symptoms must be confirmed accurately and all preconceptions must be cleared away in order to give an accurate judgement. To ascertain just what the problem symptoms are, it is extremely important to ask the customer about the problem and the conditions at the time it occurred. Important Point in the Problem Analysis: ni ai

The following 5 items are important points in the problem analysis. Past problems which are thought to be unrelated and the repair history, etc. may also help in some cases, so as much information as possible should be gathered and its relationship with the problem symptoms should be correctly ascertained for reference in troubleshooting. A customer problem analysis table is provided in the troubleshooting section for each system for your use.

• When —	occurrence frequency	estre gaine	*
 Under will 		driving conditions, weather conditions	; *
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

CUSTOMER PROBLEM ANALYSIS CHECK

ENG	AINE CONTRO	L SYSTEM Check Sheet	Inspe Name		- ' A par ya Pa		
Cus	stomer's Name			Model and Model Year			
Driver's Name		Frame No.					
	a Vehicle Sught in	Engine Model					
Lice	ense No.			Odometer Reading			km miles
	Engine does not Start	Engine does not crank	🗆 No	initial combustion	O No co	mplete combustic	
	Difficult to Start	Engine cranks slowly Other					
iptoms	Poor Idling	□ Incorrect first idle □ Idling rpm is abnormal □ High (rpm) □ Low (rpm) □ Rough idling □ Other					
Problem Symptoms	Drive ability	Hesitation Back fire Muffler explosion (after-fire) Surging					
Probl	Engine Stall	Soon after starting After accelerator pedal depressed After accelerator pedal released During A/C operation Shifting from N to D Other					
	Others						
		astant Sometim	nes (times per dav/m	onth		

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2. SYMPTOM CONFIRMATION AND DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CHECK

The diagnostic system in the HILUX fulfills various functions. The first function is the Diagnostic Trouble Code Check in which a malfunction in the signal circuits to the ECU is stored in code in the ECU memory at the time of occurrence, to be output by the technician during troubleshooting. Another function is the Input Signal Check which checks if the signals from various switches are sent to the ECU correctly.

By using these check functions, the problem areas can be narrowed down quickly and troubleshooting can be performed effectively. Diagnostic functions are incorporated in the following systems in the HILUX.

System	Diagnostic Trouble	Input Signal Check	Other Diagnosis
	Code Check	(Sensor Check)	Function
Engine	O (with Test Mode)	0	Diagnostic Test Mode

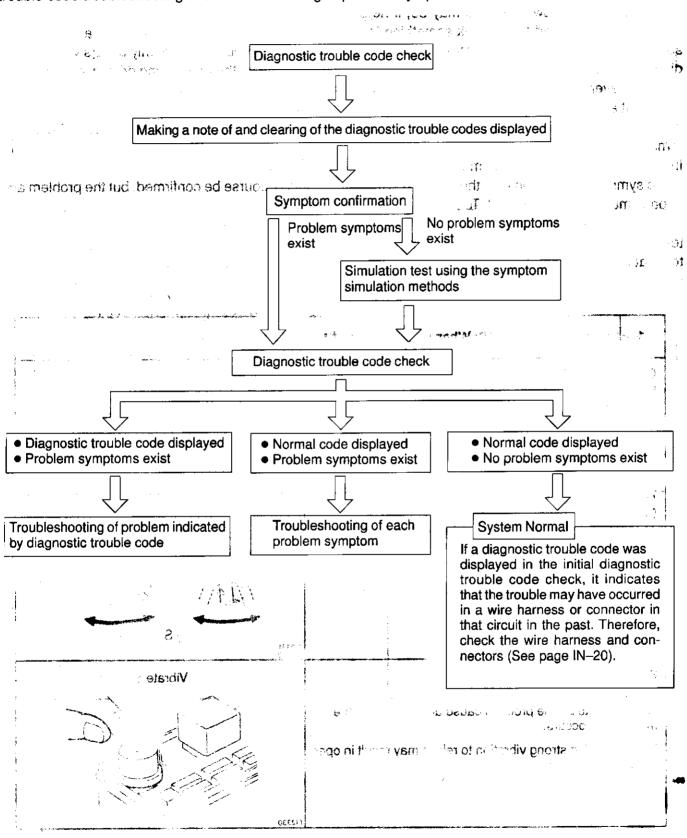
In diagnostic trouble code check, it is very important to determine whether the problem indicated by the diagnostic trouble code is still occurring or occurred in the past but returned to normal at present. In addition, it must be checked in the problem symptom check whether the malfunction indicated by the diagnostic trouble code is directly related to the problem symptom or not. For this reason, the diagnostic trouble codes should be checked before and after the symptom confirmation to determine the current conditions, as shown in the table below. If this is not done, it may, depending on the case, result in unnecessary troubleshooting for normally operating systems, thus making it more difficult to locate the problem, or in repairs not pertinent to the problem. Therefore, always follow the procedure in correct order and perform the diagnostic trouble code check.

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CHECK PROCEDURE

Diagnostic Trouble Code Check (Make a note of and then clear)	Confirmation of Symptoms	Diagnostic Trouble Code Check	Problem Condition
Diagnostic Trouble Code Display	Problem symptoms exist	Same diagnostic trouble code is displayed	Problem is still occurring in the diagnostic circuit
	noite:	Normal code is displayed	The problem is still occurring in a place other than in the diagnostic circuit (The diagnostic trouble code displayed first is either for a past problem or it is a secondary problem)
	No problem symptoms exist		The problem occurred in the diagnostic circuit in the past
Normal Code Display	Problem symptoms exist	Normal code is displayed	The problem is still occurring in a place other than in the diagnostic circuit
с С	No problem symptoms exist	Normal code is displayed	The problem occurred in a place other than in the diagnostic circuit in the past

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Taking into account the above points, a flow chart showing how to proceed with troubleshooting using the diagnostic trouble code check is shown below. This flow chart shows how to utilize the diagnostic trouble code check effectively, then by carefully checking the results, indicates how to proceed either to diagnostic trouble code troubleshooting or to troubleshooting of problem symptoms.



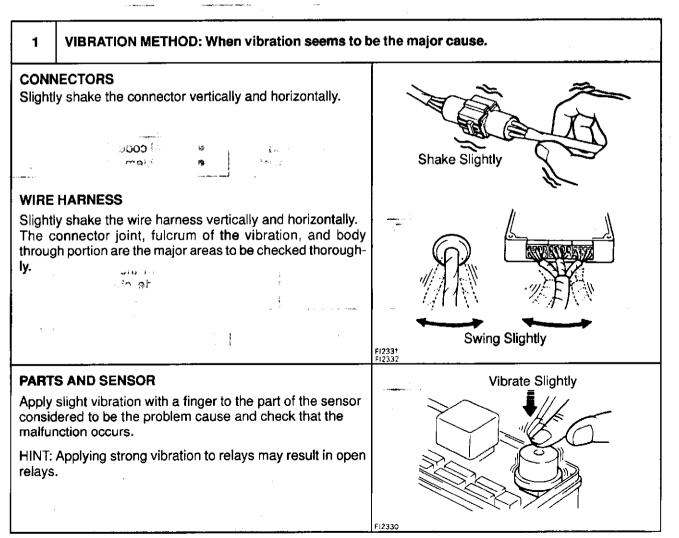
3. SYMPTOM SIMULATION

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The most difficult case in troubleshooting is when there are no problem symptoms occurring. In such cases, a thorough customer problem analysis must be carried out, then simulate the same or similar conditions and environment in which the problem occurred in the customer's vehicle. No matter how much experience a technician has, or how skilled he may be, if he proceeds to troubleshoot without confirming the problem symptoms he will tend to overlook something important in the repair operation and make a wrong guess somewhere, which will only lead to a standstill. For example, for a problem which only occurs when the engine is cold, or for a problem which occurs due to vibration caused by the road during driving, etc., the problem can never be determined so long as the symptoms are confirmed with the engine hot condition or the vehicle at a standstill. Since vibration, heat or water penetration (moisture) is likely cause for problem which is difficult to reproduce, the symptom simulation tests introduced here are effective measures in that the external causes are applied to the vehicle in a stopped condition.

Important Points in the Symptom Simulation Test:

In the symptom simulation test, the problem symptoms should of course be confirmed, but the problem area or parts must also be found out. To do this, narrow down the possible problem circuits according to the symptoms before starting this test and connect a tester beforehand. After that, carry out the symptom simulation test, judging whether the circuit being tested is defective or normal and also confirming the problem symptoms at the same time. Refer to the problem symptoms table for each system to narrow down the possible causes of the symptom.



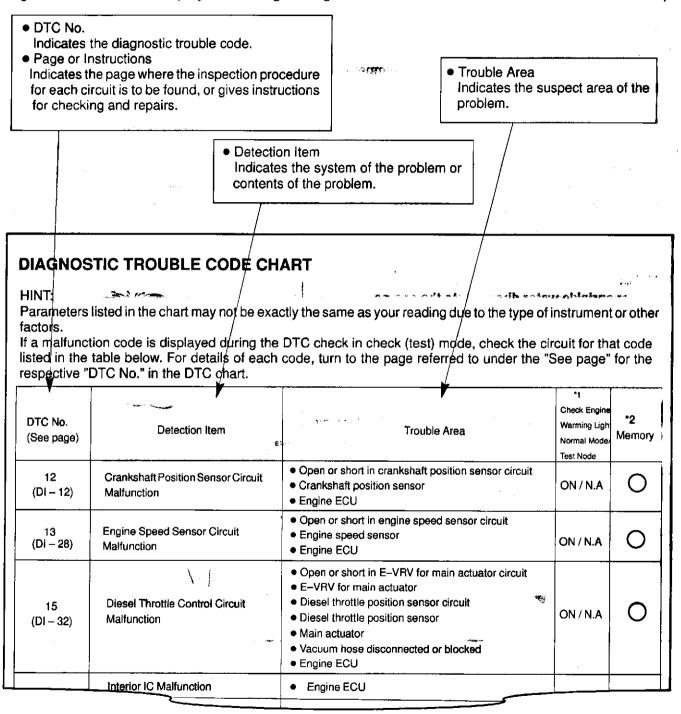
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- 7	~1 2, 1	#	هه در
2	HEAT METHOD: W	nen the problem seems	s to occur when the suspect area is heated.
v thai cours NOTIC 1) Do is li	hair dryer or similar obj : : : : not heat to more the mited not to damage	the likely cause of the m ect. Check to see if the m in 60°C (140°F). (Temp the components.) tly to parts in the ECU	malfunction Malfunction Derature
3	WATER SPRINKLIN		e malfunction seems to occur on a rainy day or in a midity condition.
i on oc NOTIC (1) Ne com hun surf (2) Ne con INT: of a vel	curs. CE: ver sprinkle water di partment, but indire nidity by applying wa face. ver apply water direc nponents.	er leakage, the leaked wa testing a vehicle with a v	rature and iator front
	oblem, special cautior	n must be taken.	ccur when electrical load is excessive.
'ghts,		including the heater blo , etc. and check to see tumber	
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4. DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CHART

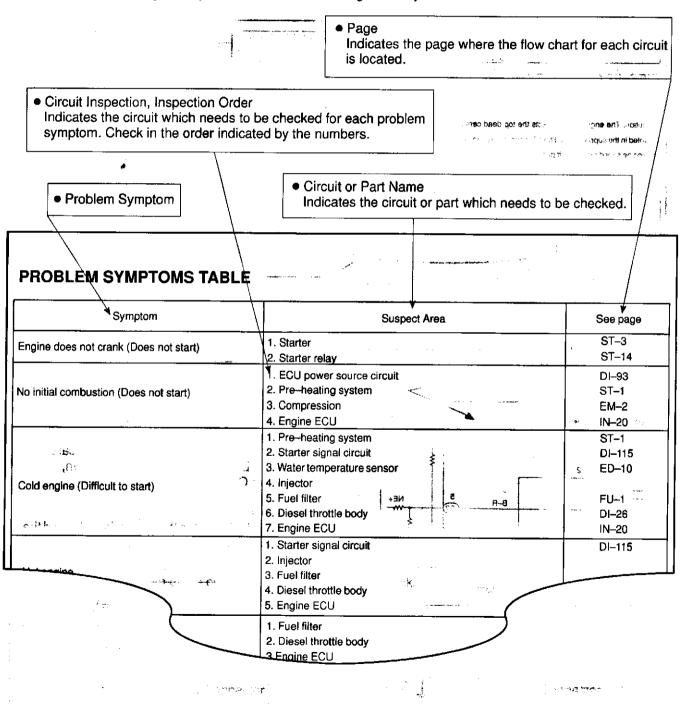
The inspection procedure is shown in the table below. This table permits efficient and accurate troubleshooting using the diagnostic trouble codes displayed in the diagnostic trouble code check. Proceed with troubleshooting in accordance with the inspection procedure given in the diagnostic chart corresponding to the diagnostic trouble codes displayed. The engine diagnostic trouble code chart is shown below as an example



5. PROBLEM SYMPTOMS TABLE

The suspect circuits or parts for each problem symptom are shown in the table below. Use this table to troubieshoot the problem when a "Normal" code is displayed in the diagnostic trouble code check but the probem is still occurring. Numbers in the table indicate the inspection order in which the circuits or parts should be checked.

When the problem is not detected by the diagnostic system even though the problem symptom is present, it is considered that the problem is occurring outside the detection range of the diagnostic system, or that the problem is occurring in a system other than the diagnostic system.

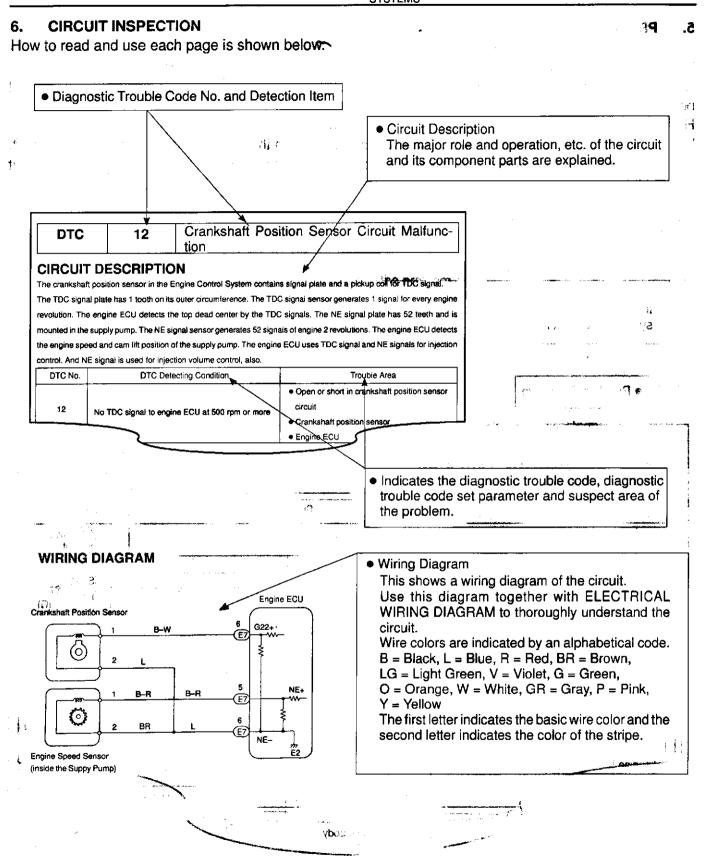


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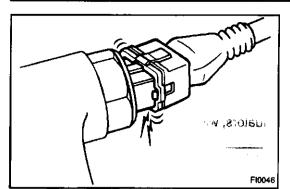
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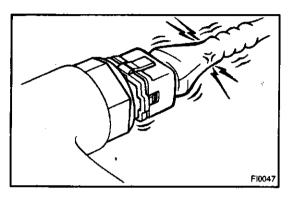
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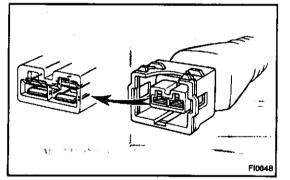


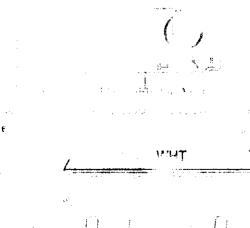
CONTRODUCTION - HOW TO TROUBLESHOOT ECU CONTROLLED	19
	_
 Indicates the position of the ignition switch during the check. LOCK Ignition Switch LOCK (OFF) Ignition Switch ON ACC Ignition Switch START Ignition Switch ACC 	
and a second sec]
	÷
1 Check continuity between terminal THW of ECU connector and body ground. LOCK PREPARATION: (a) Remove the glove compartment. (b) Disconnector of ECU. CHECK: Measure resistance between terminal THW of ECU connector and body ground. OK Go to step 3. NC OK 2 Check water temp. sensor (See page ED-15). OK Replace water temp. sensor.	
 Indicates the place to check the voltage or resistance. Indicates the connector position to be checked, from the front or back side. 	
a point of the connector back side. (with harness) Wire Harness b to the connector back side. (with harness) Check from the connector front side. (without harness) In this case, care must be taken not to bend the terminals.	
• Indicates the condition of the connector of ECU during the check. TWH there are a contract of the connector of ECU during the check. THW there are a contract of the connector of ECU during the check. THW there are a contract of the connector of ECU during the check. THW there are a contract of the connector of ECU during the check. THW there are a contract of the connector of ECU during the check. THW there are a contract of the connector of ECU during the check. THW there are a contract of the connector of ECU during the check. THW there are a contract of the connector of ECU during the check. THW there are a contract of the connector of th	
Connector being checked is connected. Connector being checked is disconnected.	

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HOW TO USE THE DIAGNOSTIC **CHART AND INSPECTION** PROCEDURE

- CONNECTOR CONNECTION AND TERMINAL IN-1. SPECTION
- For troubleshooting, diagnostic trouble code charts or problem symptom charts are provided for each circuit with detailed inspection procedures on the following pages.
 - When all the component parts, wire harnesses and connectors of each circuit except the ECU are found to be normal in troubleshooting, then it is determined that the problem is in the ECU. Accordingly, if diagnosis is performed without the problem symptoms occurring, refer to step 8 to replace the ECU, even if the problem is not in the ECU. So always confirm that the problem symptoms are occurring, or proceed with inspection while using the symptom simulation method.
- The instructions "Check wire harness and connector" and "Check and replace ECU" which appear in the inspection procedure, are common and applicable to all diagnostic trouble codes. Follow the procedure outlined below whenever these instructions appear. **OPEN CIRCUIT:**

This could be due to a disconnected wire harness, faulty contact in the connector, and a connector terminal pulled out, etc. HINT:

- It is rarely the case that a wire is broken in the middle of it. Most cases occur at the connector. In particular, carefully check the connectors of sensors and actuators.
- Faulty contact could be due to rusting of the connector terminals, to foreign materials entering terminals or a deformation of connector terminals. Simply disconnecting and reconnecting the connectors once changes the condition of the connection and may result in a return to normal operation. Therefore, in troubleshooting, if no abth∈ normality is found in the wire harness and connector БЭ . check, but the problem disappears after the check, then . 6. the cause is considered to be in the wire harness or con-.veck. nectors.

SHORT CIRCUIT:

This could be due to a contact between wire harness and the body ground or to a short circuit occurred inside the switch, etc. HINT:

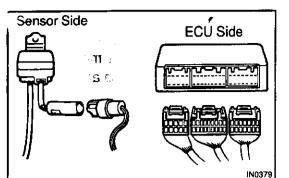
When there is a short circuit between the wire harness and body ground, check thoroughly whether the wire harness is caught in the body or is clamped properly. 11

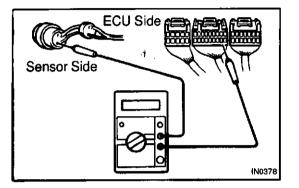
a diana

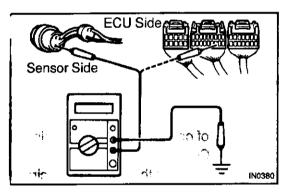
.........ector being checked is disconnected.

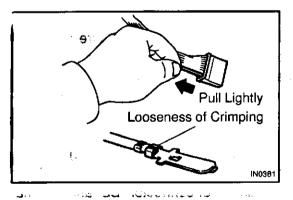
E6 Connector

2.









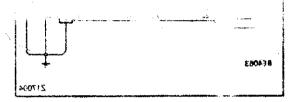
CONTINUITY CHECK (OPEN CIRCUIT CHECK)

- (a) Disconnect the connectors at both ECU and sensor sides.
- (b) Measure the resistance between the applicable terminals of the connectors.

Resistance: 1Ω or less

HINT:

- Measure the resistance while lightly shaking the wire har¹ ness vertically and horizontally.
- When tester probes are inserted into a connector, insert the probes from the back. For waterproof connectors in which the probes cannot be inserted from the back, be careful not to bend the terminals when inserting the tester probes.



3. RESISTANCE CHECK (SHORT CIRCUIT CHECK)

- (a) Disconnect the connectors on both ends.
- (b) Measure the resistance between the applicable terminals of the connectors and body ground. Be sure to carry out this check on the connectors on both ends.

Resistance: 1 $M\Omega$ or higher

HINT:

Measure the resistance while lightly shaking the wire harness vertically and horizontally.

4. VISUAL CHECK AND CONTACT PRESSURE CHECK

- (a) Disconnect the connectors at both ends.
- (b) Check for rust or foreign material, etc. in the terminals of the connectors.
- (c) Check crimped portions for looseness or damage and check that the terminals are secured in lock portion.

HINT:

The terminals should not come out when pulled lightly.

(d) Prepare a test male terminal and insert it in the female ter-¹ minal, then pull it out.

NOTICE:

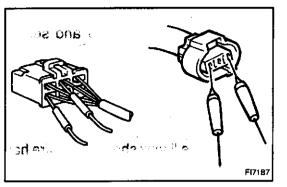
When testing a gold-plated female terminal, always use a gold-plated male terminal.

HINT:

10%

When the test terminal is pulled out more easily than others, there may be poor contact in that section.

03



CONNECTOR HANDLING

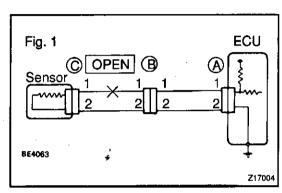
Wherrinserting tester probes into a connector, insert them from the rear of the connector. When necessary, use mini test leads. For water resistant connectors which cannot be accessed from behind, take good care not to deform the connector terminals.

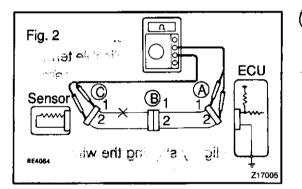
artt or

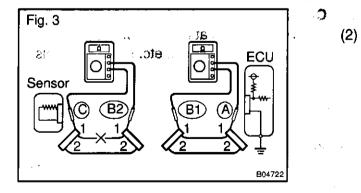
5.

6. CHECK OPEN CIRCUIT

For the open circuit in the wire harness in Fig. 1, perform "(a) Continuity Check" or "(b) Voltage Check" to locate the section.







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mal is put to out more easily than others,

(a) Check the continuity.

(1) Disconnect connectors "A" and "C" and measure the resistance between them. In the case of Fig. 2,

Between terminal 1 of connector "A" and terminal 1 of connector "C" \rightarrow No continuity (open)

Between terminal 2 of connector "A" and terminal 2 sites of connector "C" \rightarrow Continuity

Therefore, it is found out that there is an open circuit between terminal 1 of connector "A" and terminal 1 of connector "C".

) Disconnect connector "B" and measure the resistance between the connectors.

In the case of Fig. 3,

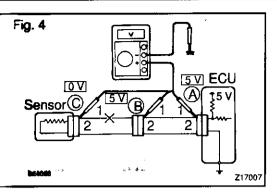
440

Between terminal 1 of connector "A" and terminal 1 of connector "B1" \rightarrow Continuity

Between terminal 1 of connector "B2" and terminal 1 of connector "C" \rightarrow No continuity (open)

Therefore, it is found out that there is an open circuitⁱ between terminal 1 of connector "B2" and terminal 1 of connector "C".

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C

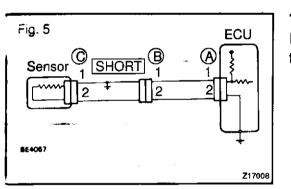
(b) Check the voltage.

In a circuit in which voltage is applied (to the ECU connector terminal), an open circuit can be checked for by conducting a voltage check.

As shown in Fig. 4, with each connector still connected, measure the voltage between body ground and terminal 1 of connector "A" at the ECU 5V output terminal, terminal 1 of connector "B", and terminal 1 of connector "C", in that order.

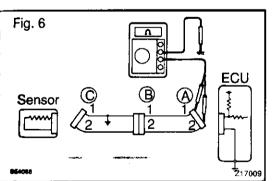
If the results are:

5V: Between Terminal 1 of connector "A" and Body Ground 5V: Between Terminal 1 of connector "B" and Body Ground 0V: Between Terminal 1 of connector "C" and Body Ground Then it is found out that there is an open circuit in the wire harness between terminal 1 of "B" and terminal 1 of "C".



7. CHECK SHORT CIRCUIT

If the wire harness is ground shorted as in Fig. 5, locate the section by conducting a "continuity check with ground".



Check the continuity with ground.

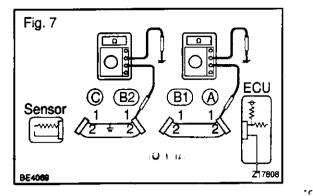
(1) Disconnect connectors "A" and "C" and measure the resistance between terminal 1 and 2 of connector "A" and body ground.

In the case of Fig. 6

Between terminal 1 of connector "A" and body ground \rightarrow Continuity (short)

Between terminal 2 of connector "A" and body ground \rightarrow No continuity

Therefore, it is found out that there is a short circuit between terminal 1 of connector "A" and terminal 1 of connector "C".



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SYSTEMS

Disconnect connector "B" and measure the resis-(2)tance between terminal 1 of connector "A" and body ground, and terminal 1 of connector "B2" and body ground.

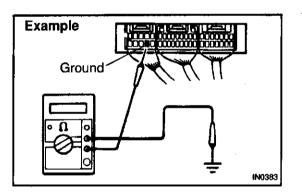
Between terminal 1 of connector "A" and body around \rightarrow No continuity

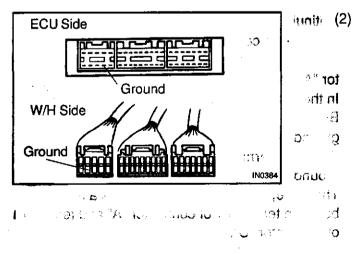
Between terminal 1 of connector "B2" and body ground \rightarrow Continuity (short) 100 --

Therefore, it is found out that there is a short circuit between terminal 1 of connector "B2" and terminal 1 of connector "C".

to tena CHECK AND REPLACE ECU 8.

First check the ECU ground circuit. If it is faulty, repair it. If it is normal, the ECU could be faulty, so replace the ECU with a normal functioning one and check that the symptoms appear.

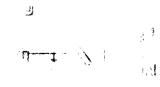




(1) Measure the resistance between the ECU ground terminal and the body ground.

Resistance: 1 Ω or less			Sense E			!
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						į
					. :*	

Disconnect the ECU connector, check the ground terminals on the ECU side and the wire harness side for bend and check the contact pressure.



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TERMS

ABBREVIATIONS USED IN THIS MANUAL

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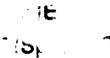
Abbreviations	Meaning	
A/C	Air Conditioning	
AC	Alternating Current	
ACC	Accessory	
ACIS	Acoustic Control Induction System	
ACSD	Automatic Cold Start Device	
ALT	Alternator	
AMP	Amplifier	
APROX.	Approximately	
A/T	Automatic Transmission (Transaxle)	
BACS	Boost Altitude Compensation System	
BAT	Battery	
3TDC	Before Top Dead Center	
BVSV	Bimetallic Vacuum Switching Valve	
СВ	Circuit Breaker	
000	Catalytic Converter for Oxidation	
00	Direct Current	
DLC	Data Link Connector	
OTC	Diagnostic Trouble Code	
ECD	Electronic Control Diesel	
ECT	Electronic Control Transmission	
ECU	Electronic Control Unit	
EDU	Electronic Driving Unit	
EFI	Electronic Fuel Injection	
E/G	Engine	
EGR	Exhaust Gas Recirculation	
EVAP	Evaporative Emission Control	
E-VRV	Electronic Vacuum Regulating Valve	
EX	Exhaust	
FIPG	Formed In Place Gasket	
FL	Fusible Link	
Fr	Front	
GND	Ground	
HAC	High Altitude Compensator	
G	Ignition	
IA	Integrated Ignition Assembly	
N	Intake	
SC	Idle Speed Control	
J B	Junction Block	
J/C	Junction Connector	
CD	Liquid Crystal Display	
LED	Light Emitting Diode	
	Left_Hand	

IN-26

LHD	Left-Hand Drive
LO	Low
MAP	Manifold Absolute Pressure
MAX	Maximum
MIL	Malfunction Indicator Lamp
MIN	Minimum
MP	Multipurpose
M/T	Manual Transmission
N	Neutral
025	Oxygen Sensor
O/D	Overdrive
0/\$	Oversize
РКВ	Parking Brake
PS	Power Steering
RAM	Random Access Memory
R/B	Relay Block
вн	Right-Hand
RHD	Right-Hand Drive
ROM	Read Only Memory
Rr	Rear
SICS	Starting Injection Control System
SPEC	Specification
SSM	Special Service Materials
SST	Special Service Tools
STD	Standard
SW	Switch
TACH	Tachometer
TDC	Top Dead Center
TEMP.	Temperature
ТМ	Transmission
ТМС	TOYOTA Motor Corporation
TWC	Three-Way Catalyst
U/D	Underdrive
VCV	Vacuum Control Valve
VIN	Vehicle Identification Number
vsv	Vacuum Switching Valve
w/	With
W/H	Wire Harness
w/o	Without
WU-TWC	Warm Up Three-Way Catalytic Converter
2WD	Two Wheel Drive Vehicle (4x2)
4WD	For Wheel Drive Vehicle (4x4)

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PREPARATION



ENGINE MECHANICAL PP-1 PP-8 TURBOCHARGING ELECTRONIC CONTROL DIESEL PP-11 ENGINE FUEL **PP-14** COOLING **PP-18** LUBRICATION **PP-22** STARTING **PP-27** CHARGING **PP-30**

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ENGINE MECHANICAL SST (Special Service Tools)

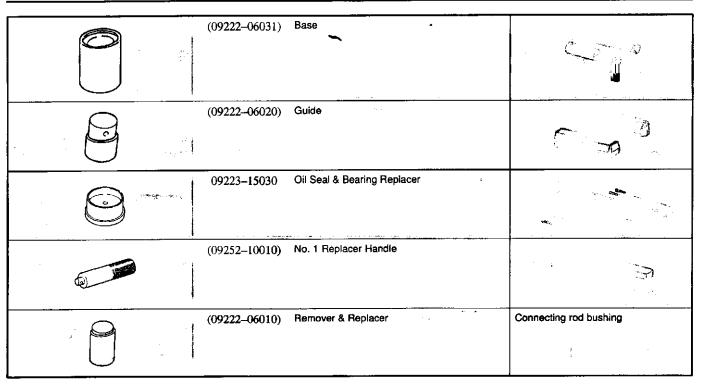
SST (Special Servi	ce Tools)		
	09 992–005 00	Compression Gauge Attachment	
	09992-00025	Cylinder Compression Check Gauge Set	
E TO	(09992-00200)	L Joint	
	(09992-00211)	Gauge Assy ରାଜନାନ କରିଥିଲେ । ଏକୁ ଅନ	and the second se
	09248-64011	Valve Clearance Adjusting Tool	
	09213–58012	Crankshaft Pulley Holding Tool	
	09330-00021	Companion Flange Holding Tool $_{\odot, V}$	
	09950-40011	Puller B Set ୬୭୦ କରଣାର୍ଡମ	
	(09951-04010)	Hanger 150	Camshaft timing pulley Oil pump drive gear shaft Crank shaft timing gear Injection pump drive gear
	(09952–04010)	09223-40011 OF BANK MAN Shi	Camshaft timing pulley Oil pump drive gear shaft Crank shaft timing gear Injection pump drive gear
E	(09953–04010)	Center Bolt 100 າຍປະເທ	Camshaft timing pulley Oil pump drive gear shaft
CICLE COLOR	(09953–04020)	Center Bolt 150	Camshaft timing pulley Oil pump drive gear shaft Crank shaft timing gear Injection pump drive gear

PP2D0-01

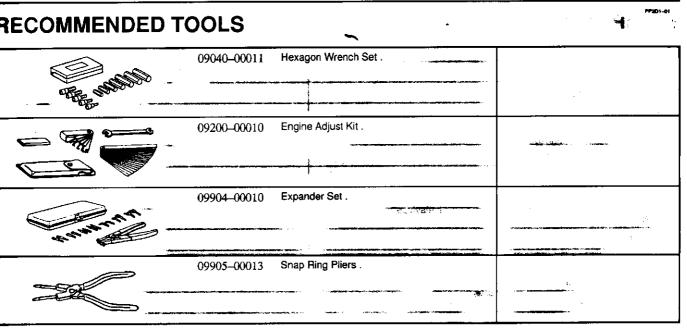
		ARATION - ENGINE MECHANICAL	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	09223-78010	Crankshaft Oil Seal Replacer	Injection pump drive gear oil seal
× () () ()			adiatan 72
	09223-00010	Cover & Seal Replacer	
6			6
	09214-60010	Crankshaft Pulley & Gear	Crankshaft pulley
		Replacer	
$\overline{)}$	0926864010	Injection Nozzle Wrench Set	
	(09268–64020)	Injection Nozzle Holder Retaining Nut Wrench	Injection Nozzle
	09202-70020	Valve Spring Compressor	Valve
			нурга сворот на селото на с
	(09202-00010)	Attachment	$\mathbf{u}_{i} = \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{u}_{i} + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{u}_{i} + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{u}_{i}$
	09208-48010	Combustion Chamber Remover	Combustion Chamber
DE			
	09201-10000	Valve Guide Bushing Remover & Replacer Set	Valve guide bushing
		· · · · · ·	
. 5	(09201-01080)	Valve Guide Bushing Remover & Replacer 8	
	09223-46011	Crankshaft Front Oil Seal Replacer	Camshaft front oil seal
		· · · · ·	1
	09222-67011	Connecting Rod Bushing Remover & Replacer	
	(09954-04010)	Arm 25	Camshaft timing pulley
			Oil pump drive gear shaft Crank shaft timing gear
			Injection pump drive gear

	(09955-04041)	Claw No.4	
			and the second sec
			· i
	(09955-04061)	Claw No.6	Camshaft timing pulley
	(0,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Na na tanàna amin'ny taona 2014. No amin'ny taona 2014. No amin'ny taona 2014.	Oil pump drive gear shaft
		••• • • •	Crank shaft timing gear
			Injection pump drive gear
	09950-50012	Puller C Set	
			a
	(09951-05010)	Hanger 150	Crank shaft pulley
			Injection pump drive gear
	(09952-05010)	Slide Arm	Crank shaft pulley
	(31112 00010)		Injection pump drive gear
	· · · ·	1 18 <i>a</i>	
	(00052 05010)	Center Bolt 100	Crank shaft pulley
-	(09953–05010)	Center Bolt 100	
STATE AND A STATE			Injection pump drive gear
Million			
			·
	(09953-05020)	Center Bolt 150	Crank shaft pulley
Contraction and a contraction of the contraction of			
	(09954-05020)	Claw No.2	Crank shaft pulley
- A	(0))))+ 00020)		Injection pump drive gear
	09960-10010	Variable Pin Wrench Set	
Le in	01001-00560		
			٤
17	(09962–01000)	Variable Pin Wrench Arm Assy	Injection pump drive gear
40			No.1 idrer sub-gear
	· · ·		
Correction of the second secon	1 ₆₀ -		
	(09963-00600)	Pin 6	Injection pump drive gear
	(No.1 idrer sub-gear
			-
	09308-10010	Oil Seal Puller	
_	01001-202660	Un Gearr aner	
0			
	0921476011	Crankshaft Pulley Replacer	Crankshaft from oil seal
()			1

PP-3



PREPARATION - ENGINE MECHANICAL



PREPARATION - ENGINE MECHANICAL

EQUIPMENT /	PP1TO-02
Carbide cutter	
Caliper gauge	
Connecting rod aligner	
Cylinder gauge	
Dial indicator	
Dye penetrant	
Engine tune-up tester	
Gasket scraper	
Heater	
Micrometer	
Magnetic finger	
Piston ring compressor	
Piston ring expander	
Plastigage	
Precision straight edge	
Soft brush	
Spring tester	Valve spring
Steel square	Valve spring
Tachometer	
Thermometer	
Torque wrench	
Valve seat cutter	
V-block	
Vernier calipers	

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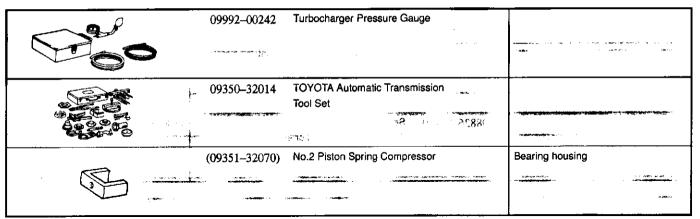
SSM (Special Service Materials)

08826-00080	Seal Packing Black or equivalent (FIPG)	Timing belt cover
ec.	-999 2-00242	Camshaft oil seal retainer Cylinder head semi-circular plug
08826-00080 t	Seal Packing Black or equivalent (FIPG)	Cylinder head cover Main bearing cover
noiasin	9350-32014 TOYING Automatic mana	Rear oil seal retainer
08826-00100	Seal Packing 1282B, THREE BOND 1282B or equivalent	Water sender gauge
	eg. 08826–00080 noladin	(FIPG) 6E. 9992 \$4200-2000 08826-00080 Seal Packing Black or equivalent (FIPG) 0350-32014 TOY \$1000 Seal Packing 1282B,

S. 80

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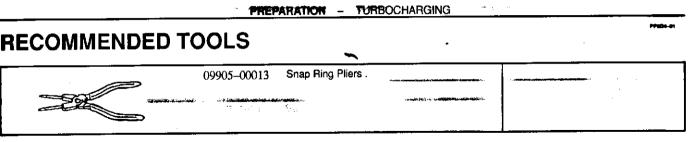
TURBOCHARGING SST (Special Service Tools)



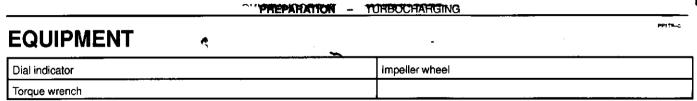
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PP2D3-01









ELECTRONIC CONTROL DIESEL

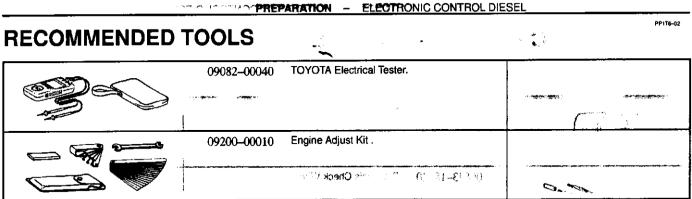
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PROV-BY

SST (Special Service Tools)

	09817-16011 Back-up Light Switch Tool	First gear position sensor switch
	tin sa manana ang sa manana Ang sa manana ang sa manana Ang sa manana ang sa manana	इ.
	09843–18020 Diagnosis Check Wire	
	····	
	09992-00242 Turbocharger Pressure Gauge	
VT-00		

PP-12



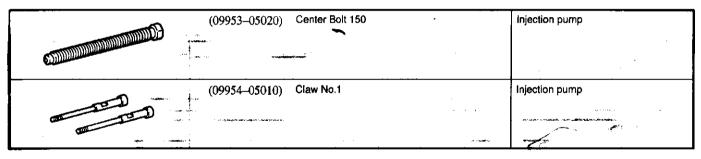


PREPARATION - ELECTRONIC CONTROL DIESEL

EQUIPMENT		•	^{ms∞}
19 mm deep socket wrench			
Thermometer	·		
Torque wrench			
Vacuum gauge			

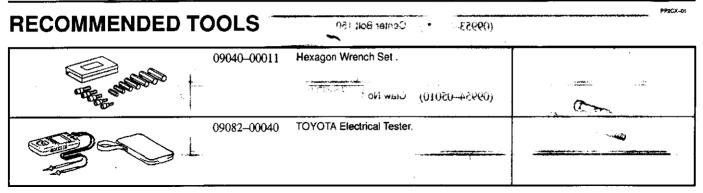
		ARATION - ENGINE FUEL	
ENGINE FUEL	R.	• •	5
SST (Special Servi	ce Tools)		PP2CW-01 L.
	09228–64040	Fuel Filter Wrench	
- iz.u	09241–76022	Injection Pump Stand Set	1000 - 10000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1
	09245-54010	Injection Pump Stand Arm	
	09260–54012	Injection Pump Tool Set	
	(09262–54010)	Distributor Head Plug Wrench	
00	(0926254020)	Regulator Valve Wrench	
	(09269–54020)	Socket 14 mm	
	09268–64010	Injection Nozzle Wrench Set	
	(09268–64020)	Injection Nozzle Holder Retaining Nut Wrench	
	09950–50012	Puller C Set	
	(09951-05010)	Hanger 150	Injection pump
	(09952–05010)	Slide Arm	Injection pump

PREPARATION - ENGINE FUEL



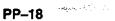
PP-16

PREPARATION - ENGINE FUEL



PREPARATION - ENGINE FUEL

EQUIPMENT 🔹	• # #	#P1L\$-02
19 mm deep socket wrench	Fuel temp. sensor	•
Brass brush		
Injection nozzle tester		
Injection pump tester		
Torque wrench		
Water pump pliers		
Wooden stick		

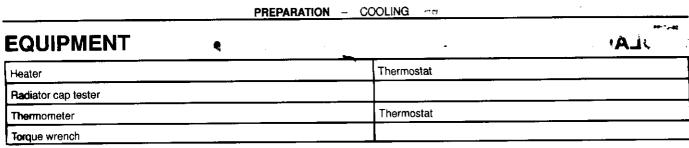


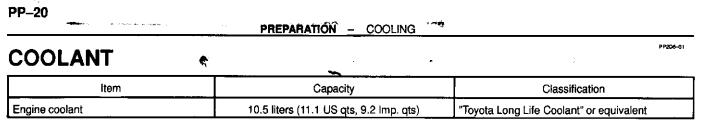
PREPARATION - COOLING

COOLING COOLING SST (Special Service Tools)



~	00	09230-01010	Radiator Service Tool Set	
- and	00			 - unique set de la construir en construir de la const
	000		a an	
	<u> </u>	09231-14010	Punch	
	\mathbf{x}			
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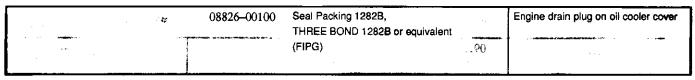


PP207-01

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PREPARATION - COOLING

SSM (Special Service Materials)



		PREPARATION - LUBRICATION	
LUBRICANT		(8)	Special
ltem		Capacity	Classification
Engine oil Dry fill	,	7.5 liters (7.9 US qts, 6.2 Imp. qts)	API grade CF-4 or CF (You may also use API CE or CD)
Drain and refill w/ Oil filter change w/o Oil filter change		7.0 liters (7.4 US qts, 6.2 lmp. qts) 6.4 liters (6.8 US qts, 5.6 lmp. qts)	

PREPARATION - LUBRICATION

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PP-26

PREPARATION - LUBRICATION

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PP2DB-01

SSM (Special Service Materials)

08826-00080	Seal Packing Black or equivalent (FIPG)	Oil pump Oil pan	la anti-
08833-00080	Adhesive 1344 THREE BOND 1344 LOCTITE 242 or equivalent	 Oil pressure s	

PREPARATION - STARTING

STARTING SST (Special Service Tools)



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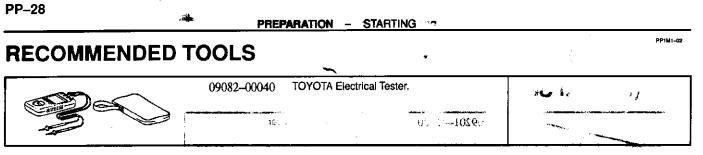
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PP2CT-IN

HMMOD. H

	09201-41020	Valve Stem Oil Seal Replacer	Armature front bearing
O Line	i a γre solitikanista i	м	nama n
	09286-46011	Injection Pump Spline Shaft	Armature rear bearing
	- Jacob States -	Puller	
		a a seguri	
	09810-38140	Starter Magnet Switch Nut Wrench 14	· · ·
	09950-00020	Bearing Remover	Armature front bearing





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PREPARATION - STARTING

EQUIPMENT -	- ie)H
Dial indicator	Commutator
Magnetic finger	Steel ball
Plastic hammer	
Press	Magnetic switch terminal kit
Pull scale	Brush spring
Sandpaper	Commutator
Torque wrench	
V-błock	Commutator
Vernier calipers	Commutator, Brush

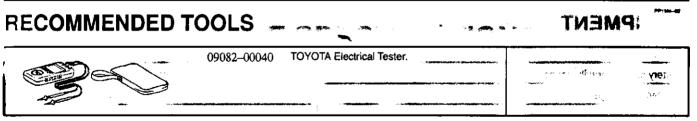
PP2CZ-01

CHARGING **SST (Special Service Tools)**

			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	09285-76010	Injection Pump Camshaft Bearing	Rotor rear bearing cover
Contraction of the second second		Cone Replacer	
	09286-46011	Injection Pump Spline Shaft	Rectifier end frame
	09820-00021	Alternator Rear Bearing Puller	
	09820-00030	Alternator Rear Bearing Replacer	Rotor rear bearing
	0982063010	Alternator Pulley Set Nut Wrench Set	
	09950-60010	Replacer Set	
9	(09951-00260)	Replacer 26	Rotor front bearing
	(09951–00510)	Replacer 51	
	(0995206010)	Adapter	Rotor front bearing





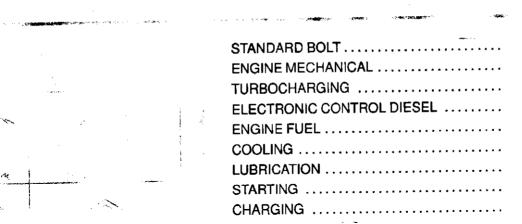


PP-32

PREPARATION - CHARGING

EQUIPMENT	•	0. T
Ammeter (A)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Battery specific gravity gauge	Except maintenance free battery	
Belt tension gauge		
Torque wrench		
Vernier calipers	Rotor (Slip ring), Brush	

SERVICE SPECIFICATIONS



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SS-21

STANDARD BOLT HOW TO DETERMINE BOLT STRENGTH

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<u>.</u>

	Bolt	Гуре	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Hexagon	Hexagon Head Bolt Stud Bolt Weld Bolt		Weld Bolt	Class
Normal Recess Bolt	Deep Recess Bolt			
4 O No Mark	No Mark	No Mark	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	l 4T
5		ri 900 19 19	м 6 1.25	5T
6 w/Washer	w/Washer	t.t. 	81 7 1 7 1 7 1 7	 6Т
		022 000 070 000 021 20 20	12 14 1.5 1.5	1. 7T
8			35.1	8T
9	88 5 5 5 6	78 :40 42	. F 01	 9T
10			e variationale	10T
- (11)		, entable (* 1		11T

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SPECIFIED TORQUE FOR STANDARD BOLTS

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		-	Specified torque						
Class	Diameter	Pitch		lexagon head b	olt	Hexagon flange bolt			
mm	mm	N·m	kgf-cm	ft∙lbf	N∙m	kgf∙cm	ft·lbf		
	6	1	5	55	48 in. Ibf	6	60	52 in. Ibf	
3	: 8	1.25	12.5	130	9	14	00 145	10	
	10 M C	1.25	26	260	19	29	290	AL 21 1	
4T	- 12	1.25	47	480	35	53 ~	540	39 -	
ł	14	1.5	74	760	55	84	850	61	
	16	1.5	115	1,150	83	·· _	-	 < _ `` 	
	6	1	6.5	65	56 in.•lbf	7.5	, 75	65 in.•lbf	
	8	1.25	15.5	160	12	17.5	175	13	
	10	1.25	32	330	24	36	360	26	
51	12	1.25	59	600	43	65	670	48	
	14	1.5	91	930	67	100	1,050	76	
	16	1.5	140	1,400	101	_	-	(_ \	
	6	1	8	80	69 in. Ibf	9	90	78 in.•lbf	
	8	1.25	19	195	14	21	210	15	
	10	1.25	39	400	29	44	440	32	
6T	: 12	1.25	71	730	53	80	, 810	59	
	14	1.5	110	1,100	80	125	1,250) [90]	
	16	1.5	170	1,750	127		-	/ K _ ;	
	6	1	10.5	110	8	12	120	9	
	- 8	1.25	- 25	260	19	- 28 -	- 290	21	
	10	1.25	52	530	38	58	590	43	
л	12	1.25	95	970	70	105	1,050	76	
	14	1.5	145	1,500	108	165	1,700	123 <i>,</i>	
	16	1.5	230	2,300	166	- *	· _		
	8	1.25	29		22		330	24	
8T	10	1.25	61	620	45	68	690	50	
	12	1.25	110	1,100	80	120	1,250	90	
	8	1.25	34	340	25	37	380	27	
9Т	10	1.25	70	710	51 🔨	- 78		🤝 57	
	12	1.25	125	1,300 '	94	140	1,450	105	
	, 8	1.25	38	390	28	42	430	31	
10T	10	1.25	78	800	58	88		64	
	12	1.25	140	1,450	105	155	1,600	O 116	
Ι	8	1.25	42	430	31	47	480	35	
11T	10	1.25	87	890	64	97	990	72	
	12	1.25	155	1,600	116	175	1,800	130	

HOW TO DETERMINE NUT STRENGTH

Present Standard Hexagon Nut	Old Standard	Hexagon Nut	
Hoveron Nut 🤒			Class
nexagon nut	Cold Forging Nut	Cutting Processed Nut	
No Mark	ແມ່ນອ ີດ.0 ວິມ (ຄ.) (0. 0: ໂດ		4N
No Mark (w/ Washer)	(.ni	No Mark	5N (4T)
	Non Non <td></td> <td>6N</td>		6N
	3.20 m ⁻²		7N (5T)
	2	jear,ti:	8N
		No Mark	10N (7T)
	9 - 45° 45° 60°	ះរង ពេជ្យស	11N
	1.5 − 12.0 mm (0.46) Microsoft 1.6 − 12.0 mm (0.46) Microsoft 1.6 mm (0 − 1.)	eder head bolt outer diameter s sy9⊤r h ead gethickness	12N

 \cup se the nut with the same number of the nut strength classification or the greater than the bolt strength classification number when tightening parts with a bolt and nut.

Example: Bolt = 4T

Nut = 4N or more

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ENGINE MECHANICAL

ompresión	STD	3,040 kPa (31.0 kgf/cm ² , 441 psi) or more
ressure	Minimium	1,961 kPa (20.0 kgf/cm ² , 284 psi)
	Difference between each cylinder	490 kPa (5.0 kgf/cm ² , 71 psi) or less
aive clearance	at cold Intake	0.20 – 0.30 mm (0.008 – 0.012 in.)
	Exhaust	0.25 – 0.35 mm (0.010 – 0.014 in.)
41	Adjust shim thickness	
1	No. 01	2.50mm (0.0984 in)
1	No. 42	2.55 mm (0.1004 in.)
	No. 06	2.60 mm (0.1024 in.)
	No. 43	2.65 mm (0.1043 in.)
	No. 11	2.70 mm (0.1063 in.)
5	No. 44	2.75 mm (0.1083 in.)
. · ·	No. 16	2.80 mm (0.1102 in.)
ļ	No. 45	2.85 mm (0.1122 in.)
	No. 21	2.90 mm (0.1142 in.)
¢	No. 46	2.95 mm (0.1161 in.)
	No. 26	3.00 mm (0.1181 in.)
-	71 No. 47	3.05 mm (0.1201 in.)
	No. 31	3.10 mm (0.1220 in.)
1.	No. 48	3.15 mm (0.1240 in.)
	No. 36	3.20 mm (0.1260 in.)
	No.49	3.25 mm (0.1280 in.)
(11 . 17	No. 41	3.30 mm (0.1299 in.)
dle speed		650 – 750 rpm
Maximum speed		4,500 – 4,700 rpm
	Protrusion from husing end	8.1 – 8.9 mm (0.319 – 0.350 in.)
Fiming belt ensioner		
	lities good thrust clearance STD	0.06 - 0.11 mm (0.0024 - 0.0043 in.)
fiming gear	Idler gear thrust clearance STD	
	Idler gear inside diameter	44.000 - 44.025 mm (1.7323 - 1.7333 in.)
	5	43.955 – 43.990 mm (1.7305 – 1.7319 in.)
	Idler gear shaft diameter	
and a name	Idler gear oil clearance STD	
	OTO	
	Maximum	
	SM OC	
Cylinder head	Warpage Maximum Valve seat	
	Refacing angle Intake	30° 45° 60° 4′ 🖗
111		
	Contacting angle	45°
	Contacting width Intake	a 1.5 – 1.9 mm (0.059 – 0.075 in.)
	Exhaus	t 1.8 – 2.2 mm (0.071 – 0.087 in.)
	Cylinder head bolt outer diameter STE	
5 <i>1</i> 3 8	Kinimun	
ISI	New cylinder head gasket thickness	4
	Hole number "1	ⁿ 0.80 – 0.90 mm (0.0315 – 0.0354 in.)
	Hole number "2	" 0.90 – 1.00 mm (0.0354 – 0.0394 in.)
	Hole number "3	
	h-h-h-l	
Valve guige	Inside diameter Intak	st 7.960 – 7.975 mm (0.3134 – 0.3140 in.)

SERVICE SPECIFICATIONS - ENGINE MECHANICAL

/alve	SIGILICIA	7.975 →7.990 mm (0.3140 – 0.3146 in.)
	oren indenteta Service Sevice	7.960 – 7.975 mm (0.3134 – 0.3140 in.)
	Stem oil clearance	0.020 – 0.055 mm (0.0008 – 0.0022 in.)
	Fyhauet	0.035 – 0.070 mm (0.0014 – 0.0028 in.)
	Maximum Intake	0.08 mm (0.0031 in.)
	Exhaust	0.01 mm (0.0039 in.)
	Valve face angle 040.070.0 - 68	44.5°
	Margin thickness and for the STD Intake	1.6 mm (0.063 in.)
	inargin theorem Exhaust	
	0.0 - 0.0 - Minimum Intake	1.1 mm (0.043 in.)
	- 0 ²	1.2 mm (0.047 in.)
	Overall length on the control of the STD	103.29 – 103.69 mm (4.0665 – 4.08323 in.)
	Minimum	
Valve spring	Deviation Maximum	
	Free length	48.54 mm (1.9110 in.)
	Install tension at 57.5 million	
Camshaft	Call lobe lieight	54.810 – 54.910.mm (2.1579 – 2.1618 in.)
	terre 01.0 > Exhaust	56.140 – 56.240 mm (2.2102 – 2.2142 in.)
	رين من Minimum Intake (من من من من Minimum Intake	54.39 mm (2.1413 in.)
	Exhaust	55.72 mm (2.1937 in.)
	2 1.486 – 1.489 mm (0	27.969 – 27.985 mm (1.1011 – 1.1018 in.)
	Oil clearance STD STD	0.025 – 0.062 mm (0.0010 – 0.0024 in.)
	Maximum 4 ₹.492 – 1.495 mm (0.1	
	Thrust clearance STD STD	0.08 – 0.18 mm (0.0031 – 0.0071 in.)
	Maximum	0.25 mm (0.0098 in.)
Mahya liftar	Lifter bore diameter	40.930 – 40.950 mm (1.6114 – 1.6122 in.)
Valve lifter	Lifter diameter	40.892 - 40.902 mm (1.6099 - 1.6103 in.)
	Oil clearance STD	0.038 - 0.063 mm (0.0015 - 0.0025 in.)
	Maximum	0.08 mm (0.0031 in.)
Exhaust manifold	Warpage Maximum	0.40 mm (0.0157 in.)
Exnaustinaniiolo	Maipago Mannen	Minus 0.03 – Plus 0.02 mm
Combustion	Protrusion	Minus 0.03 – Plus 0.02 mm (Minus 0.0012 – Plus 0.0008 in.)
chamber		
	Shim thickness	0.05 mm (0.0020 in.)
		0.10 mm (0.0039 in.)
Cylinder block	Cylinder head surface warpage Warpage Maximum	0.10 mm (0.0039 in.)
	Cylinder bore diameter STD Mark 1	96.000 – 96.010 mm (3.7795 – 3.7799 in.)
	Mark 2	96.010 – 96.020 mm (3.7799 – 3.7803 in.)
	Mark 3	96.020 – 96.030 mm (3.7803 – 3.7807 in.)
	Maximum	96.23 mm (3.7886 in.)
	Main journal bore diameter STD Mark 1	75.000 – 75.006 mm (2.9528 – 2.9530 in.)
	Mark 2	75.006 - 75.012 mm (2.9530 - 2.9532 in.)
	Mark 3	75.012 - 75.018 mm (2.9532 - 2.9535 in.)

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SERVICE SPECIFICATIONS - ENGINE MECHANICAL

Piston and	Piston diameter STD Mark 1	95.940 – 95.950 mm (3.7772 – 3.7776 in.)	
piston ring	Mark 2	95.950 - 95.960 mm (3.7776 - 3.7779 in.)	
	Mark 3	95.960 - 95.970 mm(3.7779 - 3.7783 in.)	
and a second second	v (⊕)) O/S 0.50	96.440 - 96.470 mm(3.7968 - 3.7980 in.)	e men va konilarja da ka na anta at este mar da
Y BOOD	O/\$ 0.75	96.690 - 96.720 mm(3.8067 - 3.8079 in.)	
5 81 116	O/S 1.00	96.940 - 96.970 mm(3.8165 - 3.8177 in.)	
	Piston oil clearance STD	0.050 – 0.070 mm (0.0020 – 0.0028 in.)	·
: - CERENC	ູມີ ມີກາຍຫາ ອີ. ເ ຊີອສສາ Maximum	0.14 mm (0.0055 in.)	
	Piston ring grove clearance (0) mm T. 1 to No.1	0.060 – 0.110 mm (0.0024 – 0.0043 in.)	
	No.2	0.060 - 0.100 mm (0.0024 - 0.0039 in.)	
	liO 1.2 mm (0.047 in.)	0.020 - 0.060 mm (0.0009 - 0.0024 in.)	
	Piston ring end gap m 98.601 - 91 Cot ¹ STD (No.1)	0.350 - 0.570 mm (0.0138 - 0.0224 in.)	
•	(No.2)	0.400 – 0.600 mm (0.0157 – 0.0236 in.)	
i nigi si si s i s	(Oil)	0.200 - 0.500 mm (0.0079 - 0.0197 in.)	
		1.03 mm (0.0406 in.)	б и , — ;;
	(No 9)	1.10 mm (0.0422 in)	
	(2.0/i) <u>- 233.9 kgt 67.7 - 74</u> (iQ)	0.87 mm (0.0343 in.)	
i	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Connecting rod	Thrust clearance (2) and (2) and (3)	0.10 – 0.30 mm (0.0039 – 0.0118 in.)	
	Maximum	0.40 mm (0.0157 in.)	
	Connecting rod bearing center wall thickness	Į į	
	(Reference) STD Mark 2	1.486 – 1.489 mm (0.0585 – 0.0586 in.)	
		1.489 – 1.492 mm (0.0586 – 0.0587 in.)	
	O mie Mark 4	1.492 – 1.495 mm (0.0587 – 0.0589 in.)	
	Mark 5 Mark 5	1.495 – 1.498 mm (0.0589 – 0.0590 in.)	
	Mark 6	1.498 – 1.501 mm (0.0590 – 0.0591 in.)	
· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Connecting rod oil clearance STD (STD)	0.036 – 0.054 mm (0.0014 – 0.0021 in.)	10 ¹⁴¹
	U/S 0.25 and U/S 0.50	0.037 – 0.077 mm (0.0015 – 0.0030 in.)	18
*	Maximum	0.10 mm (0.0039 in.)	er særligtlige efterstellige efter a
	Rod bend Limit per 100 mm (3.94 in.)	0.03 mm (0.0012 in.)	
	Rod twist Limit per 100 mm (3.94 in.)	0.15 mm (0.0059 in.)	andre andreas
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Connecting rod bolt outside diameter STD	8.400 - 8.600 mm (0.3307 - 0.3385 in.)	Di 0
	Maximum i	8.20 mm (0.3228 in.)	
2. X ¹ (N)	Busing inside diamater	34.012 – 34.024 mm (1.3391 – 1.3395 in.)	itzu
	Piston pin diameter	34.000 - 34.012 mm(1.3386 - 1.3391 in.)	
	Piston pin oil clearance STD	0.008 – 0.016 mm (0.0003 – 0.0006 in.)	
	Maximum	0.03 mm (0.0012 in.)	- C
	Big end inner diameter		nder block
-	(Reference) STD Mark 1	62.014 62.020 mm (2.4415 2.4417 in.)	
	6.0 mm 0S0.89 – 6 Mark 2	62.020 – 62.026 mm (2.4417 – 2.4420 in.)	
	· · · ·	62.026 – 62.032 mm (2.4420 – 2.4422 in.)	

SERVICE SPECIFICATIONS _ ENGINE MECHANICAL

Crankshaft	Thrust clearance		STD	0.040 – 0.240 mm (0.0016 – 0.0094 in.)
			T Maximum	0.30 mm (0.0118 in.)
	Thrust washer thickness	<u> </u>		
		St. www.com	STD (STD)	2.430 ~ 2.480 mm (0.0957 - 0.0976 in.) * wistel > wise eak
		15	(U/S 0.25)	2.555 – 2.605 mm (0.1006 – 0.1026 in.)
n - na h⊴ Natura tion -		90	(U/S 1.125)	2.493 – 2.543 mm (0.0981 – 0.1001 in.)
	Main journal oil clearance		STD (STD)	0.036–0.054 mm (0.0014 – 0.0021 in.)
		(U/\$ 0.25	and U/S 0.50)	0.037 – 0.077 mm (0.0015 – 0.0030 in.)
	i.		Maximum	0.10 mm (0.0039 in.)
6	Main journal diameter	13	STD Mark 1	69.994 – 70.000 mm (2.7557 – 2.7559 in.)
		64	Mark 2	69.988 – 69.994 mm (2.7554 – 2.7557 in.)
47			Mark 3	69.982 – 69.988 mm (2.7552 – 2.7554 in.)
14		et	U/S 0.25	69.745 – 69.755 mm (2.7459 – 2.7463 in.)
6	· · · · · · ·		U/S 0.50	69.495 – 69.505 mm (2.7360 – 2.7364 in.)
1-1/Q	Main bearing center wall t	nickness (Referenc		
a and a second			STD Mark 2	2.479 – 2.482 mm (0.0976 – 0.0977 in.)
	ýc -	ti 	Mark 3	2.482 – 2.485 mm (0.0977 – 0.0978 in.)
13		<u>8r</u>	Mark 4	2.485 - 2.488 mm (0.0978 - 0.0980 in.)
29	400	39	Mark 5 Mark 6	2.488 – 2.491 mm (0.0980 – 0 .0981 in.) 2.491 – 2.494 mm (0.0981 – 0.0982 in.)
		•naT	STD Mark 1	58.994 – 59.000 mm (2.3226 – 2.3228 in.)
	Crank pin dimeter			58.988 - 58.994 mm (2.3224 - 2.3226 in.)
05	540	and a second	Mark 3	58.982 - 58.988 mm (2.3221 - 2.3224 in.)
a net	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		U/S 0.25	58.745 – 58.755 mm (2.3128 – 2.3132 in.)
·		30	U/S 0.50	58.495 – 58.505 mm (2.3028 – 2.3132 in.)
	Circle runouit	16	- Maximum	0.06 mm (0.0024 in.)
14	Main journal taper and out		Maximum	0.002 mm (0.0008 in.) been yeb?
14	Crank pin taper and out-o		Maximum	0.002 mm (0.0008 in.) beer
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Main bearing cap bolt out		STD	13.500 – 14.000 mm (0.5315 – 0.5512 in.)
tt.	an boung oup bon oct		Maximu	12.60 mm (0.4961 in.)
alance shaft	Thrust clearance		STD	0.065 – 0.140 mm (0.0026 – 0.0055 in.)
			Maximum	0.25 mm (0.0098 in.)
36	No.1 journal oil clearance	49	STD	0.040 - 0.079 mm (0.0957 - 0.0976 in.)
		*0 8 - 97	Maximum	0.180 mm (0.0071 in.)
22	No.2 journal oil clearance		- STD	0.040 - 0.079 mm (0.0957 - 0.0976 in.)
72	1. 1	*oe 7	Maximum	0.190 mm (0.0075 in.)
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	No.3 journat oil clearance		- STD	0.050 – 0.089 mm (0.0020 - 0.0035 m.)
9		+ 13	Maximum	0.180 mm (0.0071 in.)
23	No.1 Bearing inside diamo	ter SE	:	42.000 - 42.020 mm (1.6535 - 1.6543 in.)
74 in Hof	No.2 Bearing inside diame	Single a statement of the second statement of the seco		41.000 - 41.020 mm (1.6142 - 1.6150 in.)
	No.3 Bearing inside diam	ter		32.000 – 31.020 mm (1.2598 – 1.2606 in.)
	No.1 journal diameter	- 8		41.941 - 41.960 mm (1.6512 - 1.6520 in.)
167	No.2 journal diameter	145	1	40.931 – 40.950 mm (1.6115 – 1.6122 in.)
15	No.3 journal diameter	20		31.941 – 31.960 mm (1.2575 – 1.2583 in.)

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intake pipe x intake manifold 12 120 9 Injektion pump x Timing gear case 21 210 15 No. 1 canshaft timing pulley x Canshaft 98 1,000 72 No. 2 canshaft timing pulley x lipiction pump drive gear 13 130 9 Idler pulley bolt x Timing gear case 35 350 25 Timing balt tensioner x Timing gear case 13 130 9 Intection pump drive gear x lipiction pump 64 650 47 Idler gear x Timing gear case 13 130 9 Cranshaft pulley x Cranshaft 363 3,700 268 Camshaft pulley x Cranshaft 363 3,700 268 Canshaft pulley x Cranshaft 363 3,700 268 Canshaft pairing cap x Cylinder head 18 185 13 Cylinder head 18 185 13 Cylinder head 18 185 13 Cylinder head 54 540 40 Nozzle leakage pipe x lipiction nozzle 30 300 <th>Part tightened</th> <th>N∙m</th> <th>kgf∙cm</th> <th>ft Ibf</th>	Part tightened	N∙m	kgf∙cm	ft Ibf
No.1 camshaft timing pulley x Camshaft 98 1.000 72 No.2 camshaft timing pulley x Injection pump drive gaar 13 130 9 Idler pulley bolt x Timing gear case 35 350 25 Timing belt tensioner x Timing gear case 13 130 9 Injection pump drive gear x Injection pump 64 650 47 Idler gear X Timing gear case 19 195 14 Timing gear case 13 130 9 Cranshaft oil seal retainer X Cylinder head 9 90 78 Camshaft blearing cap X Cylinder head 18 185 13 Cylinder head X Cylinder head 18 185 13 Cylinder head X Cylinder head 54 540 40 Nozze leakage pipe x Injection nozzle 30 3000 22 Water outlat X Cylinder head 20 200 14 Injection nozzle 15 150 11 Injection nozzle 20 200 14 Injection sozzle 15 150	Intake pipe x Intake manifold	12	120	9
Na.2 canshatt timing pulley x hijection pump drive gear 13 130 9 Idler pulley bolt x Timing gear case 35 350 25 Timing belt tensioner x Timing gear case 13 130 9 Injection pump drive gear x Injection pump 64 650 47 Idler gear x Timing gear case 19 195 14 Timing gear case 13 130 9 Canshaft pulley x Crankshaft 363 3,700 268 Canshaft pulley x Crankshaft 363 3,700 268 Canshaft pulley x Crankshaft pulley x Crankshaft 363 3,700 268 Canshaft pulley x Crankshaft pulley x Crankshaft 363 3,700 268 Canshaft pulley x Crankshaft pulley x Crankshaft 363 3,700 268 Canshaft pulley x Crankshaft pulley x Crankshaft pulley x Crankshaft 363 3,700 268 Canshaft pulley x Crankshaft pulley x Crankshaft 11 110 29 29 Canshaft pulley x Crankshaft pulley x Crankshaft pulley x Crankshaft 11 110 20 20 12	Injection pump x Timing gear case	21	210	15
Idler pulley bolt x Timing gear case 35 350 25 Timing belt tensioner x Timing gear case 13 130 9 Injection pump drive gear x Injection pump 64 650 47 Idler gear x Timing gear case 19 195 14 Timing gear case 13 130 9 Crankshaft pulley x Crankshaft 363 3,700 268 Camshaft bearing cap x Cylinder head 9 90 76 Camshaft bearing cap x Cylinder head 18 185 13 Cylinder head x Cylinder head 18 185 13 Cylinder head x Cylinder head 54 540 40 Nozzle leakage pipe x Injection nozzle 30 300 22 Water outlet x Cylinder head 16 165 12 Injection nozzle 20 200 14 Nozzle leakage pipe x Injection nozzle 15 150 11 Oli dipstick guide x Cylinder head 20 200 14 Injection pipe x Injection pump 15 150 <td>No.1 camshaft timing pulley x Camshaft</td> <td>98</td> <td>1,000</td> <td>72</td>	No.1 camshaft timing pulley x Camshaft	98	1,000	72
Timing beit tensioner x Timing gear case 13 130 9 Injection pump drive gear x Injection pump 64 650 47 Ider gear X Timing gear case 19 195 14 Timing gear case 13 130 9 Cranshaft pulley x Crankshaft 363 3,700 268 Camshaft bail gear case 9 90 78 Camshaft bail gear case // Crankshaft 363 3,700 268 Camshaft bailing cap x Cylinder head 9 90 78 Camshaft bailing cap x Cylinder head 18 185 13 Cylinder head x Cylinder head 18 185 13 Cylinder head 54 540 40 Nozzie leakage pipe x Injection nozzie 30 300 22 Water outlet x Cylinder head 16 185 12 Injection pipe x Injection nozzie 20 200 14 Oil dipatick guide x Cylinder head 16 185 11 Injection pipe x Injection pump 15 150 <td< td=""><td>No.2 camshaft timing pulley x Injection pump drive gear</td><td>13</td><td>130</td><td>9</td></td<>	No.2 camshaft timing pulley x Injection pump drive gear	13	130	9
Injection pump drive gear x injection pump 64 650 47 Idler gear x Timing gear case 19 195 14 Timing gear cover x Timing gear case 13 130 9 Cranshaft pulley x Crankshaft 363 3,700 268 Camshaft pulley x Crankshaft 363 3,700 268 Camshaft bearing cap x Cylinder head 9 90 78 Camshaft bearing cap x Cylinder head 18 185 13 Cylinder head x Cylinder head 18 185 13 Cylinder head x Cylinder head 54 540 400 Nozzle leakage pipe x Injection nozzle 30 300 22 Water outlet x Cylinder head 16 165 12 Inlacke mainfold X Cylinder head 20 200 14 Oli dipstick guide x Cylinder head 20 200 14 Injection nozzle 15 150 11 Injection pipe x Injection nozzle 15 150 11 Injection pipe x Injection nozzle 15 1	Idler pulley bolt x Timing gear case	35	350	25
Idler gear x Timing gear case1919514Timing gear case131309Crankshaft pulley x Crankshaft3633,700268Camshaft oil seal retainer x Cylinder head99078Camshaft bearing cap x Cylinder head1818513Cylinder head x Cylinder head1818513Cylinder head x Cylinder head2ndTurn 90°292nd2ndTurn 90°11Injection nozzle x Cylinder head5454040Nozzle akage pipe x Injection nozzle3030022Water outlat x Cylinder head2020014Injection nozzle x Cylinder head2020014Injection nozzle x Cylinder head2020014Injection pipe x Injection nozzle1515011Injection pipe x Injection nozzle1515011Injection pipe x Injection nozzle1515011Injection pipe x Injection pump1515011Oil dipstick guide x Cylinder block2526019Main bearing cap x Cylinder block131309Balance shaft x Cylinder block88574 in. HolIngertion rod cap x Connecting rod141451.480Ingertion rod cap x Cylinder block88574 in. HolBalance shaft x Cylinder block88574 in. HolIsome shaft x Cylinder block88574 in. HolRear o	Timing belt tensioner x Timing gear case	13	130	9
Iming gear cover x Timing gear case131309Crankshaft pulley x Crankshaft3633,700268Camshaft oil seal retainer x Cylinder head99078Camshaft bearing cap x Cylinder head1818513Cylinder head x Cylinder head1818513Cylinder head x Cylinder head183940029Injection nozzle x Cylinder head5454040Nozzle leakage pipe x Injection nozzle3030022Water outlet x Cylinder head1618512Intake manifold x Cylinder head2020014Oli dipstick guide x Cylinder head2020014Oli dipstick guide x Cylinder head1515011Injection nizzle1515011Injection pipe x Injection nozule2526019Main bearing cap x Cylinder block2526019Main bearing cap x Cylinder block131309Balance shaft x Cylinder block88574 in blRear oil seal retainer x Cylinder block88574 in blFear oil seal retainer x Cylinder block88574 in blFurn got a coll coll coll coll coll coll coll co	Injection pump drive gear x Injection pump	64	650	47
Crankshaft pulley x Crankshaft3633,700268Camshaft pulley x Crankshaft pulley x Crankshaft99078Camshaft baring cap x Cylinder head1818513Cylinder head x Cylinder block183940029Turn 907772Injection nozzle x Cylinder head5454040Nozzle kakage pipe x Injection nozzle3030022Water outlet x Cylinder head1616512Intake manifold x Cylinder head2020014Oli dipstick guide x Cylinder head2020014Oli dipstick guide x Cylinder head2020014Injection pipe x Injection nozzle1515011Injection pipe x Injection nozzle1515011Injection pipe x Injection nozzle2526019Main bearing cap x Cylinder block212036Yum 901515011Injection pipe x Injection nozzle1330022Main bearing cap x Cylinder block2526019Main bearing cap x Cylinder block131309Balance shaft x Cylinder block88574 in .hbfRear oil seal retainer x Cylinder block88574 in .hbfRear oil seal retainer x Cylinder block88574 in .hbfFibyrheet x Crylinder block88574 in .hbfFort engine hanger x Cylinder head2020415 </td <td>Idler gear x Timing gear case</td> <td>19</td> <td>195</td> <td>14</td>	Idler gear x Timing gear case	19	195	14
Camshaft oil seal retainer x Cylinder head99078Camshaft bearing cap x Cylinder head1818513Cylinder head x Cylinder block18t3940029Turn 90* 3rd3rd7um 90* Turn 90*120Injection nozzle x Cylinder head5454040Nozzle leakage pipe x Injection nozzle3030022Water outlet x Cylinder head1616512Inlake manifold x Cylinder head2020014Oli dipstick guide x Cylinder head2020014Injection nizzle1515011Injection pipe x Injection nozzle1515011Injection pipe x Injection nozzle1515011Injection pipe x Injection nozzle1515011Injection pipe x Injection pump1515011Injection pipe x Injection pump1515011Oil nozzle x Cylinder block1st4950036Connection rod cap x Connecting rod1st29300222nd1313099Balance shaft x Cylinder block88574 inlbfRear oil seal retainer x Cylinder block88574 inlbfRear on pipe x Inj	Timing gear cover x Timing gear case	13	130	9
Camshaft bearing cap x Cylinder head1818513Cylinder head x Cylinder block1st 2nd 3rd39 Turn 90° Turn 90° 3rd40029Injection nozzle x Cylinder head5454040Nozzle leakage pipe x Injection nozzle3030022Water outlet x Cylinder head1616512Intake manifold x Cylinder head2020014Oil dipsick guide x Cylinder head2020014Injection nozzle1515011Injection pipe x Injection nozzle1515011Injection pipe x Injection nozzle1515011Injection pipe x Injection pump1515011Oil nozzle x Cylinder block2526019Main bearing cap x Cylinder block1st 202930022Connection rod cap x Connecting rod1st 292930022Balance shaft x Cylinder block88574 in .bfFeyne and plate x Cylinder block88574 in .bfFiyheel x Crankshaft1451,480107Accelerator cable bracket x Cylinder head2020415Front engine hanger x Cylinder head4746034LH engine mounting bracket x Cylinder head4746034	Crankshaft pulley x Crankshaft	363	3,700	268
Cylinder head x Cylinder block1st 2nd 3rd39 Turn 90° Turn 90° Turn 90° Turn 90°40029Injection nozzle x Cylinder head5454040Nozzle leakage pipe x Injection nozzle3030022Water outlet x Cylinder head1616512Intake manifold x Cylinder head2020014Oil dipstick guide x Cylinder head2020014Oil dipstick guide x Cylinder head1515011Injection pipe x Injection nozzle1515011Injection pipe x Injection pump1515011Oil nozzle x Cylinder block2526019Main bearing cap x Cylinder block1st 292930022Connection rod cap x Connecting rod1st 292930022Rear oil seal relainer x Cylinder block88574 in :bfRear end plate x Cylinder block88574 in :bfFiywheel x Crankshaft1451,480107Accelerator cable bracket x Cylinder head2020415Front engine hanger x Cylinder head4746034LH engine mounting bracket x Cylinder head4746034	Camshaft oil seal retainer x Cylinder head	9	90	78
2nd 3rdTurn 90° Turn 90°1Injection nozzle x Cylinder head5454040Nozzle leakage pipe x Injection nozzle3030022Water outlet x Cylinder head1616512Intake manifold x Cylinder head2020014Oil dipstick guide x Cylinder head2020014Injection pipe x Injection nozzle1515011Injection pipe x Injection nozzle1515011Injection pipe x Injection pump1515011Injection pipe x Injection pump1515011Oil nozzle x Cylinder block2526019Main bearing cap x Cylinder block132930022Connection rod cap x Connecting rod1st2930022Paar oil seal retainer x Cylinder block3232023Balance shaft x Cylinder block88574 in. lbfRear oil seal retainer x Cylinder block88574 in. lbfFear end plate x Cylinder block88574 in. lbfFiyheel x Crankshaft1451,480107Accelerator cable bracket x Cylinder head2020415Front engine hanger x Cylinder block6869350	Camshaft bearing cap x Cylinder head	18	185	13
Nozzle leakage pipe x Injection nozzle 30 300 22 Water outlet x Cylinder head 16 165 12 Intake manifold x Cylinder head 20 200 14 Oil dipstick guide x Cylinder head 20 200 14 Oil dipstick guide x Cylinder head 20 200 14 Injection pipe x Injection nozzle 15 150 11 Injection pipe x Injection nozzle 15 150 11 Injection pipe x Injection pump 15 150 11 Oil nozzle x Cylinder block 25 260 19 Main bearing cap x Cylinder block 1st 49 500 36 Connection rod cap x Connecting rod 1st 29 300 22 Turn 90* 1 13 130 9 Balance shaft x Cylinder block 32 320 23 Balance shaft x Cylinder block 8 85 74 in .lbf Rear end plate x Cylinder block 8 85 74 in .lbf Flywheel x Crankshaft <td>2nd</td> <td>Turn 90°</td> <td>× 400</td> <td>29</td>	2nd	Turn 90°	× 400	29
Water outlet x Cylinder head1616512Intake manifold x Cylinder head2020014Oil dipstick guide x Cylinder head2020014Injection pipe x Injection nozzle1515011Injection pipe x Injection pump1515011Oil nozzle x Cylinder block2526019Main bearing cap x Cylinder block1st4950036Connection rod cap x Connecting rod1st2930022Year oil seal retainer x Cylinder block131309Balance shaft x Cylinder block88574 in. lbfFear oil seal retainer x Cylinder block88574 in. lbfFlywheel x Crankshaft1451,480107Accelerator cable bracket x Cylinder head2020415Front engine hanger x Cylinder block6869350	Injection nozzle x Cylinder head	54	540	40
Intake manifold x Cylinder head2020014Oil dipstick guide x Cylinder head2020014Injection pipe x Injection nozzle1515011Injection pipe x Injection pump1515011Oil nozzle x Cylinder block2526019Main bearing cap x Cylinder block1st49500362ndTurn 90*12930022Main bearing cap x Cylinder block1st2930022Pataron rod cap x Connecting rod1st29300222ndTurn 90*131309Balance shaft x Cylinder block3232023Balance shaft x Cylinder block88574 inlbfFlywheel x Crankshaft1451,480107Accelerator cable bracket x Cylinder head2020415Front engine hanger x Cylinder block6869350	Nozzle leakage pipe x Injection nozzle	30	300	22
Oil dipstick guide x Cylinder head2020014Injection pipe x Injection nozzle1515011Injection pipe x Injection pump1515011Oil nozzle x Cylinder block2526019Main bearing cap x Cylinder block1st49500362ndTurn 90°1st2930022Connection rod cap x Connecting rod1st293002212ndTurn 90°11309Balance shaft x Cylinder block88574 in ·lbfRear oil seal retainer x Cylinder block88574 in ·lbfRear ond plate x Cylinder block88574 in ·lbfFlywheel x Crankshaft1451,480107Accelerator cable bracket x Cylinder head2020415Front engine hanger x Cylinder block6869350	Water outlet x Cylinder head	16	165	12
Injection pipe x Injection nozzle1515011Injection pipe x Injection pump1515011Oil nozzle x Cylinder block2526019Main bearing cap x Cylinder block1st49500362ndTurn 90°2230022Connection rod cap x Connecting rod1st293002212ndTurn 90°1131309Balance shaft x Cylinder block323202323Balance shaft x Cylinder block88574 in. IbfRear end plate x Cylinder block88574 in. IbfFlywheel x Crankshaft1451,480107Accelerator cable bracket x Cylinder head2020415Front engine hanger x Cylinder block6869350	Intake manifold x Cylinder head	20	200	14
Injection pipe x Injection pump1515011Oil nozzle x Cylinder block2526019Main bearing cap x Cylinder block1st49500362ndTurn 90°1st2930022Connection rod cap x Connecting rod1st2930022Pear oil seal retainer x Cylinder block131309Balance shaft x Cylinder block3232023Balance shaft x Cylinder block88574 in.·lbfFlywheel x Crankshaft1451,480107Accelerator cable bracket x Cylinder head2020415Front engine hanger x Cylinder block6869350	Oil dipstick guide x Cylinder head	20	200	14
Oil nozzle x Cylinder block2526019Main bearing cap x Cylinder block1st49500362ndTurn 90°1st2930022Connection rod cap x Connecting rod1st29300222ndTurn 90°11309Bear oil seal retainer x Cylinder block3232023Balance shaft x Cylinder block88574 in.·lbfRear end plate x Cylinder block88574 in.·lbfFlywheel x Crankshaft1451,480107Accelerator cable bracket x Cylinder head2020415Front engine hanger x Cylinder block6869350	Injection pipe x Injection nozzle	15	150	11
Main bearing cap x Cylinder block1st 2nd49 Turn 90°50036 36Connection rod cap x Connecting rod1st 29 2nd29 Turn 90°300 22 122 1Rear oil seal retainer x Cylinder block131309Balance shaft x Cylinder block3232023Balance shaft x Cylinder block88574 in .1bfRear end plate x Cylinder block88574 in .1bfFlywheel x Crankshaft1451,480107Accelerator cable bracket x Cylinder head2020415Front engine hanger x Cylinder block6869350	Injection pipe x Injection pump	15	150	11
2ndTurn 90°1Connection rod cap x Connecting rod1st29300222ndTurn 90°100°100°100°Rear oil seal retainer x Cylinder block131309Balance shaft x Cylinder block3232023Balance shaft x Cylinder block88574 in.·lbfRear end plate x Cylinder block88574 in.·lbfFlywheel x Crankshaft1451,480107Accelerator cable bracket x Cylinder head2020415Front engine hanger x Cylinder block6869350	Oil nozzle x Cylinder block	25	260	19
Image: Sear of least retainer x Cylinder blockTurn 90°Image: Sear of least retainer x Cylinder block131309Balance shaft x Cylinder block3232023Balance shaft x Cylinder block88574 in.·lbfRear end plate x Cylinder block88574 in.·lbfFlywheel x Crankshaft1451,480107Accelerator cable bracket x Cylinder head2020415Front engine hanger x Cylinder head4746034LH engine mounting bracket x Cylinder block6869350		-	500	
Balance shaft x Cylinder block3232023Balance shaft x Cylinder block88574 in.·lbfRear end plate x Cylinder block88574 in.·lbfFlywheel x Crankshaft1451,480107Accelerator cable bracket x Cylinder head2020415Front engine hanger x Cylinder head4746034LH engine mounting bracket x Cylinder block6869350	· · · ·		300	22
Balance shaft x Cylinder block88574 in.·lbfRear end plate x Cylinder block88574 in.·lbfFlywheel x Crankshaft1451,480107Accelerator cable bracket x Cylinder head2020415Front engine hanger x Cylinder head4746034LH engine mounting bracket x Cylinder block6869350	Rear oil seal retainer x Cylinder block	13	130	9
Rear end plate x Cylinder block88574 in.·lbfFlywheel x Crankshaft1451,480107Accelerator cable bracket x Cylinder head2020415Front engine hanger x Cylinder head4746034LH engine mounting bracket x Cylinder block6869350	Balance shaft x Cylinder block	32	320	23
Flywheel x Crankshaft1451,480107Accelerator cable bracket x Cylinder head2020415Front engine hanger x Cylinder head4746034LH engine mounting bracket x Cylinder block6869350	Balance shaft x Cylinder block	8	85	74 in. Ibf
Accelerator cable bracket x Cylinder head2020415Front engine hanger x Cylinder head4746034LH engine mounting bracket x Cylinder block6869350	Rear end plate x Cylinder block	8	85	74 in. Ibf
Front engine hanger x Cylinder head4746034LH engine mounting bracket x Cylinder block6869350	Flywheel x Crankshaft	145	1,480	107
LH engine mounting bracket x Cylinder block 68 693 50	Accelerator cable bracket x Cylinder head	20	204	15
	Front engine hanger x Cylinder head	47	460	34
RH engine mounting bracket x Cylinder block 68 693 50	LH engine mounting bracket x Cylinder block	68	693	50
	RH engine mounting bracket x Cylinder block	68	693	50

SERVICE SPECIFICATIONS - TURBOCHARGING

TURBO	CHARGING			
SERVICI		m·W		hendricht 199
Turbocharger	Turbocharging pressure Turbine shaft axial play Turbine shaft radial play	8	V NARVLANDA.	51 – 67 kPa (0.52 – 0.68 kgf/cm ² , 7.4 – 9.7 psi) 0.150 mm (0.0063 in.) 0.110 mm (0.0043 in.)
Actuator	Actuator stroke		-	1.20 - 1.70 mm (0.0472 - 0.0669 in.)

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NAME OF TAXABLE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF TAXABLE PARTY.

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SERVICE SPECIFICATIONS - TURBOCHARGING AN 18 TO

TORQUE SPECIFICATION

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TORQUE SPECIFICATION	•	.) (
Part tightened	N∙m	kgf∙cm	ft·lbf
Turbine inlet elbow x Turbocharger	19.1	195	14
Turbo water pipe x Turbocharger Nut Bolt	12 8	120 80	9 69 in. Ibf
Turbocharger x Exhaust manifold	52	530	38
Oil pipe x Cylinder bolck	19	195	14
Exhaust manifold x Cylinder bolck	52	530	38
Oil pipe x Cylinder block Union bolt Bolt	26 12	260 	19 12
Turbocharger stay x Turbocharger	19	195	14
Turbocharger stay x Cylinder block	19	195	14
Turbine outlet elbow x Turbocharger	39	390	28
Exhaust manifold heat insulator x Exhaust manifold	8	80	69 in.∙lbf
Turbocharger heat insulator x Turbocharger	8	80	69 in. Ibf
Intake pipe x Intake manifold	11	120	9
V-band x Bearing housing	4.8	49	42 in. Ibf
Actuator x Compressor housing	19.1	195	14
Bearing housing side plate x Bearing housing	12	122	9

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ELECTRONIC CONTROL DIESEL

			880L2-03
SERVICE	DATA		10 Sector State S State State Sector State Sta State State S
Throttle position sensor	Clearance between stop screw and lever 0 mm (0 in.) 0 mm (0 in.) 1.60 mm (0.063 in.) Throttle valve fully open	VTA – E2 IDL – E2 IDL – E2 VTA – E2	2.3 – or less
Timing control valve	Resistance	at 20°C (68°F)	10-14Ω
Spill control valve	Resistance	at 20°C (68°F)	1-2Ω
VSV for intake constrictor control	Resistance	at 20°C (68°F)	38.5 – 44.5 kΩ
Water temperature sensor, Fuel temperature sensor, Intake air temperature sensor	Resistance	at -20°C (-4°F) at 0°C (32°F) at 20°C (68°F) at 40°C (104°F) at 60°C (140°F) at 80°C (176°F)	$4 - 7 k\Omega$ 2 - 3 kΩ 0.9 - 1.3kΩ 0.4 - 0.7 kΩ
Turbo pressure sensor	Power source voltage		4.5 – 5.5 V
Engine speed sensor	Resistance	at 20°C (68°F)	205 – 255 Ω
Crankshaft position sensor	Resistance	at Cold at Hot	
Injection pump correction resistor	Resistance	at 20°C (68°F)	0.1 – 2.5 kΩ

SS-12

SERVICE SPECIFICATIONS - ELECTRONIC CONTROL DIESEL

TORQUE SPECIFICATION JESEIG

Part tightened	N∙m	kgf∙cm	ft·lbf
Throttle body x Intake manifold	20	204	15
Water temperature sensor x Cylinder block	25	255	18
Fuel temperature sensor x Fuel pump	21.6	220	16.5
Crankshaft position sensor x Cylinder block	5	51	44 in. lbf
First gear position sensor switch x Transmission	30	306	22.1

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SS-13

SERVICE SPECIFICATIONS - ENGINE FUEL

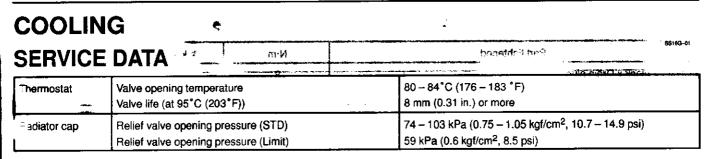
ENGINE	FUEL 🔹			•	TOHQUE
SERVICE		gra. M		hourselful tog	500,D-42
				iiiiii	rall with ad wath the section
Injection nozzles	Nozzle opening pressure		New nozzle	14,808 – 15,593 kPa	
ł				(151 – 159 kgf/cm ² , 2,148 – 2,261 p	osi)
	<i></i>		Reused nozzle	14,320 – 15,100 kPa	
				(146 - 154 kgf/cm ² , 2,076 - 2,190 p	
2 1	Adjusting shim thickness			0.900 mm (0.0354 in.)	0.925 mm (0.0364 in.)
		and the second		0.950 mm (0.0374 in.)	0.975 mm (0.0384 in.)
11	t ann a saigtean a sa saidteannaiste a saidteannaiste a			1.000 mm (0.0394 in.)	1.025 mm (0.0404 in.)
15	1. <u>19</u> 17	-		1.050 mm (0.0413 in.)	1.075 mm (0.0423 in.)
27	375	4		1.100 mm (0.0433 in.)	1.125 mm (0.0443 in.)
43	600	energiane en anti-	9 - 1	1.150 mm (0.0453 in.)	1.175 mm (0.0463 in.)
				1.200 mm (0.0472 in.)	1.225 mm (0.0482 in.)
65	900	ning and a second s		1.250 mm (0.0492 in.)	1.275 mm (0.0502 in.)
17	230	23	Cap nut	1.300 mm (0.0512 in.) 🤤 🤖 🗤 🗤	
17	250	24.5	109	1.350 mm (0.0531 in.)	1.375 mm (0.0541 in.)
17	05%	23	1	1.400 mm (0.0551 in.)	1.425 mm (0.0561 in.)
		rs		1.450 mm (0.0571 in.)	1.475 mm (0.0581 in.)
15	- 10			1.500 mm (0.0591 in.)	1.525 mm (0.0600 in.)
181	290	ə.rs		1.550 mm (0.0610 in.)	1.575 mm (0.0620 in.)
25	Of ac	32		1.600 mm (0.0630 in.)	1.625 mm (0.0640 in.)
15	210	21		1.650 mm (0.0650 in.)	1.675 mm (0.0659 in.)
- The second state of the		•		1.700 mm (0.0669 in.)	1.725 mm (0.0679 in.)
47	650	namentaria - como			1.775 mm (0.0699 in.) 1.825 mm (0.0719 in.)
				1.800 mm (0.0709 in.) 1.850 mm (0.0728 in.)	1.875 mm (0.0738 in.)
	· ·			1.900 mm (0.0748 in.)	1.925 mm (0.0758 in.)
ļ				1.950 mm (0.0748 in.)	1.820 mm (0.0700 m.)
njection pump	Engine speed sensor resist		at 20°C (68°F)	205 – 255 Ω at 20°C (68°F)	
1	Spill control valve resistance		at 20°C (68°F)	1 – 2 Ω at 20°C (68°F)	
	Correction resistors resistar	ice	at 20°C (68°F)	0.1 – 2.5 kΩ at 20°C (68°F)	

SERVICE SPECIFICATIONS - ENGINE FUEL TO THE

TORQUE SPECIFICATION $\mathfrak{R} \mathfrak{a}^{\flat}$ • 4175ft lbf kgf·cm N·m Part tightened 27 37 375 Nozzle holder body x Nozzle holder retaining nut 40 54 540 Injection nozzle x Cylinder head 30 300 22 Nozzle leakage pipe x injection nozzle 65 56 in. lbf 6 Injection pump clamp x Intake manifold 15 150 11 Injection pipe x Injection nozzle 11 15 150 Injection pipe x Injection pump 15 Accelerator cable bracket x Intake pipe 20 200 36.8 375 27 Fuel inlet hollow screw x injection pump body 600 43 58.85 Delivery valve holder x Distributive head 88 900 65 Distributive head plug x Distributive head 17 23 230 Cap nut Fuel inlet pipe x injection pump core f1 44 24.5 250 17 Bolt 23 230 17 Fuel inlet pipe x Injection pump 210 15 21 Injection pump x Timing gear case 21.6 220 16.5 Fuel temp. sensor x Distributive head plug (No.2) 24 32 330 Pump stay x Injection pump 21 210 15 Pump stay x Cylinder block 64 650 47 Injection pump drive gear x Injection pump

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SERVICE SPECIFICATIONS - COOLING Sta 2011



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SERVICE SPECIFICATIONS - COOLING

S\$16H-01

TORQUE SPECIFICATION

Part tightened	N∙m	kgf•cm	ft-lbf
Cylinder block x Drain plug	8	80	69 in. Ibf
Water pump x Cylinder block	13	130	9
Alternator bracket x Cylinder block	21	210	15
Alternator x Alternator bracket Lock bolt Pivot bolt	21 62	210 620	15 45
Fan x Water pump pulley	18	185	13
Water inlet x cylinder block	13	130	9

SERVICE SPECIFICATIONS - LUBRICATION

SERVICE	EDATA	ino rajidnik ing0				
Oil presuure	At idle speed (normal operating temperature) At 3,000 rpm (normal operating temperature)	29 kPa (0.3 kgf/cm ² , 43 psi) or more 250 - 600 kPa (2.5 - 6.1 kgf/cm ² , 18 - 42 psi)				
Oil pump 21 Viti of 23	Body clearance (STD) Body clearance (Maximum) Tip clearance (STD) Tip clearance (Maximum) Side clearance (STD) Side clearance (Maximum)	0.100 - 0.170 mm (0.0039 - 0.0067 in.) 0.20 mm (0.0079 in.) 0.060 - 0.160 mm (0.0024 - 0.0063 in.) 0.21 mm (0.0083 in.) 0.030 - 0.090 mm (0.0012 - 0.0035 in.) 0.15 mm (0.0059 in.)				

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TORQUE SPECIFICATION

Part tightened	N·m	kgf∙cm	ft·lbf
Oil pan x Drain plug	34	350	25
Relief valve x On pump	42	425	31
Oil pump x Cylinder block Bolt Union bolt Union bolt	13 16	130 160	9 12
Injection pump x Oil pump	21	210	15
Oil strainer x Cylinder block	8	80	69 in. Ibf
Oil pan x Cylinder block	16	165	12
Alternator adjusting bar x Oil pump	21	210	15
Oil cooler cover x Drain plug	8	80	69 in. Ibf
Oil cooler cover x Oil cooler	16	160	12
Oil cooler cover x Cylinder bolck	13	130	9
Dipstick guide x Intake manifold	29	300	22
Oil nozzle x Cylinder bolck	26	260	19

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SERVICE SPECIFICATIONS - STARTING

STARTIN	IG 🔹		•
SERVICE	DATA		
Starter	Rated voltage and output No-load characteristics	power Current	12 V 2.2 kW 120 A or less at 11.5 V
	Brush length	rpm STD	4,000 rpm or more 16.5 mm (0.650 in.)
12 <u>32 in th</u> f	Spring installed load	۲۱ Minimum STD المحلف	9.0 mm (0.354 in.) 26.5 – 32.3 N (2.7 – 3.3 kgf, 5.9 – 7.3 ibf) 17.6 N (1.8 kgf, 4.0 lbf)
	Commutator Diameter	STD	35.0 mm (1.38 in.)
	Under cut depth	Minimum STD Minimum	0.7 mm (0.027 in.)
- Nor - 7(3).	Circle runout Magnetic switch Contact plate for wear	Maximum Maximum	0.05 mm (0.0020 in.) 0.9 mm (0.035 in.)
Pre-heating system	Light lighting time	at 20°C (68°F)	Approx. 0.5 seconds
Glow plug	Resistance	at 20°C (68°F)	Approx. 0.72 Ω

95-19

SS-29

SERVICE SPECIFICATIONS - STARTING

TORQUE SPECIFICATION

ft·lbf kaf cm N·m Part tightened 13 130 10 Give bug x Cylinder head 82 in ·lbf 95 Starter housing x Clutch assembly 9.3 12.7 130 9 Fee trame x Starter housing 5.9 60 52 in .· lbf . ead wire x Terminal C 173 12 17 Terminal nut x Terminal 30 of starter, Terminal C of starter 32 in Ibf 3.6 36 End cover x Magnetic switch housing

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SSOUK-02

SERVICE S	Pecifications – Chai	RGING	SS-21
\$		•	
		the norside it the f	\$\$0UL-02
1		1.25 - 1.20	
	at 20°C (68°F) at 20°C (68°F)	125 – 129 125 – 129 V	
		6 - 8 mm (0.24 - 0.31 in.) 8 - 12 mm (0.31 - 0.47 in.)	11.

SERVIC		цаналыны. 	the activity that
Battery	Specific gravity Voltage	at 20°C (68°F) at 20°C (68°F)	
Drive belt	Deflection Reference	New belt Used belt 1.4 New belt Used belt Used belt	8 – 12 mm (0.31 – 0.47 in.) tone be 400 – 600 N (41 – 61 kgf)
	Rated output Rotor coil resistance Slip ring diameter Brush exposed length	at 20°C (68°F) 9 STD Minimum STD Minimum	14.2 mm – 14.4 mm (0.559 – 0.567 in.) 12.8 mm (0.504 in.) 9.5 – 11.5 mm (0.374 – 0.453 in.)
IC regulator	Regulating voltage		13.2 – 14.8 V

CHARGING



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TORQUE SPECIFICATION

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SS0UM-02

Part tightened	N·m	kgf•cm	ft·lbf
Drive end frame x Rectifier end frame Nut Nut with cord clip	4.5 5.4	46 55	40 in. Ibf 47 in. Ibf
Alternator pulley nut	110	1,125	81
Rectifier holder set screw	1.96	20	17.4 inIbf
Rear end cover x Rectifier end frame	4.5	46	40 in. Ibf
Terminal insulator mounting nut	4 .1	42	36 in. Ibf
Atternator wire mounting nut	9.8	100	7.2
Bean ng retaine r x Drive end frame	2.6	26.5	23 in. Ibf
Rectifier holder x Drive end frame	3. 9	40	34.7 in. Ibf
C regulator x Rectifier holder	1.96	20	17.4 in. Ibf

DIAGNOSTICS

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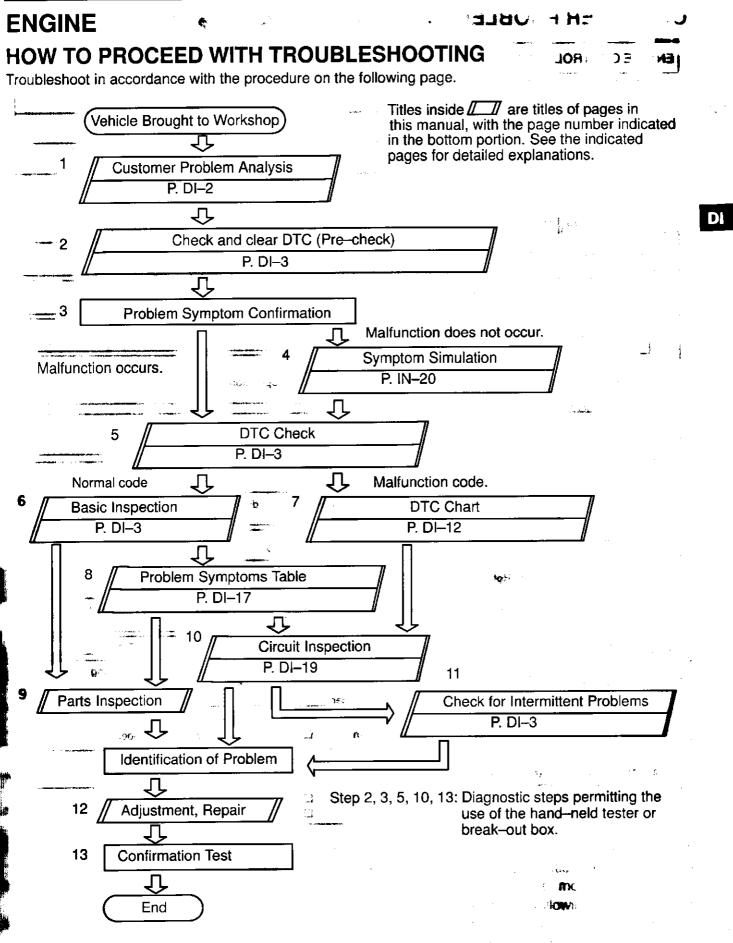
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NGINE	DI-1
HOW TO PROCEED WITH	
TROUBLESHOOTING	D[–1
CUSTOMER PROBLEM ANALYSIS CHECK	DI–2
PRE-CHECK	DI-3
DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CHART	Di-12
PARTS LOCATION	DI-14
TERMINALS OF ECU	DI15
PROBLEM SYMPTOMS TABLE	DI-17
CIRCUIT INSPECTION	DI-19

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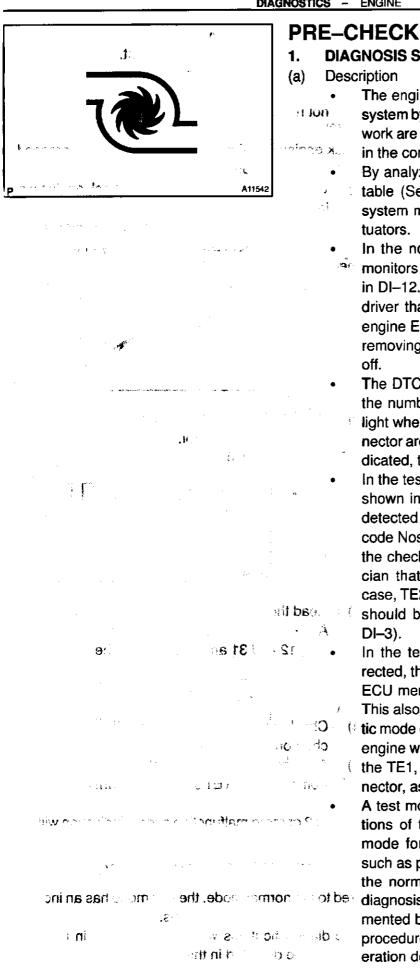
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CUSTOMER PROBLEM ANALYSIS CHECK

ENG		L SYSTEM Check Sheet	Inspe Name		V CZOOBA (רייע ד
Cue	nomer's Name	ottit oze Man Dobiaci politi	-	Model and Model Year		
Driv	ver's Name			Fram e No.		
	Date Vehicle Brought in Brought i					r
Lic	ense No.			Odometer Reading		km miles
	Engine does	Engine does not crank	D No	initial combustion	No complete combu	stion
	Difficult to Start	Engine cranks slowly Other	· .	C-14.7	1	
Iptoms	Poor Idling	□ Incorrect first idle □ Idling rpm is abnormal □ High (rpm) □ Low (rpm) □ Rough idling □ Other				
Problem Symptoms	Driveability	Hesitation Back fire Muffler explosion (after-fire) Surging Knocking Other				
Probl	Engine Stall	Image: Solution of the starting Image: After accelerator pedal depressed Image: Stall Image: After accelerator pedal released Image: During A/C operation Image: Shifting from N to D Image: Other starting from N to D Image: Other starting from N to D				
	Others	s // prc //				
	es Problem surred					
Pro	blem Frequency	Constant Someti	mes (times per day/mo	onth) 🗍 Once only	
	Weather	🗆 Fine 🛛 Cloudy	🛛 Rain	y 🛛 Snowy 🗖	Various/Other	
nen urs	Outdoor Temperature	🗆 Hot 🗖 Warm		Cold (approx.	°F/°C)	
idition When blem Occurs	Place	☐ Highway ☐ Suburb ☐ Rough road ☐ C)s)ther	🗆 Inner city 🔔 🗖	Uphill Downhill	
Proble	Engine Temp.	Cold Warming u	ıp 🗖	After warming up C	Any temp. Other _	
					E F	
Con	dition of Glow plu	g indicator Lamp	ains on	Sometimes light	nts up 🔲 Does not lig	ght up
	gnostic Trouble	Normal Mode (Precheck)	nal	Malfunction co Freezed frame		
Cod	e Inspection	Check Mode	nal	Malfunction co Freezed frame		



DIAGNOSIS SYSTEM Description The engine ECU contains a built-in self-diagnosis system by which troubles with the engine signal network are detected and a check engine warning light in the combination meter lights up.

By analyzing various signals as shown in the later table (See page DI-12) the engine ECU detects system malfunctions relating to the sensors or actuators.

In the normal mode, the self-diagnosis system monitors 9 items, indicated by code No. as shown in DI-12. A check engine warning light informs the driver that a malfunction has been detected. The engine ECU stores the code(s) until it is cleared by removing the F-HTR fuse with the ignition switch off.

The DTC (diagnostic trouble code) can be read by the number of blinks of the check engine warning light when TE1 and E1 terminals on the check connector are connected. When 2 or more codes are indicated, the lowest number (code) will appear first. In the test mode, 5 items, indicated by code No. as shown in DI-12 are monitored. If a malfunction is detected in any one of the systems indicated by code Nos. 22, 24, 35 and 41 the engine ECU lights the check engine warning light to warn the technician that malfunction has been detected. In this case, TE2 and E1 terminals on the check connector should be connected as shown later (See page DI-3).

In the test mode, even if the malfunction is corrected, the malfunction code is stored in the engine ECU memory even when the ignition switch is off. This also applies to the normal mode. The diagnos-(i tic mode (normal or test) and the output of the check engine warning light can be selected by connecting the TE1, TE2, and E1 terminals on the check connector, as shown later.

A test mode function has been added to the functions of the self-diagnosis system of the normal mode for the purpose of detecting malfunctions such as poor contact, which are difficult to detect in the normal mode. This function fills up the selfdiagnosis system. The test mode can be implemented by the technician following the appropriate procedures of check terminal connection and operation described later (See page DI-3).

DI

DIAGNOSTICS - ENGINE

2.

DIAGNOSIS INSPECTION (Normal Mode)

- Check the check engine warning light. (a)
 - The check engine warning light will light up when (1)the ignition switch is turned ON and the engine is not running. concent:

HINT:

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If the check engine warning light does not light up, proceed to troubleshooting of the combination meter.

- (2)When the engine is started, the check engine warning light should go off.
 - If the light remains on, the diagnosis system has detected a malfunction or abnormality in the system.

Check the DTC.

Turn the ignition switch ON. (1)

Using SST, connect terminals between TE1 and E1 (2) of the check connector. 14

09843-18020 SST

Read the DTC from check engine warning light. (3) As an example, the blinking patterns for codes; normal, 12 and 31 are as shown on the illustration.

HINT:

If a DTC is not output, check the TE1 terminal circuit (See Page DI-53).

- Check the details of the malfunction using the DTC (4)
- chart on page DI-12.

After completing the check, disconnect the SST (5) from terminals TE1 and E1, and turn off the display. ł

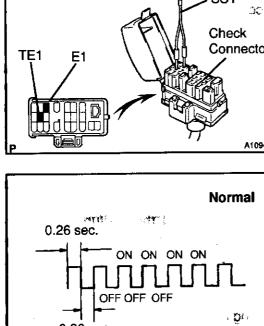
HINT: ~

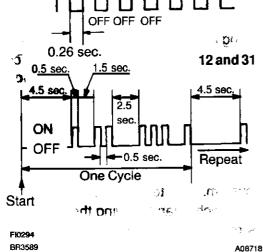
If the event of 2 or more malfunction codes, indication will begin from the smallest numbered code to the largest.

DIAGNOSIS INSPECTION (Test Mode) 3. HINT:

Compared to the normal mode, the test mode has an increased sensing ability to detect malfunctions.

The same diagnostic items which are detected in the normal mode can also be detected in the test mode.

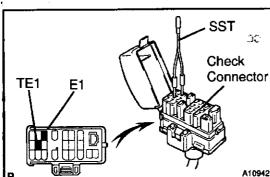




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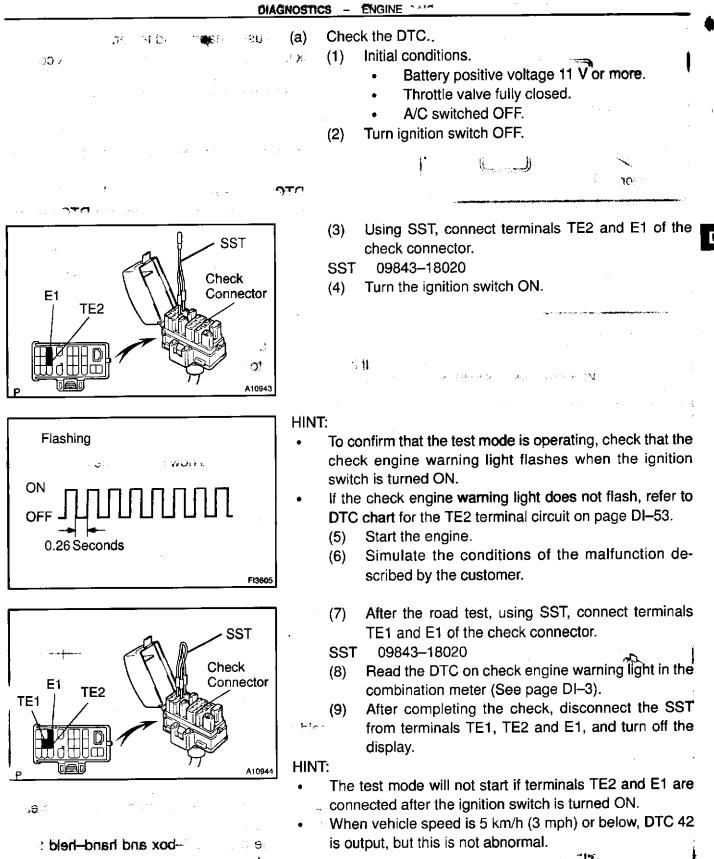
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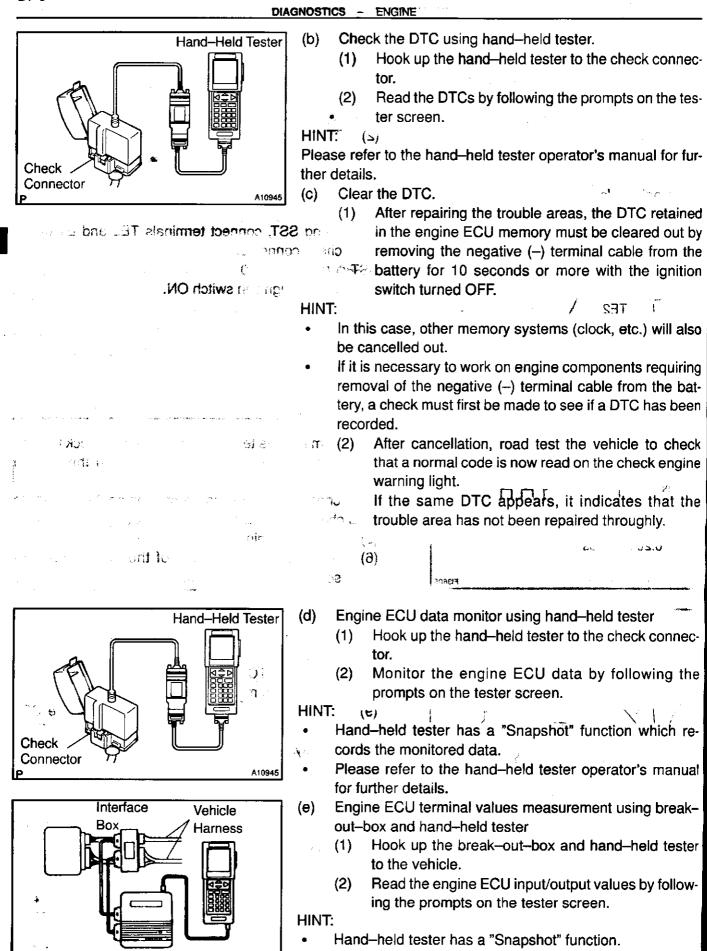
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DI-4



DI

DI-5



Toyota Break–Out–Box

N09346

This records the measured values and is effective in the diagnosis of intermittent problems.

DI--6

Please refer to the hand-held tester/break-out-box operator's manual for further details.

7.

FAIL-SAFE CHART

14

4.

4. FAIL-SAFE CHART If any of the following codes is recorded, the engine ECU enters fail-safe mode.

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12	• TCV duty is 19.5 %				
			Returned to normal condition		
13	• Engine speed 0 RPM • TCV duty is 6 % • Throttle valve position is fixed • Spill control valve is cut	at 50%			
22	• Water temp. is fixed at 60°C (140°F)	Returned to normal condition		
24	• Air temp. is fixed at 40°C (104	*F)	Returned to normal condition		
32	Injection volume compensenta settled value	tion volume is fixed at	Returned to normal condition		
39	• Fuel temp is fixed at 40°C (10	4°F)	Returned to normal condition		
41 Che	Accelerator pedal position is fit	xed at settled value	Following condition must be repeated at least 2 times consecutively When closed throttle position switch is ON: $0.1 V \le VA \le 4.0 V$		
42	Do not operation A/C cut		Returned to normal condition		
43	Starter OFF	Returned to normal condition			
12 TDC s 13 NE sig 22 Water 24 Intake 32 Correc	ignal circuit ignal circuit inal circuit 8 8 9 temp. sensor circuit air temp. sensor circuit ction resistors circuit air pressure sensor circui	ability in the test mal mode, so th gine ECU signa If THF, VA) shown output. Accordingly, wh 24, 32, 35, 39, spection of the check for interm By check for inter problems are of (1) Clear	lescribed on page DI–3, abnormality detection t mode is increased compared to that in the nor- nat when intermittent problems occur in the en- I circuits (TDC, NE, THW, THA, VRP, VRT, PIM, n in the table opposite, the appropriate DTC is then the DTC shown in the table left (12, 13, 22, 41) are output during the DTC check, and in- e appropriate circuits reveals no abnormality, nittent problems as described below. ermittent problems, the place where intermittent ccurring due to poor contacts can be isolated. ar DTC (See page DI–3). the test mode. With the ignition switch turned OFF, using		

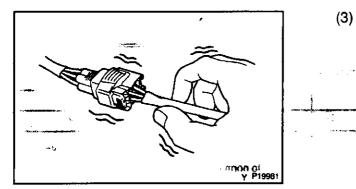
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DIAGNOSTICS - ENGINE



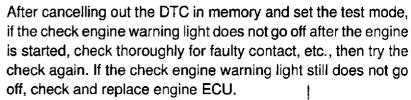
Perform a Simulation Test
 Using the symptom simulation
 (See page IN–10), apply vibration and pull lightly on

the wire harness, connector or terminals in the circuit indicated by the malfunction code.

In this test, if the check engine warning light lights up, it indicates that the place where the wire harness, connector or terminals being pulled or vibrated has faulty contact. Check point for loose connections, dirt on the terminals, poor fit or other problems and repair as necessary.

HINT:

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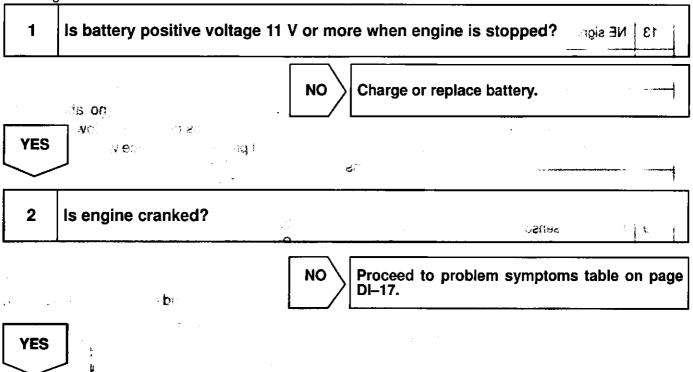




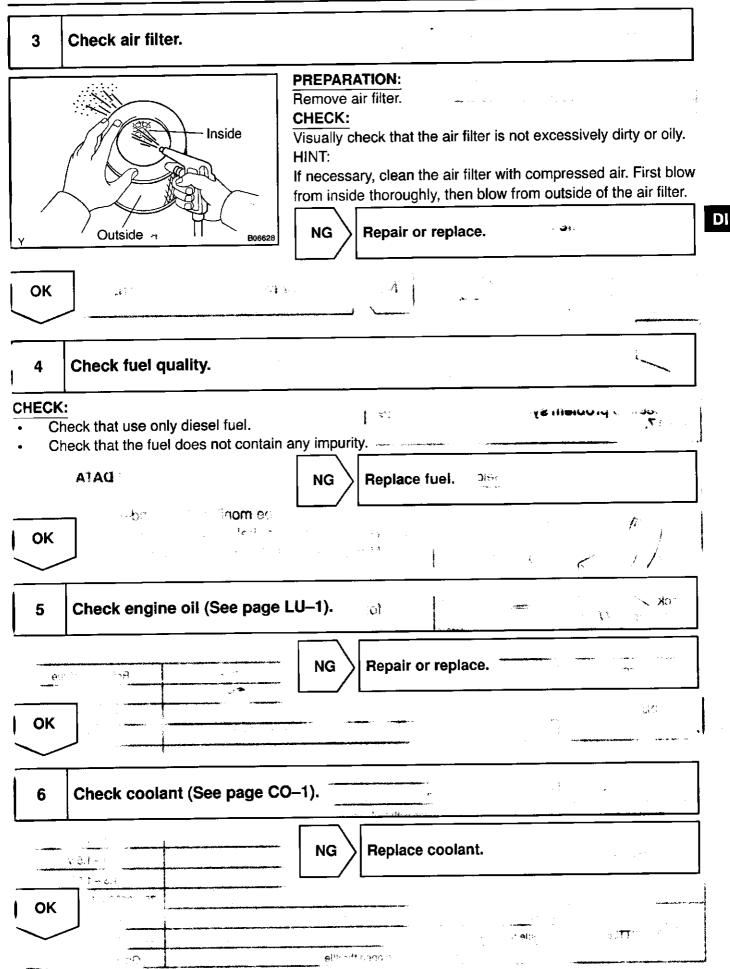
6. BASIC INSPECTION

When the malfunction code is not confirmed in the DTC check, troubleshooting should be carried out in the order for all possible circuits to be considered as the causes of the problems.

In many cases, by carrying out the basic engine check shown in the following flow chart, the location causing the problem can be found quickly and efficiently. Therefore, use of this check is essential in engine trouble-shooting.

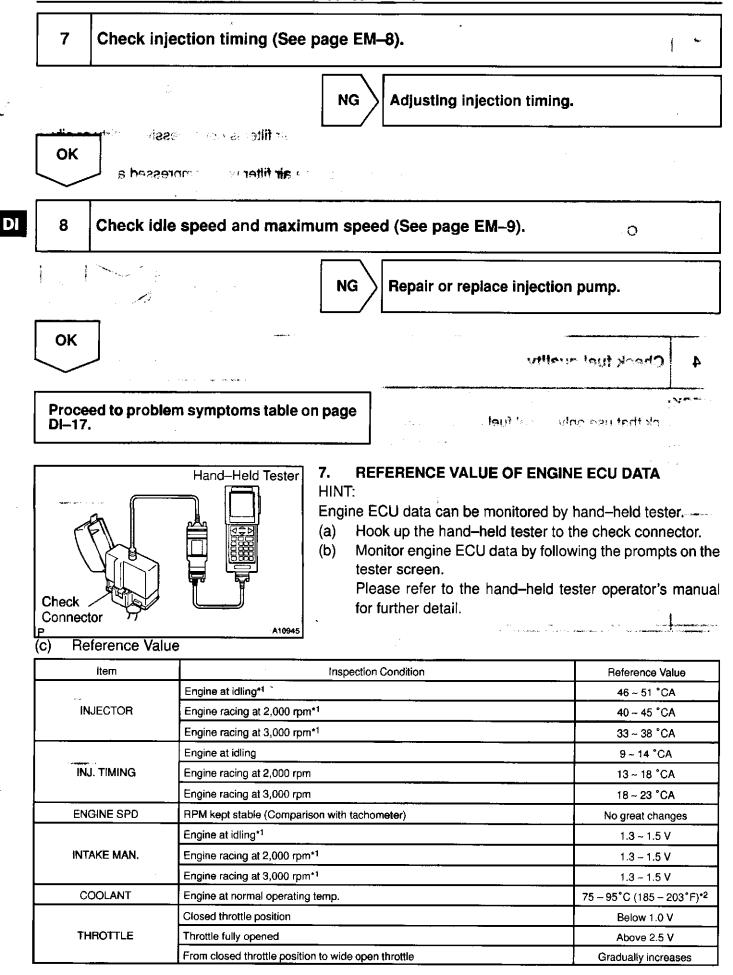


D



DI-9





DIAGNOSTICS - ENGINE

VEHICLE SPD	During driving (Comparison with speedometer)	No large differences
	Engine idling at normal operating temp.	ON
EGR	Engine at idling	ON
	At accelerator pedal fully opened	OFF
	At IG SW LOCK→ON	ON
GROW PLUG	During cranking	ON
STA SIGNAL	During cranking	ON
IDL SIGNAL	Closed throttle position	ON
A/C SIGNAL	A/C SW ON	ON

HINT:

: All accessories and A/C are switched OFF.

*²: If the water temperature sensor circuit is open or shorted, the engine ECU assumes an engine coolant **tem**perature value of 80°C (176°F).

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CHART

HINT:

Parameters listed in the chart may not be exactly the same as you reading due to the type of instrument or other factors.

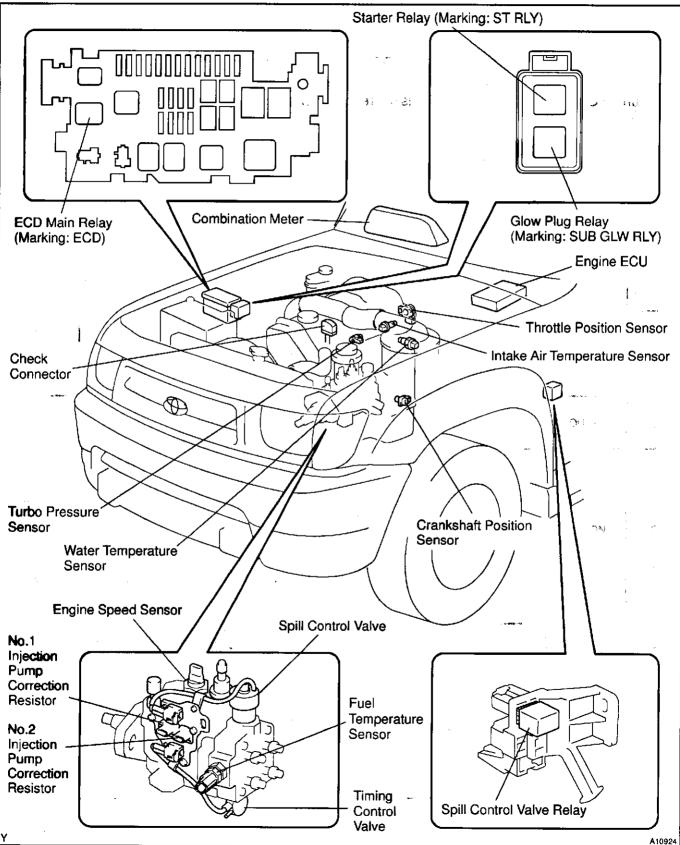
If a malfunction code is displayed during the DTC check in check (test) mode, check the circuit for the codes listed in the table below. For details of each code, turn to the page referred to under the "See page" for the respective "DTC No." in the DTC chart.

DTC No. See page)	Detection Item	Trouble Area	Check Engine Warning Light (NormalMode/ Test Mode)	+2 Memory ∭A
12 (DI-19)	Engine Speed Sensor Circuit Malfunction (TDC or G1 Circuit)	 Open or short in crankshaft position sensor circuit Crankshaft position sensor Engine ECU 	ON/ON	0
13 (DI–21)	Engine Speed Sensor Circuit Malfunction (NE Circuit)	 Open or short in engine speed sensor circuit Engine speed sensor Engine ECU 	ON/ON	0
14 (DI–22)	Timing Control System Malfunc- tion	 Open or short in timing control valve circuit Fuel filter (Clogging) Fuel (Freezing, Air in) Injection pump (Internal pressure and timing control valve) Engine ECU 	ON/N.A.	0
22 (DI–25)	Water Temp. Sensor Circuit Mal- function	Open or short in water temp. sensor circuit Water temp. sensor Engine ECU	ON/ON	0
24 (DI–28)	Intake Air Temp. Sensor Circuit Malfunction	 Open or short in intake air temp. sensor circuit Intake air temp. sensor Engine ECU 	OFF/ON	0
32 (DI-31)	Injection Pump Correction Sys- tem Malfunction	 Open or short in injection pump correction resistor cuicuit Injection pump correction resistor Engine ECU 	OFF/ON	0
35 (DI–33)	Turbo Pressure Sensor Circuit Malfunction	 Open or short in turbo pressure sensor circuit Turbo pressure sensor Vacuum hose disconnected or blocked Engine ECU 	ON/ON	0
39 (DI36)	Fuel Temp. Sensor Circuit Mal- function	Open or short in fuel temp. sensor circuit Fuel pressure sensor Engine ECU	ON/ON	0
41 (DI–39)	Throttle Position Sensor Circuit Malfunction	 Open or short in throttle position sensor circuit Throttle position sensor Engine ECU 	ON/ON	0
42 (DI-41)	Vehicle Speed Sensor Signal Circuit Malfunction	Open or short in vehicle speed sensor circuit Vehicle speed sensor Combination meter Engine ECU	OFF/OFF	0
43 (DI–43)	Starter Signal Circuit Malfunction	 Open or short in starter circuit Open or short in ignition switch or starter relay circuit Engine ECU 	OFF/OFF	0
49 (DI-45)	First Gear Position Circuit Mal- function	Open or short in 1st gear poosition switch circuit 1st gear poosition switch Engine ECU	OFF/OFF	×

•1: "ON" displayed in the diagnosis mode column indicates that the check engine warning light is lighted up when a malfunction is detected. "OFF" indicates that the check engine warning light does not light up during malfunction diagnosis, even if a malfunction is detected. "N.A." indicates that the item is not included in malfunction diagnosis. *2: "O" in the memory column indicates that a DTC is recorded in the engine ECU memory when a malfunction occurs. Accordingly, output of diagnostic results in the normal or test mode is done with the ignition switch turned ON. "X" indicates that a DTC is not recorded in the ECU memory even if a malfunction occurs.

DI31L-04

PARTS LOCATION



TERMINALS OF ECU

Engine

GIND (E6-7) - E01 (E4-13)

SVR (E6-13) - E01 (E4-13)

TE1 (E5-15) - E1 (E4-14)

9 - 14

0 - 3

9 - 14

0-1.5

9 - 14

DIAGNOSTICS - ENGINE en en E5 ECU Terminals E4 E6 13 12 11 10 9 54 8 7 6 3 2 1 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 11 10 9 8 1 7 6 5 4 2 24 23 22 25 21 20 19 18 17 15 15 14 13 12 16 16 11 10 9 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 P19559 Symbols (Terminal No.) Wiring Color Condition STD Voltage (V) +BF (E6-1) - E1 (E4-14) Y-BR Always 9-14 +BG (E6-12) - E1 (E4-14) R-L-BR IG switch ON 9 - 14VC (E5-1) - E2 (E5-9) B-G-R IG switch ON 4.5 - 5.5Accelerator pedal fully closed 0.3 - 0.8VA (E5-11) - E2 (E5-9) B-L - G-R Accelerator pedal fully opened 2.9 - 4.9Accelerator pedal fully closed 9 - 14IDL (E5-12) - E2 (E5-9) B-R - G-R Accelerator pedal fully opened 0 - 3Apply vacuum 40 kPa (300 mmHg, 11.8 in.Hg) 1.3 - 1.9 PIM (E5-2) - E2 (E5-9) B-Y-G-RApply vacuum 69 kPa (1,000 mmHg, 39.4 in.Hg) 3.2 - 3.8THA (E5-3) - E2 (E5-9) P-L - G-R Idling, Air intake temp. 0°C (32°F) to 60°C (140°F) 0.5 - 3.4THW (E5-4) - E2 (E5-9) P – G–R Idling, Engine coolant temp. 60°C (140°F) to 120°C (248°F) 0.2 - 1.0THF (E5-5) - E2 (E5-9) LG-B-G-R IG switch ON (at engine cold) 0.5 - 3.4STA (E6-11) - E1 (E4-14) V-Y-BR Cranking 6.0 or more Pulse generation TDC+ (E4-5) - TDC- (E4-18) R – G Idling (See page DI-19) Pulse generation NE+ (E4-4) - NE- (E4-17) W - BIdlina . . . (See page DI-19) Pulse generation SPD (E6-9) - E1 (E4-14) G-O-BR IG switch ON, Rotate driving wheel slowly (See page DI-39) IG switch ON 9 - 14TCV (E4-12) - E01 (E4-13) G-B-BR Pulse generation Idling (See page DI-22) VSV OFF (idling) 9 – 14 S/TH1 (E4-10) - E01 (E4-13) GR-BR VSV ON (after IG switch OFF for 2 sec.) 0-3 VSV OFF (idling) 9 - 14S/TH2 (E4-9) - E01 (E4-13) G-Y-BR VSV ON (after IG switch OFF for 2 sec.) 0 - 3IG switch ON 9-14 MREL (E6-3) - E1 (E4-14) L-O - BR after IG switch OFF for 2 sec.or more 0 - 1.5IGSW (E6-14) - E1 (E4-14) B-W-BR IG switch ON 9 - 14TAC (E6–18) – E1 (E4–14) B – BR Idling Pulse generation Check engine warning light lights up 0 - 3W (E6-5) - E1 (E4-14) P-BR Except check engine warning light lights up

Glow indicator light lights up

IG switch ON

IG switch ON

Except glow indicator light lights up

R-W-BR

L-B-BR

G-Y-BR

DIAGNOSTICS - ENGINE

SREL (E6-2) - E01 (E4-13)	B-R – BR	Cranking	9 – 14
		IG switch ON	9 – 14
SPV (E4–11) – E01 (E4–13)	R-B-BR	Idling	Pulse generation (See page DI-60)
		At shift position in 1st position	9 – 14
FSW (E4–8) – E1 (E4–1 4)	L-BR	At other shift position in 1st position	0-3
	GB - GR	IG switch ON	0.2 - 4.5
VRT (E5-14) - E2 (E5-9)	L-B - G-R	IG switch ON	0.2-4.5

PROBLEM SYMPTOMS TABLE Start

When the malfunction code is not confirmed the DTC check and the problem still can not be confirmed in the basic inspection, then proceed to this step and perform troubleshooting according to the numbered order given in the table below.

Symptom	Suspect Area	See page
	1. Starter	ST-6
Does not crank (Difficult to start)	2. Starter relay	S⊺–20
	1. STA signal circuit	DI-43
	2. Injection nozzle	FU-8
Cold engine (Difficult to start)	3. Fuel filter	FU-1
	4. Engine ECU	IN-20
	5. Injection pump	FU-15
	1. STA signal circuit	DI-43
	2. Injection nozzle	FU-8
	3. Fuel filter	FU-1
Hot engine (Difficult to start)	4. Throttle Body	ED3
	5. Engine ECU	IN-20
	6. Injection pump	FU-15
	1. Fuel filter	FU-1
	2. Engine ECU power source circuit	DI-49
Soon after starting (Engine stall)	3. Engine ECU	IN-20
	4. Injection pump	FU-15
	1. Engine ECU power source circuit	DI-49
	2. Spill control valve relay circuit	DI-60
Others (Engine stall)	3. Engine ECU	IN-20
 Constant and the second se	4. Injection pump	FU-15
	1. Fuel filter	FU-1
hcorrect first idle (Poor idling)	2. Engine ECU	IN-20
	3. Injection pump	FU-15
needita and an	1. STA signal circuit	DI-43
	2. Throttle position sensor	ED-3
The second difference of (Decordality)	3. Water temp. sensor	ED-15
fgh engine idle speed (Poor idling)	4. Vehicle speed sensor	DI39
1	5. Engine ECU (Vi	IN-20
	6. Injection pump	FU–15
	1. Injection nozzle	FU–8
	2. Compression	EM-2
	3. Throttle body	~ ED-3
ere and the second (Decentrality)	4. Valve clearance	EM-4
Lower engine idle speed (Poor idling)	5. Fuel line (Air beed)	
j u	6. Engine ECU	IN-20
a sama nga sa	7. Injection pump	FU-15
	8. Water temp. sensor	ED-15
· · · ·	1. Injection nozzle	FU-8
	2. Fuel line (Air beed)	-
	3. Pre-heating control circuit	ST-2
i	4. Compression	EM-2
Cough idling (Poor idling)	5. Throttle position sensor	ED-3
	6. Crankshaft position sensor	ED-3
• •	7. Valve clearance	EM-4
	8. Engine ECU	IN-20
	9. Injection pump	FU-15

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DI--18

DIAGNOSTICS - ENGINE

	1. Injection nozzle	FU-8
a second of the second seco	2. Engine ECU power source circuit	DI-49
	3. Compression	EM2
Hunting at hot engine (Poor idling)	4. Fuel line (Air beed)	_
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	5. Valve clearance	EM-4
	6. Engine ECU	IN-20
	7. Injection pump	FU15
	1. Injection nozzle	FU8
	2. Engine ECU power source circuit	DI-49
·	3. Pre-heating control circuit	ST-2
Hunting at cold engine (Poor idling)	4. Compression	EM-2
	5. Fuel line (Air beed)	-
	6. Valve clearance	EM-4
	7. Engine ECU	IN-20
	8. Injection pump	FU–15
	1. Injection nozzle	FU-8
	2. Fuel filter	FU–1
Hesitation/ Poor acceleration (Poor driveability)	3. Compression	EM-2
	4. Engine ECU	IN-20
	5. Injection pump	FU–15
	1. Injection nozzle	FU-8
the power source circuit	2. Engine ECU (liste enigned	IN-20
Knocking (Poor driveability)	3. Crankshaft posistion sensor	ED-21
in a general procession of the state of the st	4. Spill control valve circuit	DI-60
	5. Water temp. sensor	ED-15
	1. Injection nozzle	FU 8
4	2. Engine ECU	IN-20
5+ 3 du r	3. Injection pump	FU15
Black smoke (Poor driveability)	4. Spill control valve circuit	DI-60
1 ·	5. Throttle body	ED–3
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	6. Throttle position sensor	ED-3
	7. Intake air temp. sensor	ED-17
	1. Pre-heating control circuit	ST-2
e and the second s	2. Injection nozzle	FU-8
e la Montalia de la companya de la c	3. Fuel filter	FU–1
White smoke (Poor driveability)	4. Engine ECU	IN-20
	5. Injection pump	FU–15
n gang dan kanang dan kan Kanang dan kanang dan kan	6. Crankshaft position sensor	ED-21
	7. Throttle body	ED-3
ε	8. Water temp sensor	ED-15
	1. Injection nozzle	FU-8
Surging (Husting (Boor driveshillt)	2. Engine ECU	IN-20
Surging/ Hunting (Poor driveability)	3. Injection pump	FU–15
inter .	4. Throttle position sensor	ED–3

CIRCUIT INSPECTION

DTC		Engine Speed Sensor Circuit Malfunction (TDC or G1 Circuit)
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and

CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

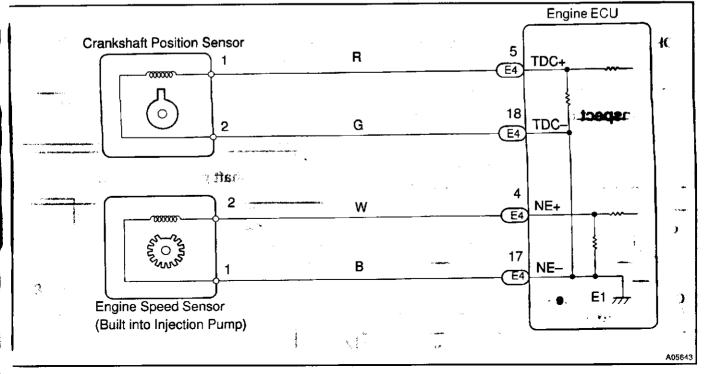
The crankshaft position sensor in the Engine Control System contains signal plate and a pickup coil for TDC signal. The TDC signal plate has 1 tooth on its outer circumference. The TDC signal sensor generates 1 signal for every engine revolution. The engine ECU detects the top dead center by the TDC signals.

The engine speed sensor in the Engine Control System contains signal plate and a pickup coil for NE signal. The NE signal plate has 52 teeth and is mounted in the injection pump. The NE signal sensor generates 52 signals of engine 2 revolutions. The engine ECU detects the engine speed and cam lift position of the injection pump.

The engine ECU uses TDC signal and NE signals for injection timing control. And NE signal is used for injection volume control, also.

DTC No.	DTC Code Detecting Condition	Trouble Area
12	No TDC signal to engine ECU during cranking	 Open or short in crankshaft position sensor circuit Crankshaft position speed sensor Engine ECU

WIRING DIAGRAM



DI--19

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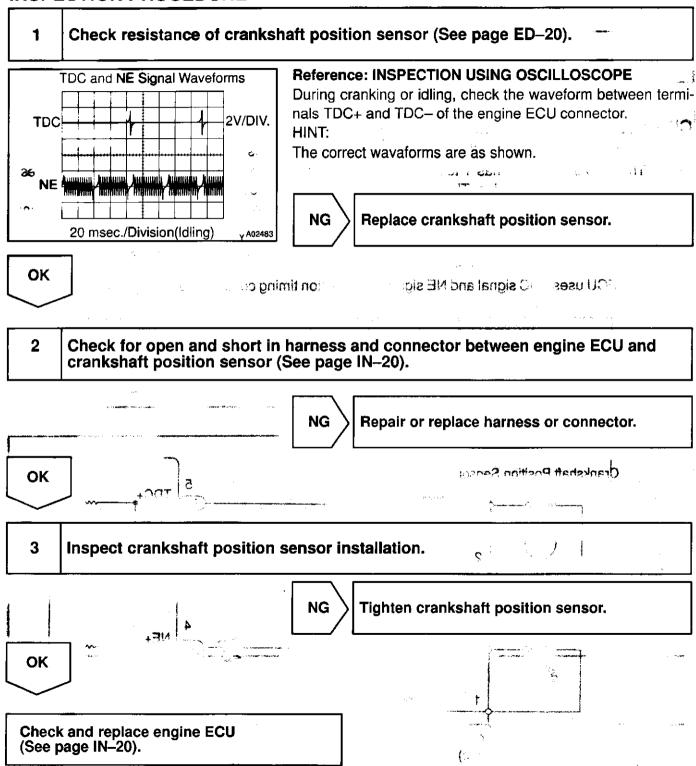
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DI-20

DIAGNOSTICS - ENGINE





DTC	13	Engine Speed Sensor Circuit Malfunction (NE Circuit)	

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CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

Refer to DTC 12 on page DI-19.

DTO	C No.	DTC Detecting Condition	Trouble Area
	13	No NE signal to engine ECU for 0.5 sec. or more at 680 rpm or more	Open or short in engine speed sensor circuit Engine speed sensor Engine ECU

WIRING DIAGRAM

Refer to DTC 12 on page DI-19.

INSPECTION PROCEDURE

1	Check resistance of engine speed sensor (See page ED-20).	
·	NG Replace injection pump assembly.	
ОК		
2	Check for open and short in harness and connector between engine ECU and engine speed sensor (See page IN–20).	
ن - میراند - عبران میراند	NG Repair or replace harness or connector.	
ОК		
3	Inspect engine speed sensor installation.	
	NG Tighten engine speed sensor.	
ОК		
Chec (See	k and replace engine ECU page IN–20).	

		•
DTC	14	Timing Control System Malfunction

CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

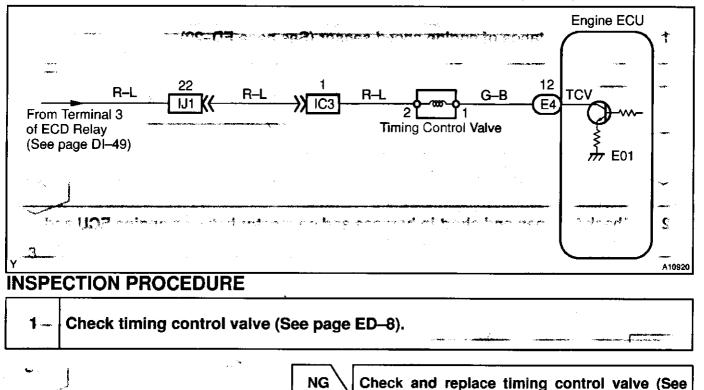
The engine ECU control the injection timing by actuating the timing control valve. The timing control valve is mounted on the injection pump and delay one by duty control of pump internal fuel pressure. The engine ECU detects the injection advance angle by TDC and NE signals.

DTC No.	DTC Detecting Condition	Trouble Area
14	After engine warm up and during, actual injection timing is different from target value of engine ECU calculated for several sec.	 Open or short in timing control valve circuit Fuel filter (Clogging) Fuel (Freezing, Air in) Injection pump (Internal pressure and timing control valve) Engine ECU

WIRING DIAGRAM

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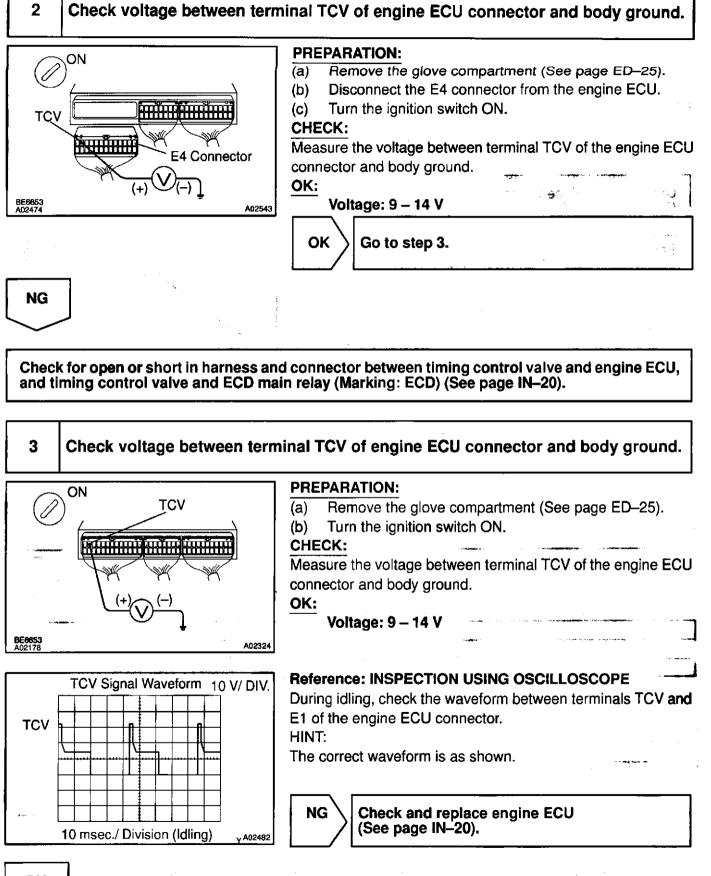
page FU-18).

NG

Seatter sen a dine speed sensor.

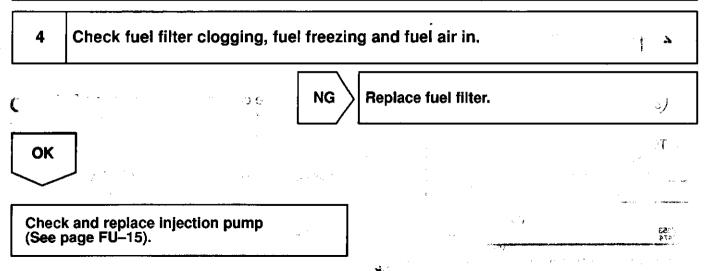
01310-03





DI-24

DIAGNOSTICS - ENGINE



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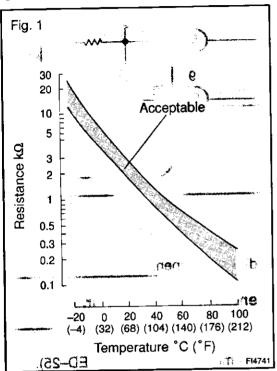
DTC

22

CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

Water Temp. Sensor Circuit Malfunction

· > 11 - 4



iDr.

The water temperature sensor senses the coolant temperature. A thermistor built into the sensor changes the resistance value according to the coolant temperature. The lower the coolant temperature, the greater the thermistor resistance value, and the higher the coolant temperature, the lower the thermistor resistance value (See Fig. 1).

The water temperature sensor is connected to the engine ECU (See below). The 5 V power source voltage in the engine ECU is applied to the water temperature sensor from the terminal THW via a resistor R. That is, resistor R and the water temperature sensor are connected in series. When the resistance value of the water temperature sensor changes in accordance with changes in the coolant temperature, the potential at the terminal THW also changes. Based on this signal, the engine ECU increases the fuel injection volume to improve driveability dur-ะหมะเลยูช มะ ing cold engine operation.

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+	9 641 7	1

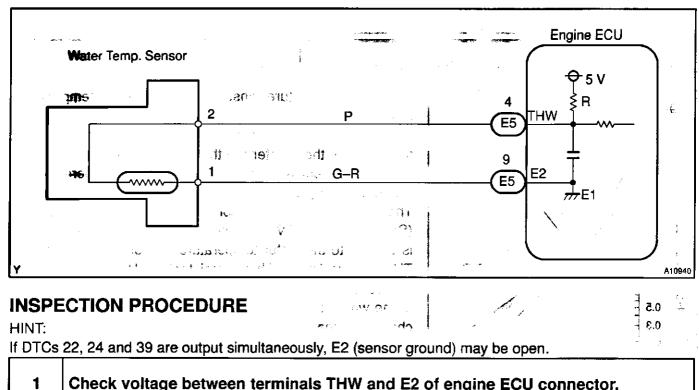
DTC No.	DTC Detecting Condition	Trouble Area
	Resistance value of water temp. sensor circuit goes out of compensentation value for 0.5 sec. or more	Open or short in water temp. sensor circuit Water temp. sensor Engine ECU

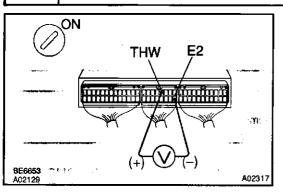
HINT:

After confirming DTC 22, use the hand-held tester to confirm the water temperature from the CURRENT ΠΔΤΔ

V a.r	
Temperature displayed	Malfunction
-40°C (-40°F)	Open circuit
140°C (284°F) or more	Short circuit

WIRING DIAGRAM





PREPARATION					
(a) Remove the glove compartment (See page ED-25).					
(b) Turn the ignition switch ON.					
	· · · · · · · · · ·				
Measure the voltage between termin	als THW and E2 of the				
2	als THW and E2 of the				
gine ECU connector.					
Measure the voltage between termin gine ECU connector. OK: Water Temp. °C (°F)					
gine ECU connector. OK:	22				

T

Check for intermittent problems (See page DI-3).

NG

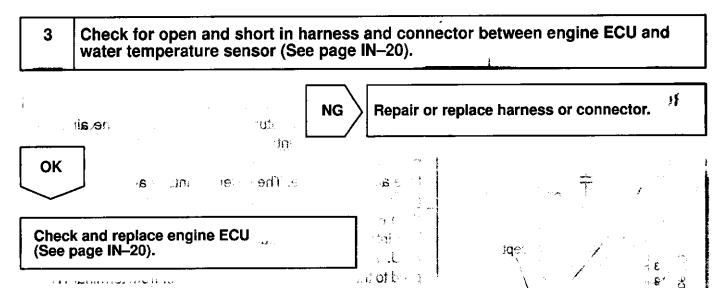
2

Check water temperature sensor (See page ED-15).

NG

OK

Replace water temperature sensor.



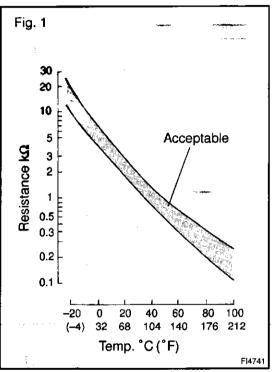
DI6JY-0

DTC

24

Intake Air Temp. Sensor Circuit Malfunction

CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION



The intake air temperature sensor is built into the air cleaner cap and senses the intake air temperature. A thermistor built in the sensor changes the resistance value according to the intake air temperature. The lower the intake air temperature, the greater the thermistor, the lower the thermistor resistance value (See Fig. 1).

The intake air temperature sensor is connected to the engine ECU. The 5 V power source voltage in the engine ECU is applied to the intake air temperature sensor from terminal THA via a resistor R. That is, resistor R and the intake air temperature sensor are connected in series. When the resistance value of the intake air temperature sensor changes, based on this signal, the engine ECU increases the fuel injection volume to improve drivability during cold engine operation.

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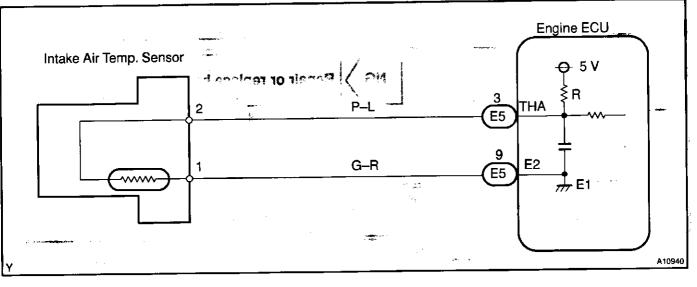
DTC No.	DTC Detecting Condition	Trouble Area
24 (1)	Resistance value of in intake air temp. sensor circuit value goes out of compensentation value for 0.5 sec. or more	Open or short in intake air temp. sensor circuit Intake air temp. sensor Engine ECU

HINT:

After confirming DTC 24, use the hand-held tester to confirm the intake air temperature from the CURRENT DATA.

Temperature displayed	Malfunction	
-40°C (-40°F)	Open circuit	
140°C (284°F) or more	Short circuit	

WIRING DIAGRAM

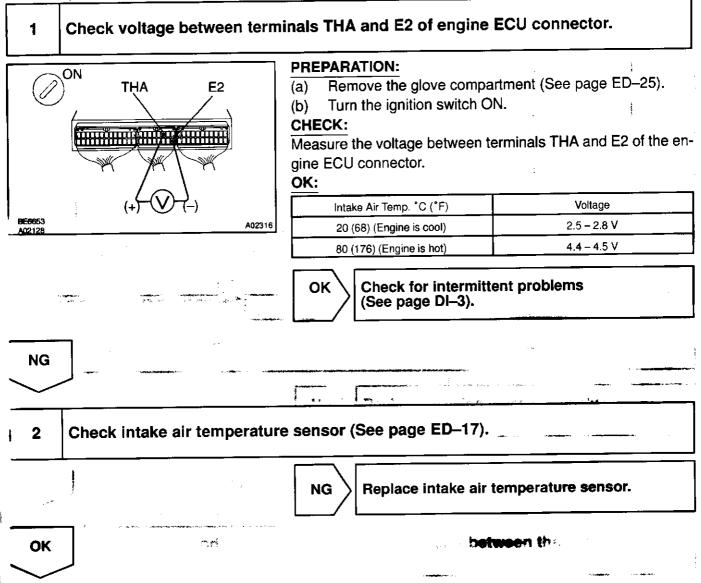


INSPECTION PROCEDURE

HINT:

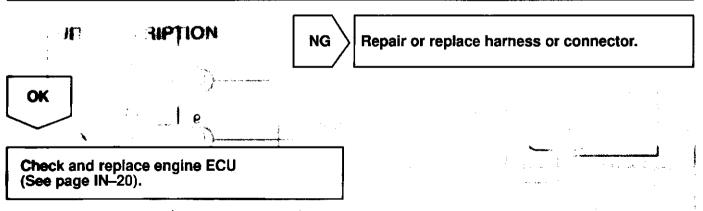
If DTC 22, 24, 35 and 39, E2 (sensor ground) may be open.

1



DI--30

3 Check for open and short in harness and connector between engine ECU and intake air temperature sensor (See page IN–20).



		·····
DTC	32	Injection Pump Correction System Malfunc- tion

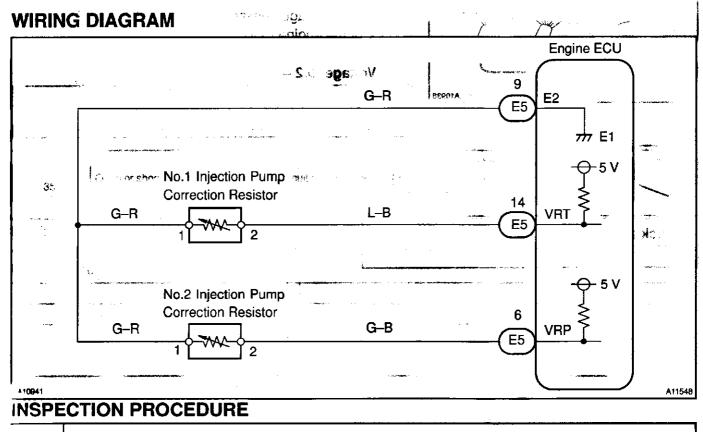
N.

CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

There are two type correction resistors in this system.

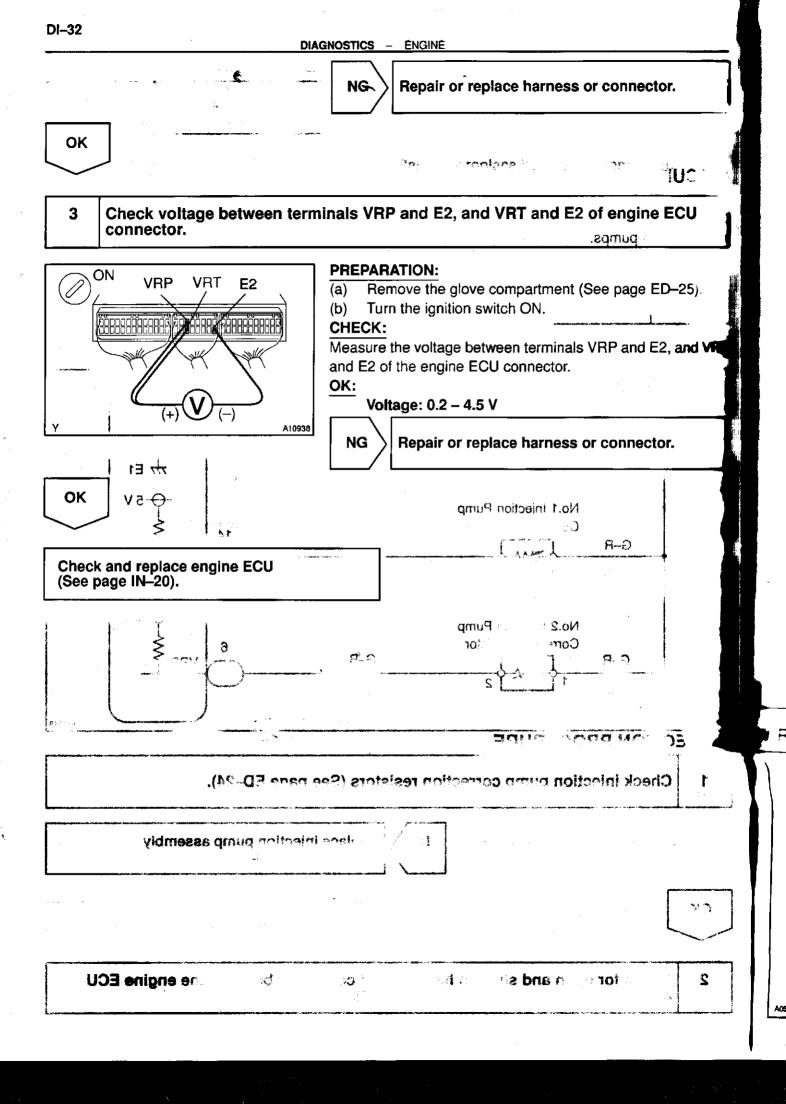
One is correction resistor for injection timing (VRT). These resistors exist for correcting a few vary between each injection pumps.

DTC No.	DTC Detecting Condition	Trouble Area
32	Open or short in injection pump correction resistor circuit	Injection pump correction resistor circuit Injection pump correction resistor Engine ECU



		NG	Replace inje (See page F	ection pump as U–18).	sembly
эк					
\checkmark					

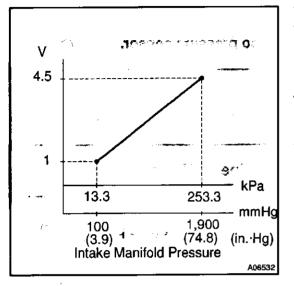
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DTC

Turbo Pressure Sensor Circuit Malfunction

CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION



The turbo pressure sensor is connected to the intake manifold. The engine ECU detects the intake manifold pressure as a voltage by the sensor. The engine ECU uses the intake manifold pressure signal for correction of injection volume control and injection timing control.

The turbo pressure sensor monitors both the atmospheric pressure and intake manifold pressure and transmits the output voltage to the engine ECU, and the engine ECU uses this atmospheric pressure value for correcting the injection volume.

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(a) 11	N V	1
b) Tue Currok:		•

DTC No.	DTC Detecting Condition	Trouble Area
35	Open or short in turbo pressure sensor circuit for 2 sec. or more	 Open or short in turbo pressure sensor circuit Turbo pressure sensor Vacuum hose disconnected or blocked Engine ECU

HINT:

WIRING DIAGRAM

After confirming DTC 35, use the hand-held tester to confirm the intake manifold pressure from the CUR-RENT DATA.

Intake Manifold Pressure (kPa)	Malfunction	
Approx. 0	PIM circuit short	
130 or more	• VC circuit open or short • PIM circuit open • E2 circuit open	3

: 94 j . ofte **Turbo Pressure Sensor** 195 -N Sile - 5 V 1 VC В З E5 Vet-6.1:000**0V 2 8.668**53** PIM 2 -----B--Y E5 gine 20 9 G-R E2 E5 777 A11544

DI6K0-01

VO-

CTION PROCEDURE	aneously, E2 (sensor ground) may be open.
Check turbo pressure senso	
	NG Replace turbo pressure sensor.
	the second se
Check voltage between term	inals VC and E2 of engine ECU connector.
	PREPARATION: (a) Remove the glove compartment (See page ED-25). (b) Turn the ignition switch ON. CHECK: Measure the voltage between terminals VC and E2 of the engine ECU connector. OK: Voltage: 4.5 - 5.5 V Voltage: 4.5 - 5.5 V seem orbut ni hords to necO NG Check and replace engine ECU
	(See page IN-20).
	hu in an
Check voltage between term	inals PIM and E2 of engine ECU connector.
$\frac{PIM}{(+)} = \frac{E2}{(+)}$	PREPARATION: (a) Remove the glove compartment (See page ED-25). (b) Turn the ignition switch ON. CHECK: Measure the voltage between terminals PIM and E2 of the engine ECU connector. OK: Voltage: 1.3 – 1.9 V OK Check and replace engine ECU (See page IN-20).
	2, 24, 35 and 39 are output simulta Check turbo pressure senso Check voltage between term ON VC E^2 (+) VC (+) VC E^2 A02544 Check voltage between term ON VC (+) (



DIAGNOSTICS - ENGINE -

Check for open and short in harness and connector between engine ECU and turbo pressure sensor (See page IN-20).

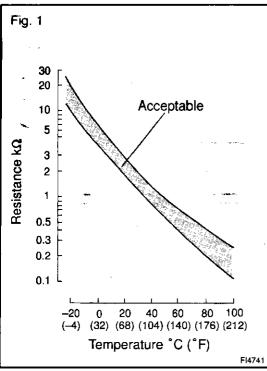


DTC

39

Fuel Temp. Sensor Circuit Malfunction

CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION



The fuel temperature sensor senses the fuel temperature. A thermistor built into the sensor changes the resistance value according to the fuel temperature. The lower the fuel temperature, the greater the thermistor resistance value, and the higher the fuel temperature, the lower the thermistor resistance value (See Fig. 1).

The fuel temperature sensor is connected to the engine ECU (See below). The 5 V power source voltage in the engine ECU is applied to the fuel temperature sensor from terminal THF via a resistor R. That is, resistor R and the fuel temperature sensor are connected in series. When the resistance value of the fuel temperature sensor changes in accordance with changes in the fuel temperature, the potential at terminal THF also changes. Based on this signal, the engine ECU. Based on this signal, the engine ECU performs the pressure control compensation of the supply pump and error detection compensation of the highly pressurized fuel system.

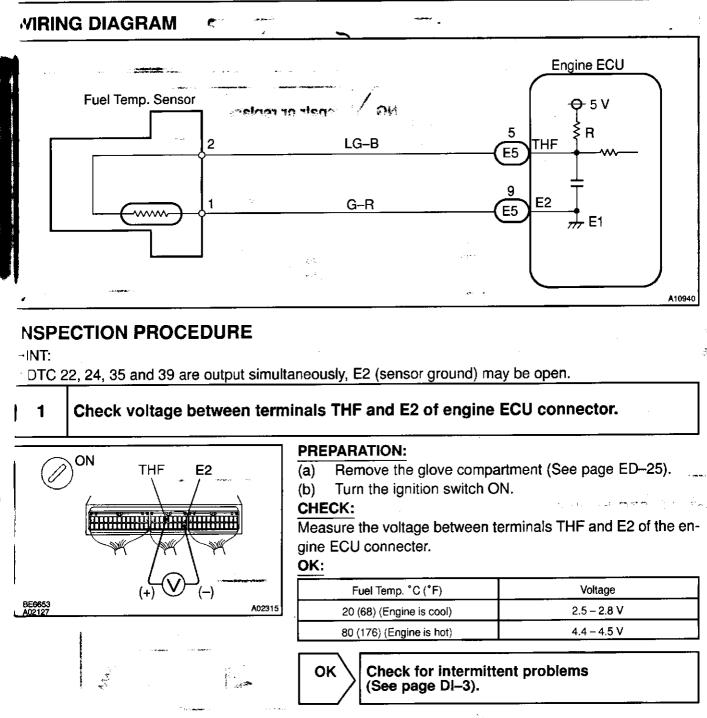
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DTC No.	DTC Detecting Condition	Trouble Area
39	Open or short in fuel temp. sensor circuit for 0.5 sec. or more	 Open or short in fuel temp. sensor circuit Fuel temp. sensor Engine ECU
HINT:		

After confirming DTC 39, use the hand-held tester to confirm the fuel temperature from the CURRENT DATA.

Temperature displayed	Malfunction
-40°C (-40°F)	Open circuit
140°C (284°F) or more	Short circuit

DI-37



2

Check fuel temperature sensor (See page ED-16).

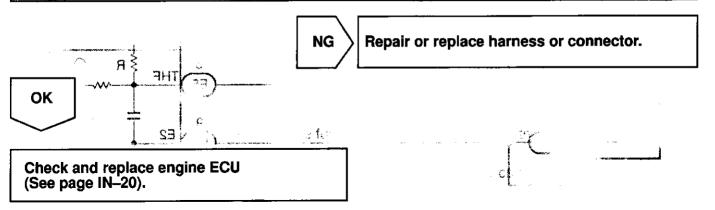
NG

Replace fuel temperature sensor.

OK

DI-38

3 Check for open and short in harness and connector between engine ECU and fuel temperature sensor (See page IN–20).



DTC	41	Throttle Position Sensor Cir	cuit Malfunction
	SCRIPTION		ИО,
Throttle Position Senso	n Eng	The throttle position sensor is moundated by the throttle value opening and 5 V is fully closed, the IDL contacts in	ngle. When the throttle valv

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. (Cond.)

IDL

E2

d in the throttle body and e. When the throttle valve e throttle position sensor are on, so the voltage at the terminal IDL of the engine ECU becomes 0 V. At this time, a voltage of approximately 0.3 - 0.8 V is applied to terminal VA of the engine ECU. When the throttle valve is opened, the IDL contacts go off and thus the power source voltage of approximately 12 V in the engine ECU is applied to the terminal IDL of the engine ECU. The voltage applied to the terminal VA of the engine ECU increases in proportion to the opening angle of the throttle valve and becomes approximately 3.2 - 4.9 V when the throttle valve is fully opened. The engine ECU judges the vehicle driving conditions from these signals input from terminals VA and IDL, and uses them as one of the conditions for deciding the basic fuel injection volume.

		,	
DTC No.	DTC Detecting Condition	Trouble Area	
		Open or short in throttle position sensor circuit	
41	Open or short in throttle position sensor circuit for 0.05 sec. or	Throttle position sensor	
	more	Engine ECU	<u></u>

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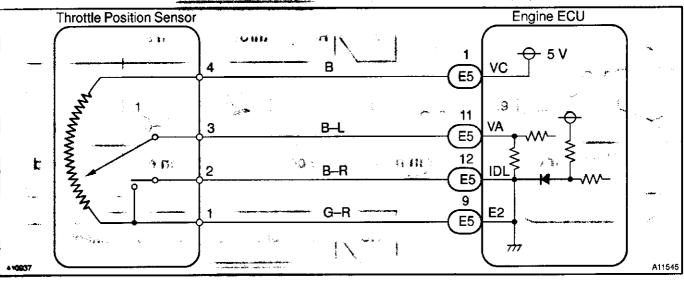
Men the connector for the throttle position sensor is disconnected, DTC 41 is not displayed. DTC 41 is discrayed only when there is an open or short in the VA signal circuit of the throttle position sensor.

(a) 1080

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WIRING DIAGRAM

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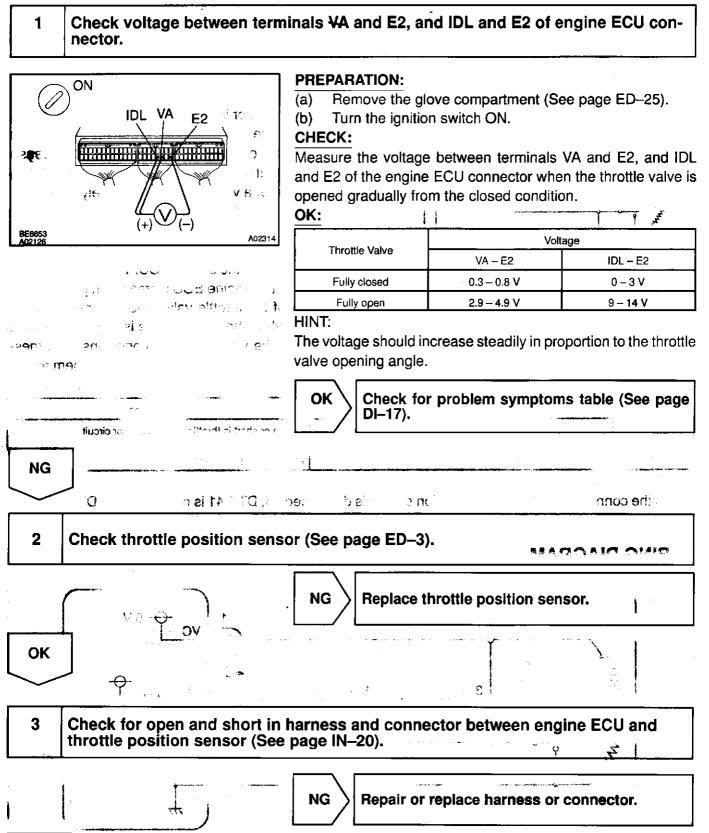
INSPECTION PROCEDURE

-INT:

DTC 22, 35 and 41 are output simultaneously, E2 (sensor ground) may be open

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ELLO 22, 35 and 41 are output simultaneously, E2 (new

Check and replace engine ECU (See page IN-20).

OK

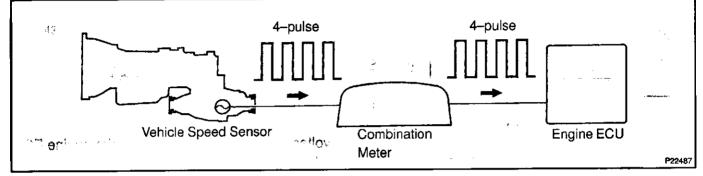
* * 78 60	£	
DTC	42	Vehicle Speed Sensor Signal Circuit Mal- function

DI-41

Data 1.4

CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

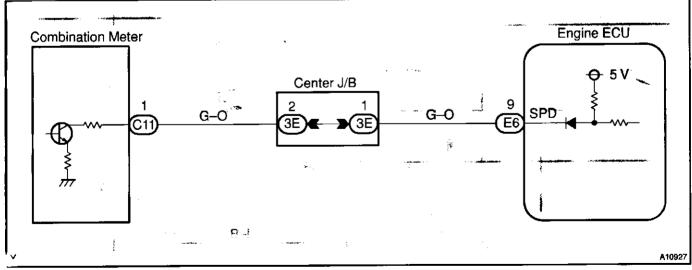
The vehicle speed sensor outputs a 4-pulse signal for every revolution of the rotor shaft, which is rotated by the transmission output shaft via the driven gear. After this signal is converted into a more precise rectangular waveform by the waveform shaping circuit inside the combination meter, it is then transmitted to the engine ECU. The engine ECU determines the vehicle speed based on the frequency of these pulse signals.



DTC No.	DTC Detecting Condition	Trouble Area	
42	All conditions below are detected continuously for 8 sec. or more: (a) Vehicle speed signal: 0 km/h (0 mph) (b) Engine speed: 1,800 – 3,200 rpm (c) Engine coolant temp.: 60°C (176°F) or more (d) Accelerator pedal opening angle : 32 % or more	Combination meter Open or short in vehicle speed sensor circuit Vehicle speed sensor Engine ECU	

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WIRING DIAGRAM



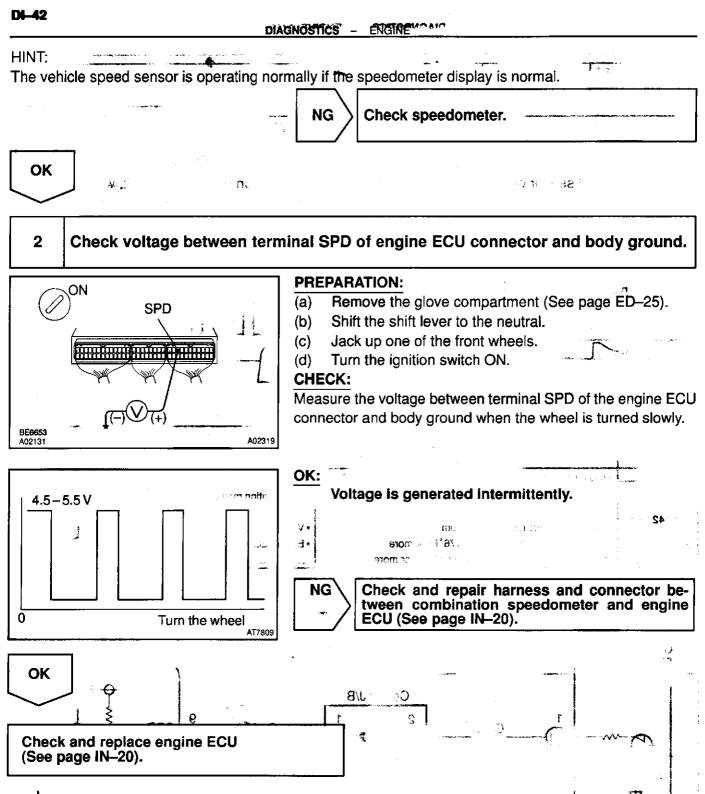
INSPECTION PROCEDURE



CHECK:

1

Drive the vehicle and check if the operation of the speedometer in the combination meter is normal.



06325-6

Starter Signal Circuit Malfunction

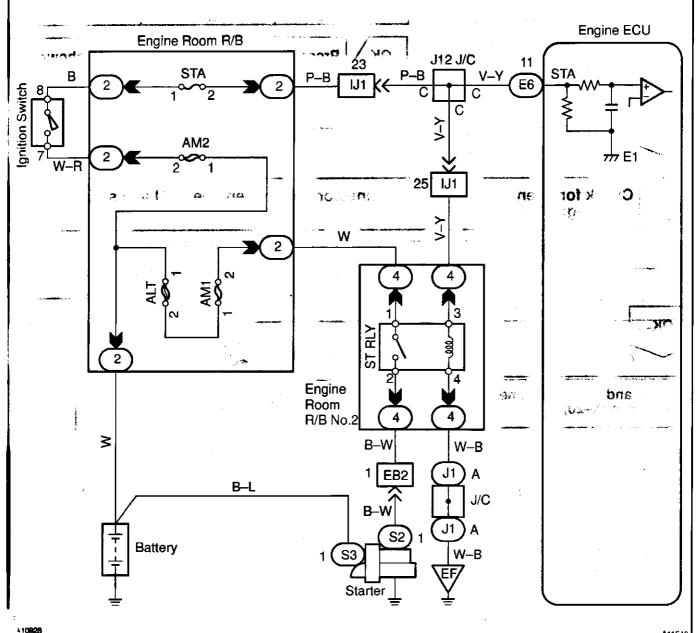
CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

n

When the engine is being cranked, the intake air flow is slow, so fuel vaporization is poor. A rich mixture is therefore necessary in order to achieve good startability. While the engine is being cranked, the battery positive voltage is applied to terminal STA of the engine ECU. The starter signal is mainly used to increase the fuel injection volume for the starting injection control and after-start injection control.

DTC No.	Detection Condition	Trouble Area
43	No starter signal to engine ECU	 Open or short in starter circuit Open or short in ignition switch or stater relay circuit Engine ECU
	DIAGRAM	a.er ∞v

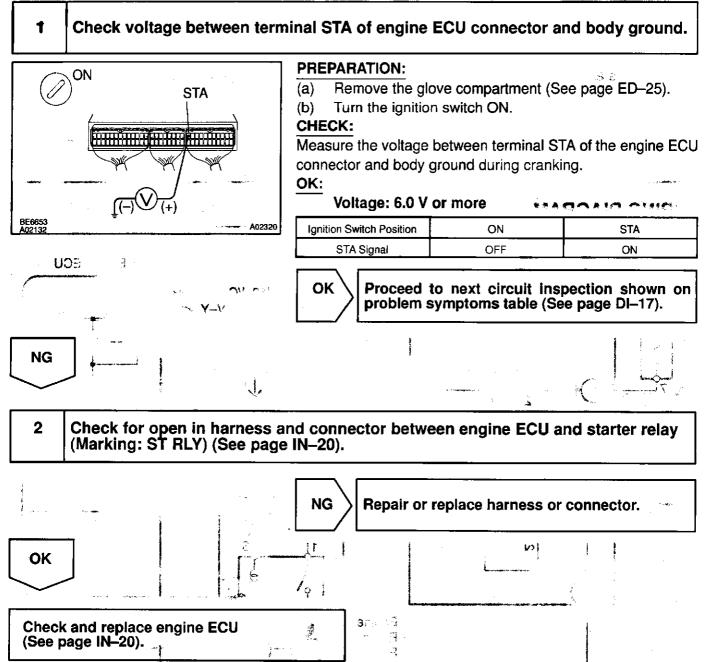
WIRING DIAGRAM





HINT:

This diagnostic chart is based on the premise that the engine is being cranked under normal conditions. If the engine does not crank, proceed to the problem symptoms table on page DI–17.



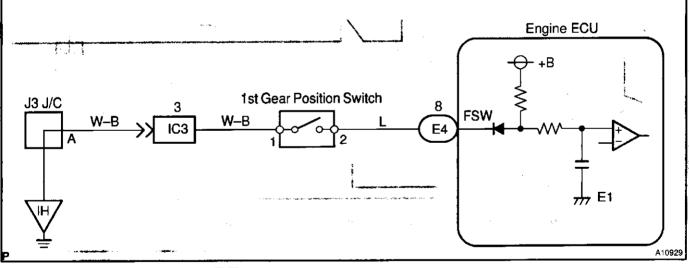
DTC	49	First Gear Position Switch Circuit Malfunc-			
	enter a super s	tion	a An an	er na sa	1

CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

The 1st gear position switch on the side of transmission detects the 1st gear and limits the engine output when the high load is applied during running in the 1st gear.

DTC No.	Detection Condition	Trouble Area
		Open or short in 1st gear position switch circuit
49	Open or short 1st gear position switch	Open or short in 1st gear position switch
		Engine ECU

WIRING DIAGRAM



INSPECTION PROCEDURE

 1
 Check 1st gear position switch (See page ED-22).

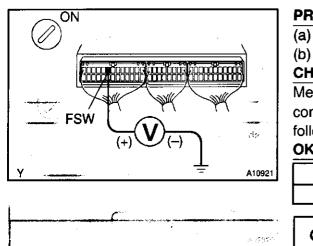
 NG
 Replace 1st gear position switch.

 OK
 Image: Mage: Mage

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NG





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PREPARATION:

a) Remove the glove compartment (See page ED-25).

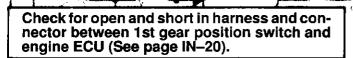
(b) Turn the ignition switch ON.

CHECK:

Measure the voltage between terminal FSW of the engine ECU connector and body ground after the shift lever is moved to the following positions.

OK:			
Shift Lever Position	1st Gear	Except 1st Gear	
Voltage	9 – 14 V	0 – 3 V	

OK Check and replace engine ECU (See page IN-20).



8

W27

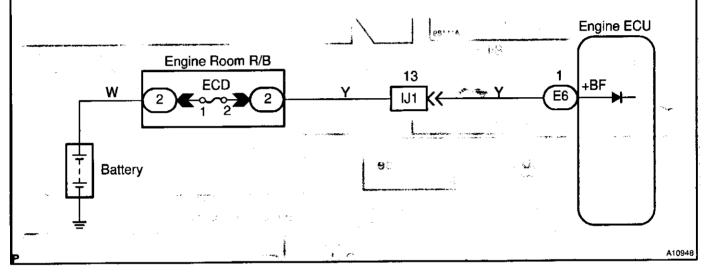
Back Up Power Source Circuit

CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

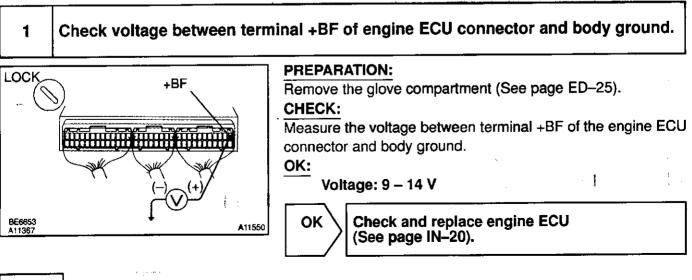
Battery positive voltage is supplied to terminal +BF of the engine ECU even when the ignition switch is OFF for the use of the DTC memory, air-fuel ratio adaptive control value memory, etc.

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WIRING DIAGRAM



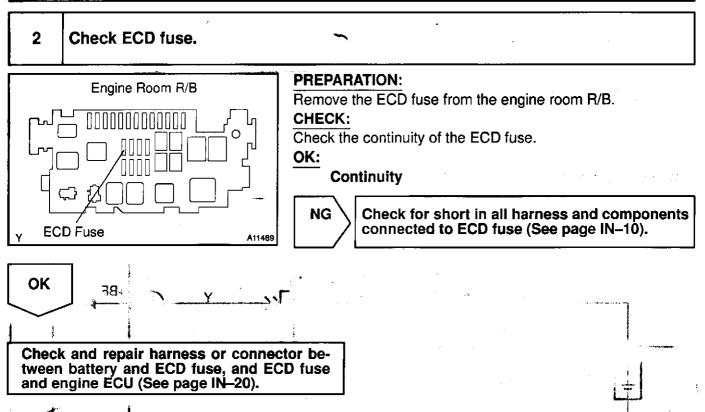
INSPECTION PROCEDURE



DI-47

0007-02

DIAGNOSTICS - ENGINE



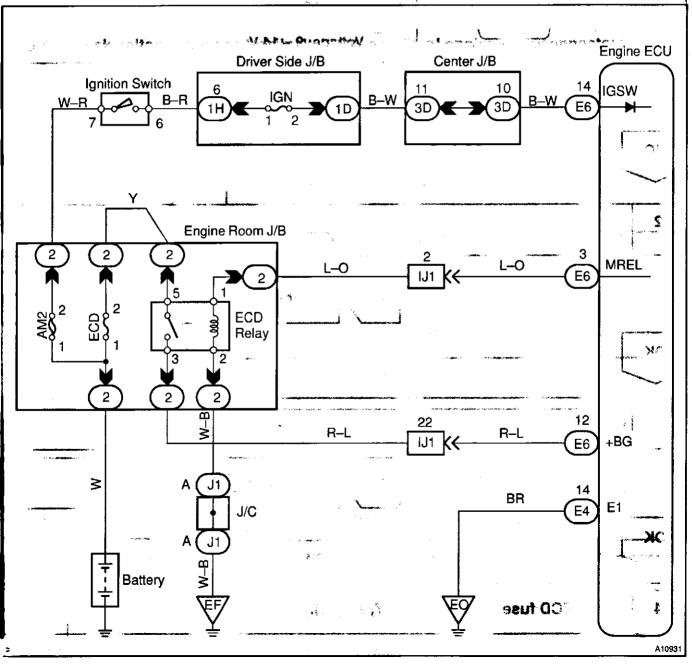
Engine ECU Power Source Circuit

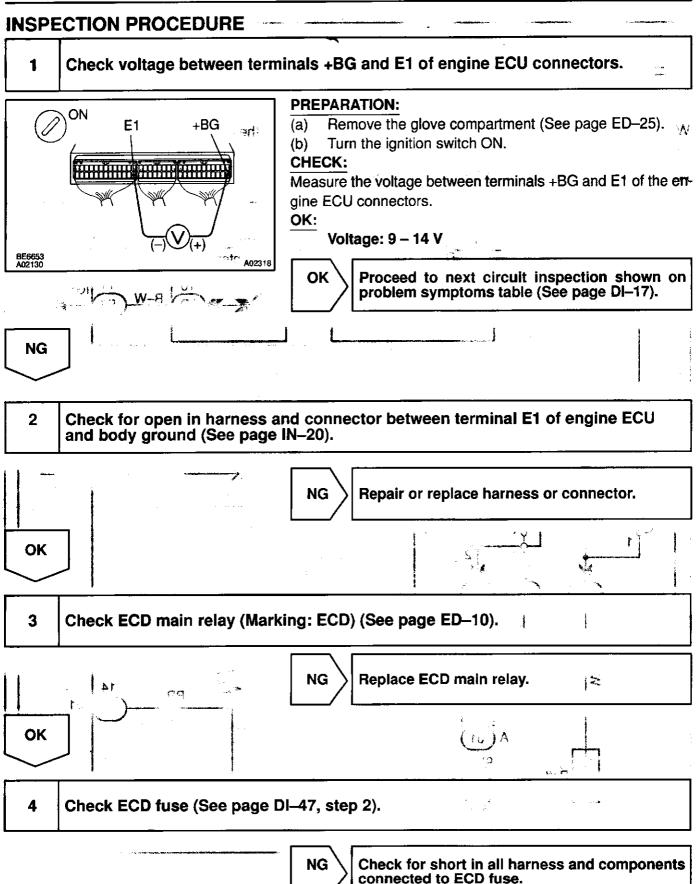
CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

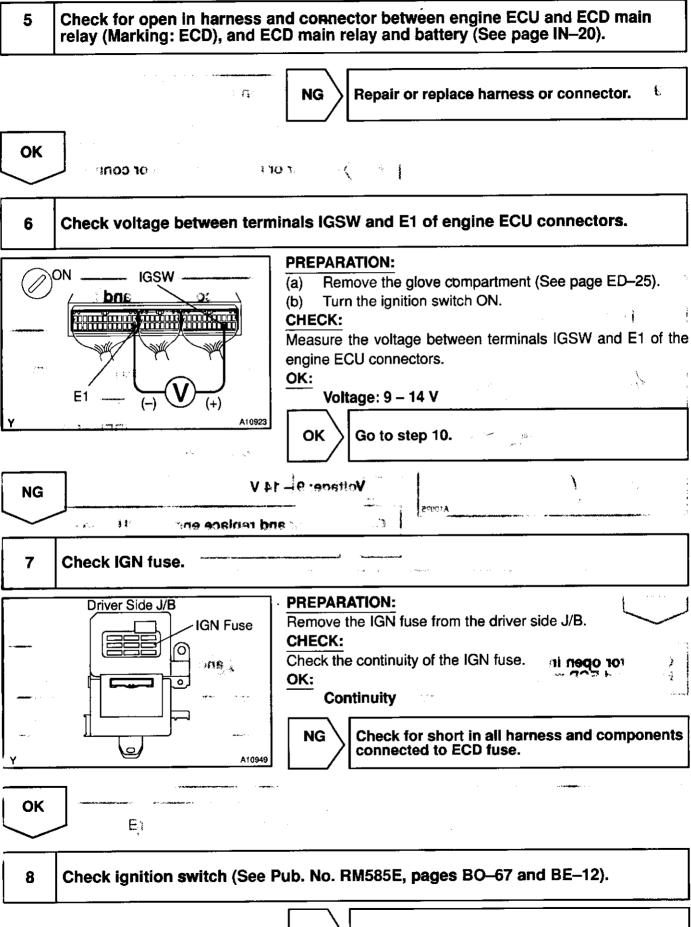
When the ignition switch is turned ON, battery voltage is applied to the coil, closing the contacts of the ECD relay (Marking: ECD) and supplying power to the terminal +BG of the engine ECU.

18

WIRING DIAGRAM



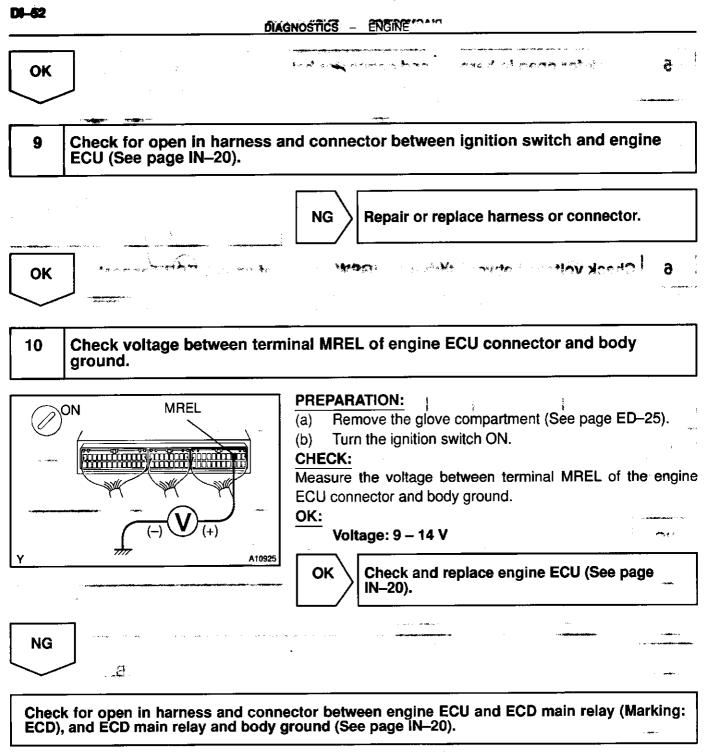




NG

Replace ignition switch.

DI-51



TE1, TE2 Terminal Circuit

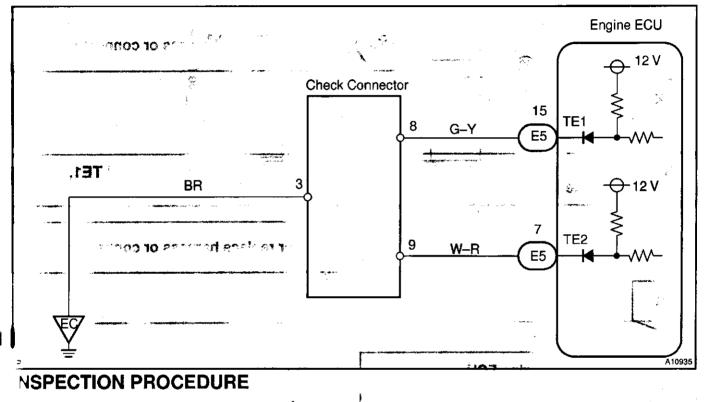
CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

Terminals TE1 and TE2 are located in the check connector.

The check connector is located in the engine compartment. When these terminals are connected with the E1 terminal, DTCs in normal mode or test mode can be read from the check engine warning light in the combination meter.

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WIRING DIAGRAM

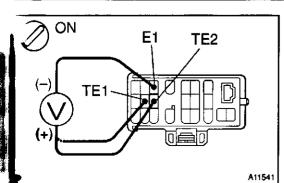


- NT:

1

- If terminals TE1 and TE2 are connected with terminal E1, DTC is not output or test mode is not activated.
- Even though terminal TE1 is not connected with terminal E1, the check engine warning light blinks.
- For the above phenomenon, the likely cause is open or short in the wire harness, or malfunction inside the engine ECU.

Check voltage between terminals TE1 and E1, and TE2 and E1 of check connector.



PREPARATION:

Turn the ignition switch ON.

CHECK:

Measure the voltage between terminal TE1 and E1, and TE2 and E1 of the check connector.

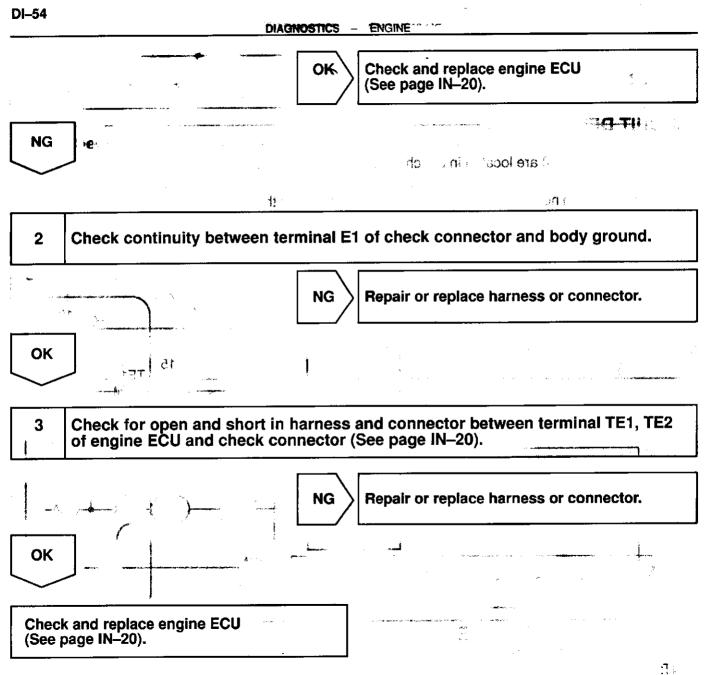
OK:

Voltage: 9 - 14 V

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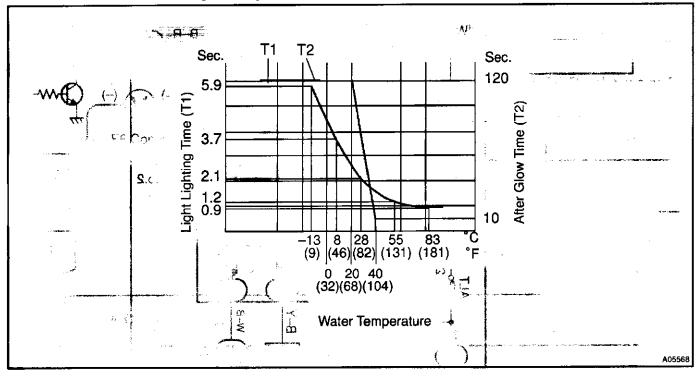
2



Pre-Heating Control Circuit

CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

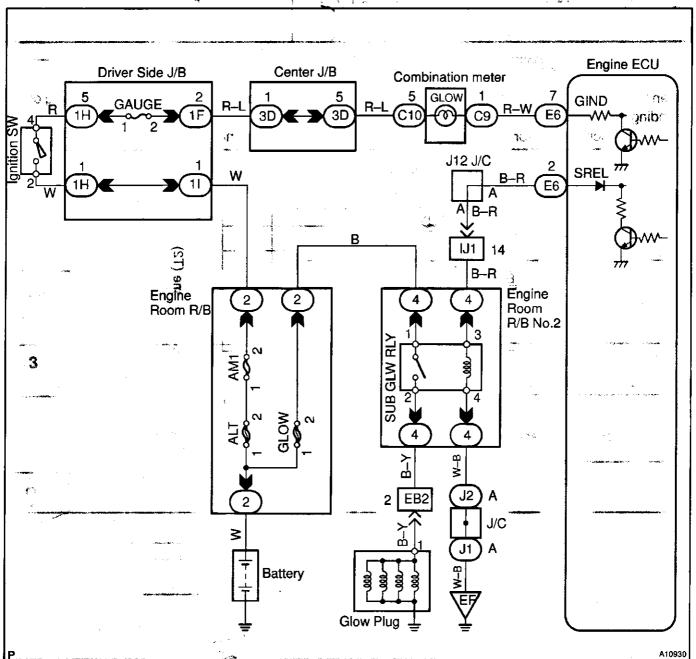
When the ignition switch turns ON, the engine ECU calculates the glow indicator lighting time/heating corresponding to the coolant temperature at that time and turns ON the glow indicator light/glow plug relay. As the ceramics is used for a glow plug material, the current control is not performed.



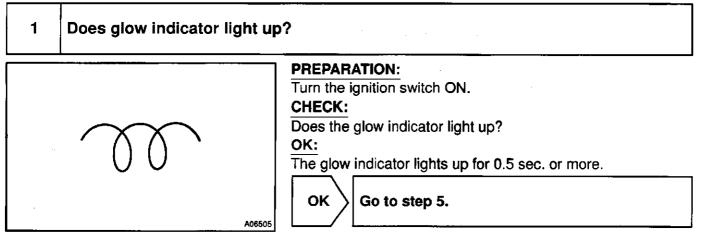
DIEK4-01

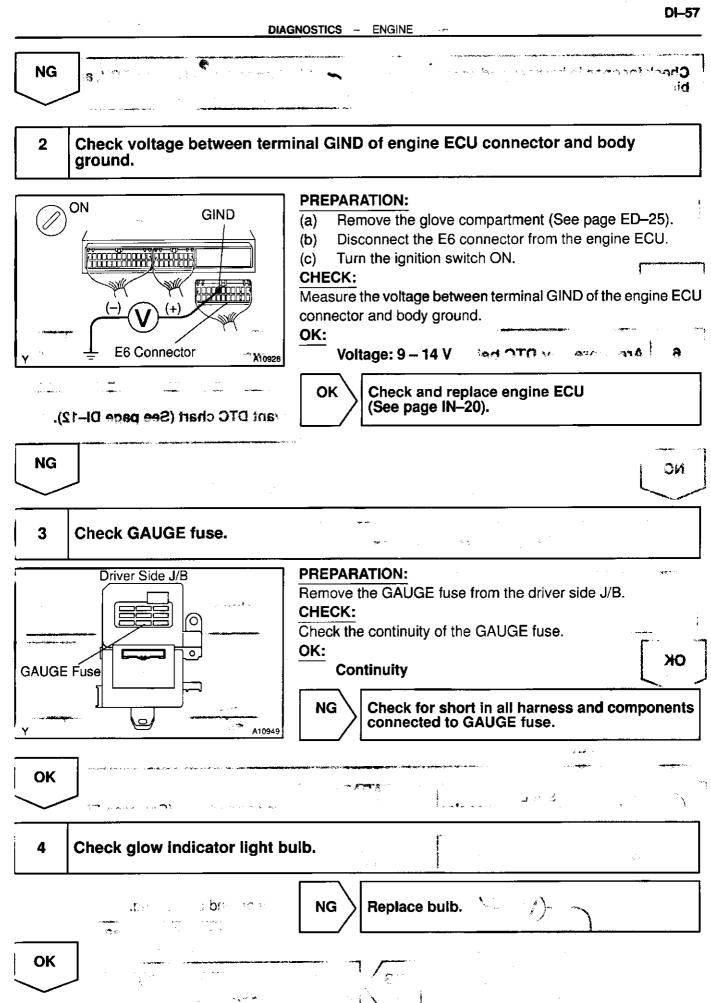
DIAGNOSTICS - ENGINE **

WIRING DIAGRAM



INSPECTION PROCEDURE





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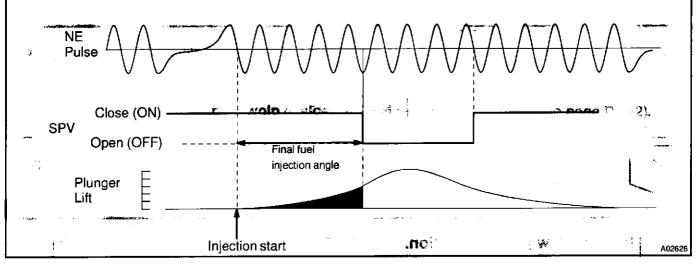
Chec binat	k for open in harness and connector between combination meter and engine ECU, and com- ion meter and GAUGE fuse (See page IN–20).		
5	Check glow indicator lighting time (See page ST-1).		
	NG Check and replace engine ECU (See page IN-20).		
ОК	(-) (-)		
6	Are there any DTC being output?		
	92 YES Go to relevant DTC chart (See page DI–12).		
NO			
7	Check glow plug relay (See page ST-2).		
	NG Replace glow plug relay.		
ок			
8	Check voltage between terminal SREL of engine ECU connector and body ground at cranking.		
Y	ON SREL (a) Remove the glove compartment (See page ED-25). (b) Disconnect the E6 connector from the engine ECU. (c) Turn the ignition switch STA. CHECK: Measure the voltage between terminal SREL of the engine ECU connector and body ground at cranking. OK: 1 Voltage: 9 – 14 V		
	NG Check and replace engine ECU (See page IN-20).		

	DIAGNOSTICS - ENGINE DATA
ОК	
9	Check for open and short in harness and connector between glow plug relay and
Ĵ	Check for open and short in harness and connector between glow plug relay and engine ECU, and glow plug relay and body ground (See page IN-20).
• • •	NG Repair or replace harness or connector.
ОК	
10	Check resistance of glow plug (See page ST-2).
	NG Replace glow plug. (MQ)
ОК	3634- 17 - 17 - 17 - 17 - 17 - 17 - 17 - 17
11	Inspect glow plug installation.
	NG Tighten glow plug.
ОК	
12	Check for open in harness and connector between glow plug relay and glow plug (See page IN-20).
	NG Repair or replace harness or connector.
ОК	
proble	ed to next circuit inspection shown on em symptoms table bage DI–17).

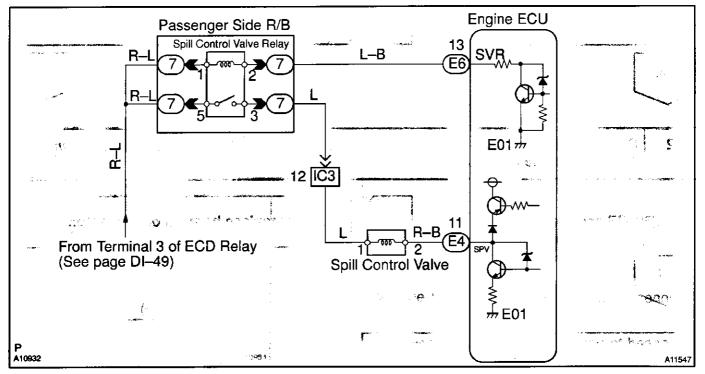
Spill Control Valve Relay Circuit

CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

The engine ECU controls the fuel injection volume by operating the spill control valve. The spill control valve is mounted on the injection pump, and open or close the injection pressure releasing port by the solenoid valve in the spill control valve (During injection; valve is close (ON)). The engine ECU decides the basic fuel injection volume by the engine rpm and throttle valve opening angle, and calculates the final fuel injection angle to add the various corrections on the basic fuel injection volume. The engine ECU counts the NE pulse to detects the angle from injection starts and operates the spill control valve from ON to OFF (The injection pressure releasing port is open.) at the position which watches the final fuel injection angle.

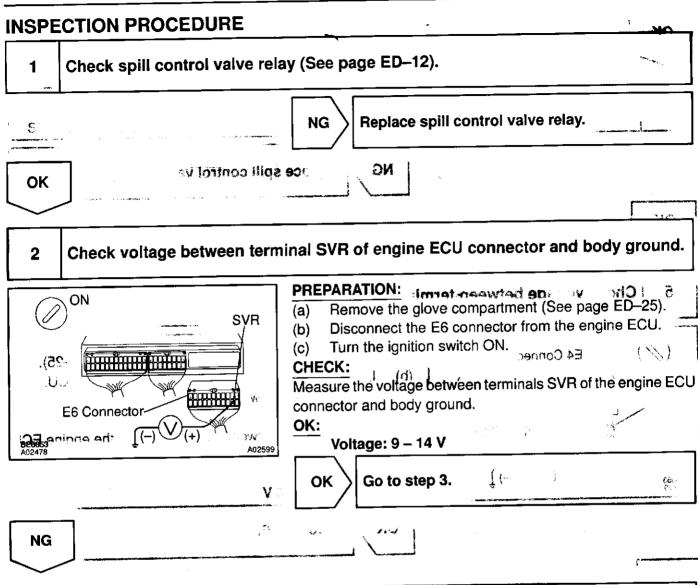


WIRING DIAGRAM

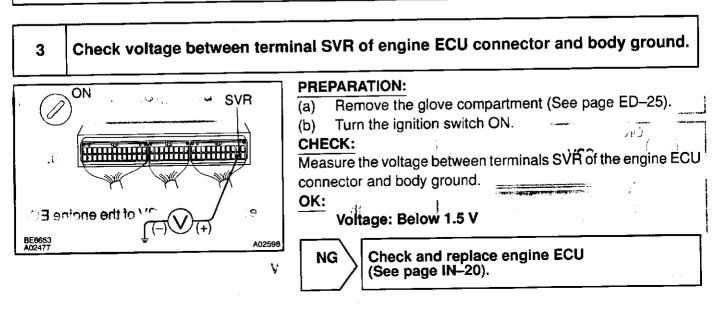


DI6K5-01

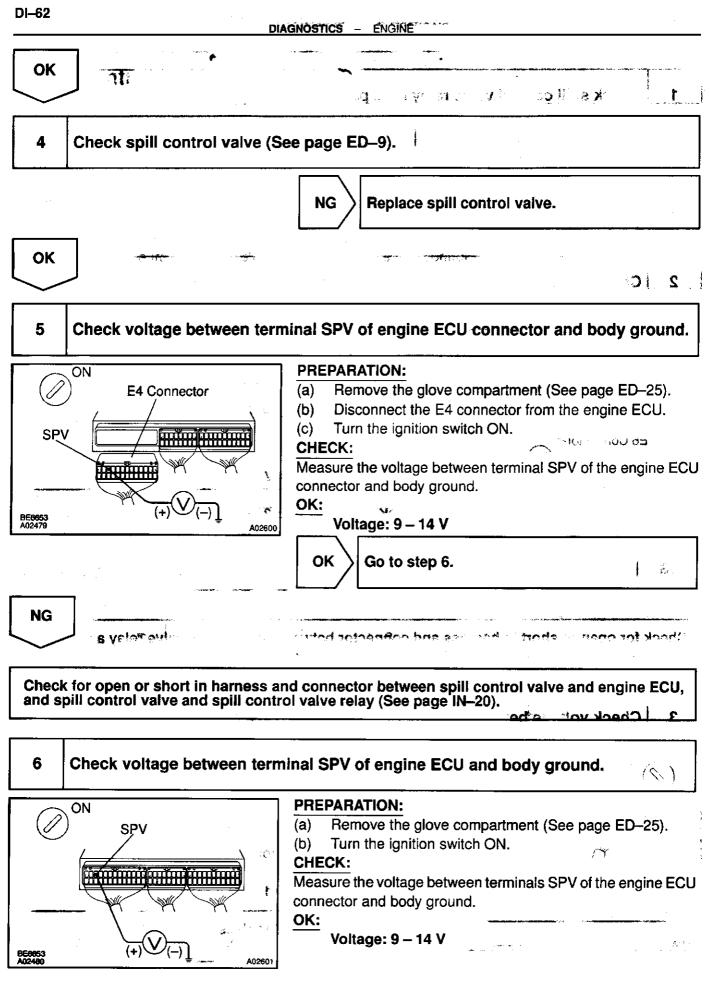
DIAGNOSTICS - ENGINE



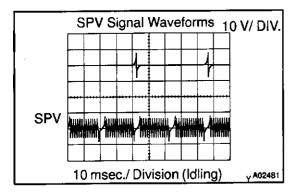
Check for open or short in harness and connector between spill control valve relay and engine ECU, and spill control valve relay and ECD main relay (Marking: ECD).



DI-61



DIAGNOSTICS - ENGINE



Reference: INSPECTION USING OSCILLOSCOPE During idling, check the waveform between terminals SPV and E1 of the engine ECU connector. HINT:

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The correct waveform is as shown.



Check and replace engine ECU (See page IN-20).

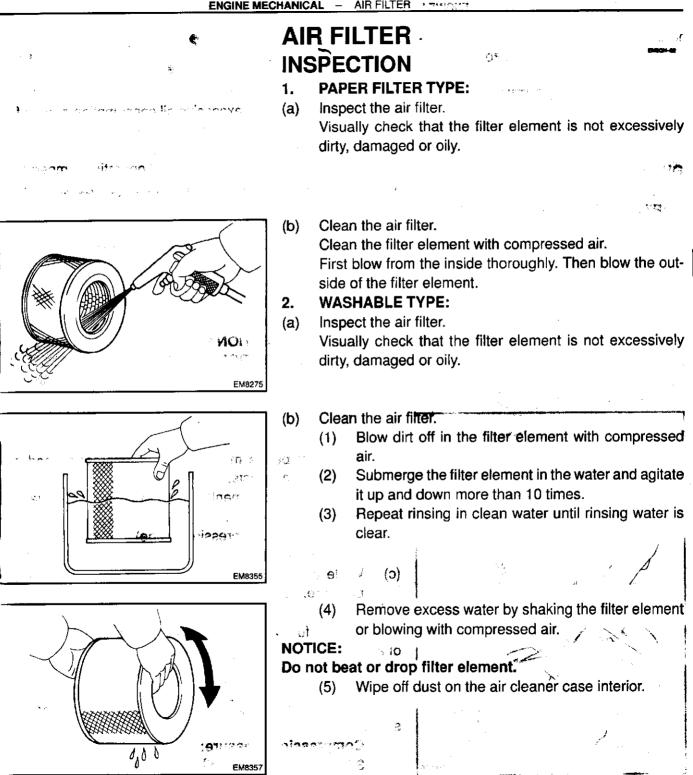
ENGINE MECHANICAL

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2. 1

AIR FILTER	EM-1
COMPRESSION	EM–2
VALVE CLEARANCE	EM-4
INJECTION TIMING	EM–8
IDLE SPEED AND MAXIMUM SPEED	EM-9
INTAKE CONSTRICTOR CONTROL	EM-10
TIMING BELT	EM-12
TIMING GEAR	EM-22
CYLINDER HEAD	EM-41
CYLINDER BLOCK	EM-72

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COMPRESSION INSPECTION

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If there is lack of power, excessive oil consumption or poor fuel economy, measure the compression pressure.

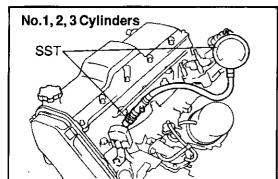
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Allow the engine to warm up to normal operating temperature.

- 2. DISCONNECT INJECTION PUMP (SPILL CONTROL VALVE) CONNECTOR
- 3. DISCONNECT GLOW PLUG WIRE FROM GLOW PLUG CONNECTOR

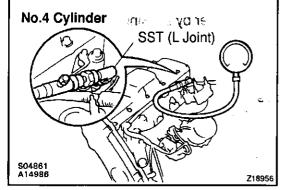
NOTICE: In order not to short the glow plug wire, apply vinyl tape around the terminal.

- 4. REMOVE INTAKE PIPE (See page EM-44)
- 5. 5. REMOVE INJECTION PIPES (See page FU-18)
 - 6. REMOVE INJECTION NOZZLES (See page FU–5)



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7. CHECK CYLINDER COMPRESSION PRESSURE HINT:

Turn the starter before measuring the compression and discharge the foreign objects.

- (a) Install SST (attachment) to the injection nozzle hole. SST 09992–00500
- (b) Connect SST (compression gauge) to the attachment. SST 09992–00024 (09992–00200, 09992–00211)
- (c) While cranking the engine, measure the compression pressure.
- HINT: (+)

Always use a fully charged battery to obtain engine revolution of 250 rpm or more.

(d) Repeat steps (a) through (c) for each cylinder.

NOTICE:

This measurement must be done in as short a time as possible.

Compression pressure:

3,040 kPa (31.0 kgf/cm², 441 psi) or more Minimum pressure: 1,961 kPa (20.0 kgf/cm², 284 psi) Difference between each cylinder:

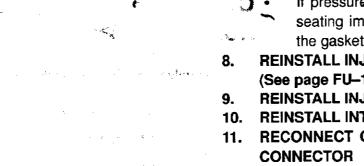
490 kPa (5.0 kgf/cm², 71 psi) or less

- (e) If the cylinder compression in one or more cylinders is low, pour a small amount of engine oil into the cylinder through the injection nozzle hole and repeat steps (a) through (c) for the cylinder with low compression.
 - If adding oil helps the compression, chances are that the piston rings and / or cylinder bore are worn or damaged.

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ENGINE MECHANICAL -COMPRESSION



- If pressure stays low, a valve may be sticking or seating improperly, or there may be leakage past the gasket.
- **REINSTALL INJECTION NOZZLES**
 - (See page FU-18)
- **REINSTALL INJECTION PIPES (See page FU-25)**
- **REINSTALL INTAKE PIPE (See page EM-64)**
- **RECONNECT GLOW PLUG WIRE TO GLOW PLUG**
- **RECONNECT INJECTION PUMP (SPILL CONTROL** 12. VALVE) CONNECTOR
- START ENGINE AND CHECK FUEL LEAKAGE 13.

VALVE CLEARANCE INSPECTION

HINT:

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Inspect and adjust the valve clearance when the engine is cold. 1.

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- **REMOVE INTAKE AIR PIPE**
- **REMOVE INTAKE PIPE (See page EM-44)**
- **REMOVE CYLINDER HEAD COVER** (See page EM-44)

SET NO.4 CYLINDER TO TDC / COMPRESSION

- (a) Turn the crankshaft pulley clockwise, and align its groove with the timing pointer.
- Check that the valve lifters on the No.4 cylinder are loose (b) and valve lifters on the No.1 cylinder are tight.

If not, turn the crankshaft one revolution (360°) and align the mark as above.

CHECK VALVE CLEARANCE 5.

Check only the valves indicated in the illustration. (a)

- (1)Using a feeler gauge, measure the clearance between the valve lifter and camshaft.
 - Record the out-of-specification valve clearance (2) measurements. They will be used later to determine the required replacement adjusting shim.

Valve clearance (Cold):

Intake	0.20 – 0.30 mm (0.008 – 0.012 in.)
Exhaust	0.25 – 0.35 mm (0.010 – 0.014 in.)

- Turn the crankshaft pulley one revolution (360°) and align (b) the mark as above (See procedure step 4).
- Check only the valves indicated as shown. Measure the (c) valve clearance. (See procedure in step (a))

ADJUST VALVE CLEARANCE

near the near the

(a) Remove the adjusting shim.

> Turn the crankshaft to position the cam lob of the (1)camshaft on the adjusting valve upward.

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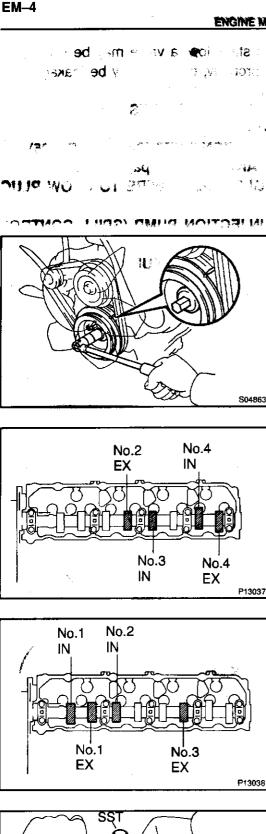
Using SST, press down the valve lifter. (2)

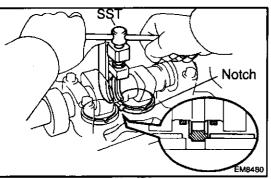
SST 09248-64011

HINT:

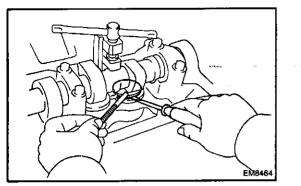
6.

Before pressing down the valve lifter, position the notch on the exhaust manifold side.





P13037



(3) Remove the adjusting shim with small screwdriver and magnetic finger.

- (b) Determine the replacement adjusting shim size by using following the formula or charts:
 - (1) Using a micrometer, measure the thickness of the shim which was removed.
 - (2) Calculate the thickness of the new shim so the value clearance comes within specified value.
 - T Thickness of removed shim
 - A Measure valve clearance
 - N Thickness of new shim

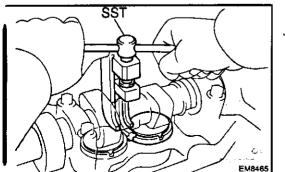
Intake	N = T + (A – 0.25 mm (0.010 in.))
Exhaust	N = T + (A – 0.30 mm (0.012 in.))

(3) Select a new shim with a thickness as close as possible to the calculated values.

HINT:

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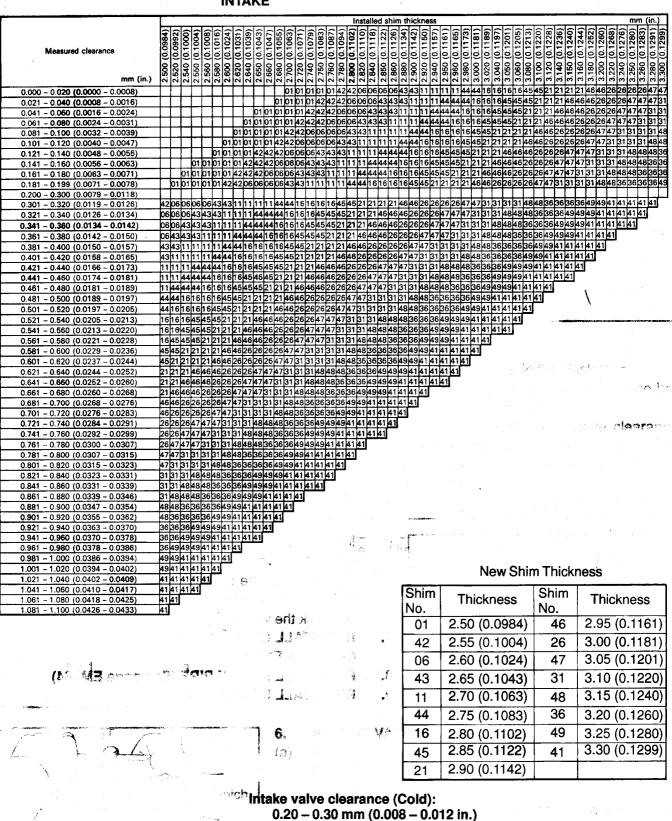
Shims are available in 17 sized in increments of 0.050 mm (0.0020 in.), from 2.500 mm (0.0984 in.) to 3.300 mm (0.1299 in.).



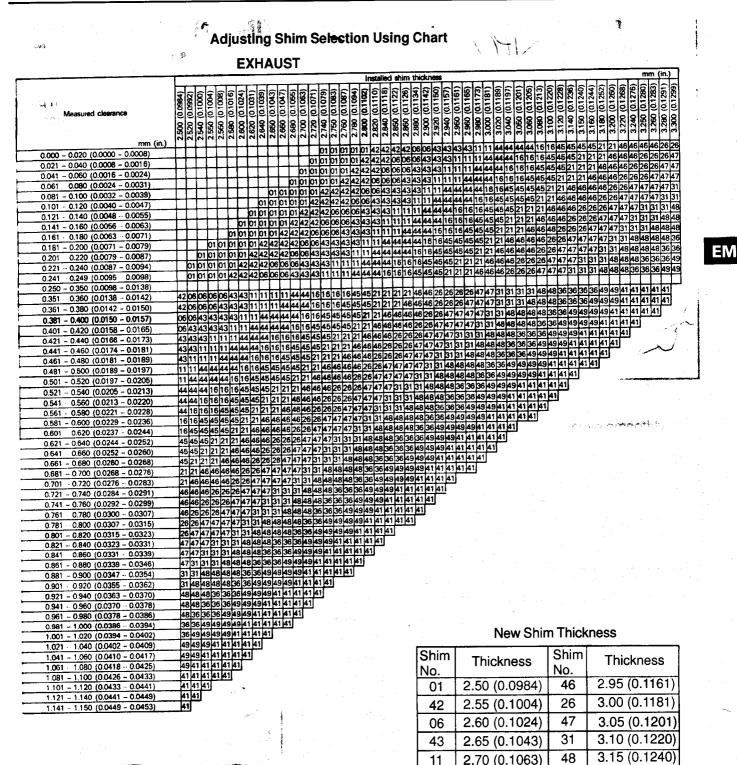
- (c) Install a new adjusting shim.
 - (1) Place a new adjusting shim on the valve lifter.
 - (2) Remove the SST.
 - SST 09248-64011
- (d) Recheck the valve clearance.
- 7. REINSTALL CYLINDER HEAD COVER (See page EM-64)
- 8. REINSTALL INTAKE PIPE (See page EM-64)
- 9. REINSTALL INTAKE AIR PIPE

Adjusting Shim Selection Using Chart

INTAKE



EXAMPLE: The 2.800 mm (0.1102 in.) shim is installed and the measured clearance is 0.350 mm (0.0138 in.). Replace the 2.800 mm (0.1102 in.) shim with a new-No.21 shim.



Exhaust valve clearance (Cold): 0.25 – 0.35 mm (0.010 – 0.014 in.)

EXAMPLE: The 2.800 mm (0.1102 in.) shim is installed and the measured clearance is 0.390 mm (0.0154 in.). Replace the 2.800 mm (0.1102 in.) shim with a new No.11 shim.

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2.75 (0.1083)

2.80 (0.1102) 2.85 (0.1122)

2.90 (0.1142)

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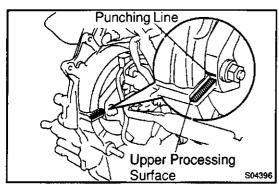
3.20 (0.1260)

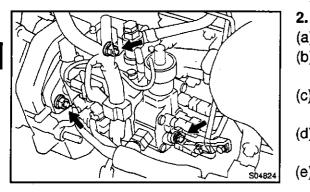
3.25 (0.1280)

3.30 (0.1299)

EM

ENGINE MECHANICAL - INJECTION TIMING"





INJECTION TIMING



1. INSPECT INJECTION TIMING

Using mirror, check that the punching line of the injection pump flange and the upper processing surface of the timing gear case aligned.

ADJUST INJECTION TIMING

- (a) Remove the cylinder block insulator.
- (b) Loosen the bolt holding the injection pump to the injection pump stay.
- (c) Loosen the 2 nuts holding the injection pump to the timing gear case.
- (d) Align the punching line and upper processing surface by slightly tilting the injection pump.
- (e) Tighten the 2 nuts holding the injection pump to the timing gear case.

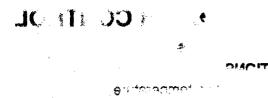
Torque: 21 N·m (210 kgf·cm, 15 ft·lbf)

- (f) Tighten the bolt holding the injection pump to the injection pump stay.

Torque: 32 N·m (330 kgf·cm, 24 ft·lbf)

(g) Reinstall the cylinder brock insulator.





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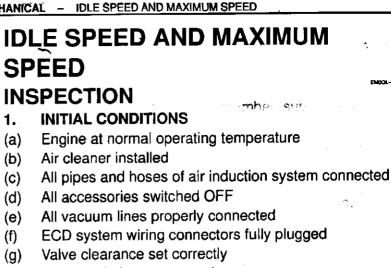
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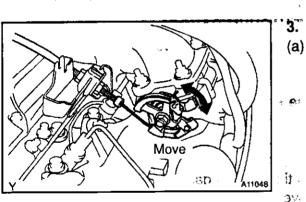
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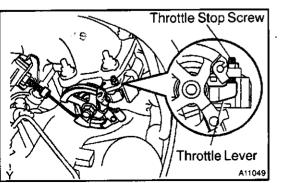


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- Injection timing set correctly (h)
- CONNECT TACHOMETER 2.

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INSPECT IDLE SPEED

Check that the throttle throttle lever move smoothly.

- Check that the throttle lever touches throttle stop screw (b) when the accelerator pedal is released.
- Start the idle speed. (C)

Idle speed: 650 - 750 rpm

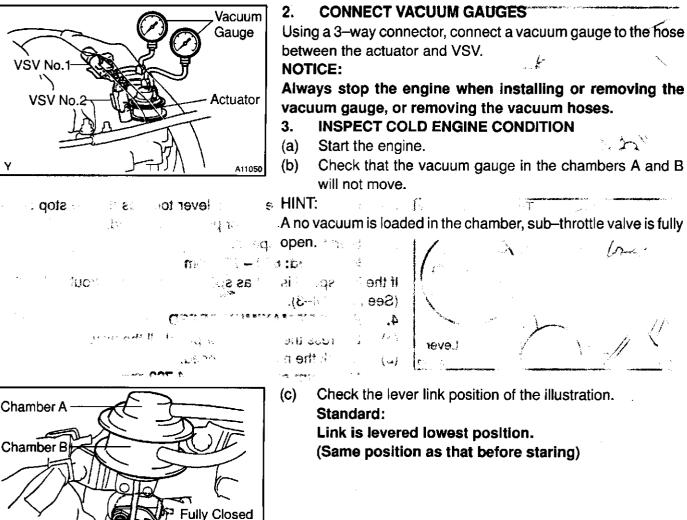
If the idle speed is not as specified, check the troubleshooting (See page DI-3).

- INSPECT MAXIMUM SPEED 4.
- Depress the accelerator pedal all the way. (a)
- Check the maximum speed. (b) Maximum speed: 4,500 - 4,700 rpm

.not as specified, check and replace the injection pump (See page FU-15).

INTAKE CONSTRICTOR CONTRO INSPECTION

- 1. INITIAL CONDITIONS
- Engine at normal operating temperature (a)
- Air cleaner installed (b)
- All pipes and hoses of air induction system connected (c)
- All accessories switched OFF (d)
- All vacuum lines properly connected (e)
- ECD system wiring connectors fully plugged (f)
- Valve clearance set correctly (g)
- Injection timing set correctly (h)



Fully Open

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Link

- 4. (a) HINT: and 1 137 NOU 30 (b) Oil Filler Chip (C) (d) Int ------E____ (e) (f) (g) HINT: 5.
 - INSPECT HOT ENGINE CONDITION ðr.
 - Check that the vacuum gauge in the chambers A and B will not move during idling.

As no vacuum is loaded in the chamber, sub-throttle valve is fully open.

- When opening the throttle valve from idling condition, check that the vacuum gauges of chambers A and B will raise.
- Check the link position of the lower diaphragm. Standard:

Link is lowered to lowest position. (Same position as that before starting)

- When the engine stops (IG OFF) from idling condition, check that the vacuum gauges in chambers A and B will raise.
- Check the link position of the lower diaphragm. Standard: Link is raised to highest position.

HINT: 44

Vacuum is loaded in the chambers A and B of the diaphragm' and sub-throttle valve will fully closed.

- A few seconds after the engine stops (IG OFF), check that the vacuum gauges in the chambers A and B is at zero.
- Check the link position of the lower diaphragm.

Standard: Link is lowered to lowest position. rimit

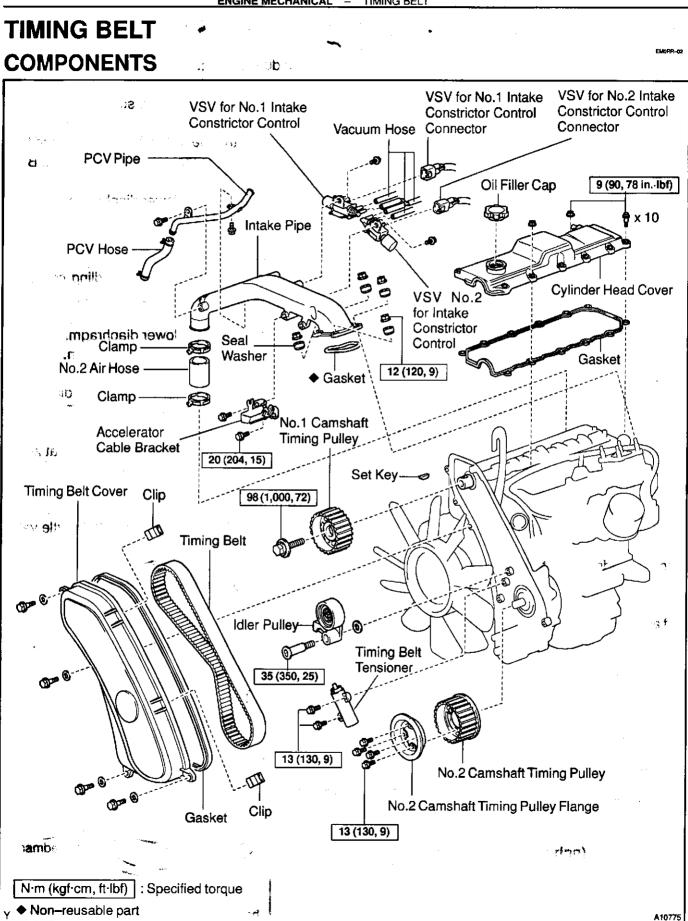
As the vacuum does not act in the chamber, sub-throttle valve is fully open.

REMOVE VACUUM GAUGES

Remove the vacuum gauge, and reconnect the vacuum hoses to the proper locations.

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ENGINE MECHANICAL - TIMING BELT



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REMOVAL

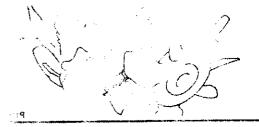
HINT:

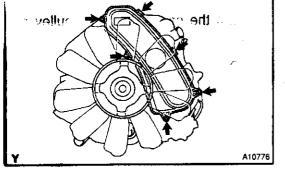
If replacing the timing belt before the timing belt warning light comes on, (light comes on after 100,000 km of driving), be sure to reset the timing belt counter of the speedometer to zero.





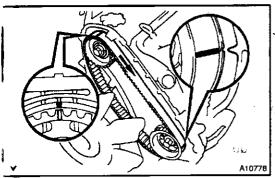
Remove the 4 bolts, seal washers, 2 clips, timing belt cover and gasket.

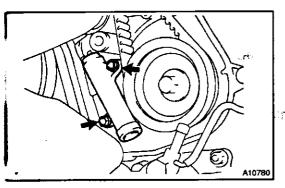




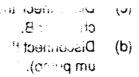
2. SET NO.4 CYLINDER TO TDC / COMPRESSION Turn the crankshaft pulley clockwise, set both No.1 and No.2 camshaft pulley grooves at TDC marks.



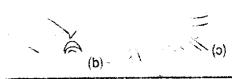




3. IF RE–USING TIMING BELT, MARK TIMING BELT HINT: (s) | (d) If reusing the timing belt, draw a direction arrow on the bolt (in the direction of engine revolution), and place matchmarks on the pulleys and belt as shown in the illustration.



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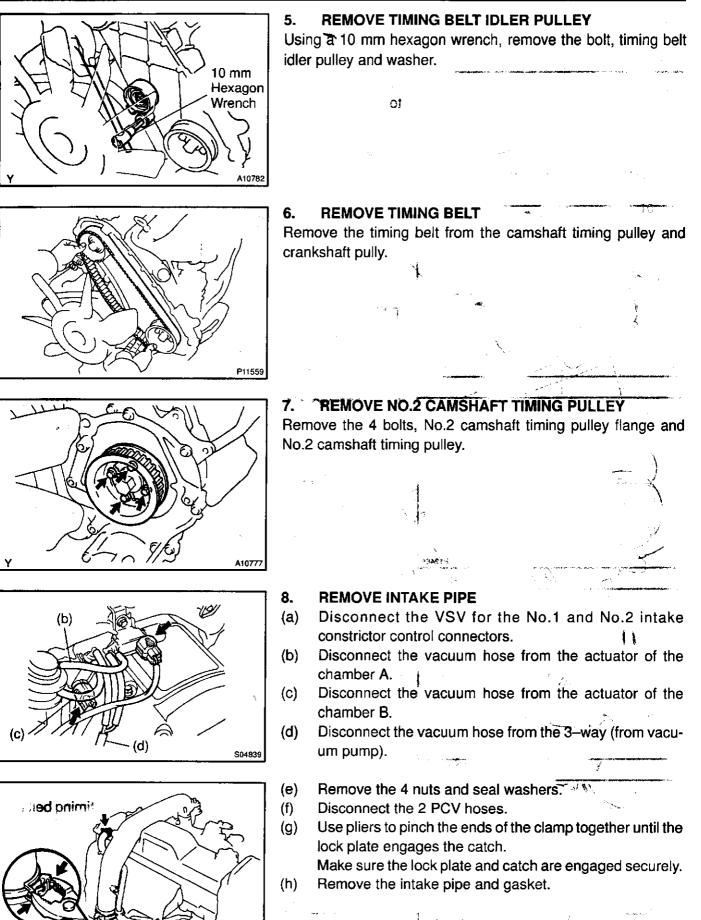
4. A REMOVE TIMING BELT TENSIONER

Alternately loosen the 2 bolts, remove them and timing belt tensioner.

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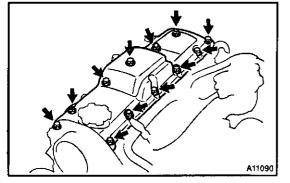


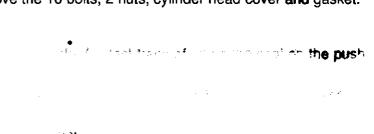


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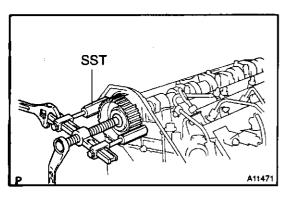


Remove the 10 bolts, 2 nuts, cylinder head cover and gasket.





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10. REMOVE NO.1 CAMSHAFT TIMING PULLEY

(a) Hold the hexagonal wrench head portion of the camshaft with a wrench, and remove the No.1 camshaft timing pulley bolt.

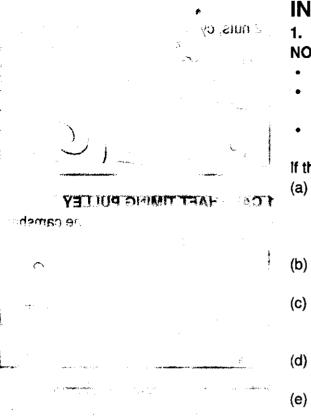
- (a)
 (b) Using SST, remove the No.1 camshaft timing pulley.
 SST 09950-40011 (09951-04010, 09952-04010, 09953-04020, 09954-04010, 09955-04061)
- (c) Remove the set key.

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INSPECTION -

. INSPECT TIMING BELT

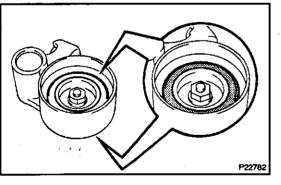
NOTICE:

- Do not bend, twist or turn the timing belt inside out.
- Do not allow the timing belt to come into contact with oil, water or steam.
- Do not utilize timing belt tension when installing or removing the mount bolt of the camshaft timing pulley.

If there are any defects, check these points:

- (a) Premature parting
 - Check for proper installation.
 - Check the timing cover gasket for damage and proper installation.
- (b) If the belt teeth are cracked or damaged, check to see if the camshaft is locked.
- (c) If there is noticeable wear or cracks on the bolt face, check to see if there are nicks on the side of the idler pulley lock.
- (d) If there is wear or damage on only one side of the belt, check the belt guide and the alignment of each pulley.
- (e) If there is noticeable wear on the belt teeth, check timing cover for damage and check gasket has been installed correctly and for foreign material on the pulley teeth.

If necessary, replace the timing belt.



2. INSPECT IDLER PULLEY

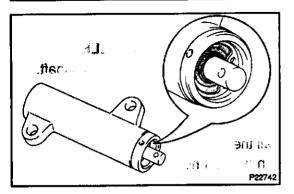
(a) Visually check the seal portion of the idler pulley for oil leakage.

If leakage is found, replace the idler pulley.

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(b) Check that the idler pulley turns smoothly. If necessary, replace the idler pulley.



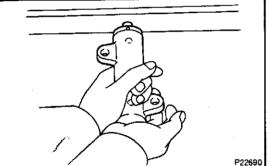
- 3. INSPECT TIMING BELT TENSIONER
- (a) ∀isually check the seal portion of the tensioner for oil leakage.

HINT:

If there is only the faintest trace of oil on the seal on the push rod side, the tensioner is all right.

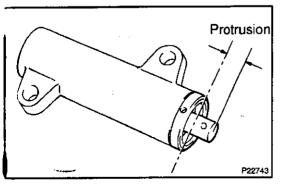
If leakage is found, replace the tensioner.





(b) Hold the tensioner with both hands and push the push rod strongly as shown to check that it doesn't move.
 If the push rod moves, replace the tensioner.
 NOTICE:

Never hold the tensioner push rod facing downward.



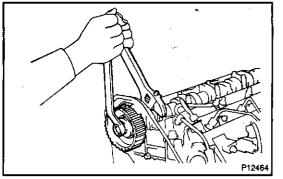
(c) Measure the protrusion of the push rod from the housing end.

Protrusion: 8.1 – 8.9 mm (0.319 – 0.350 in.) If the protrusion is not as specified, replace the tensioner.

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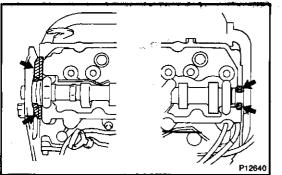
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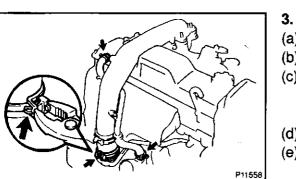


Sioner with both hands and push the push rod.
We.





(c) (d)



INSTALLATION

1. INSTALL NO.1 CAMSHAFT TIMING PULLEY

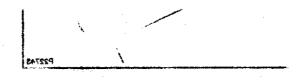
- (a) Install the set key to the key groove of the camshaft.
- (b) Align the pulley set key with the key groove of the No.1 camshaft timing pulley, slide the No.1 camshaft timing pulley.
- (c) Temporarily install the No.1 timing pulley bolt.
- (d) Hold the hexagon wrench head portion of the camshaft with a wrench, and tighten the No.1 camshaft timing pulley bolt.

Torque: 98 N·m (1,000 kgf·cm, 72 ft·lbf)

INSTALL CYLINDER HEAD COVER

- (a) Remove any old packing (FIPG) material.
- (b) Apply seal packing to the cylinder head s shown the illustration.

Seal packing: Part No. 08826-0080 or equivalent



6.5

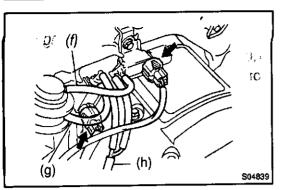
Install a new gasket to the cylinder head cover.

 Install the cylinder head cover with the 10 bolts and 2 nuts.

Torque: 9 N-m (90 kgf-cm, 78 in.-lbf)

INSTALL INTAKE PIPE

- (a) Place a new gasket on the intake manifold.
- (b) Connect the air hose and install the intake pipe.
- (c) Press the clamp lock together with the pliers and press down the tip of the lock plate. Carefully let the lock spread apart. Take care not to let the pliers slip.
- (d) Connect the 2 PCV hoses.(e) Install the 4 seal washers and nuts.
 - Torque: 12 N·m (120 kgf·cm, 9 ft·lbf)

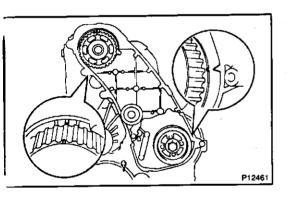


- (f) Connect the vacuum hose to the acutuator of the cham-Ber A.
- (g) Connect the vacuum hose to the acutuator of the cham-
- ber B.
 (h) Connect the vacuum hose to the 3-way (from vacuum pump).
- (i) Connect the VSV for the No.1 and No.2 intake constrictor control connectors.

4. INSTALL NO.2 CAMSHAFT TIMING PULLEY

Align the knock pin of the injection pump drive gear with the knock pin hole of the No.2 camshaft timing pulley, install the pulley and No.2 camshaft timing pulley flanges with the 4 bolts.

Torque: 13 N·m (130 kgf·cm, 9 ft·lbf)

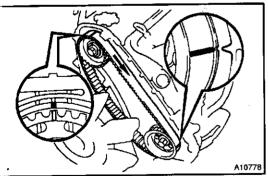


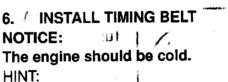
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5. SET NO.4 CYLINDER TO TDC / COMPRESSION Set the timing pulley at each position.

When turning the crankshaft, the valve heads will hit against the position top. So do not turn it more than necessary.

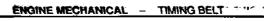






If re-using the timing belt, align the points marked during removal, and install the belt with the arrow pointing in the direction of engine revolution.

- 10 mm Hexagon Wrench
- 7. INSTALL TIMING BELT IDLER PULLEY
- (a) Using a 10 mm hexagon wrench, install the washer and timing belt idler pulley with the bolt.
 Torque: 35 N·m (350 kgf·cm, 25 ft·lbf)
- (b) Check that the idler pulley moves smoothly.
- If it doesn't move smoothly, check the idler pulley and washer.



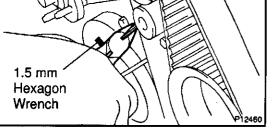


- (a) Osing a press, slowly press in the push rod using 981 9,807 N (100 – 1,000 kgf, 220 –2,205 lbf) of force.
- (b) Align the hoses of the push rod and housing, pass a 1.5 mm hexagon wrench through the hoses to keep the setting position of the push rod.
- (c) Release the press.

9. INSTALL TIMING BELT TENSIONER

- (a) Temporarily install the timing belt tensioner with the 2 bolts while pushing the idler pulley toward the timing belt.
 (b) Tightag the 0 balks
- (b) Tighten the 2 bolts. Torque: 13 N·m (130 kgf·cm, 9 ft·lbf)
 - Remove the 1.5 mm hexagon wrench from the tensioner.

AP TO

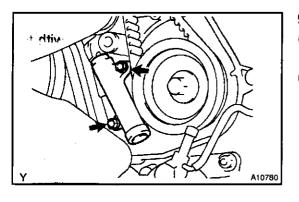


10. CHECK VALVE TIMING

Turn the crankshaft pulley clockwise and check that each pulley aligns with the timing marks (TDC mark) as shown in the illustration.

If the marks do not align, remove the timing belt and reinstall it.

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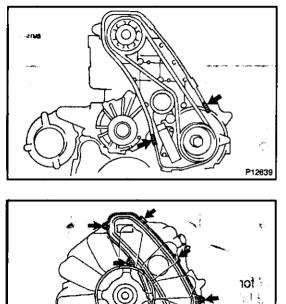


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ENGINE MECHANICAL - TIMING BELT



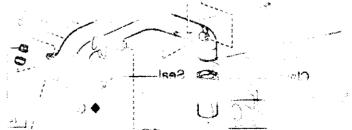
- 11. INSTALL TIMING BELT COVER(a) Remove any old packing (FIPG) material.
- (b) Apply seal packing to the camshaft oil seal retainer and timing gear cover as shown in the illustration.

Seal packing: Part No. 08826-00080 or equivalent

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(c) Install the gasket to the timing belt cover.
(d) Install the timing belt cover with the 4 seal washers, 4 bolts and 2 clips.

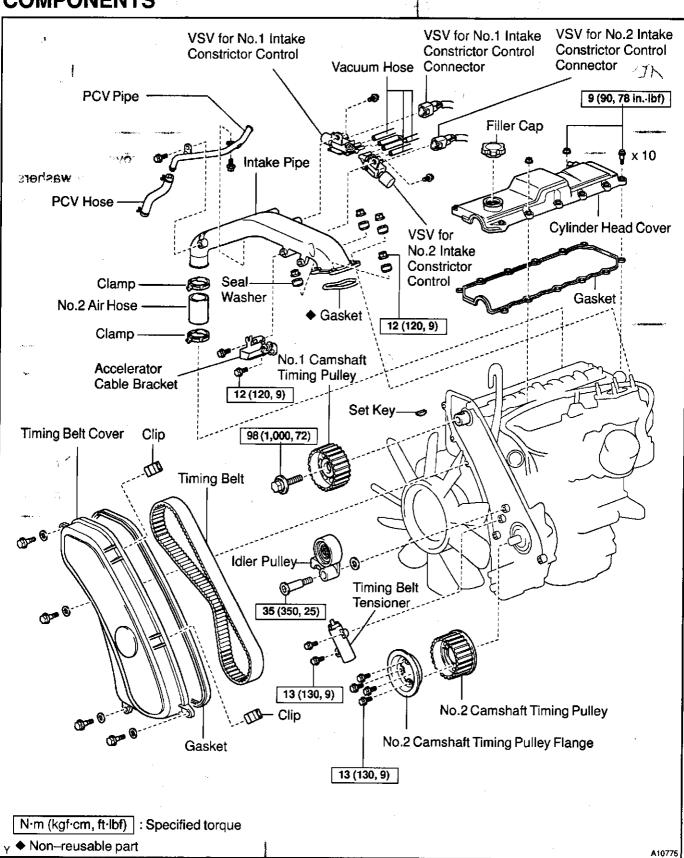


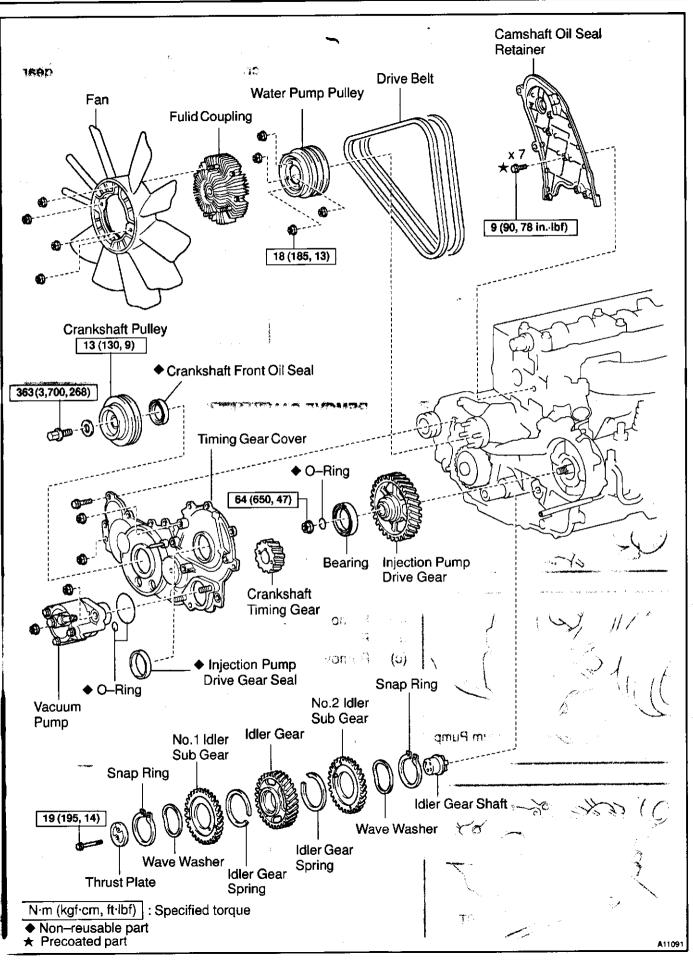
EM-22

ENGINE MECHANICAL - TIMING GEAR

EM156-01

TIMING GEAR COMPONENTS





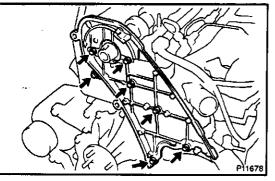
REMOVAL NOTICE:

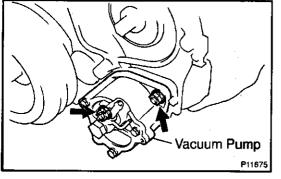
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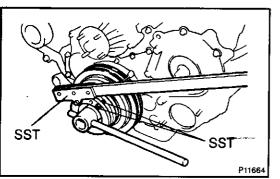
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When removing the crankshaft pulley and timing gear as the timing belt is off and the valve interferes with the piston, never, turn the crankshaft to the right beyond the dead point above the No.4 cylinder.

- 1. REMOVE TIMING BELT AND PULLEYS (See page EM-13)
- 2. REMOVE DRIVE BELT, FAN AND WATER PUMP PULLEY (See page CO-5)

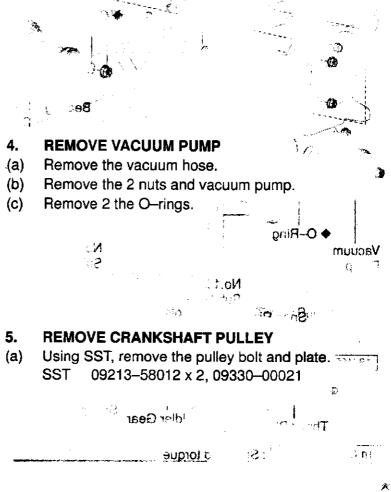


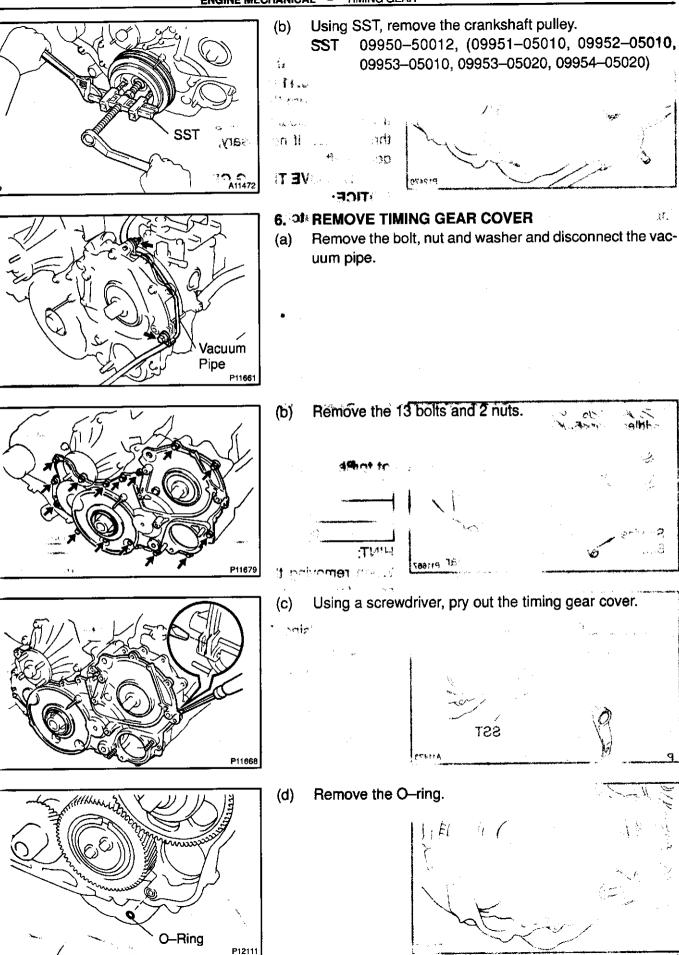


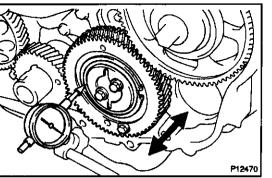




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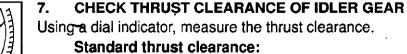




RECOVER

disconnect the vac-

Service Bolt



0.06 - 0.11 mm (0.0024 - 0.0043 in.)

Maximum thrust clearance: 0.30 mm (0.0118 in.)

If the thrust clearance is greater than maximum, replace the thrust plate. If necessary, replace the idler gear and/or idler gear shaft.

8. **REMOVE TIMING GEARS** NOTICE:

- The matchmark on each gear faces the front of the en-
 - Take care not to damage the gear teeth when removing and installing the gears. Do not use parts that are scratched or damaged, they cause noise. μ



(a) Remove the crankshall timing gear.

(1) Secure the idler sub-gears to the idler gear with a service bolt.

Recommended service bolt:

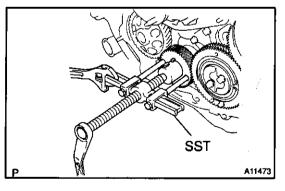
Thread diameter	6 mm
Thread pitch	1.0 mm
Bolt length	28.0 mm (1.10 in.)

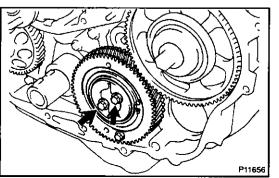
HINT:

When removing the idler gear, make sure that the torsional spring force of the sub-gears has been eliminated by the above operation.

(2) Using SST, remove the crankshaft timing gear.

SST 09950-50012 (09951-05010, 09952-05010, 09953-05010, 09954-05020)



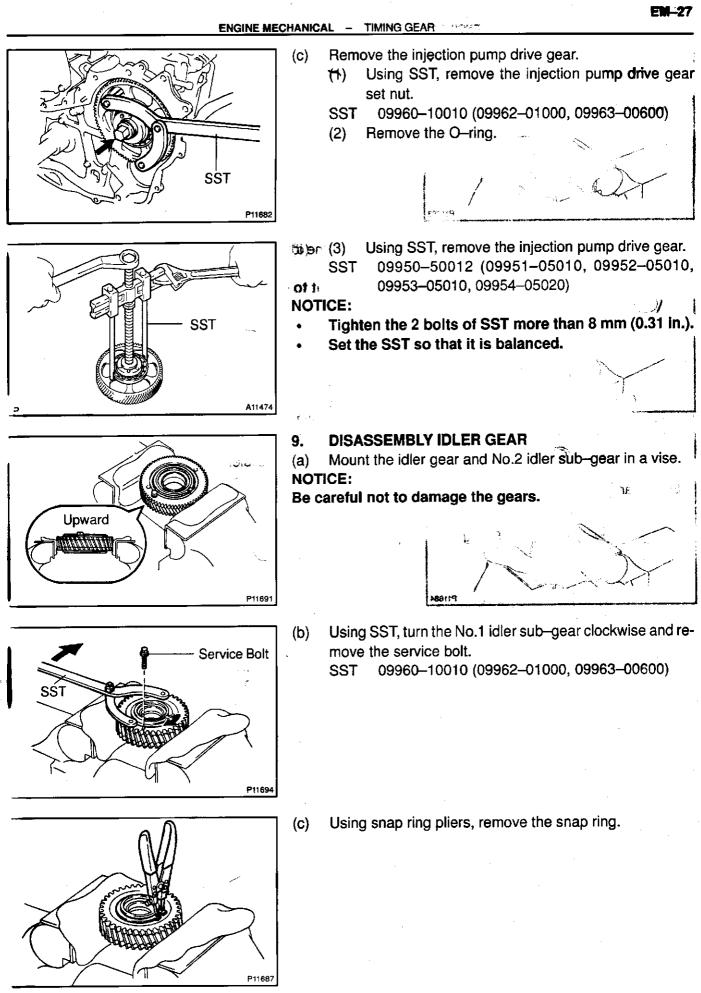




(b) Remove the 2 bolts, thrust plate, idler gear assembly and idler gear shaft.

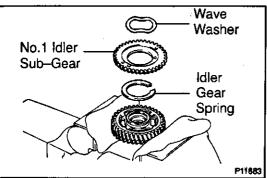


Idler Sub-Gear P11667



ENGINE MECHANICAL - TIMING GEAR

(d)

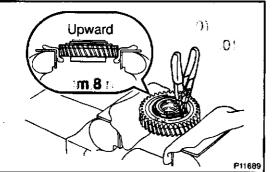


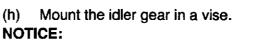
(e) Remove the No.1 idler sub-gear. (f) Remove the idler gear spring. (g) Remove the idler gear assembly from the vice and turn it

31 Upward 0 (i) **ាព 8** ខេ P11689

upside down. 41.

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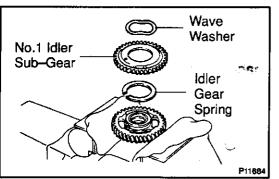
Remove the wave washer.

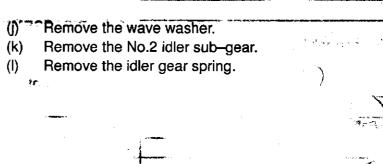
Be careful not to damage the gear.

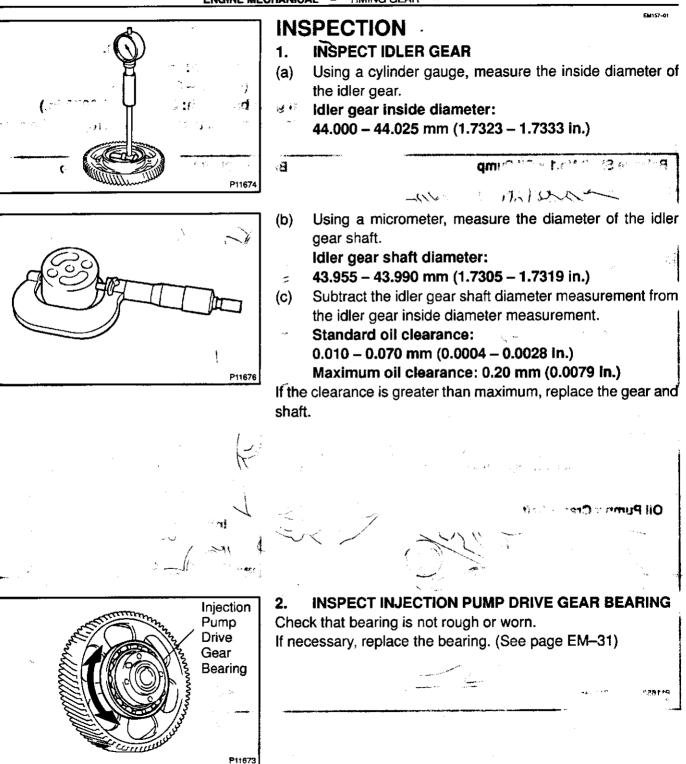
Using snap ring pliers, remove the snap ring.

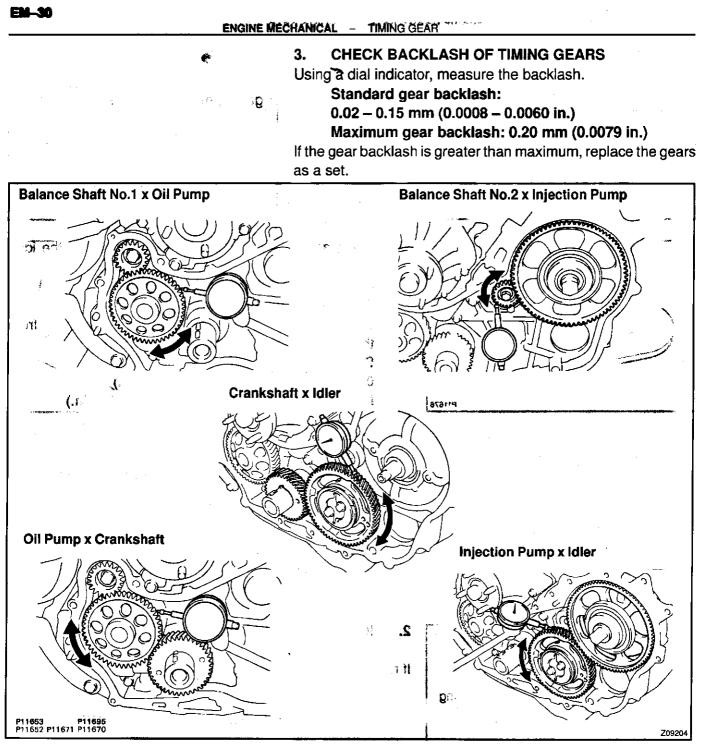
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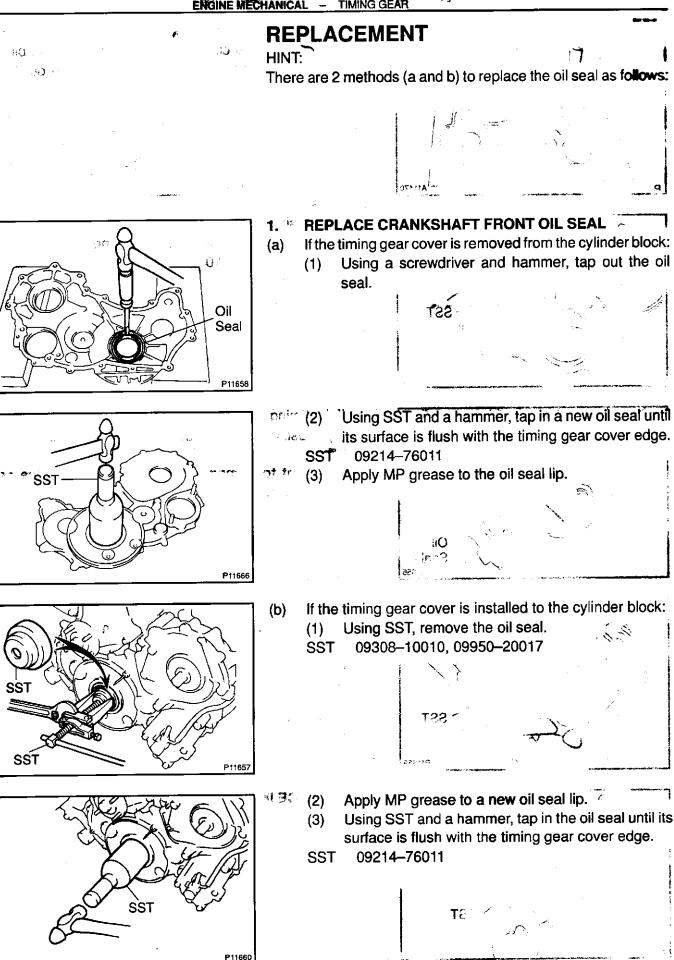
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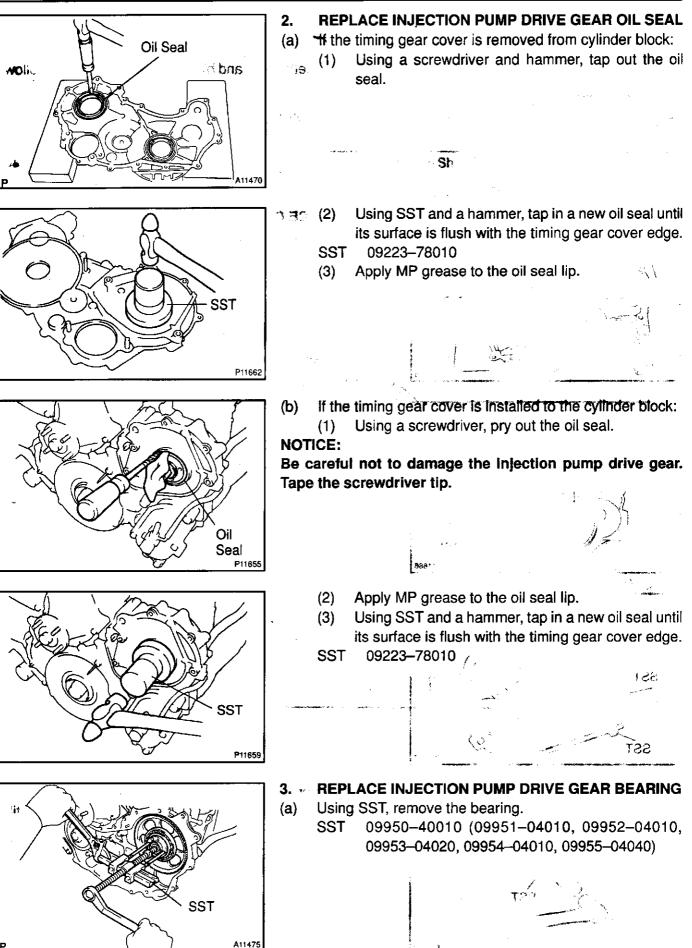






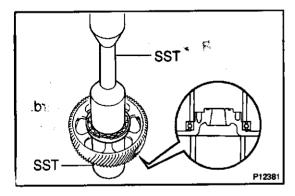


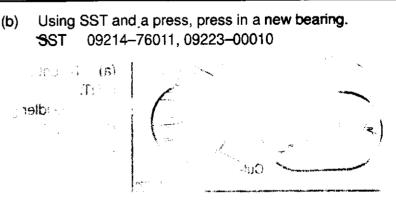






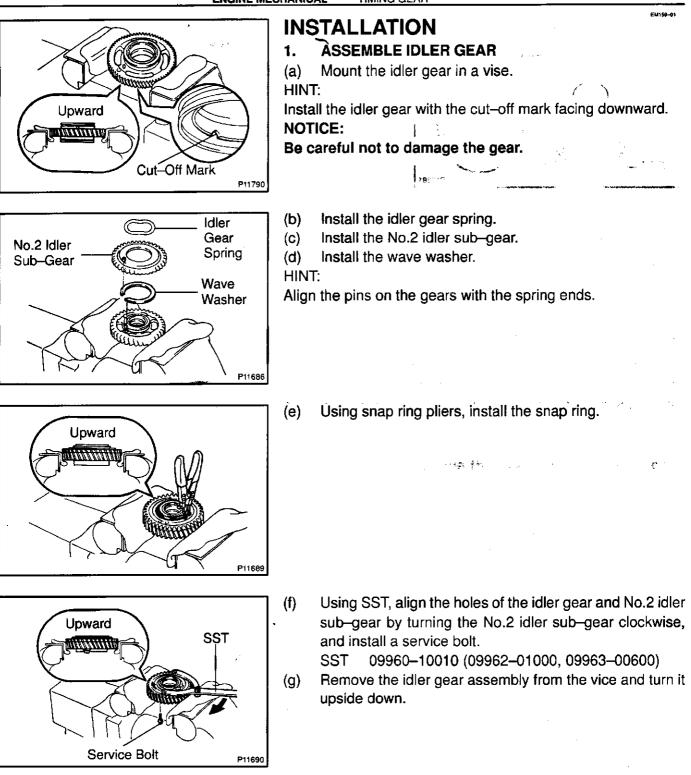
ENGINE MECHANICAL - TIMING GEAR



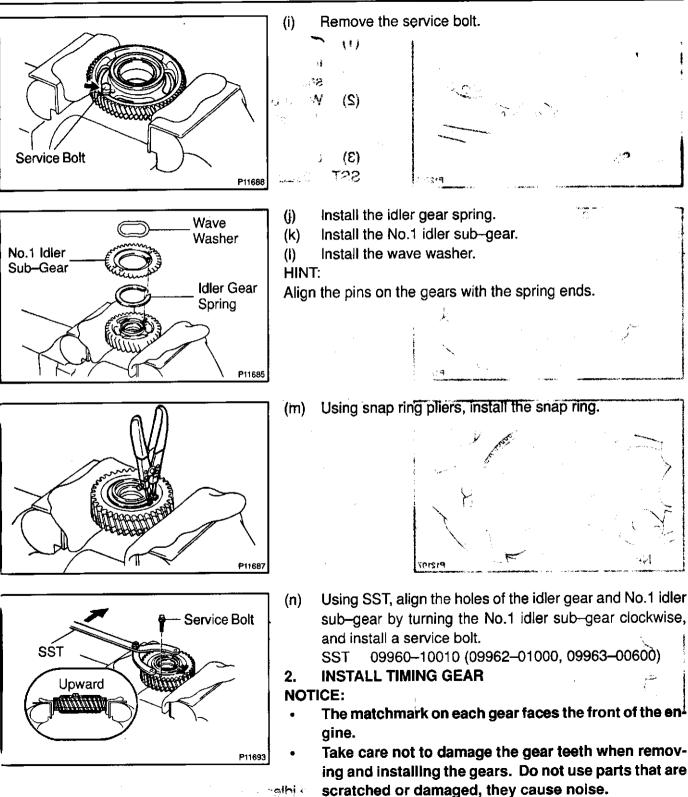


Upward

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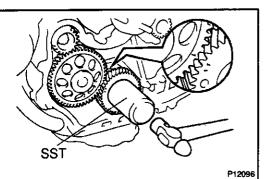


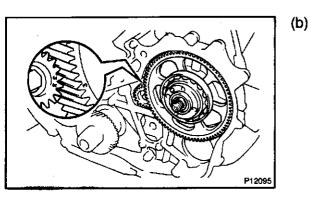
(h) Mount the idler gear and No.2 idler sub-gear in a vise.
 NOTICE:
 Be careful not to damage the gears.

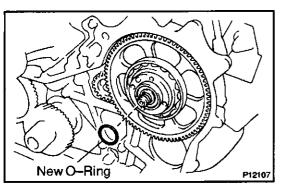


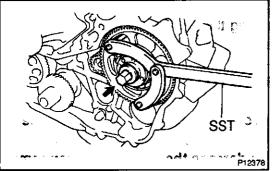
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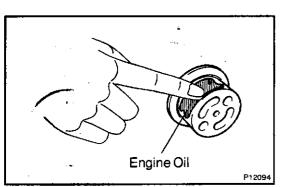
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- (a) Install the crankshaft timing gear.
 - (T) With the crankshaft key groove facing upward, install the crankshaft timing gear into the crankshaft.
 - (2) When doing this, the matchmarks of the oil pump drive shaft gear and crankshaft timing gear should be matched at "1".
 - (3) Using SST and a hammer, tap in the timing gear.
 - SST 09223-00010
 -) Install the injection pump drive gear.
 - (1) Install the set key to the groove of the injection pump drive shaft.
 - (2) The matchmarks on the No.2 balance shaft driven gear should be aligned with "3" marks.



(3) Install a new O-ring to the injection pump drive gear.

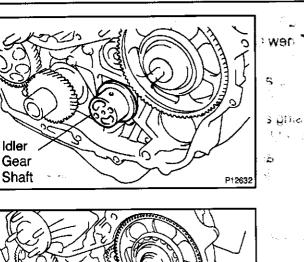


- (4) Install the injection pump drive gear set nut.
- (5) Using SST, torque the nut.
- s: SST 09960–10010 (09962–01000, 09963–00600) •• Torque: 64 N·m (650 kgf·cm, 47 ft·lbf)



- (c) Install the idler gear.
 - (1) Coat the idler gear shaft with engine oil as shown in the illustration.

(2)



Align the idler gear assembly timing marks "5" and (3) "4" with the crankshaft timing gear mark "5" and injection pump drive gear timing mark "4" respective-

ly, and mesh the gears.

Install the idler gear shaft to the cylinder block.

- (4) Align the thrust plate set bolt holes.
 - Install the thrust plate with the 2 bolts. Torque the (5) bolts.

Torque: 50 N·m (500 kgf·cm, 36 ft·lbf)

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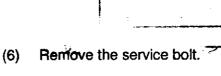
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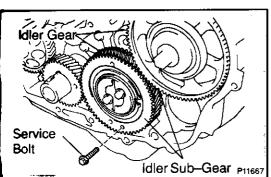
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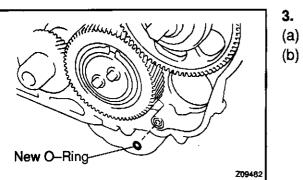
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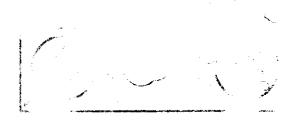


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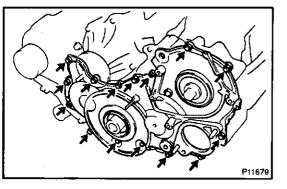


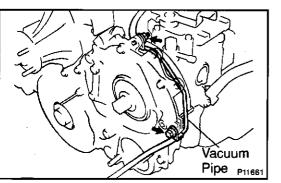
INSTALL TIMING GEAR COVER

- Install a new O-ring to the timing gear case.
- Remove any old packing (FIPG) material and be careful not to drop any oil on the contact surfaces of the timing gear cover and cylinder block.
 - Using a razor blade and gasket scraper, remove all the old packing (FIPG) material from the gasket surfaces and sealing groove.
 - Thoroughly clean all components to remove all the loose material.
 - Using a non-residue solvent, clean both sealing surfaces.



ORRECT WRONG P12098

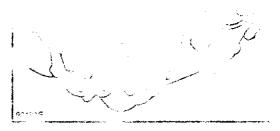




Apply seal packing to the timing gear cover as shown in (c) the illustration.

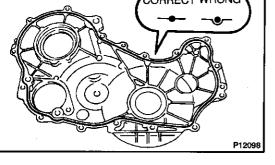
Seal packing: Part No. 08826-00080 or equivalent

- Install a nozzle that has been cut to a 2 3 mm (0.08 -0.12 in.) opening.
- Parts must be assembled within 5 minutes of application. Otherwise the material must be removed and reapplied.
- Immediately remove nozzle from the tube and reinstall cap.
- Install the timing gear cover with the 13 bolts and 2 nuts. (d) Torque: 13 N·m (130 kgf·cm, 9 ft-lbf)



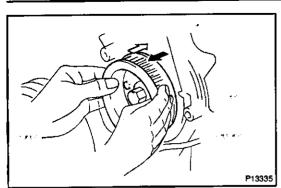
(e) Connect the vacuum pipe with the bolt, nut and washer. Torque: 13 N·m (130 kgf·cm, 9 ft·lbf)





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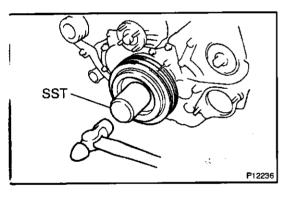


4. CHECK INJECTION PUMP DRIVE SHAFT THRUST

- (a) Temporarily install the No.2 camshaft timing pulley and flange with the 4 bolts.
- (b) Move the No.2 camshaft timing pulley back and forth to check that the injection pump drive shaft has sufficient thrust clearance.
 - Reference: 0.15 0.55 mm (0.0059 0.0217 in.)

If the thrust clearance is not sufficient, loosen the 2 injection pump nuts and 3 pump stay bolts, then retighten them.

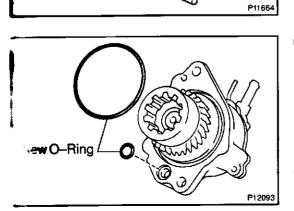
If the thrust clearance is still not sufficient, remove the timing gear cover and then reinstall it.



5. INSTALL CRANKSHAFT PULLEY

- (a) Align the pulley set key with the key groove of the pulley.
- (b) Using SST and a hammer, tap in the pulley. SST 09214-60010

(c) Using SST, install and torque the plate bolt. SST 09213-58012 x 2, 09330-00021



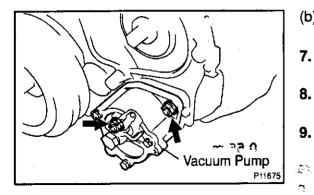
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- 6. INSTALL VACUUM PUMP
- (a) Install 2 new O-rings to the vacuum pump.

EM-40

ENGINE MECHANICAL - TIMING GEAR



Install the vacuum pump with the 2 nuts. (b) Torque: 21 N·m (210 kgf·cm, 15 ft·lbf) INSTALL CAMSHAFT OIL SEAL RETAINER 7. (See page EM-64) **INSTALL TIMING BELT AND PULLEYS** (See page EM-18) INSTALL WATER PUMP PULLEY, FAN AND DRIVE **BELT** (See page CO-8)

ENGINE MECHANICAL -CYLINDER HEAD **CYLINDER HEAD COMPONENTS** VSV for No.1 Intake VSV for No.2 Intake Constrictor Control Constrictor Control Connector Connector VSV for No.1 Intake III I ĥ **Constrictor Control** zzle Leakage ന **PCV** Pipe Vacuum Hose amet QL: ക Seal Washer PCV Hose VSV for No.2 Intake Constrictor Control 2 Intake Pipe 12 (120, 9) Clamp Seal Washer No.2 Air Hose Exhaust manifold Gasket 겶 Heat Insulator Clamp Accelerator) Loi Cable Bracket **@**. minc 20 (204, 15) **Turbocharger Heat** രം രം Insulator 6 Gasket x 6 39 (390, 28) 52 (530, 38) Turbine Outlet Elbow **Exhaust Manifold** Gasket and Turbocharger-26 (260, 19) Assembly nion Bolt/ Gasket **Turbo Water Pipe** C Gasket 12 (125, 9)

N·m (kgf·cm, ft·lbf) : Specified torque

Water Bypass Hose

Non-reusable part

Turbocharger Stay

Gasket

A11469

a R

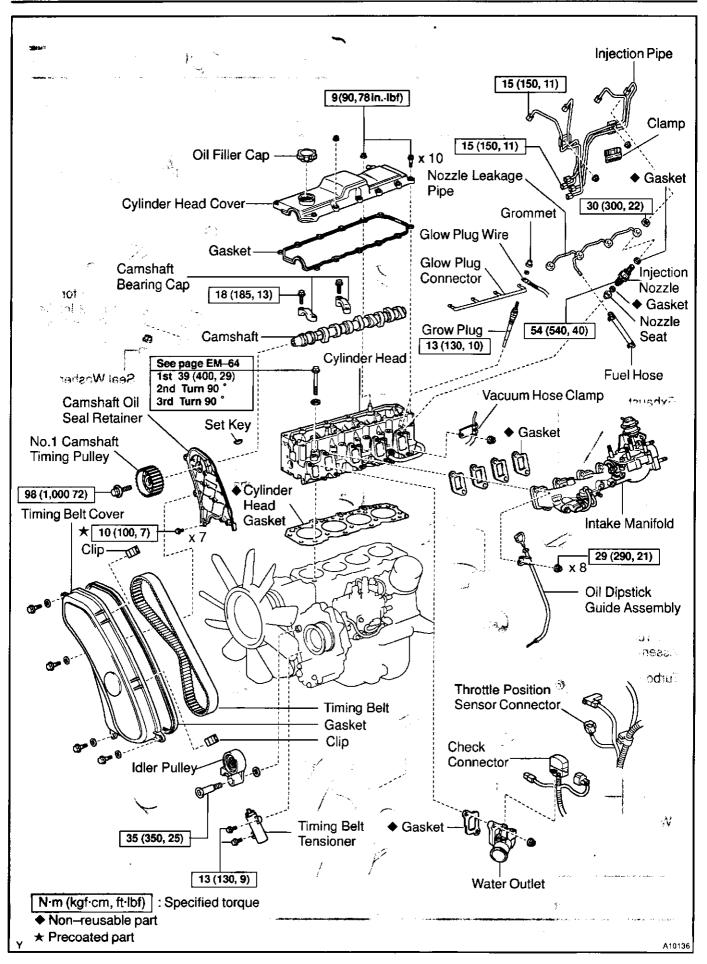
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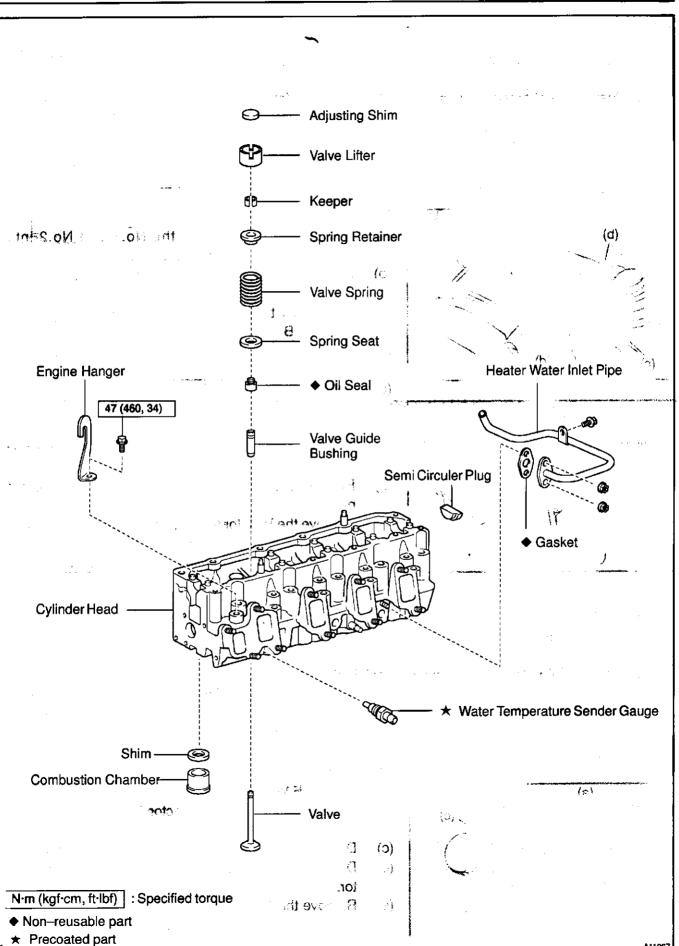
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ENGINE MECHANICAL - CYLINDER HEAD





EM-43

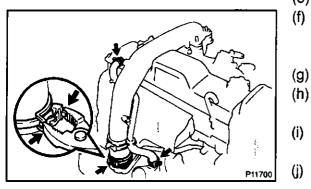
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-13 Diller

EM150-01



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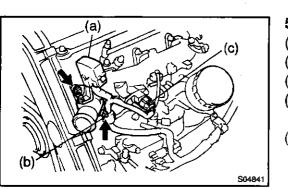


2. REMOVE INTAKE PIPE

- (a) Disconnect the VSV for the No.1 and No.2 intake constrictor control connectors.
- (b) Disconnect the vacuum hose from the actuator of the chamber A
- (c) Disconnect the vacuum hose from the actuator of the chamber B
- (d) Disconnect the vacuum hose from the 3-way (from vacuum pump)
- (e) Remove the 4 nuts and 4 seal washers.
- (f) Use pliers to pinch the ends of the clamp together until the lock plate engages the catch.

Make sure the lock plate and catch are engaged securely. Remove the intake pipe, PCV hose and gasket.

- (h) Remove the accelerator cable bracket from the intake pipe.
- (i) Remove the VSV for the No.1 and No.2 intake constrictor control. (See page ED-13)
- (j) Remove the bolt and vacuum hose clamp from the cylinder head.
- 3. **REMOVE TURBOCHARGER (See page TC-6)**
- 4. **REMOVE INJECTION PIPES (See page FU-5)**



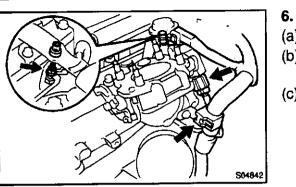
5. REMOVE WATER OUTLET

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- (a) Disconnect the check connector.
- (b) Disconnect the engine wire clamp.
- (c) Disconnect the turbo pressure sensor connector.
- (d) Disconnect the water temperature sender gauge connector.

- mid?

(e) Remove the 2 nuts, water outlet and gasket.



REMOVE INTAKE MANIFOLD

- Disconnect the throttle position sensor connector. (a)
- Remove the grommet and nut, and disconnect the glow (b) plug wire.
- Disconnect the engine wire clamp from the venturi. (C)



Remove the 8 nuts, oil dipstick guide assembly, intake (d) manifold and 4 gaskets.



REMOVE NOZZLE LEAKAGE PIPE

- Disconnect the fuel hose from the return pipe. (a)
- Remove the 4 nuts, nozzle leakage pipe and 4 gaskets. (b)



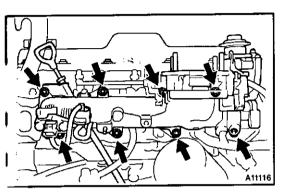
REMOVE INJECTION NOZZLES 8.

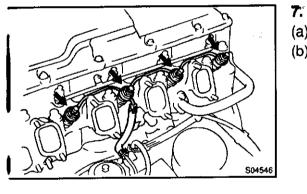
Using SST, remove the 4 injection nozzles, gaskets and seats. 09268-64010 (09268-64020) SST

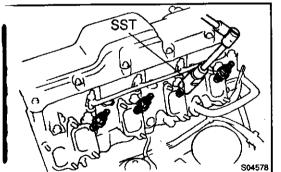
HINT: Arrange the injection nozzles in correct order.

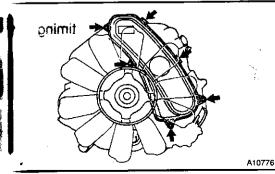


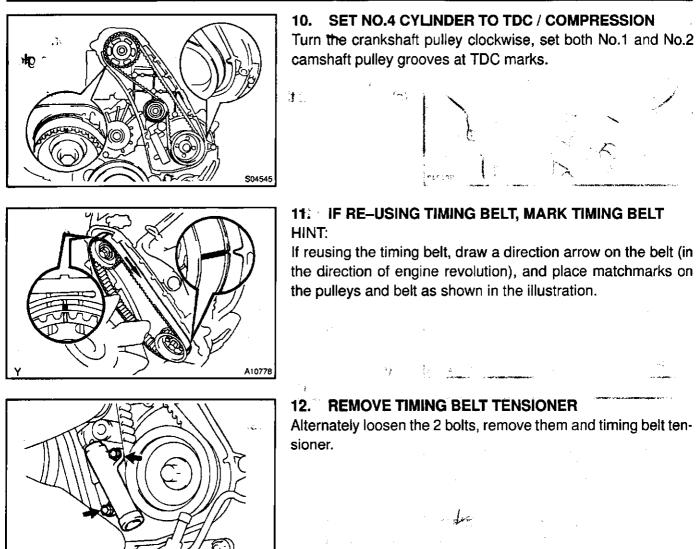
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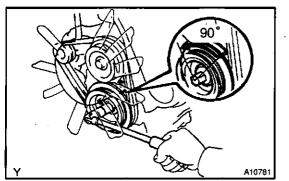


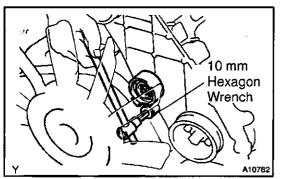






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13. REMOVE TIMING BELT

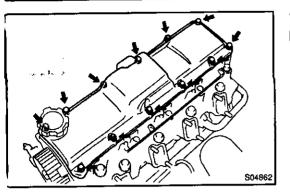
(a) Turn the crankshaft 90° counterclockwise.

NOTICE: If the timing belt is disengaged, having the crankshaft pulley at the wrong angle can cause the piston head and valve head to come into contact with each order when you remove the No.1 camshaft timing pulley (step 16), causing damage. So always set the crankshaft pulley at the correct angle.

(b) Remove the timing belt.

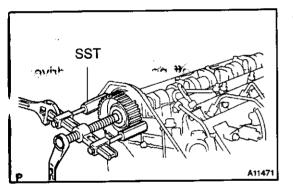
14. REMOVE TIMING BELT IDLER PULLEY

Using a 10 mm hexagon wrench, remove the bolt, timing belt idler pulley and washer.



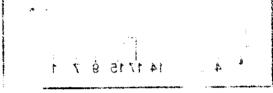
REMOVE CYLINDER HEAD COVER 15. Remove the 10 bolts, 2 nuts, cylinder head cover and gasket.

- **REMOVE NO.1 CAMSHAFT TIMING PULLEY** 16.
 - Hold the hexagonal wrench head portion of the camshaft with a wrench, and remove the camshaft timing pulley bolt.



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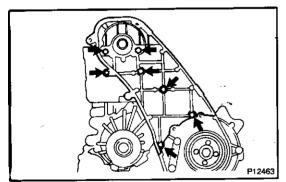
- (a)



- (b) Using SST, remove the timing pulley. 09950-40011 (09951-04010, 09952-04010, SST 09953-04020, 09954-04010, 09955-04061)
- Remove the set key. (C)



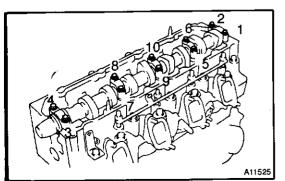
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REMOVE CAMSHAFT OIL SEAL RETAINER 17.

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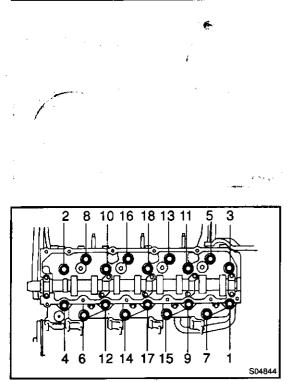
- Remove the 7 bolts holding the camshaft oil seal retainer (a) to the cylinder head.
- Pry out the camshaft oil seal retainer. (b)



REMOVE CAMSHAFT 18.

- Uniformly loosen and remove the 10 bearing cap bolts in (a) several passes in the sequence shown.
- Remove the 5 bearing caps and camshaft. (b) HINT:

Arrange the bearing caps in correct order.



19. REMOVE GLOW PLUG CONNECTOR AND GLOW PLUGS (See page ST-4) NOTICE:

This engine uses ceramic glow plugs. To prevent damage to the glow plugs, do not remove them unless necessary.



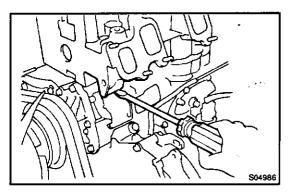
20. REMOVE CYLINDER HEAD

(a) Uniformly loosen and remove the 18 cylinder head bolts, in several passes, in the sequence shown.

NOTICE:

Head warpage or cracking could result from removing bolts in incorrect order.





 (b) Lift the cylinder head from the dowels on the cylinder block, and place the head on wooden blocks on a bench.
 HINT:

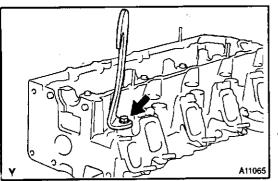
If the cylinder head is difficult to lift off, pry with a screwdriver between the cylinder head and block.

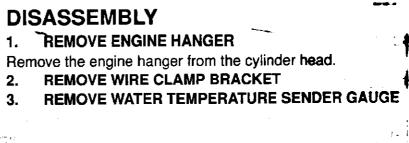
NOTICE:

Be careful not to damage the contact surfaces of cylinder head and block.

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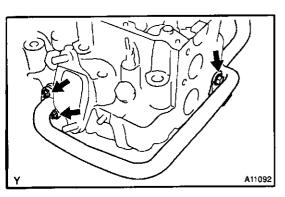
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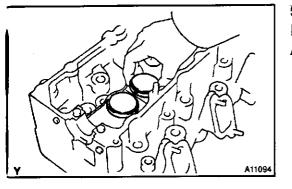




4. REMOVE HEATER WATER INLET PIPE

Remove the bolt, 2 nuts, heater water inlet pipe and gasket.

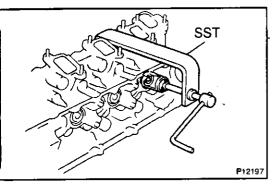




5. REMOVE VALVE LIFTERS AND SHIMS

HINT:

Arrange the valve lifters and shims in correct order.



6. REMOVE VALVES

(a) Using SST, compress the valve spring and remove the 2 keepers.

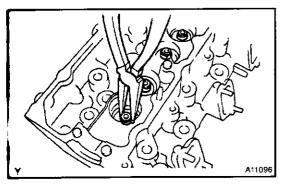
SST 09202-70020 (09202-00010)

(b) Remove the spring retainer, valve spring, valve and spring seat.

HINT:

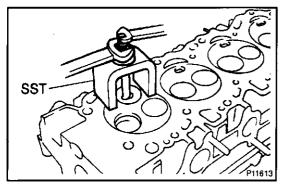
Arrange the valves, valve springs, spring seats and spring retainers in correct order.

(c) Using needle-nose pliers, remove the oil seal.



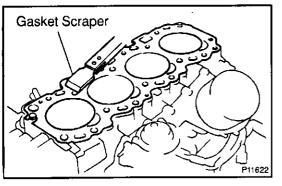
EM-50

ENGINE MECHANICAL - CYLINDER HEAD



REMOVE COMBUSTION CHAMBERS Using SST, remove the 4 combination chambers. SST 09208-48010 HINT: Arrange the combustion chambers in correct order. **REMOVE SEMI-CIRCULAR PLUG** 8. Remove the semi-circular plug.

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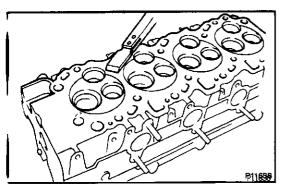
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INSPECTION

CLEAN TOP SURFACES OF PISTONS AND CYL-1. INDER BLOCK Turn the crankshaft, and bring each piston to the top dead (a) center (TDC). Using a gasket scraper, remove all the carbon from the piston top surface. *(*3). Remove all the gasket material from the top of the cylinder (b) block. 001110 NOTICE: Be careful not to scratch the surfaces. Using compressed air, blow carbon and oil from the bolt (c) holes. CAUTION: Protect your eyes when using high-compressed air. **REMOVE GASKET MATERIAL** Using a gasket scraper, remove all the gasket material from the NOTICE: Be careful not to scratch the cylinder block contact sur-JU.



2.

cylinder block contact surface.

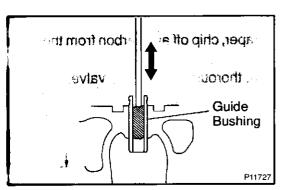
face.

CLEAN COMBUSTION CHAMBERS 3.

Using a wire brush, remove all the carbon from the combustion chambers.

NOTICE: 5 O h

Be careful not to scratch the cylinder block contact surface. L.



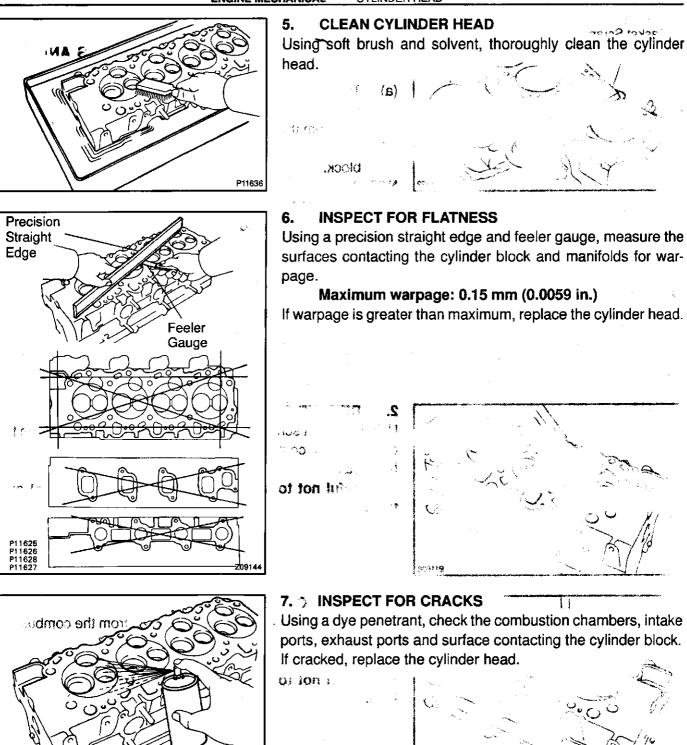
4.00 CLEAN VALVE GUIDE BUSHINGS

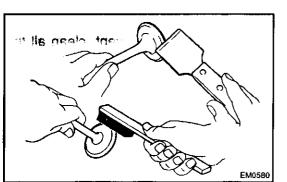
Using a valve guide bushing brush and solvent, clean all the guide bushings.

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EM-52

ENGINE MECHANICAL - CYLINDER HEAD



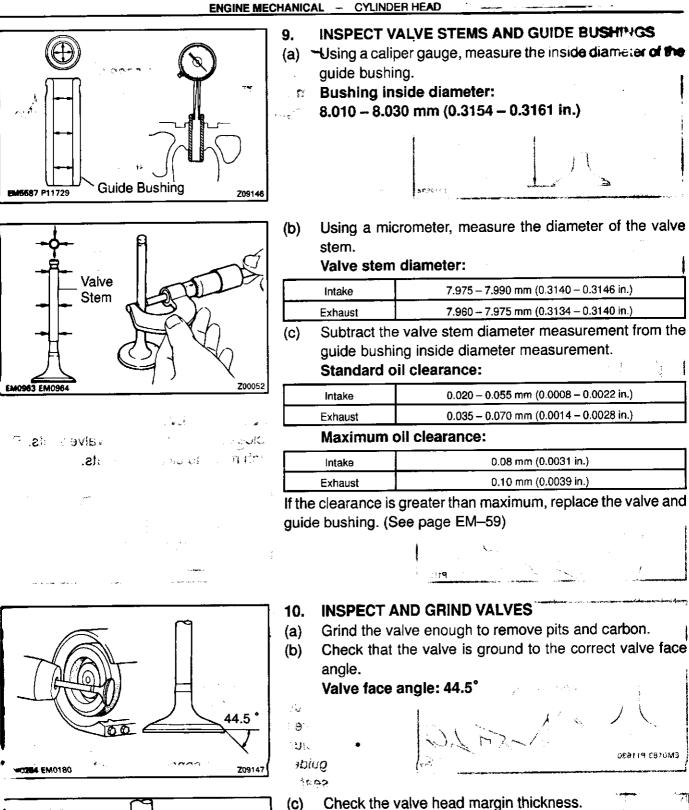


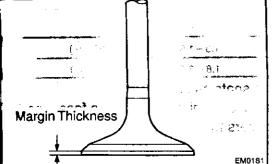
8. 4 CLEAN VALVES

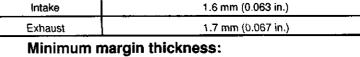
P11635

- (a) Using a gasket scraper, chip off any carbon from the valve head.
- (b) Using a wire brush, thoroughly clean the valve.





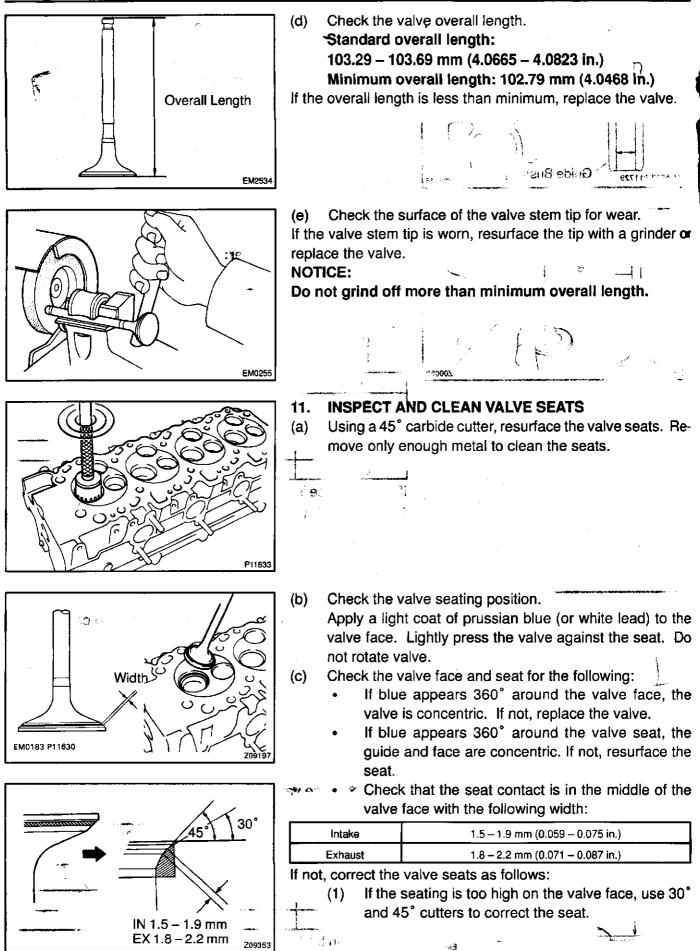




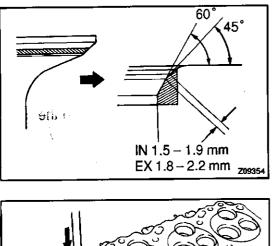
Standard margin thickness:

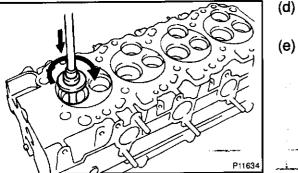
Intake	1.1 mm (0.043 in.)
Exhaust	1.2 mm (0.047 in.)

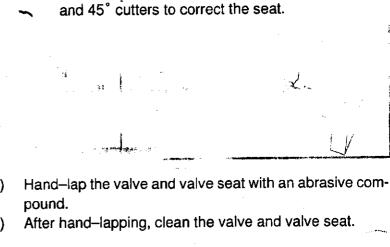
If the margin thickness is less than minimum, replace the valve.



(2)







If the seating is too low on the valve face, use 60°

- Deviation ______
- 12. INSPECT VALVE SPRINGS
- (a) Using a steel square, measure the deviation of the valve spring.

Maximum deviation: 2.0 mm (0.079 in.)

If the deviation is greater than maximum, replace the valve spring.

- (b) Using a vernier caliper, measure the free length of the valve spring.

Free length: 48.54 mm (1.9110 ln.)

If the free length is not as specified, replace the valve spring.

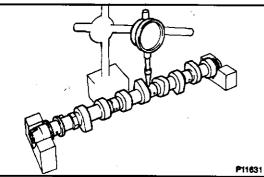


- Using a spring tester, measure the tension of the valve spring at the specified installed length.
 Installed tension:

301 – 332 N (30.7 – 33.9 kgf, 67.7 – 74.7 lbf) at 37.0 mm (1.457 in.)

If the installed tension is not as specified, replace the valve spring.

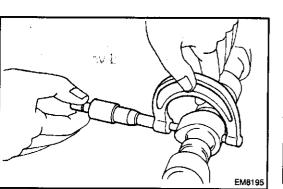
ENGINE MECHANICAL - CYLINDER HEAD



] 13. INSPECT CAMSHAFT FOR RUNOUT

- (a) Place the camshaft on V-blocks.
- (b) Using a dial indicator, measure the circle runout at the center journal.

Maximum circle runout: 0.06 mm (0.0024 in.) If the circle runout is greater than maximum, replace the camshaft. mm 0.t - 3.t Mimm 0.t - 3.t Mi



14. INSPECT CAM LOBES

Using a micrometer, measure the cam lobe height. Standard cam lobe height:

Minimum cam lobe height:				
Exhaust	56.140 - 56.240 mm (2.2102 - 2.2142 in.)			
Intake	54.810 - 54.910 mm (2.1579 - 2.1618 in.)			

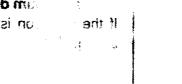
Intake	54.39 mm (2.1413 in.)	
Exhaust	55.72 mm (2.1937 in.)	

If the cam lobe height is less than minimum, replace the camshaft.

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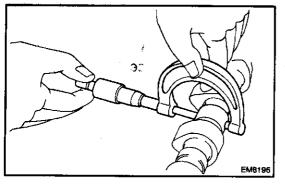








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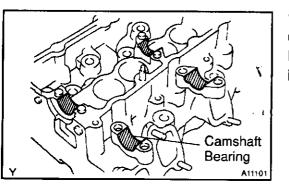


15. INSPECT CAMSHAFT JOURNALS

Using a micrometer, measure the journal diameter. Journal diameter:

27.969 – 27.985 mm (1.1011 – 1.1018 in.)

If the journal diameter is not as specified, check the oil clearance.



16. INSPECT CAMSHAFT BEARINGS

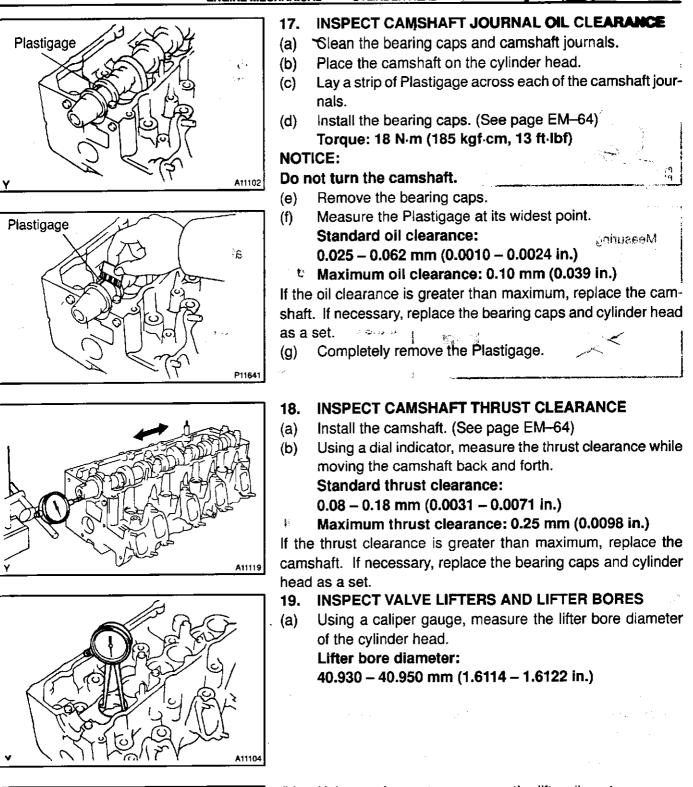
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Check the bearings for flaking and scoring.

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If the bearings are damaged, replace the bearing caps and cylinder head as a set.





- EM2196
- (b) Using a micrometer, measure the lifter diameter. Lifter diameter:

40.892 – 40.902 mm (1.6099 – 1.6103 in.)

(c) Subtract the lifter diameter measurement from the lifter bore diameter measurement.

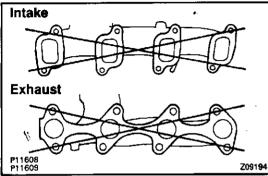
Standard oil clearance:

0.038 - 0.063 mm (0.0015 - 0.0025 in.)

Maximum oil clearance: 0.08 mm (0.0031 in.)

If the oil clearance is greater than maximum, replace the lifter. If necessary, replace the cylinder head.

ENGINE MECHANICAL - CYLINDER HEAD



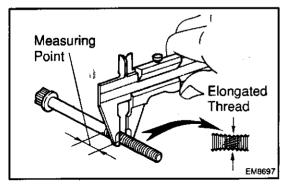
20. INSPECT INTAKE AND EXHAUST MANIFOLDS

Using a precision straight edge and feeler gauge, measure the surface contacting the cylinder head for warpage.

Maximum warpage: 0.40 mm (0.0157 in.)

If warpage is greater than maximum, replace the manifold.





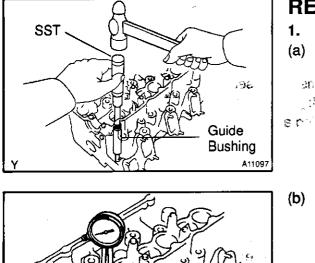
21. INSPECT CYLINDER HEAD BOLTS

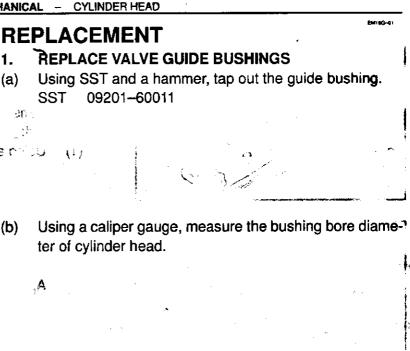
Using vernier calipers, measure the minimum outer diameter of the compressed thread at the measuring point.

Standard outer diameter:

11.8 - 12.0 mm (0.465 - 0.472 in.)

Minimum outer diameter: 11.6 mm (0.457 in.) If the outer diameter is less than minimum, replace the bolt.





Both intake and exhaust

A11098

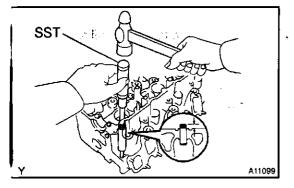
V03700

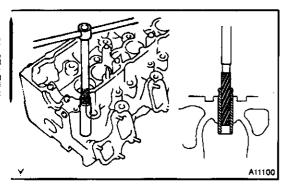
Bushing bore diameter mm (in.)	Bushing size
13.000 – 13.027 (0.5118 – 0.5129)	Use SST
13.050 - 13.077 (0.5134 - 0.5148)	Use O/S 0.05

Select a new guide bushing (STD or O/S 0.05). (C) If the bushing bore diameter of the cylinder head is greater than 13.027 mm (0.5129 in.), machine the bushing bore to the following dimension:

Rebored cylinder head bushing bore dimension: 13.050 - 13.077 mm (0.5138 - 0.5148 in.)

If the bushing bore diameter of the cylinder head is greater than 13.077 mm (0.5148 in.), replace the cylinder head.

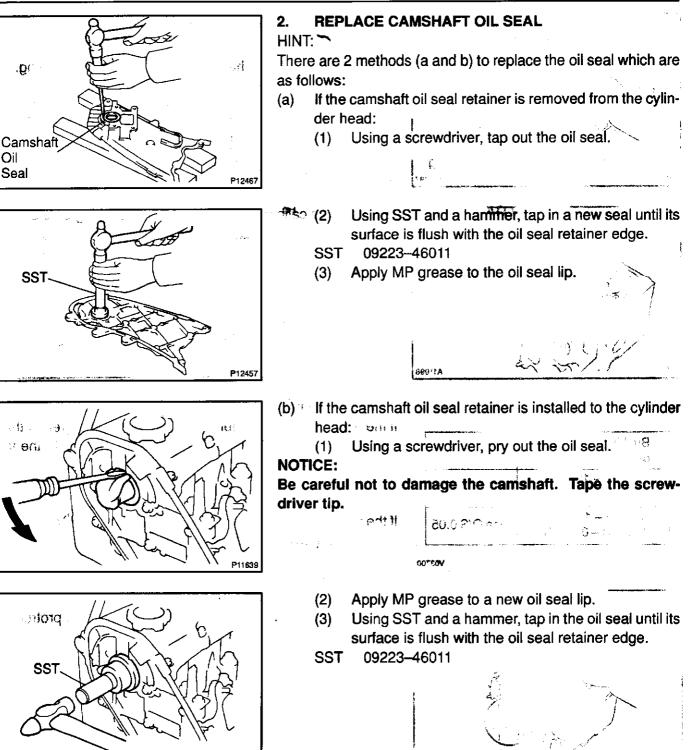




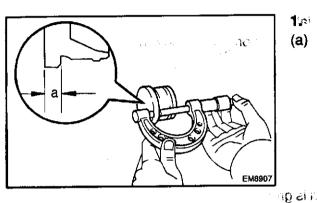
(d) Using SST and a hammer, tap in a new guide bushing until there is 12.8 – 13.2 mm (0.504 – 0.520 in.) protruding from the cylinder head. 09201-60011 SST

Using a sharp 8 mm reamer, ream the guide bushing to (e) obtain the standard specified clearance (See page EM-51) between the guide bushing and valve stem.

EM-59



P11610



REASSEMBLY

HINT

- Thoroughly clean all parts to be assembled.
- Before installing the parts, apply fresh engine oil to all sliding and rotating surfaces.
- Replace all gaskets and oil seals with new ones.

SELECT COMBINATION CHAMBER SHIM

-) If using new combustion chamber:
 - (1) Using a micrometer, measure the thickness of each used combustion chamber at the position shown in the illustration.
 - (2) Measure the thickness of the new combustion chamber the same way as in (a).
 - (3) From the thickness of the new chamber subtract the
 - appropriate shim thickness from the table below.

Difference in chamber thickness

= New chamber thickness – Used chamber thickness mm (in.)

Difference in chamber thickness mm (in.)	Shim thickness required mm (in.)	
Plus 0.02 - Minus 0.02 (Plus 0.0008 - Minus 0.0008)	No shim required	
Minus 0.03 (Minus 0.0012)	0.05 (0.0020) or no shim required	
Minus 0.04 – Minus 0.07	0.05 (0.0020)	
Minus 0.08 (Minus 0.0031)	0.05 (0.0020) or 0.10 (0.0039)	
Minus 0.09 – Minus 0.12 (Minus 0.0035 – Minus 0.0047)	0.10 (0.0039) U / n	

NOTICE:

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Do not use two 0.05 mm (0.0020 in.) shims instead of one 0.10 mm (0.0039 in.) shim.

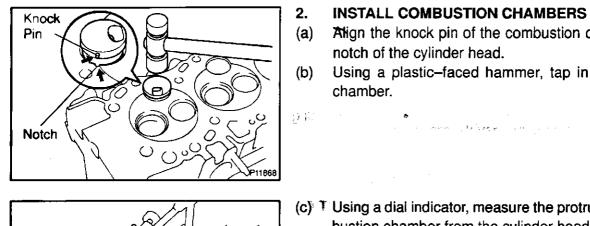
(b) If reusing combustion chamber: Install the combustion chamber back in its original posi-

f nomoress the valve shifth and pla

tion.



ENGINE MECHANICAL - CYLINDER HEAD



P11867

- Align the knock pin of the combustion chamber with the notch of the cylinder head.
- Using a plastic-faced hammer, tap in the combustion

and the second second second

- (c) T Using a dial indicator, measure the protrusion of the combustion chamber from the cylinder head.
 - **Protrusion:** Minus 0.03 - Plus 0.02 mm
 - (Minus 0.0012 Plus 0.0008 in.)

If the protrusion is less than specified, adjust with shims. Shim thickness:

- 0.05 mm (0.0020 in.)
- 3080-0.10 mm (0.0039 in.)

If the protrusion is greater than specification, replace the chamber and recheck the protrusion.

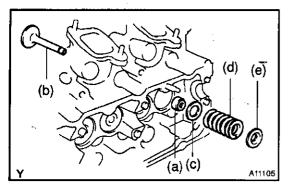
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(f) SST P12197

INSTALL VALVES 3.

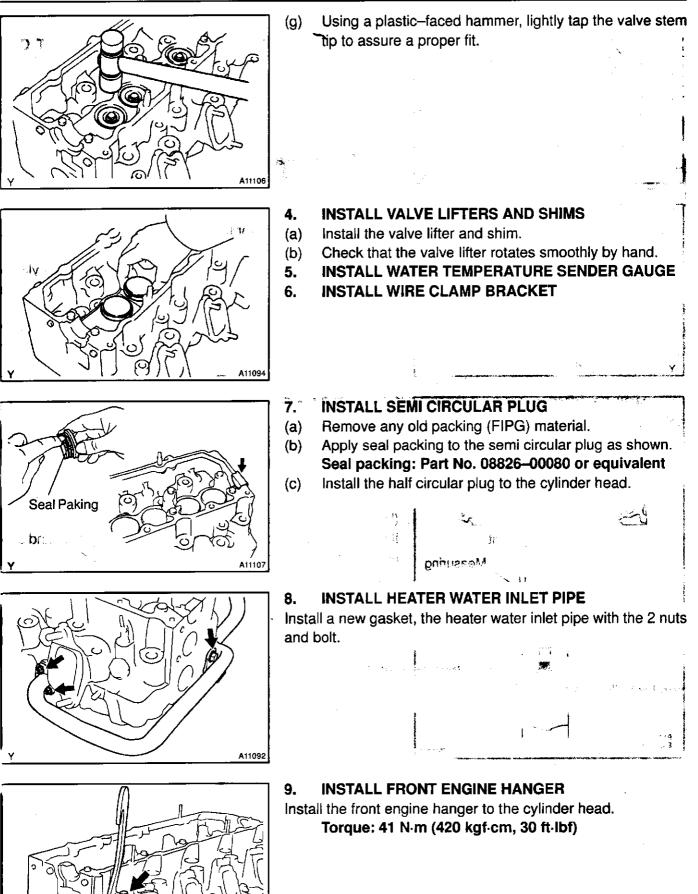
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- Install the oil seal. .(a)
- Install the valve. (b)

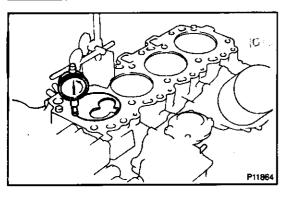
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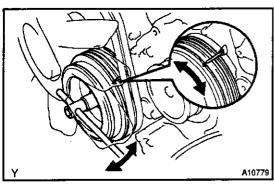
- Install the spring seat. (c)
- (d) Install the valve spring.
- (e) Install the spring retainer.
 - Using SST, compress the valve spring and place the 2 keepers around the valve stem.

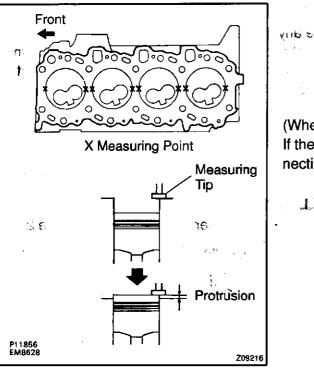
09202-70020 (09202-00010) SST



A11065







INSTALLATION

CHECK PISTON PROTRUSION AND SELECT CYL-1. INDER HEAD GASKET

Check the piston protrusions for each cylinder. (a)

- Clean the cylinder block with solvent. (1)
- Sent the piston of the cylinder to be measured to (2)slightly before TDC.
- Place a dial indicator on the cylinder block, and set (3) the dial indicator at 0 mm (0 in.).

HINT: SHAT NOW B

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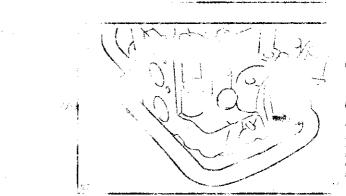
- Use a dial indicator measuring tip a shown in the illustration.
- Make sure that the measuring tip is square to the cylinder block gasket surface and piston head when taking the measurements.
 - Find where the piston head protrudes most by slow-(4) ly turning the crankshaft clockwise and counterclockwise. 1 AL JULY Y

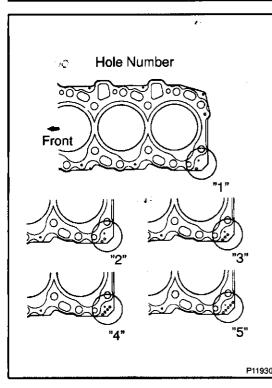
Measure each cylinder at 2 places as shown in the (5) illustration, making a total of 8 measurements.

For the piston protrusion value of each cylinder, use (6) the average of the 2 measurements of each cylinder.

Protrusion: 0.08 - 0.33 mm (0.0031 - 0.0130 in.)

(When removing piston and connecting rod assembly) If the protrusion is not as specified, remove the piston and connecting rod assembly and reinstall it.





(b) Select a new cylinder head gasket.

HINT:

There are 5 types of cylinder head gasket (hole number 1 to 5) installed at factory, but only 3 types for supply parts (hole number "1", "3" and "5"), so when replacing the gasket select from one of 3 types above.

Installed cylinder head gasket thickness:

Hole number "1"	0.80 – 0.90 mm (0.0315 – 0.0354 in.)
Hole number "3"	0.90 – 1.00 mm (0.0354 – 0.0394 in.)
Hole number "5"	1.00 – 1.10 mm (0.0394 – 0.0433 in.)

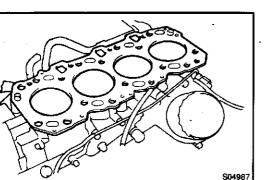
Select the largest piston protrusion value from the measurements made, then select the appropriate cylinder head gasket according to the table below.

Piston protrusion mm (in.)	Gasket size
0.08 - 0.12 (0.0031 - 0.0047)	Use "1"
0.13 - 0.22 (0.0051 - 0.0087)	Use "3"
0.23 – 0.33 (0.0091 – 0.0130)	Use "5"

TDC Mark

2. SET NO.4 CYLINDER TO TDC / COMPRESSION

Turn the crankshaft pulley, and align the TDC mark of the timing gear cover with the No.2 camshaft timing pulley.



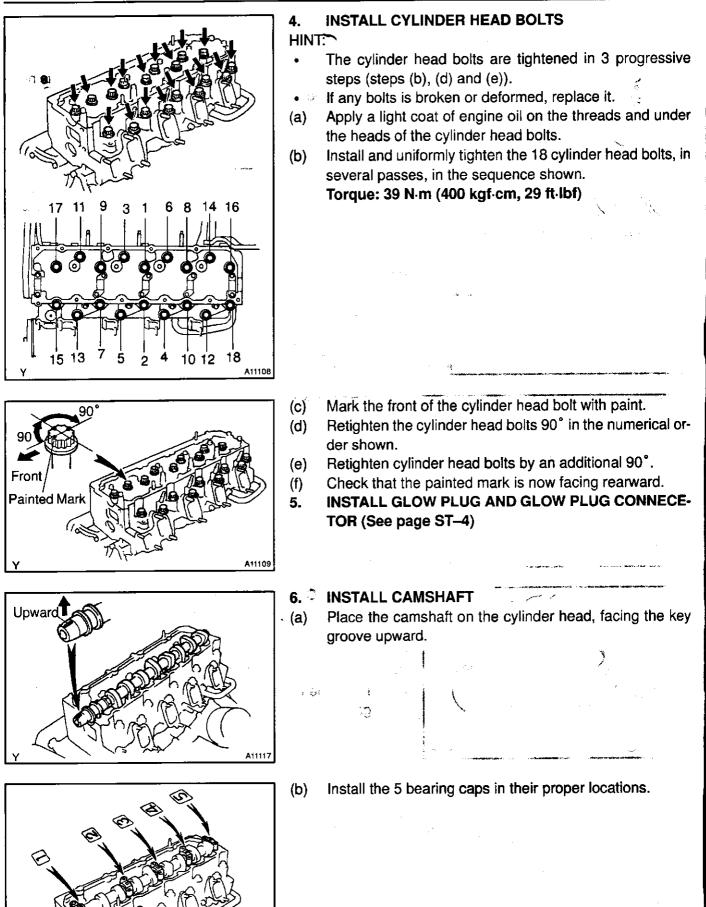
- 3. PLACE CYLINDER HEAD ON CYLINDER BLOCK
- (a) Place a new cylinder head gasket in position on the cylinder block.

NOTICE:

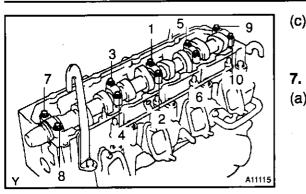
Be careful of the installation direction.

(b) Place the cylinder head in position on the cylinder head gasket.

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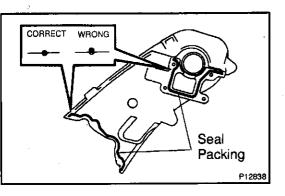
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(c) Install and uniformly tighten the 10 bearing cap bolts in "several passes in the sequence shown.

Torque: 18 N·m (185 kgf·cm, 13 ft·lbf)

INSTALL CAMSHAFT OIL SEAL RETAINER

- (a) Remove any old packing (FIPG) material and be careful not to drop any oil on the contact surfaces of the camshaft oil seal retainer and cylinder head.
 - Using a razor blade and gasket scraper, remove all the old packing (FIPG) material from the gasket surfaces and sealing groove.
 - Thoroughly clean all components to remove all the loose material.
 - Using a non-residue solvent, clean both sealing surfaces.



(b) Apply seal packing to the camshaft oil seal retainer as shown in the illustration.

Seal packing: Part No. 08826-00080 or equivalent

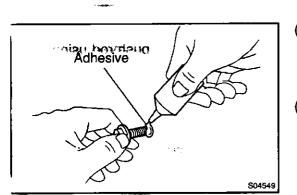
 Install a nozzle that has been cut to a 2-3 mm (0.08 - 0.12 in.) opening.

HINT:

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Avoid applying an excessive amount to the surface.

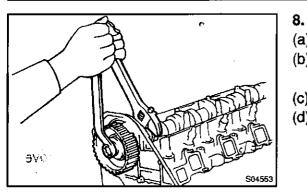
- Parts must be assembled within 5 minutes of application. Otherwise the material must be removed and reapplied.
- Immediately remove nozzle from the tube and reinstall cap.



(c) Apply adhesive to 2 or 3 threads of the mounting bolt end. Adhesive:

Part No. 08833-00070, THREE BOND 1324, or equivalent

(d) Install the retainer with the 7 bolts. Torque: 10 N·m (100 kgf·cm, 7 ft·lbf)



INSTALL NO.1, CAMSHAFT TIMING PULLEY

- (a) Install the set key to the key groove of the camshaft.
- (b) Align the pulley set key with the key groove of the cam
 - shaft timing pulley, slide the camshaft timing pulley.
- (c) Temporarily install the timing pulley bolt.
- (d) Hold the hexagon wrench head portion of the camshaft with a wrench, and tighten the camshaft timing pulley bolt.
 Torque: 98 N·m (1,000 kgf·cm, 72 ft·lbf)

9. SET NO.4 CYLINDER TO TDC / COMPRESSION

Set the timing pulley at each position.

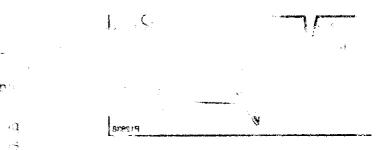
NOTICE:

P12461

When turning the crankshaft, the valve heads will hit against the piston top. So do not turn it more than necessary.

10. INSTALL TIMING BELT IDLER PULLEY

- (a) Using a 10 mm hexagon wrench, install the washer and timing belt idler pulley with the bolt.
 - Torque: 35 N·m (350 kgf·cm, 25 ft·lbf)
- (b) Check that the idler pulley moves smoothly.
- If it doesn't move smoothly, check the idler pulley and washer.

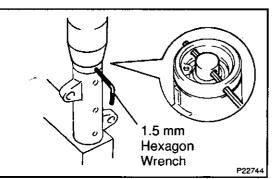


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11. INSTALL TIMING BELT NOTICE:

The engine should be cold. HINT:

If re-using the timing belt, align the points marked during removal, and install the belt with the arrow pointing in the direction of engine revolution.



12.45 SET TIMING BELT TENSIONER

- Using a press, slowly press in the push rod using 981 9,807 N (100 – 1,000 kgf, 220 – 2,205 lbf) of force.
- (b) Align the holes of the push rod and housing, pass a 1.5 mm hexagon wrench through the holes to keep the setting position of the push rod.
- (c) Release the press.

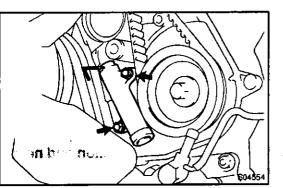


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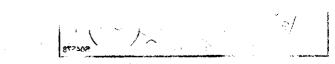
2000 - **100 100 100 100 100**

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Figure 10 %



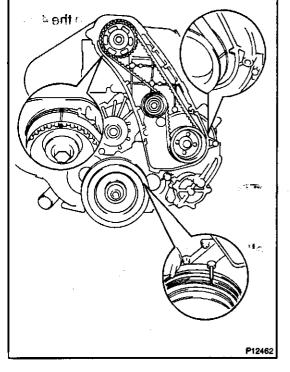
- 13. INSTALL TIMING BELT TENSIONER
 (a) Temporarily install the timing belt tensioner with the 2
 bolts while pushing the idler pulley toward the timing belt.
- (b) Tighten the 2 bolts. Torque: 13 N·m (130 kgf·cm, 9 ft·lbf)
- (c) Remove the 1.5 mm hexagon wrench from the tensioner.

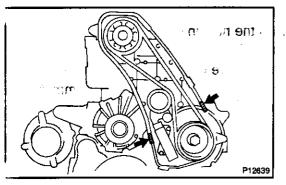


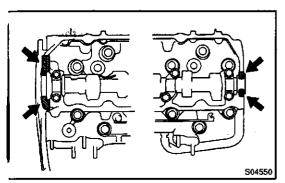
14. CHECK VALVE TIMING

Turn the crankshaft pulley clockwise and check that each pulley aligns with the timing marks (TDC mark) as shown in the illustration.

If the marks do not align, remove the timing belt and reinstall it.







15. INSTALL TIMING BELT COVER

- (a) Remove any old packing (FIPG) material.
- (b) Apply seal packing to the camshaft oil seal retainer and timing gear cover a shown in the illustration. Seal packing: Part No. 08826–00080 or equivalent
- (c) Install the gasket to the timing belt cover.
- (d) Install the timing belt cover with the 4 seal washers, bolts and 2 clips.
- 16. CHECK AND ADJUST VALVE CLEARANCE (See page EM-4)
- 17. INSTALL CYLINDER HEAD COVER (b)
- (a) Remove any old packing (FIPG) material.
- (b) Apply seal packing to the cylinder head as shown in the illustration.

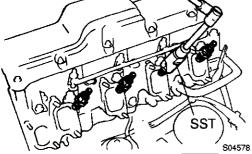
Seal packing: Part No. 08826–00080 or equivalent

- (c) Install the gasket to the cylinder head cover.
- (d) Install the cylinder head cover with the 10 bolts and 2
 -- nuts. Uniformly tighten the bolts and nuts in several
 -- passes.

Torque: 9 N·m (90 kgf·cm, 78 in. lbf)



SSI S04578



INSTALL INJECTION NOZZLES 18.

- (a) Place the nozzle seats and new gaskets into the injection nozzle holes of the cylinder head.
- Using SST, install the injection nozzles. (b) SST 09268-64010 (09268-64020) Torque: 54 N m (540 kgf cm, 40 ft lbf)

NOTICE:

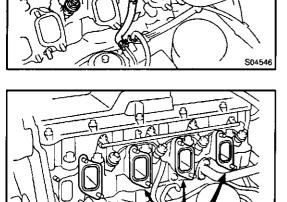
Over torguing could cause nozzle deformation and needle adhesion or other defects.

19. INSTALL NOZZLE LEAKAGE PIPE

(a) install 4 new gaskets and the leakage pipe with the 4 nuts. Torque: 30 N·m (300 kgf·cm, 22 ft·lbf)

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(b) Connect the fuel hose to the return pipe.



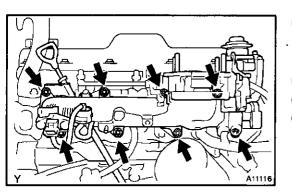
20. **INSTALL INTAKE MANIFOLD**

Place 4 new gaskets in position on the cylinder head. (a) NOTICE:

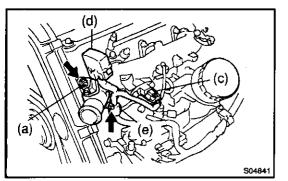
Be careful of the installation direction.

Connect the oil dipstick guide assembly. (b)





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- (C) Install the intake manifold with the 8 nuts and oil dipstick. Uniformly tighten the nuts in several passes. Torque: 29 N·m (290 kgf·cm, 21 ft·lbf)
- (d) Connect the engine wire clamp to the venturi.
- Install the glow plug wire with the nut and grommet. (e)
- (f) Connect the throttle position sensor connector.



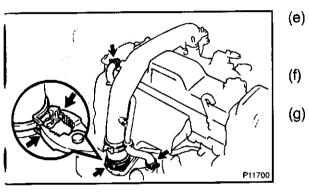
- Install a new gasket and the water outlet with the 2 nuts. (a) Torque: 13 N·m (130 kgf·cm, 9 ft·lbf)
- (b) Connect the water temperature sender gauge connector.
- (c) Connect the turbo pressure sensor connector.
- Connect the check connector. (d)
- Connect the engine wire clamp. (e)
- 22. **INSTALL INJECTION PIPES (See page FU-13)**
- 23. **INSTALL TURBOCHARGER (See page TC–16)**

- 24. INSTALL INTAKE PIPE

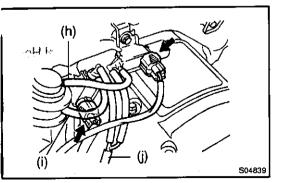
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- (a) Install the VSV for the No.1 and No.2. intake constrictor control. (See page ED-13)
- (b) Install the accelrator cable bracket to the intake pipe. Torque: 20 N·m (204 kgf·cm cm, 15 ft·lbf)
- (c) Place a new gasket on the venturi.
- (d) Connect the intake pipe and PCV hose.



- Place the clamp lock together with the pliers and press down the tip of the lock plate. Carefully let the lock spread apart. Take care not to let the pliers slip. Install the 4 seal washers and nuts.
 - Torque: 12 N·m (120 kgf·cm, 9 ft·lbf)
- install the vacuum hose clamp with the bolt to the cylinder head. η



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- (h) Connect the vacuum hose to the actuator of the chamber A.
- (i) Connect the vacuum hose to the actuator of the chamber B.
- (j) Connect the vacuum hose to the 3-way (from the vacuum pump).
- (k) Connect the VSV for the No.1 and No.2 intake constrictor control connectors.
- 25. FILL WITH ENGINE COOLANT
- 26. START ENGINE AND CHECK FOR LEAKS
- 27. RECHECK ENGINE COOLANT LEVEL AND OIL LEV-

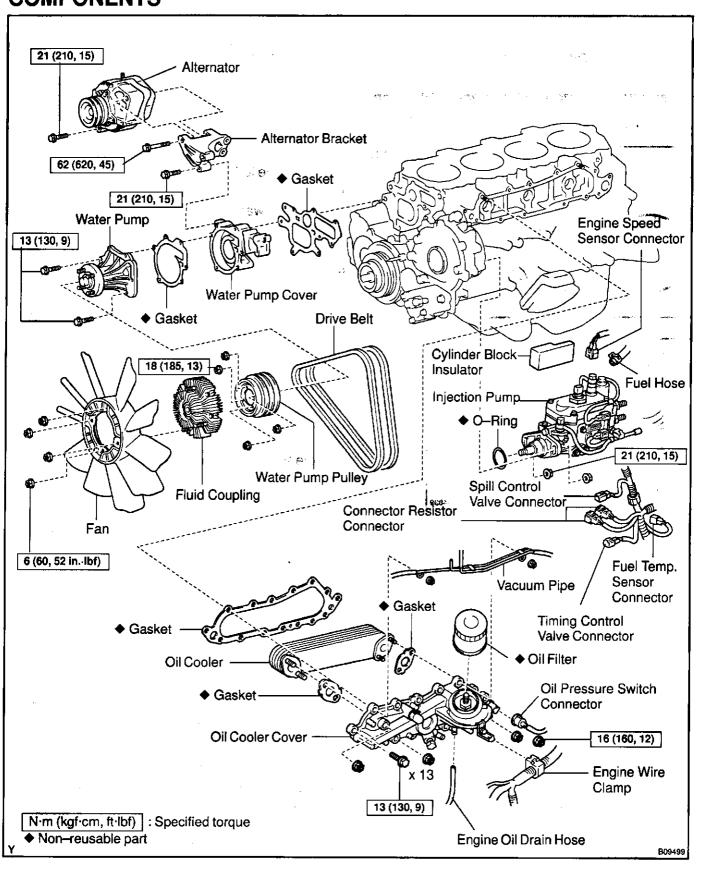
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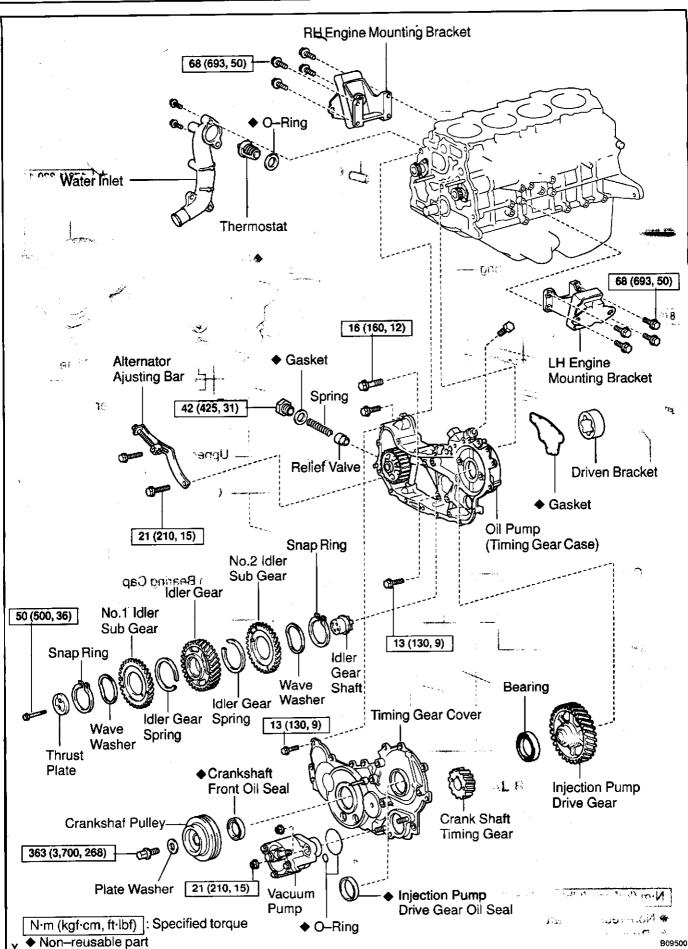
ENGINE MECHANICAL - CHENDER BLOCK

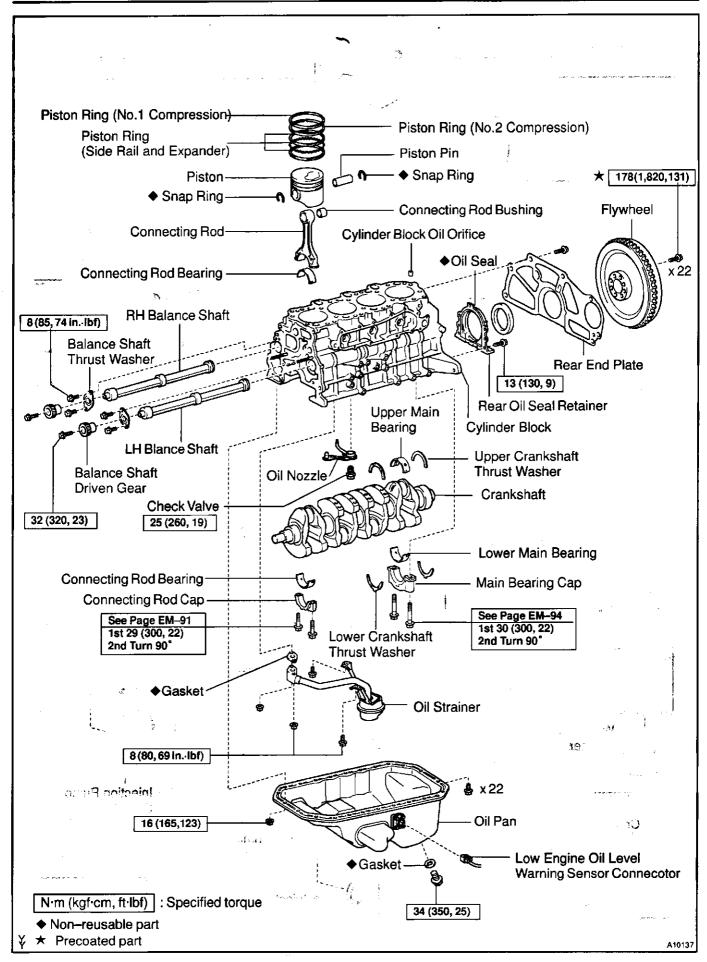
CYLINDER BLOCK COMPONENTS

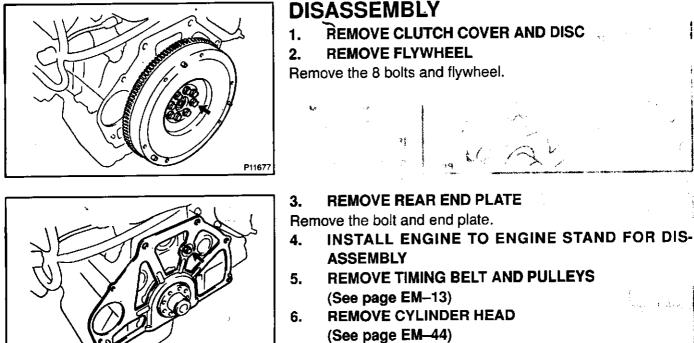




ENGINE MECHANICAL __ CYLINDER BLOCK

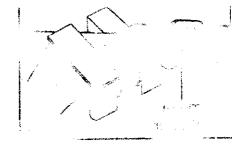


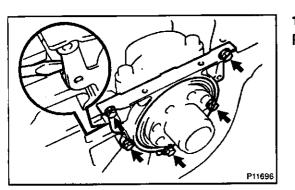




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- 7. REMOVE ALTERNATOR AND ALTERNATOR BRACK-ET (See page CO-5)
- 8. REMOVE WATER PUMP (See page CO-5)
- 9. REMOVE INJECTION PUMP (See page FU-18)
- 10. REMOVE OIL COOLER (See page LU-21)
- 11. REMOVE TIMING GEARS (See page EM-24)
- 12. TIMING GEAR CASE (See page LU-7)
- 13. REMOVE WATER INLET AND THERMOSTAT (See page CO-11)
- 14. REMOVE WATER TEMPERATURE SENSOR
- 15. REMOVE ENGINE MOUNTING
- 16. REMOVE OIL PAN
- 17. REMOVE PLUG HOLE





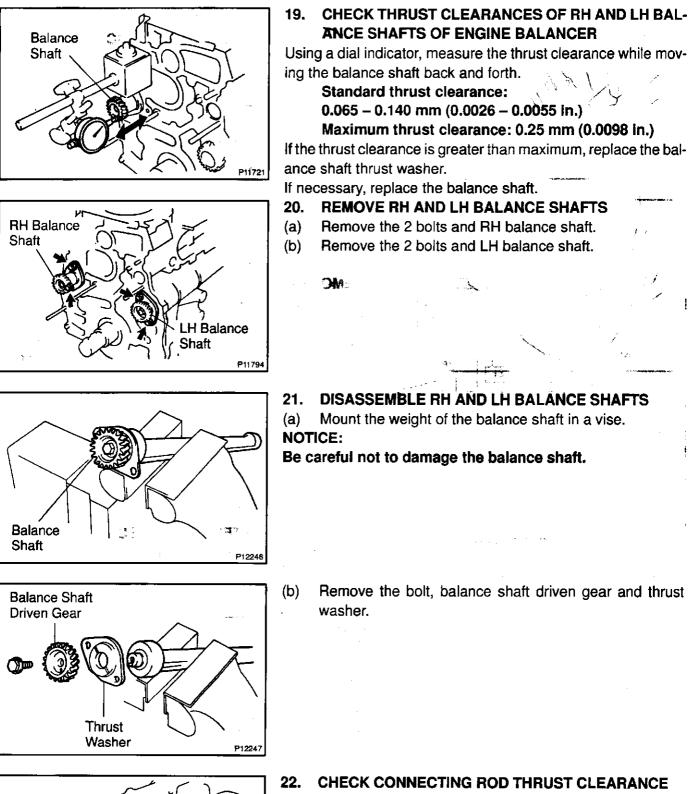
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18. REMOVE REAR OIL SEAL RETAINER Remove the 5 bolts and retainer.



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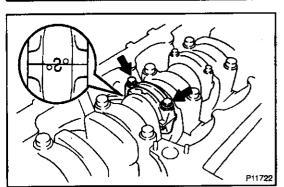


P11663

Using a dial indicator, measure the thrust clearance while moving the connecting rod back and forth.

Standard thrust clearance: 0.10 – 0.30 mm (0.0039 – 0.0118 in.)

Maximum thrust clearance: 0.40 mm (0.0157 in.) \ If the thrust clearance is greater than maximum, replace the connecting rod assembly. If necessary, replace the crankshaft.



- 23. REMOVE CONNECTING ROD CAPS AND CHECK OIL ~CLEARANCE
- (a) Using a punch or numbering stamp, place matchmarks on the connecting rod and cap to ensure correct reassembly.
 (b) Remove the connecting rod cap bolts.
- (c) Using the 2 removed connecting rod bolts, pry the connecting rod cap back and forth, and remove the connecting cap.

HINT:

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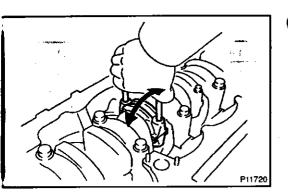
Keep the lower bearing inserted with the connecting rod cap. (d) Clean the crank pin and bearing.

(e) Check the crank pin and bearing for pitting and scratches. If the crank pin or bearing is damaged, replace the bearings. If necessary, grind or replace the crankshaft.

- (f) Lay a strip of Plastigage across the crank pin.
 (g) Install the connecting rod cap with the 2 bolts. (See page EM-94)
 1st
 - Torque: 29 N·m (300 kgf·cm, 22 ft·lbf) 2nd Turn 90 °

NOTICE:

Do not turn the crankshaft.



Plastigage

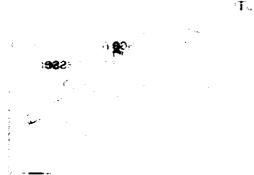
(h) Remove the 2 bolts, connecting rod cap and lower bearing. (See procedure (b) and (c) above)

No.1

- dot Plastigage
- (i) Measure the Plastigage at its widest point.
 Standard oil clearance:
 STD: 0.036 0.054 mm (0.0014 0.0021 in.)
 U/S 0.25 and U/S 0.50:
 0.037 0.077 mm (0.0015 0.0030 in.)
 Maximum oil clearance: 0.10 mm (0.0039 in.)

If the oil clearance is greater than maximum, replace the bearings. If necessary, grind or replace the crankshaft. Cylinder block

HINT:



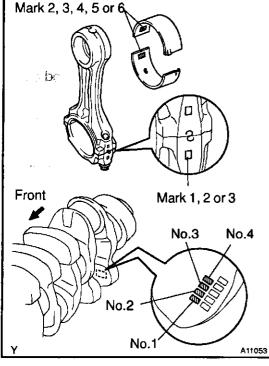
If using a standard bearing, replace it with one having the same number. If the number of the bearing cannot be determined, select the correct bearing by adding together the numbers inprinted on the crankshaft and connecting rod, then selecting the bearing with the same number as the total. There are 5 sizes of standard bearings, marked "2", "3", "4", "5" and "6" accordingly.

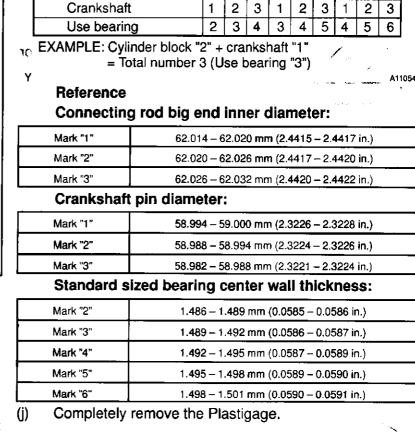
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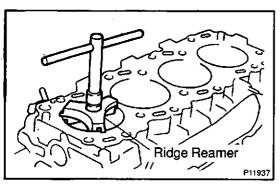
Number Marked

2

3





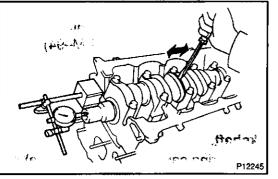


24. REMOVE PISTON AND CONNECTING ROD AS-SEMBLIES

- No and 111

- (a) Using a ridge reamer, remove all the carbon from the top of the cylinder.
- (b) Push the piston, connecting rod assembly and upper bearing through the top of the cylinder block.
- HINT:
 - Keep the bearings, connecting rod and cap together.
 - Arrange the piston and connecting rod assemblies in correct order.

ENGINE MECHANICAL - CYLINDER BLOCK



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25. CHECK CRANKSHAFT THRUST CLEARANCE

Using a dial indicator, measure the thrust clearance while prying the crankshaft back and forth with a screwdriver.

Standard thrust clearance:

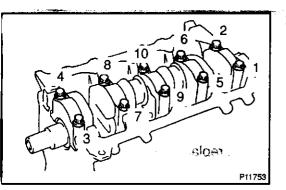
0.040 - 0.240 mm (0.0016 - 0.0094 in.)

Maximum thrust clearance: 0.30 mm (0.0118 in.)

If the thrust clearance is grater than maximum, replace the thrust washers as a set.

Thrust washer thickness:

STD	2.430 – 2.480 mm (0.0957 – 0.0976 in.)
U/S 0.250	2.555 – 2.605 mm (0.1006 – 0.1026 in.)
U/S 0.125	2.493 – 2.543 mm (0.0981 – 0.1001 in.)



26. REMOVE MAIN BEARING CAPS AND CHECK OIL CLEARANCE

(a) Uniformly loosen and remove the main bearing cap bolts in several passes, in the sequence shown.

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- (b) Using the removed main bearing cap bolts, pry the main bearing cap back and forth, and remove the main bearing caps, lower bearings and lower thrust washers (No.5 main bearing cap only).
 HINT:
 - Keep the lower bearing and main bearing cap together.
 - Arrange the main bearing caps and lower thrust washers in correct order.

(c) Lift out the črankshaft.

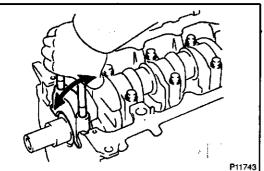
HINT:

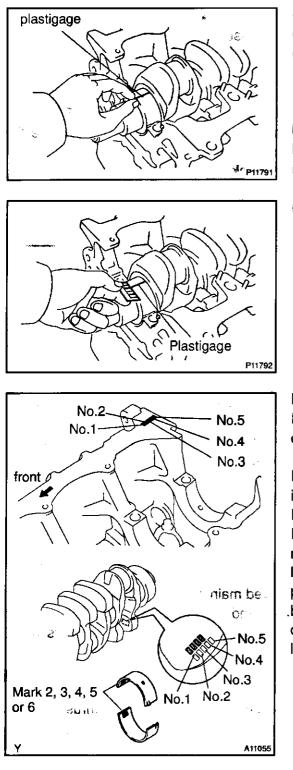
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Keep the upper bearings and upper thrust washers together with the cylinder block.

- (d) Clean each main journal and bearing.
- (e) Check each main journal and bearing for pitting and scratches.

If the journal or bearing is damaged, replace the bearings. If necessary, grind or replace the crankshaft.





(f) Place the crankshaft on the cylinder block.

- (g) tray a strip of Plastigage across each journal.
- (h) Install the main bearing caps. (See page EM-94) **1st**

Torque: 49 N·m (500 kgf·cm, 36 ft·lbf) 2nd Turn 90 °

NOTICE:

Do not turn the crankshaft.

(i) Remove the main bearing caps. (See procedure (a) and
 (b) above)

Measure the Plastigage at its widest point.
 Standard clearance:
 STD: 0.036 – 0.054 mm (0.0014 – 0.0021 in.)
 U/S 0.25 and U/S 0.50:

0.037- 0.077 mm (0.0015 - 0.0030 in.) Maximum clearance: 0.10 mm (0.0039 in.)

HINT:

If replacing the cylinder block subassembly, the bearing standard clearance will be:

0.036 – 0.054 mm (0.0014 – 0.0021 in.)

If the oil clearance is greater than maximum, replace the bearings. If necessary, grind or replace the crankshaft. HINT:

If using a standard bearing, replace it with one having the same number. If the number of the bearing cannot be determined, select the correct bearing by adding together the numbers imprinted on the cylinder block and crankshaft, then selecting the bearing with the same number as the total. There are 5 sizes of standard bearings, marked "2", "3", "4", "5" and "6" accordingly.

		N	umt	per l	Marl	ked		-	
Cylinder block		1			2			3	
Crankshaft	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3
Use bearing	2	3	4	3	4	5	4	5	6

EXAMPLE: Cylinder block "2" + crankshaft "1"

= Total number 3 (Use bearing "3")

Reference

Cylinder block main journal bore diameter:

A1105

Mark "1"	75.000 - 75.006 mm (2.9528 - 2.9530 in.)
Mark "2"	75.006 - 75.012 mm (2.9530 - 2.9532 in.)
Mark "3"	75.012 – 75. 018 mm (2.9532 – 2.9535 in.)

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35.

Crankshaft journal diameter:

Mark "1"	69.994 – 70.000 mm (2.7557 – 2.7559 in.)
Mark "2"	69.988 – 69.994 mm (2.7554 – 2.7557 in.)
Mark "3"	69.982 – 69.988 mm (2.7552 – 2.7554 in.)

Standard sized bearing center wall thickness:

	•
Mark "2"	2.479 - 2.482 mm (0.0976 - 0.977 in.)
Mark "3"	2.482 - 2.485 mm (0.0977 - 0.0978 in.)
Mark "4"	2.485 - 2.488 mm (0.0978 - 0.0980 in.)
Mark "5"	2.488 – 2.491 mm (0.0980 – 0.0981 in.)
Mark "6"	2.491 – 2.494 mm (0.0981 – 0.0982 in.)

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(k) Completely remove the Plastigage.

REMOVE CRANKSHAFT 27.

- Lift out the crankshaft. (a)
- Remove the upper bearings and upper thrust washers (b) from the cylinder block.

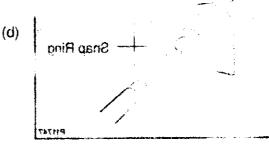
HINT:

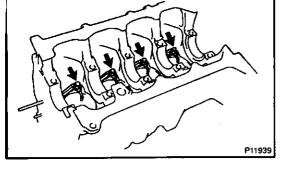
Arrange the main bearing caps, bearings and thrust washers in correct order.

REMOVE CHECK VALVES AND OIL NOZZLES 28.

Remove the 4 check valves and oil nozzles.

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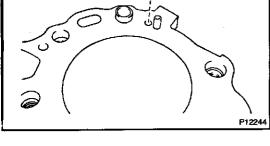




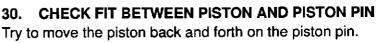
0— Cylinder Block

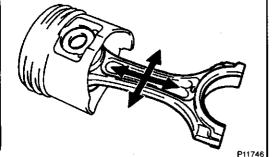
Orifice

REMOVE CYLINDER BLOCK ORIFICE 29. Remove the cylinder block orifice from the cylinder block.

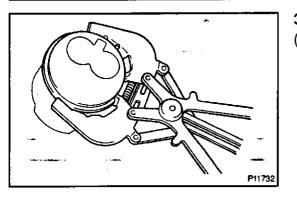


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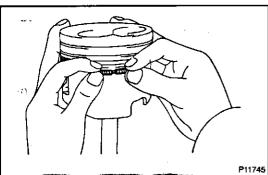




30. If any movement is felt, replace the piston and pin as a set.



- 31. **REMOVE PISTON RINGS**
- (a) **Using** a piston ring expander, remove the 2 compression rings and oil ring.



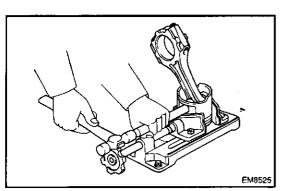
(b) Remove the coil by hand. HINT:

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Arrange the rings in correct order only.

32. DISCONNECT CONNECTING ROD FROM PISTON

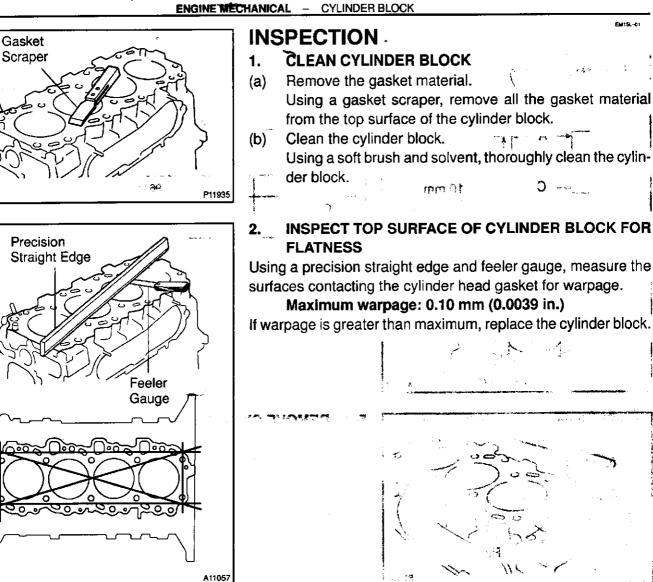
- (a) Using a small screwdriver, pry off the snap ring form the piston.
- (b) Gradually heat the piston to approx. $60^{\circ}C$ (140°F).

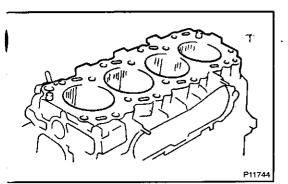


Snap Ring

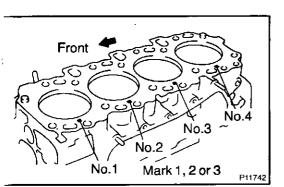
P11747

- (c) Using a plastic–faced hammer and brass bar, lightly tap out the piston pin and remove the connecting rod.
 HINT:
 - The piston pin are matched set.
 - Arrange the pistons, pins, rings, connecting rods and bearings in correct order.





3. INSPECT CYLINDER FOR VERTICAL SCRATCHES Visually check the cylinder for vertical scratches. If deep scratches are present, rebore all the 4 cylinders. If necessary, replace the cylinder block.

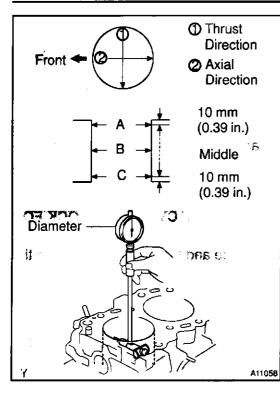


4. INSPECT CYLINDER BORE DIAMETER HINT:

There are 3 sizes of the standard cylinder bore diameter, marked "1", "2" and "3" accordingly. The mark is stamped on the top of the cylinder block.

EM-83

ENGINE MECHANICAL - CYLINDER BLOCK



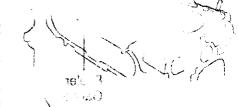
Using a cylinder gauge, measure the cylinder bore diameter at positions A, B and C in the thrust and axial directions.

Standard diameter:

Standard dia	ameter:
STD Mark	96.000 - 96.010 mm (3.7795 - 3.7799 in.)
STD Mark	96.010 - 96.020 mm(3.7799 - 3.7803 in.)
STD Mark	96.020 - 96.030 mm (3.7803 - 3.7807 in.)
Maximum di	ameter:

STD	96.23 mm (3.7886 in.)
O/S 0.50	96.73 mm (3.8083 in.)
O/S 0.75	96.96 mm (3.8137 in.)
O/S 1.00	97.23 mm (3.8279 in.)

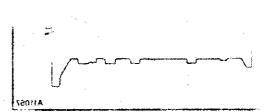
If the diameter is greater than maximum, rebore all the 4 cylinders. If necessary, replace the cylinder block.



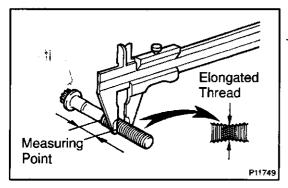
Ridge Reamer P11937

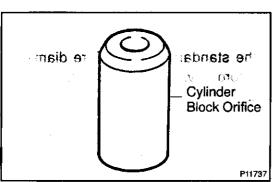
REMOVE CYLINDER RIDGE 5.

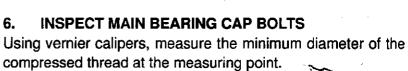
If the wear is less than 0.2 mm (0.008 in.), using a ridge reamer, grind the top of the cylinder.



1.6



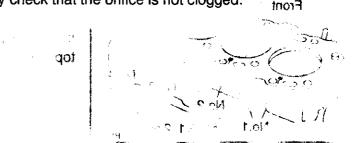


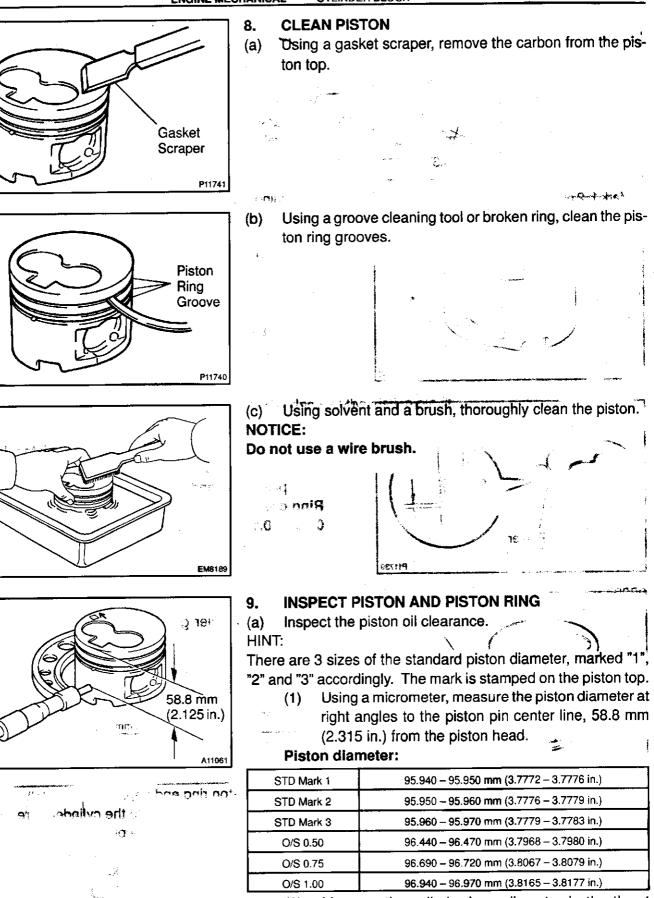


- Standard diameter: 53
- 13.500 14.000 mm (0.5315 0.5512 in.) . Minimum diameter: 12.60 mm (0.4961 in.)

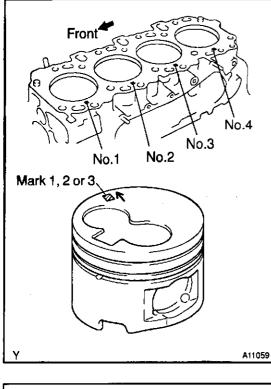
If the diameter is less than minimum, replace the bolt.

7. 7 INSPECT CYLINDER BLOCK ORIFICE Visually check that the orifice is not clogged.





(2) Measure the cylinder bore diameter in the thrust directions. (See page EM–94)



(3) Subtract the piston diameter measurement from the
 cylinder bore diameter measurement.

Standard oil clearance:

0.050 - 0.070 mm (0.0020 - 0.0028 in.)

Maximum oil clearance: 0.14 mm (0.0055 in.)

If the oil clearance is greater than maximum, replace all the 4 pistons and rebore all the 4 cylinders. If necessary, replace the cylinder block.

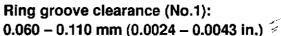
HINT:

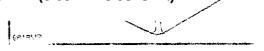
(Use new cylinder block): Use a piston with the same number mark as the cylinder bore diameter marked on the cylinder block.



- (b) Inspect the piston ring groove clearance.
 - (1) No.1 ring:

Install a new No.1 piston ring to the piston. Using a feeler gauge, measure the clearance between new piston ring and the wall of the ring groove.





 T (2) No.2 and oil ring:
 Using a feeler gauge, measure the clearance between the new piston ring and the wall of the ring groove.

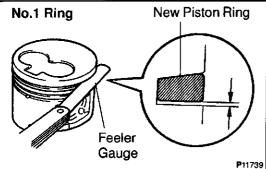
Ring groove clearance (No.2 and oil ring):

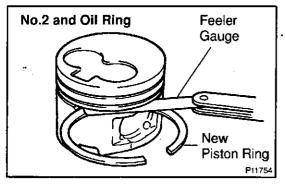
No.2	0.060 – 0.100 mm (0.0024 – 0.0039 in.)
Oil	0.020 – 0.060 mm (0.0009 – 0.0024 in.)

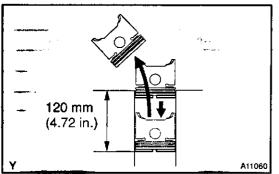
If the clearance is greater than maximum, replace the piston.

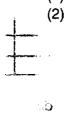
(c) Inspect the piston ring end gap.

- (1) Insert the piston ring into the cylinder bore.
 - 2) Using a piston, push the piston ring a little beyond the bottom of the ring travel, 120 mm (4.72 in.) from the top of the cylinder block.

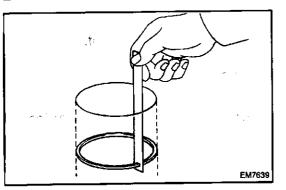








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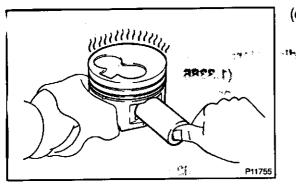
η.

(3) Using a	gap:
No.1	0.350 – 0.570 mm (0.0138 – 0.0224 in.)
No.2	0.400 - 0.600 mm (0.0157 - 0.0236 in.)

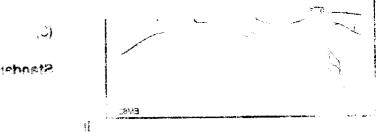
Oil	0.200 – 0.500 mm (0.0079 – 0.0197 in.)	
Maximum	nd gap:	
No.1	1.03 mm (0.0406 in.)	

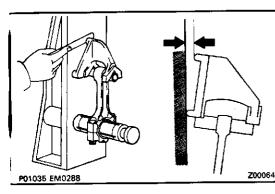
190.1	1.00 mm (0.0400 m/)
No.2	1.10 mm (0.0433 in.)
Oil	0.87 mm (0.0343 in.)

If the end gap is greater than maximum, replace the piston ring. If the end gap is greater than maximum, even with a new piston ring, rebore all the 4 cylinders or replace the cylinder block.



- (d) Inspect the pistion pin fit.
 At 80°C (176°F), you should be able to push the piston
 - e pin into the piston pin hole with your thumb.



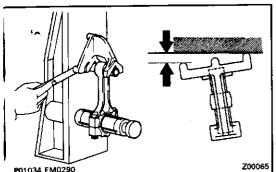


- (e) Using a rod aligner and feeler gauge, check the connecting rod alignment.
 - (1) Check for bend.

Maximum bend:

0.03 mm (0.0012 in.) per 100 mm (3.94 in.)

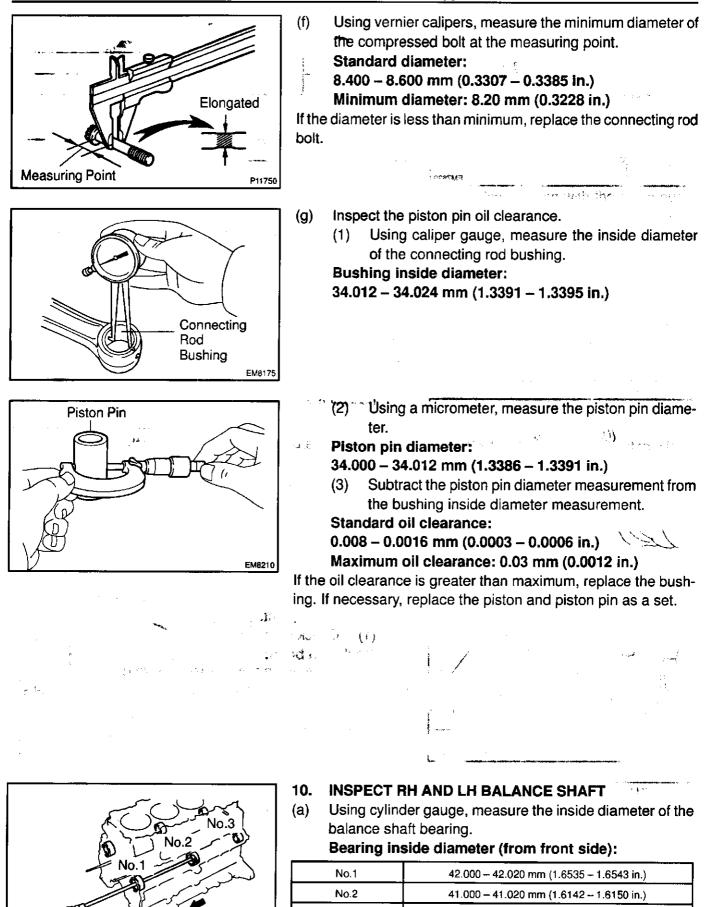
If bend is greater than maximum, replace the connecting rod assembly.



 (2) Check for twist.
 Maximum twist: 0.15 mm (0.0059 in.) per 100 mm (3.94 in.)
 If twist is greater than maximum, replace the connecting rod assembly.

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EM-88



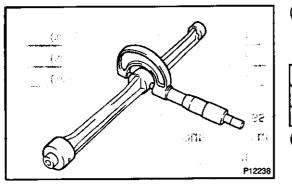
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No.3

32.000 - 32.020 mm (1.2598 - 1.2606 in.)

11

ENGINE MECHANICAL - CYLINDER BLOCK



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Using a micrometer, measure the diameter of the balance (b) shaft main journals.

Main journal diameter (from front side):

No.1	41.941 - 41.960 mm (1.6512 - 1.6520 in.)
No.2	40.931 – 40.950 mm (1.6115 – 1.6122 in.)
No.3	31.941 - 31.960 mm (1.2575 - 1.2583 in.)

Subtract the balance shaft main journal diameter mea-(c) surement from the balance shaft bearing inside diameter measurement.

Standard oil clearance:

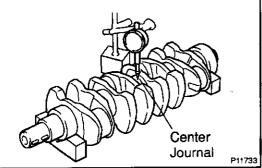
No.1	0.040 – 0.079 mm (0.0016 – 0.0031 in.)
No.2	0.040 – 0.079 mm (0.0016 – 0.0031 in.)
No.3	0.050 – 0.089 mm (0.0020 – 0.0035 in.)

Maximum oil clearance:

No.1	0.18 mm (0.0071 in.)
No.2	0.19 mm (0.0075 in.)
No.3	0.18 mm (0.0071 in.)

If the clearance is greater than maximum, replace the cylinder block and balance shaft.

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INSPECT CRANKSHAFT FOR RUNOUT 11.

- Place the crankshaft on V-blocks. (a)
- Using a dial indicator, measure the circle runout at the (b) center journal.

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Maximum circle runout: 0.06 mm (0.0024 in.)

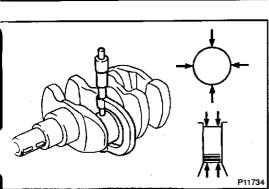
If the circle runout is greater than maximum, replace the crankshaft.

INSPECT MAIN JOURNALS AND CRANK PINS 12.

Using a micrometer, measure the diameter of each main (a) journal and crank pin.

Main journal diameter:

STD	69.982 – 70.000 mm (2.7552 – 2.7559 in.)
U/S 0.25	69.745 - 69.755 mm (2.7459 - 2.7463 in.)
U/S 0.50 69.495 - 69. 505 mm (2.7360 - 2.7364 in.)	



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ENGINE MECHANICAL - CYLINDER BLOCK

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(r	(† 1753) 1970 - Starley J. († 1976)	化二乙酸合丁
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are Crank pin diameter:

STD	58.982 – 59.000 mm (2.3221 – 2.3228 in.)
U/S 0.25	58.745 – 58.755 mm (2.3128 – 2.3132 in.)
U/S 0.50	58.495 – 58.505 mm (2.3028 – 2.3132 in.)

If the diameter is not as specified, check the oil clearance (See page EM-75). If necessary, grind or replace the crankshaft.
(b) Check each main journal and crank pin for taper and out-of-round as shown.

Maximum taper and out-of-round: ----

0.020 mm (0.0008 in.)

If the taper and out-of-round is greater than maximum, replace the crankshaft.

REPLACEMENT 1. REPLACE OVERSIZED (O/S) PISTONS

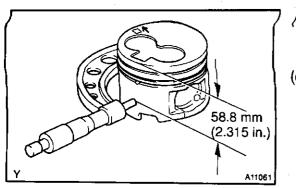
1. RE

- Bore all the 4 cylinders to the O/S piston outside diameter.
- Replace all the piston rings with ones to match the O/S pistons.
- (a) Keep the O/S pistons.

O/S piston diameter:

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O/S 0.50	96.440 – 96.470 mm (3.7968 – 3.7980 in.)
O/S 0.75	96.690 – 96.720 mm (3.8067 – 3.8079 in.)
O/S 1.00	96.940 – 96.97 0 mm (3.8165 – 3.8177 in.)



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(b) Using a micrometer, measure the piston diameter at right angles to the piston pin center line, 58.8 mm (2.315 in.) from the piston head.

(c) Calculate the amount each cylinder is to be rebored as follows:

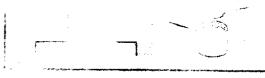
SST

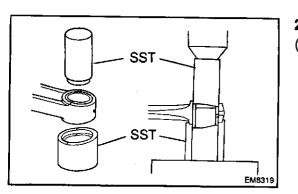
- Size to be repored = P + C H
- P = Piston diameter
- C = Piston clearance

0.050 - 0.070 mm (0.0020 - 0.0028 in.)

- H = Allowance for honing
- 0.02 mm (0.0008 in.) or less
- (d) Bore and hone cylinder to calculated dimensions.
 Maximum honing: 0.02 mm (0.0008 in.)
 NOTICE:

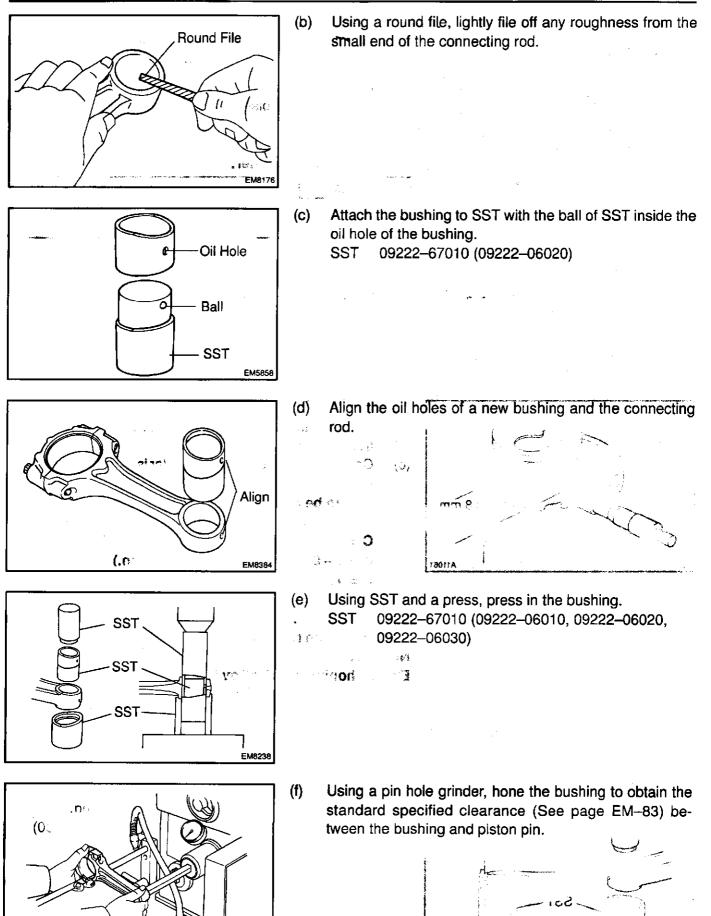
Excess honing will destroy the finished roundness.



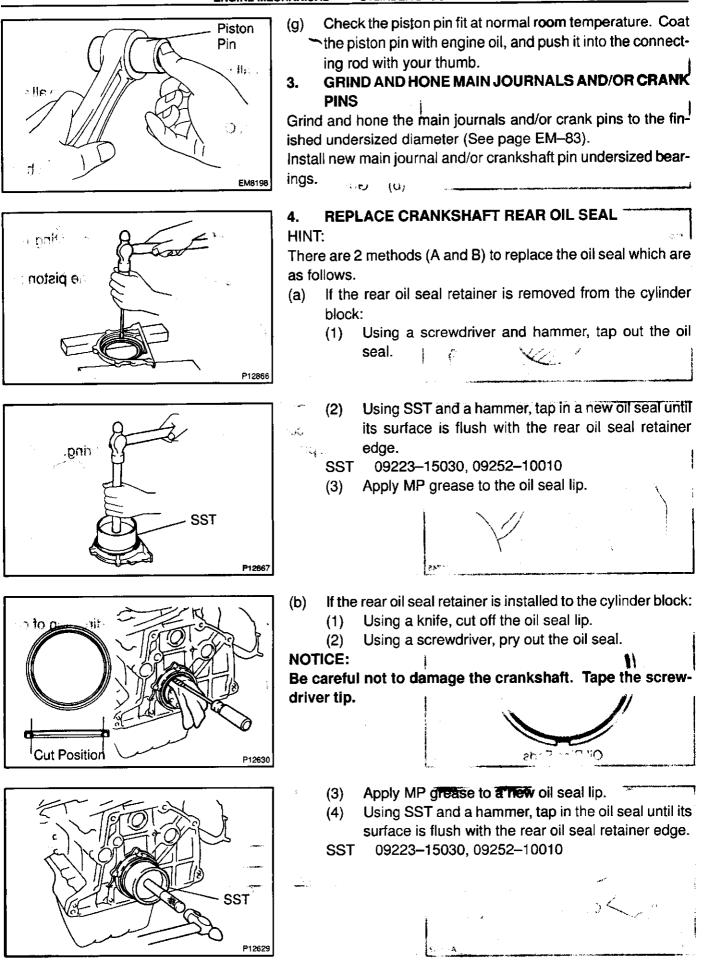


- 2. REPLACE CONNECTING ROD BUSHING
- (a) Using SST and a press, press out the bushing. SST 09222-67010 (09222-06010, 09222-06030)

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Front

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Front Mark

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REASSEMBLY HINT:

- Thoroughly clean all parts to be assembled. ٠
- Before installing the parts, apply fresh engine oil to all sliding and rotating surfaces.
- . 1.1 Replace all gaskets, O-rings and oil seals with new parts.
- 1. ASSEMBLE PISTON AND CONNECTING ROD
- Install a new snap ring on one side of the piston pin hole. (a)
- Gradually heat the piston to 80°C (176°F). (b)
- (C) Coat the piston pin with engine oil.
- (d) Align the front marks of the piston and connecting rod, and push in the piston pin with your thumb.
- Install a new snap ring on the other side of the piston pin (e) hole.

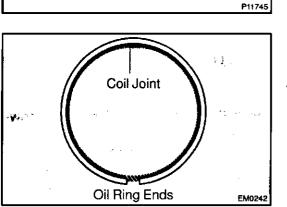


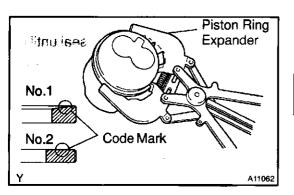
(a) Install the coil by hand.

(1)

(b) Install a piston ring expander, install the oil ring.

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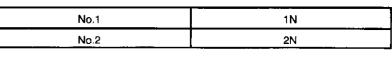


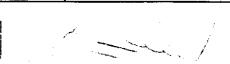
Face the end gap of the oil ring in the opposite direction of coil

____SST

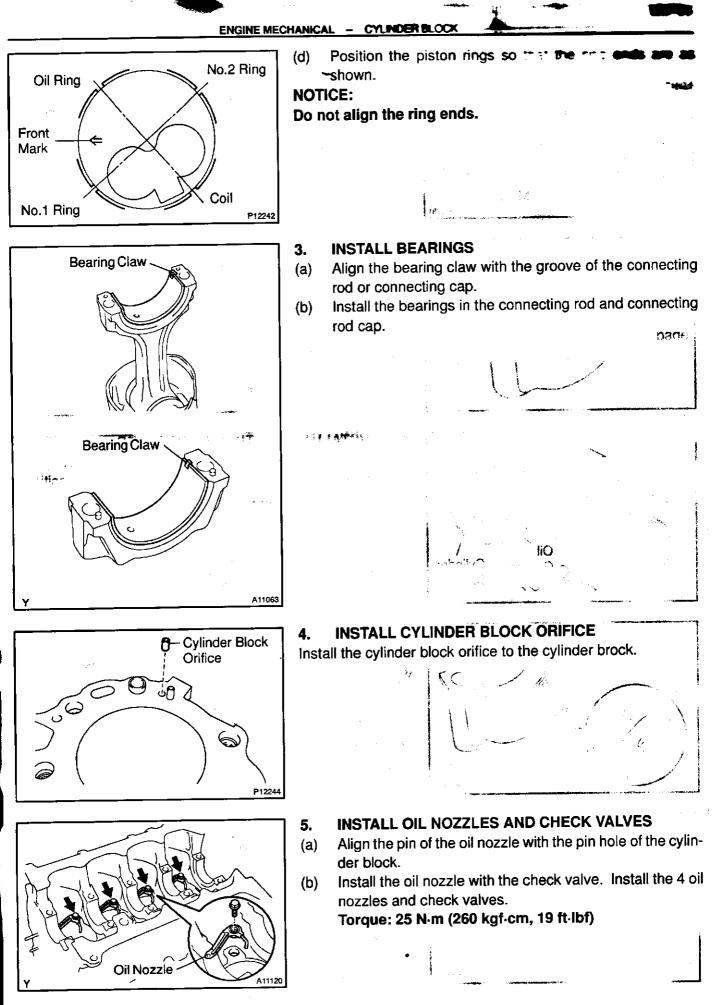


Using a piston ring expander, install the 2 compression (c) rings with the code mark facing upward. Code mark:





EM15N-0



- E

- **INSTALL MAIN BEARINGS** 6. Align the bearing claw with the claw groove of the cylinder (a) block, and push in the 5 upper bearings. Main Bearing P11781
 - bearing cap, and push in the 5 lower bearings. PLACE CRANKSHAFT ON CYLINDER BLOCK

Place the crankshaft on the cylinder brock.

- **INSTALL UPPER THRUST WASHERS**
- (a) Push the crankshaft toward the front (rear) side.
- Install the 2 thrust washers to the No.5 journal position of (b) the cylinder block with the oil grooves facing outward.



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- 9.) PLACE MAIN BEARING CAP AND LOWER THRUST WASHERS ON CYLINDER BLOCK
- Install the 2 thrust washers on the No.5 bearing cap with (a) the grooves facing outward.



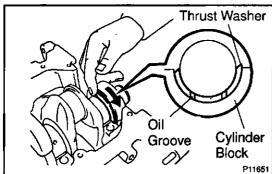
the 4 P13113

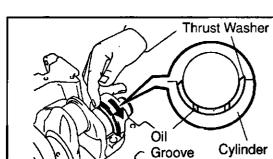
Install the 5 main bearing caps in their proper locations. (b) HINT:

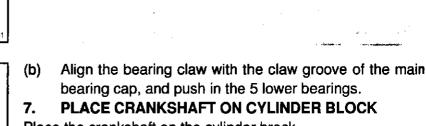
Each bearing cap has a number and front mark. **INSTALL MAIN BEARING CAP BOLTS** 10. HINT:

- The main bearing cap bolts are tightened in 2 progressive steps (steps (b) and (d)). Ĵ
- If any one of the main bearing cap bolt is broken or deformed, replace it. ΥĒ

- Thrust Washer Oil Cylinder Groove Block ÔY P11651
- P12243

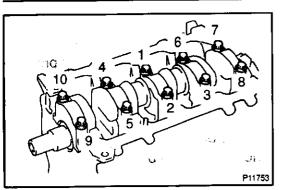






P12101 8.

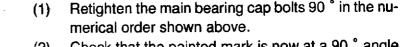
Proote Claw Groove



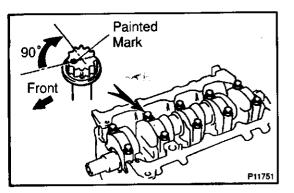
- Apply a light coat of engine oil on the threads and ... der (a) the heads of the main bearing cap bolts.
- Install and uniformly tighten the 10 bolts of the main bear-(b) ing caps in several passes, in the sequence shown. 4.
 - Torque: 49 N·m (500 kgf·cm, 36 ft·lbf)

If any one of the main bearing cap bolts does not meet the torque specification, replace the main bearing cap bolt.

Mark the front of the main bearing cap bolt with paint. (C)



- Check that the painted mark is now at a 90° angle (2)to the front.
- Check that the crankshaft turns smoothly. (3)
- Check the crankshaft thrust clearance(See page (4) EM-91).



Piston Ring

Compressor

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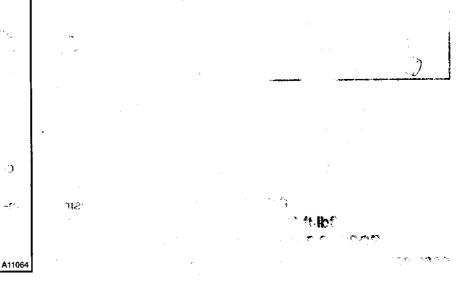
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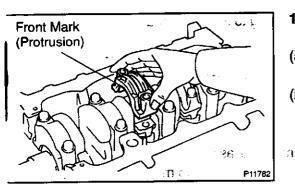
190510

Front Mark (Arrow)

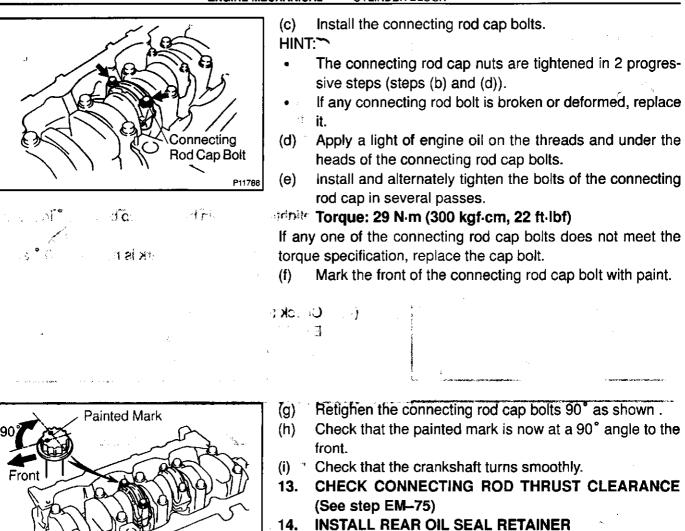


Using a piston ring compressor, push the correctly numbered piston and connecting rod assemblies into each cylinder with the front mark of the piston facing forward.



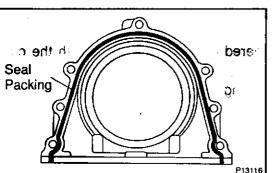


- PLACE CONNECTING ROD CAP ON CONNECTING 12. ROD
- Match the numbered connecting rod cap with the con-(a) necting rod.
- Install the connecting rod cap with the front mark facing (b) forward.



- (a) Remove any old packing (FIPG) material and be careful not to drop any oil on the contact surfaces of the retainer and cylinder block.
 - Using a razor blade and gasket scraper, remove all the old packing (FIPG) material from the gasket surfaces and sealing groove.
 - Thoroughly clean all components to remove all the loose material.
 - Using a non-residue solvent, clean both sealing surfaces.





- (b)* "Apply seal packing to the retainer as shown in the illustration.
 - Seal packing: Part No. 08826-00080 or equivalent
 - Install a nozzle that has been cut to a 2-3 mm (0.08 -0.12 in.) opening.

HINT:

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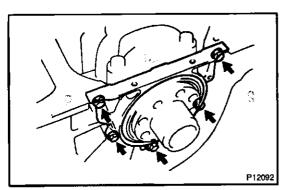
Avoid applying an excessive amount to the surface.

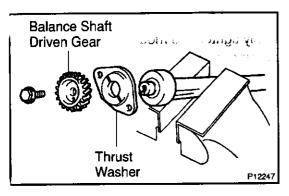
• Parts must be assembled within 5 minutes of application. Otherwise the material must be removed and reapplied.

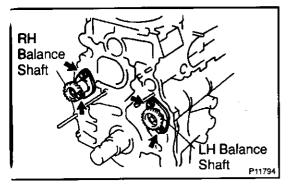
stall cap.

Immediately remove nozzle from the tube and r

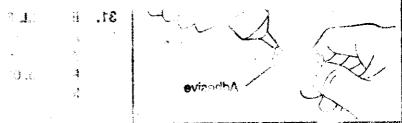
EN-00







(c) Install the retainer with the 5 bolts. Torque: 13 N·m (130 kgf·cm, 9 ft·lbf)



15. "ASSEMBLY RH AND LH BALANCE SHAFTS"(a) Mount the weight of the balance shaft in a vise.NOTICE:

Be careful not to damage the balance shafts.

- (b) Align the balance shaft knock pin with the knock pin hole of the balance shaft driven gear, install the thrust washer and balance shaft driven gear.
- (c) Install and torque the bolt. Torque: 32 N·m (320 kgf·cm, 23 ft·lbf)

f)

16. INSTALL RH AND LH BALANCE SHAFTS

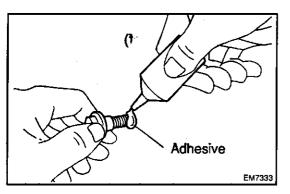
- (a) Install the RH balance shaft with the 2 bolts.
- (b) Install the LH balance shaft with the 2 bolts. Torque: 8 N·m (85 kgf·cm, 74 in.·lbf)
- 17. INSTALL PLUG HOLE
- 18. INSTALL ENGINE MOUNTING Torque: 68 N·m (693 kgf·cm, 50 ft·lbf)
- **19. INSTALL WATER TEMPERATURE SENSOR**
- 20. INSTALL WATER INLET AND THRMOSTAT (See page CO-13)
- 21. INSTALL OIL COOLER (See page LU-21)
- 22. INSTALL OIL PAN AND TIMING GEAR CASE (See page LU-12)
- 23. INSTALL INJECTION PUMP (See page FU-25)
- 24. INSTALL TIMING GEARS (See page EM-34)
- 25. INSTALL WATER PUMP (See page CO-8)
- 26. INSTALL ALTERNATOR AND ALTERNATOR BRACK-ET (See page CO-8)
- 27. INSTALL CYLINDER HEAD (See page EM-64)

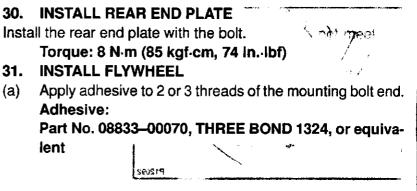
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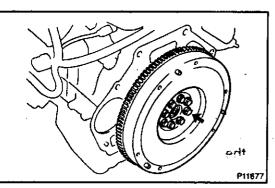
28. INSTALL TIMING BELT AND PULLEYS

- (See page EM-18)
- 29. DISCONNECT ENGINE FROM ENGINE STAND

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- (b) Install the flywheel on the crankshaft.
- (c) Install and uniformly tighten the mounting bolts in several passes, in the sequence shown.
 - Torque: 178 N·m (1,820 kgf·cm, 131 ft·lbf)
- 32. INSTALL CLUTCH COVER AND DISC

TURBOCHARGING

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TROUBLESHOOTINGTC-1TURBOCHARGERTC-2

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TROUBLESHOOTING PROBLEM SYMPTOMS TABLE

HINT:

Before troubleshooting the turbocharger, first check the engine itself. (valve clearance, engine compression, etc.)

INSUFFICIENT ACCELERATION, LACK OF POWER OR EXCESSIVE FUEL CONSUMPTION

Possible Cause	Check Procedure and Correction Method	See page
1. Turbocharging pressure too low	Check turbocharging pressure.	TC-3
2. Restricted intake system	Check intake air system, and repair or replace parts as necessary.	EM1 EM44
3. Leak in intake air system	Check intake air system, and repair or replace parts as necessary.	EM1 EM44
4. Restricted exhaust system	Check exhaust system, and repair or replace parts as nec- essary.	EM-44
5. Leak in exhaust system	Check exhaust system, and repair or replace parts as nec- essary.	EM-44
6. Erratic turbocharger operation	Check rotation of turbine shaft, and replace bearing hous- ing if necessary. Check axial and radial plays of turbine shaft, and replace bearing housing if necessary.	TC-10

ABNORMAL NOISE

Possible Cause	Check Procedure and Correction Method	See page
1. Turbocharging heat insulator resonance	Check for loose, improperly installed or deformed insulator nuts and bolt, and repair or replace as necessary.	TC-6
2. Erratic turbocharger operation	Check rotation of turbine shaft, and replace bearing hous- ing if necessary. Check axial and radial plays of turbine shaft, and replace bearing housing if necessary.	TC-10

EXCESSIVE OIL CONSUMPTION OR WHITE EXHAUST

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Some oil mist in blowby from PCV is normal. Do not mistake it for oil leak from turbocharger.

	Possible Cause	Check Procedure and Correction Method	See page
Faulty turbocharger oil s	eal Alter (a.) Alter (a.)	 Check for oil leakage in exhaust system. Remove exhaust manifold converter from turbocharger, and check for excessive carbon deposits on turbine wheel. Excessive carbon deposits indicate a faulty turbo- charger. Check for oil leakage in intake air system. Check for axial and radial plays of turbine shaft, and re- place bearing housing if necessary. 	TC10

TOP TOP OF

TURBOCHARGER PRECAUTION



31

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MAINTENANCE PRECAUTION

Do not stop the engine immediately after pulling a trailer or after high speed or uphill driving. Idle the engine for 20

THE EVICE AND A CONTRACT - 120 seconds, depending on how hard the vehicle has been driven.

Avoid sudden acceleration or racing immediately after starting a cold engine.

If the turbocharger is found to be defective and must be - replaced, check for the cause, and repair or replace the following items as necessary:

- Engine oil level and quality
- Conditions under which the turbocharger was used
 - Oil lines leading to the turbocharger

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(d) Use caution when removing and reinstalling the turbocharger assembly. Do not drop it or bang it against anything or grasp it by easily-deformed parts, such as the actuator or rod, when moving it.

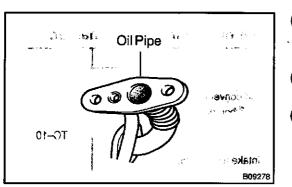
(e) Before removing the turbocharger, plug the intake and exhaust ports and oil inlet to prevent entry of dirt or other foreign material.

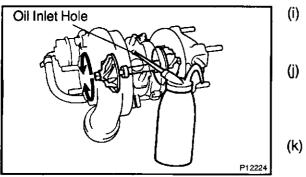


- (f) If replacing the turbocharger, check for accumulation of sludge particles in the oil pipes, and if necessary, replace the oil pipes.
- Completely remove the gasket adhered to the lubrication (g) oil pipe flange and turbocharger oil flange.
- (h) When replacing bolt or nuts, use only anthorized replacement parts to prevent breakage or deformation.

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- If replacing the turbocharger, put 20 cm³ (1.2 cu in.) of oil into the turbocharger oil inlet and turn the impeller wheel by hand to spread oil to the bearing.
- If overhauling or replacing the engine, cut the fuel supply after reassembly and crank the engine for 30 seconds to distribute oil throughout the engine. Then allow the engine to idle for 60 seconds.
- Do not run the engine with air cleaner removed, as this may cause foreign material to enter and damage the impeller wheel operating at high speed.

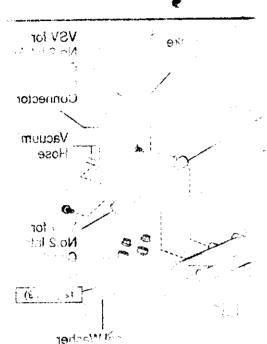




TC--2

TC

ON-VEHICLE INSPECTION



S04837

1. **INSPECT INTAKE AIR SYSTEM** Check for leakage or clogging between the air cleaner housing and turbocharger inlet and between the turbocharger outlet and cylinder head.

- Clogged air cleaner Clean or replace element
- Hoses collapsed or deformed Repair or replace
- Leakage from connections Check each connection and repair
- Cracks in components Check and replace

2. INSPECT EXHAUST SYSTEM

Check for leakage or clogging between the cylinder head and turbocharger inlet and between the turbocharger outlet and exhaust pipe.

- Deformed components Repair or replace
- Foreign material in passages Remove
- Leakage from components Repair or replace
- Cracks in components Check and replace

CHECK TURBOCHARGER PRESSURE

(a) Warm up engine.

3.

- (b) Using a 3-way connector, connect SST (turbocharger pressure gauge) to the hose leading to the intake manifold.
 - SST 09992-00241
- (c) Press in the clutch pedal, then press the accelerator pedal down as far as it will go. Measure the turbocharging pressure at maximum speed (approx. 4,600 rpm).
 Standard pressure:

51 – 67 kPa (0.52 – 0.68 kgf/cm², 7.4 – 9.7 psi)

If the pressure is less than specified, check the intake air and exhaust systems for leakage.

If there is no leakage, replace the turbocharger.

If the pressure is above specification, check if the actuator hose is disconnected or cracked. If not, replace the turbocharger.

- 4. INSPECT IMPELLER WHEEL ROTATION (See page TC-10)
- 5. INSPECT ACTUATOR OPERATION (See page TC-10)
- 6. INSPECT TURBO PRESSURE SENOR (See page ED-18)

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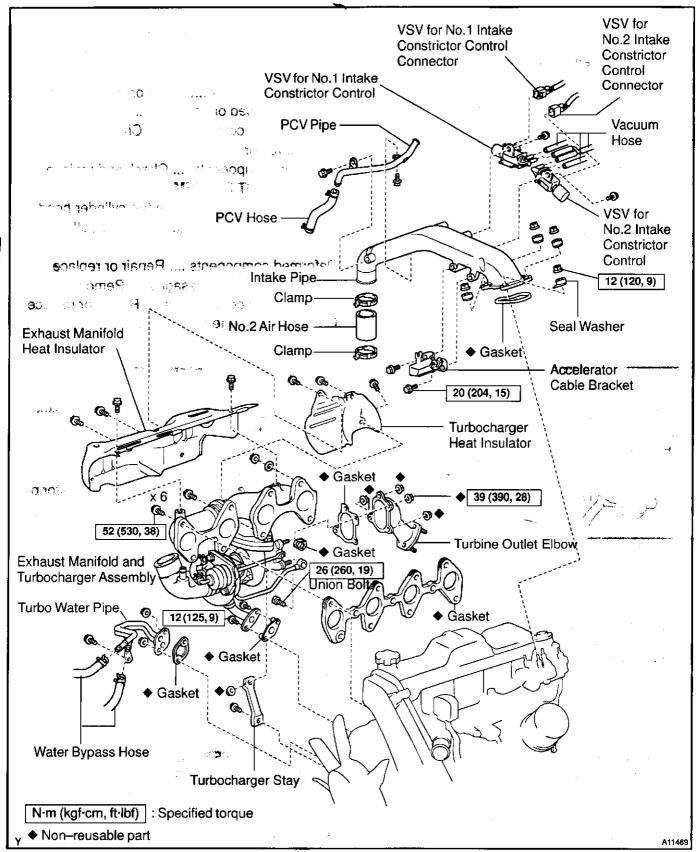
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TURBOCHARGING - TURBOCHARGER

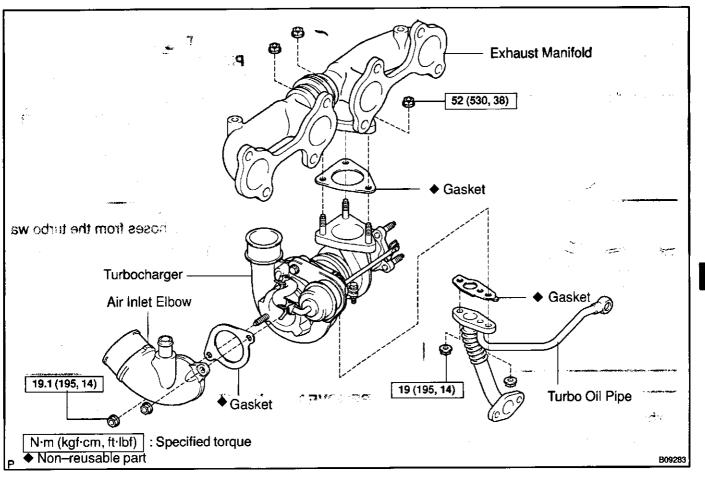
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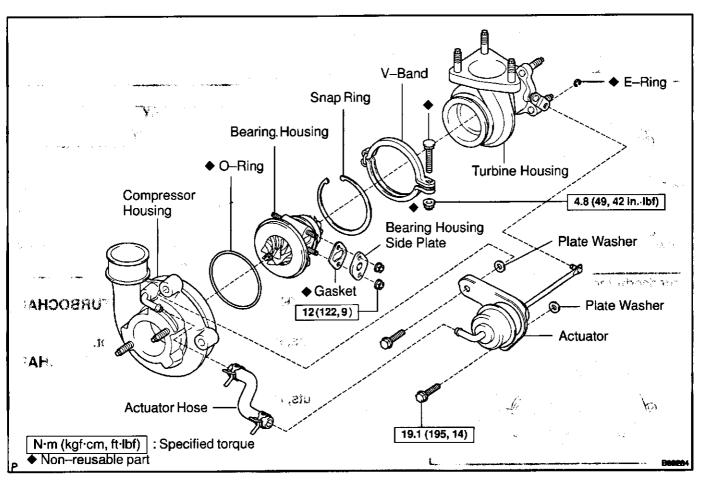
COMPONENTS

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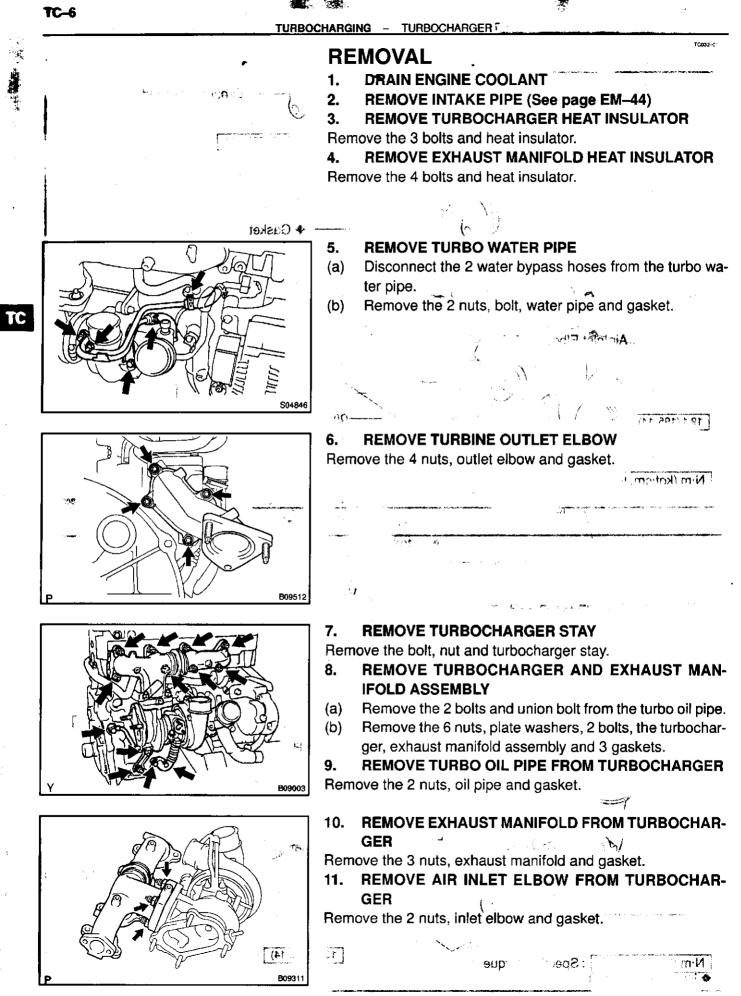
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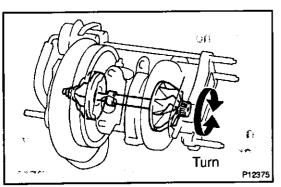




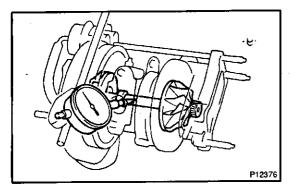
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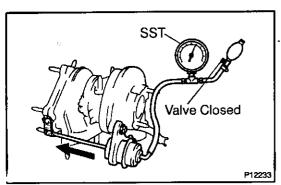
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DISASSEMBLY

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1. INSPECT TURBINE SHAFT ROTATION

Grasp the edge of the turbine shaft, and turn it. Check that the turbine shaft turns smoothly.

TC--7

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TC

If the turbine shaft does not turn or if it turns with a heavy drag, replace the turbocharger.

INSPECT AXIAL PLAY OF TURBINE SHAFT

- (a) Using a dial indicator, insert the needle of the dial indicator into the exhaust side.
- (b) Move the turbine shaft in an axial direction, measure the axial play of the turbine shaft.

Maximum axial play: 0.15 mm (0.0063 in.)

If the axial play is greater than maximum, replace the turbocharger.

3. INSPECT RADIAL PLAY OF TURBINE SHAFT

- Using a dial indicator, insert the needle of the dial indicator into the oil outlet hole, and set it in the center of the turbine shaft.
- (b) Move the turbine shaft in a radial direction, measure the radial play of the turbine shaft.

Maximum radial play: 0.11 mm (0.0043 in.)

If the radial play is greater than maximum, replace the turbocharger.

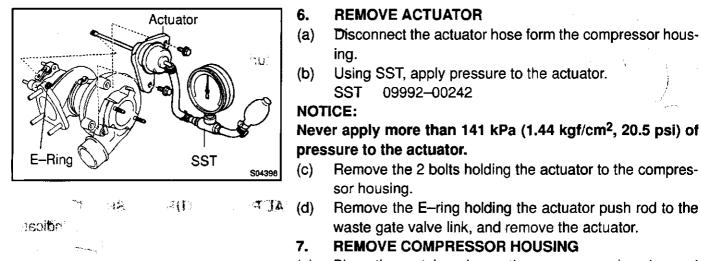
- 4. INSPECT ACTUATOR AND WASTE GATE VALVE OP-
- (a) Disconnect the actuator hose from the compressor housing.
- (b) Using SST, apply approx. 116 kPa (1.18 kgf/cm², 16.7 psi)
 of pressure to the actuator.
 - SST 09992–00242
- (c) Move the actuator push rod, and check that the waste gate valve is open.

If the rod does not move, replace the actuator or turbocharger. **NOTICE:**

Never apply more than 141 kPa (1.44 kgf/cm², 20.5 psi) of pressure to the actuator.

- (d) Reconnect the actuator hose to the compressor housing.
- 5. REMOVE BEARING HOUSING SIDE PLATE FROM TURBOCHARGER

Remove the 2 bolts, side plate and gasket.



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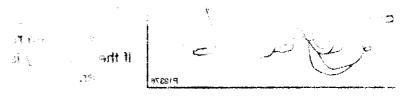
(a) Place the matchmarks on the compressor housing and bearing housing.

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Snap Ring

(b) Using snap ring pliers, remove the snap ring from the compressor housing. HINT:

Do not remove the shap ring with force from the turbocharger.

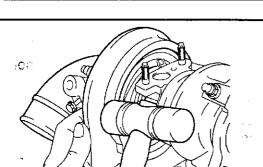


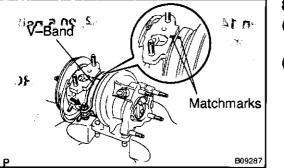
(c) Using a plastic-faced hammer, tap out the compressor housing.

Remove the compressor housing as straight as possible and do not make the impeller wheel interfere with the compressor housing.

- 8. REMOVE BEARING HOUSING
- (a) Place the matchmarks on the V-band, turbine housing and bearing housing.
- (b) Remove the bolt, nut and V-band.

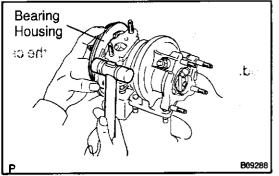
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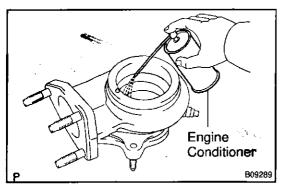
TC-8

TURBOCHAHGING - TURBOCHARGER



(c) Using a plastic-faced hammer, tap out the bearing housing.
NOTICE:
Remove the bearing housing as straight as possible and so not make the turbine wheel interfere with the turbine housing.
(d) Remove the snap ring from the turbocharger.
(e) Remove the O-ring from the bearing housing.

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TC034-01

- 1. CLEAN AND INSPECT TURBINE HOUSING
- (a) Spray the engine conditioner to the section where the carbon dirt is adhered.

NOTICE:

Be careful not to erase the matchmark of the turbine housing.

(b) Using a wire brush, remove all the carbon dirt inside the turbine housing.

NOTICE:

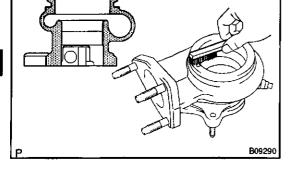
Clean the shroud section shown in the illustration sufficiently. And clean the waste gate valve seat sufficiently, too.

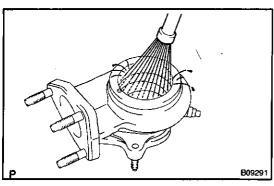
HINT:

When the carbon dirt is heavily adhered, remove it using the screwdriver and the like.

(c) Wash with compressed air or a steam cleaner. NOTICE:

Wash sufficiently without leaving any Irregular objects.





- P B09292
- (d) Check that there is no bore made by the interference with the turbine wheel in the shroud section.

If the turbine housing is having remarkable damage or bore, replace the turbine housing and bearing housing.

- (e) Move the waste gate valve link and check that it runs smoothly without sticking.

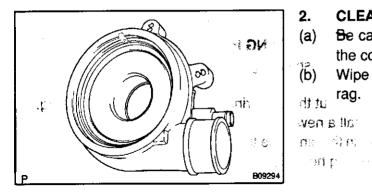
If the link is bad running, clean again. If it is bad running, even after cleaning, replace the turbine housing.



TURBOCHARGER TURBOCHARGING _

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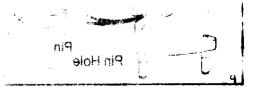
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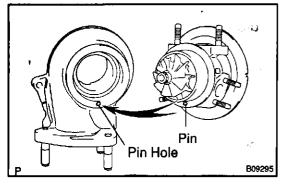
CLEAN COMPRESSOR HOUSING

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Be careful not to drop any oil on the contact surfaces of the compressor housing and bearing housing. Wipe off the dirt from the inside of the housing with a shop rag.



1.



REASSEMBLY

INSTALL BEARING HOUSING

(a) Install the snap ring to the turbocharger. HINT:

In advance, put the snap ring through the bearing housing.

- (b) Install a new O-ring to the bearing housing.
- (c) Align the pin of the turbine housing with the pin hole of the bearing housing.

TC:035-0

(d) Install the bearing housing to the turbine housing.

NOTICE:

- Install the bearing housing straight, and be careful not to damage the turbine wheel.
- In case of having difficulty of pressing in the bearing housing to install with a hand due to hard engagement, apply the procedure (c).

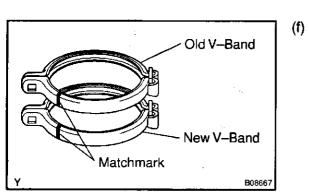
HINT:

Apply a little penetrate rust prevention lubricant onto the engagement section to make installation easier.

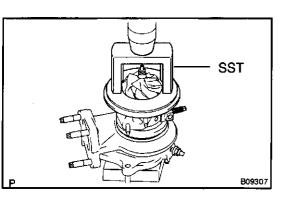
 (e) In case that the engagement of the bearing housing is hard, using SST and a press, install the bearing housing while checking the smooth rotation of the impeller wheel. SST 09350-32014 (09351-32070)

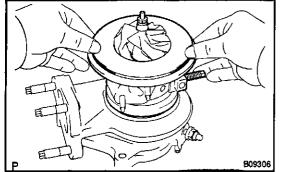
NOTICE:

- Do not hold the turbine housing with the stud bolts.
- Be sure to install the bearing housing straight without tilting as the shaft may bent and cause the irregular noise.
- Press in the bearing housing slowly. When the rotation of the impeller wheel becomes heavy, return the press immediately and do the operation again.
- After installed, check that the turbine shaft turns smoothly.



Place a new and old (used) V-bands in line, then reprint the matchmark position on the old V-band to the new one.





TURBOCHARGING - TURBOCHARGER

TC-13

Align the matchmarks on the V-band, turbine housing (g) and bearing housing, and temporarily tighten with a new New V-Band bolt and nut. Torque: 4.8 N·m (49 kgf cm, 42 in. lbf) Matchmarks 809287 (h) Using a brass bar and hammer, hit 2 or 3 times lightly at each place in order of 1 through 5. (i) Tighten the bolt and nut more. Torque: 4.8 N·m (49 kgf·cm, 42 in.-lbf) Using a brass bar and hammer, hit 2 or 3 times lightly at (i) each place of 1 and 4. (k) Tighten the bolt and nut completely. B09309 INSTALL COMPRESSOR HOUSING 2. Knock Pin (a) Align the knock pin of the bearing housing with the notch of the compressor housing, and install them. NOTICE: Do not make the impeller wheel interfere with the compressor housing. Check that the turbine shaft truns smoothly. Notch B09310 (b) Using snap ring pliers, install the snap ring to the com-Snap Ring pressor housing. 5.73 : **1** 15.0

Actuator SST New E-Ring 504398

INSTALL ACTUATOR 3.

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(a) Using SST, apply pressure to the actuator. SST 09992-00241

NOTICE:

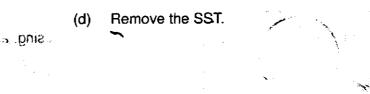
B09285

Never apply more than 141 kPa (1.44 kgf/cm², 20.5 psi) of pressure to the actuator.

- (b) Connect the actuator push rod to the waste gate valve link with a new E-ring.
- Install the actuator with the 2 bolts. (c) Torque: 19.1 N m (195 kgf cm, 14 ft lbf)







Stroke milt film ri ta 1,35 SST S04400

NOTICE: Never apply more than 141 kPa (1.44 kgf/cm², 20.5 psi) of pressure to the actuator.

4.
 ADJUST ACTUATOR PUSH ROD STROKE

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- Using a dial indicator, set the dial indicator in a straight line (a) with the actuator push rod.
- Using SST, apply 119 kPa (1.21 kgf/cm², 17.2 psi) of pres-(b) sure to the actuator, and measure the actuator push rod stroke. 12. ° e SST 09992-00242
- From the table below select the plate washer thickness to (c) match the stroke measured in (b) above.

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Stroke measurement	Required plate washer thickness
mm (in.)	
 1.20 - 1.70 (0.0472 - 0.0669)	None required
1.71 – 2.20 (0.0673 – 0.0866)	0.5 (0.020)
2.21 - 2.70 (0.0870 - 0.1063)	1.0 (0.039)
2.71 - 3.20 (0.1067 - 0.1260)	1.5 (0.059)
3.21 – 3.70 (0.1264 – 0.1457)	2.0 (0.079)
3.71 - 4.20 (0.1461 - 0.1654)	2.5 (0.098)
4.21 – 4.70 (0.1657 – 0.1850)	3.0 (0.118)
4.71 - 5.20 (0.1854 - 0.2047)	3.5 (0.138)
5.21 - 5.70 (0.2051 - 0.2244)	4.0 (0.157)
5.71 - 6.20 (0.2248 - 0.2441)	4.5 (0.177)
6.21 – 6.70 (0.2445 – 0.2638)	5.0 (0.197)
6.71 - 7.20 (0.2642 - 0.2827)	5.5 (0.217)
7.21 – 7.70 (0.2839 – 0.3031)	6.0 (0.236)
7.71 - 8.20 (0.3035 - 0.3228)	6.5 (0.256)

- CT/CC/23 ure to the activator
- Use a combination of plate washers of 0.5 mm (0.020 in.), 1.0 mm (0.039 in.), 2.0 mm (0.079 in.) and 3.0 mm (0.118 in.) thickness to achieve the required thickness.

Use the same thickness of plate washer for the 2 locaэđ tions between the actuator and compressor housing. If the plate washer thickness exceeds 3.5 mm (0.138

in.), replace the actuator installation bolts with the 06 BC bolts from the kit part.

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ng pliers, install the snap ring to the com-

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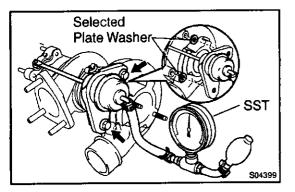
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TURBOCHARGING - TURBOCHARGER



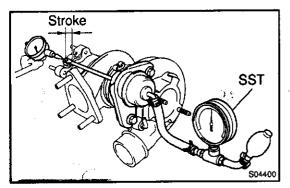
(d) Using SST, apply approx. 119 kPa (1.21 kgf/cm², 17.2 psi)
 of pressure to the actuator, and install the selected plate washers between the actuator and compressor housing with the 2 bolts.

Torque: 19.1 N·m (195 kgf·cm, 14 ft·lbf)

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(e) Using SST, apply approx. 113 kPa (1.13 kgf/cm², 16.1 psi) of pressure to the actuator, and measure the actuator push rod stroke.

SST 09992–00242 Standard stroke: 1.20 – 1.70 mm (0.0472 – 0.0669 in.)

If the stroke is outside specifications, reselect the plate wash-

ers.

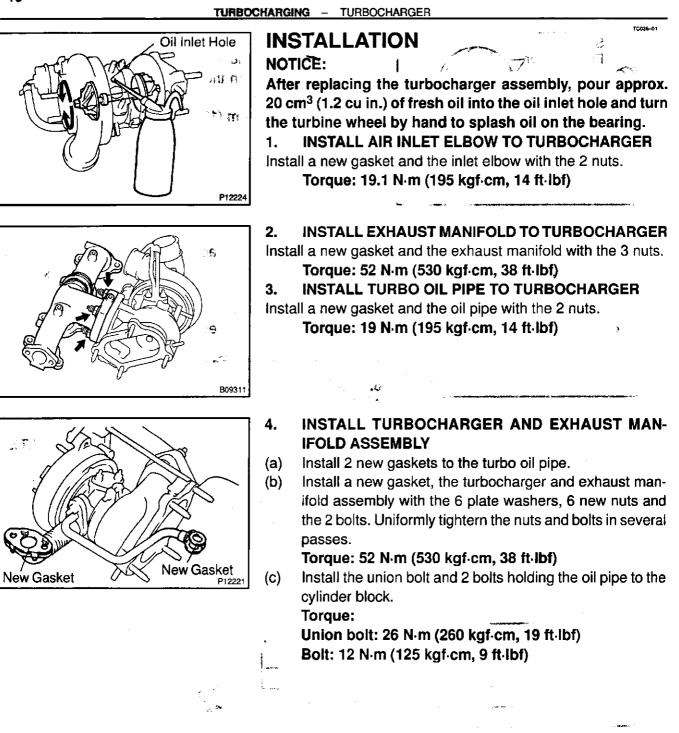
5. INSTALL ACTUATOR HOSE 6. APPLY YELLOW PAINT

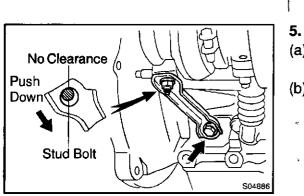


Apply yellow paint from the actuator bolts to the actuator bracket to indicate that they have been correctly installed.

7. INSTALL BEARING HOUSING SIDE PLATE TO TURBOCHARGER

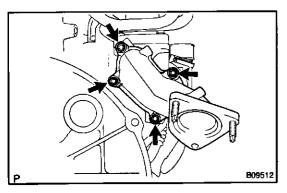
Install a new gasket and the side plate with the 2 bolts. Torque: 12 N·m (122 kgf·cm, 9ft·lbf)





INSTALL TURBOCHARGER STAY

- (a) Temporarily install the turbocharger stay with the bolt and a new nut.
- (b) Push down the turbocharger stay and tighten the bolt and nut.
 - Torque: 19 N·m (195 kgf·cm, 14 ft·lbf)



Protrusion

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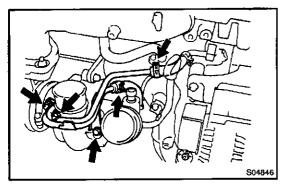
INSTALL TURBINE OUTLET ELBOW
 Install-a new gasket and the outlet elbow with 4 new nuts. Uniformly tighten the nuts in several passes.
 Torque: 39 N·m (390 kgf·cm, 28 ft·lbf)

7. INSTALL TURBO WATER PIPE

(a) Place a new gasket on the turbocharger with the protrusion facing upward.

NOTICE:

Be careful of the gasket installation direction.



(b) Install the water pipe with the 2 nuts and bolt. **Torque:**

Nut: 12 N·m (120 kgf·cm, 9 ft·lbf) Bolt: 8 N·m (80 kgf·cm, 69 in.·lbf)

- (c) Connect the 2 water bypass hoses to the turbo water pipe.
- 8. INSTALL EXHAUST MANIFOLD HEAT INSULATOR

Install the heat insulator with the 4 bolts.

- 9. INSTALL TURBOCHARGER HEAT INSULATOR Install the heat insulator with the 4 bolts.
- 10. INSTALL INTAKE PIPE (See page EM-64)
- 11. FILL WITH ENGINE COOLANT
- 12. START ENGINE AND CHECK FOR LEAKS
- 13. CHECK ENGINE OIL LEVEL

EMISSION CONTROL

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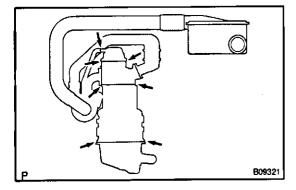
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POSITIVE CRANKCASE VENTILATION (PCV) SYSTEM

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EC-1

EMISSION CONTROL - POSITIVE CRANKCASE VENTILATION (PCV) SYSTEM



POSITIVE CRANKCASE VENTILATION (PCV) SYSTEM INSPECTION

ECOOP-01

EC-1

VISUALLY INSPECT HOSE AND CONNECTIONS Check for cranks, leaks or damage.



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ELECTRONIC CONTROL DIESEL

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ECD SYSTEM	ED1
THROTTLE BODY	ED–3
	ED8
SPILL CONTROL VALVE	ED-9
ECD MAIN RELAY	ED-10
SPILL CONTROL VALVE RELAY	ED-11
CONSTRICTOR CONTROL	ED-13
WATER TEMPERATURE SENSOR	ED-15
FUEL TEMPERATURE SENSOR	ED-16
INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR	ED-17
TURBO PRESSURE SENSOR	ED-18
ENGINE SPEED SENSOR	ED-20 '
CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR	ED-21
FIRST GEAR POSITION SWITCH	ED-22
INJECTION PUMP	
CORRECTION RESISTOR	ED-24
ENGINE ECU	ED–25

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ECD SYSTEM PRECAUTION

HINT:

- Any DTC code retained by the computer will be erased when the negative (–) terminal cable is removed from the battery.
- Therefore, if necessary, read the diagnosis before removing the negative (--) terminal cable from the battery.
- 1. BEFORE WORKING ON FUEL SYSTEM, DISCON-NECT NEGATIVE (-) TERMINAL CABLE FROM BAT-TERY
- 2. DO NOT SMOKE OR WORK NEAR AN OPEN FLAME WHEN WORKING ON FUEL SYSTEM
- 3. KEEP DIESEL FUEL AWAY FROM RUBBER OR
- ale LEATHER PARTS
- 4. AIR INDUCTION SYSTEM
- (a) Separation of the engine oil dipstick, oil filler cap, PCV hose, etc. may cause the engine to run out of tune.
- (b) Disconnection, looseness or cracks in the parts of the air induction system between the throttle body and cylinder head will allow air suction and cause the engine to run out of tune.

5. ELECTRONIC CONTROL SYSTEM

(a) Before removing ECD wiring connectors, terminals, etc., first disconnect the power by either turning the ignition switch OFF or disconnecting the negative (-) terminal cable from the battery.

HINT:

Always check the DTC before disconnecting the negative (-) terminal cable from the battery.

- (b) When installing the battery, be especially careful not to in correctly connect the positive (+) and negative (-) cables.
- (c) Do not permit parts to receive a severe impact daring removal or installation. Handle all ECD parts carefully, especially the engine ECU.
- (d) Do not be careless during troubleshooting as there are numerous transistor circuits and even slight terminal contact can further troubles.
- (e) Do not open the engine ECU cover.
- (f) When inspecting during rainy weather, take care to prevent entry of water. Also, when washing the engine compartment, prevent water from getting on the ECD parts and wiring connectors.
- (g) Parts should be replaced as an assembly.

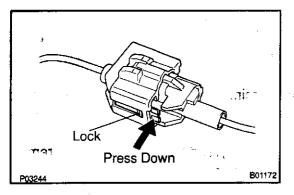
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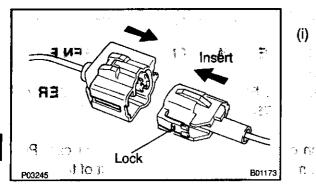
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ED-2

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ELECTRONIC CONTROL DIESEL - ECD SYSTEM





- (h) Care is required when pulling out and inserting wiring conrectors.
 - (1) Release the lock and pull out the connector, pulling on the connectors.

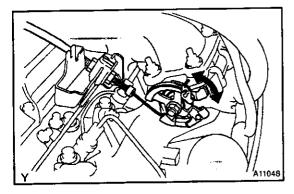
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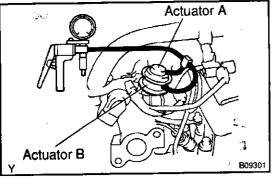
- (2) Fully insert the connector and check that it locked. When inspecting a connector with a volt/ohmmeter.
- The fully take out the water-proofing rubber if it isa water-proof type connector.
- Insert the test probe in to the connector from the wiring side when checking the continuity, amperage or voltage.

(3) Do not apply unnecessary force to the terminal.

(4) After checking, install the water–proofing rubber on the connector securely.

ELECTRONIC CONTROL DIESEL - THROTTLE BODY





THROTTLE BODY ON-VEHICLE INSPECTION

(a) Check that the throttle linkage moves smoothly.(b) Disconnect the 2 vacuum hoses from actuators A and B.

(c)

 (\dagger)

(g)

- Check that the diaphragm rod is pulled up when a vacuum of approx. 60 kPa (450 mmHg, 17.72 in.Hg) is applied to actuator B.
- (d) Start the engine.
- (e) Using a 3-way connector, apply approx. 60 kPa (450 mmHg, 17.72 in.Hg) of vacuum directly to actuator A and
 - -/ B with the engine idling.
 - Check that the engine runs tough or dies.
 - Reconnect the vacuum hoses to actuators A and B.

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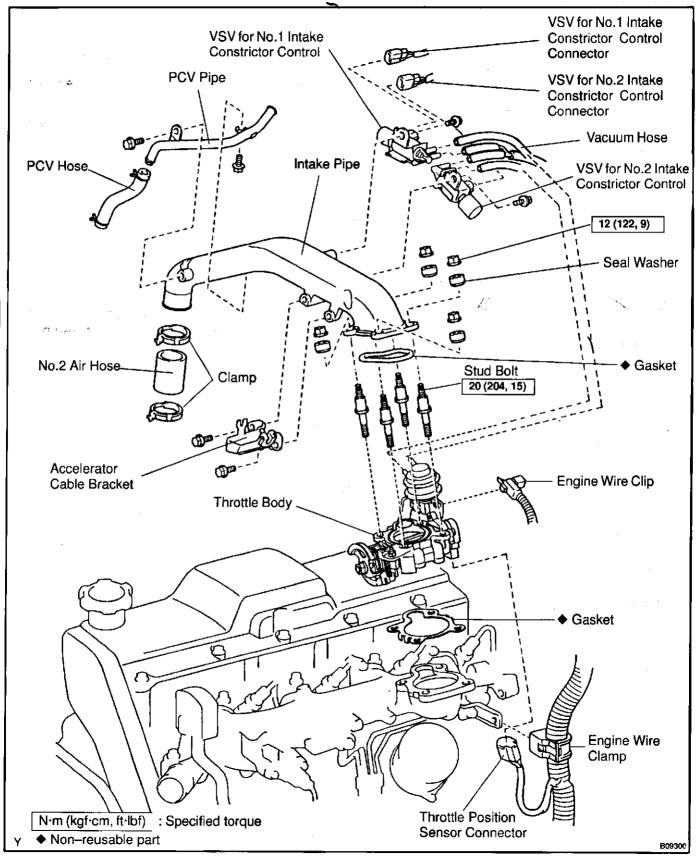
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COMPONENTS

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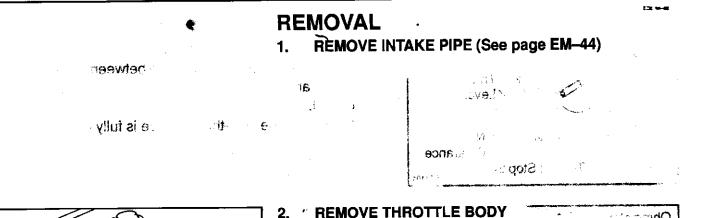


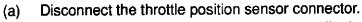


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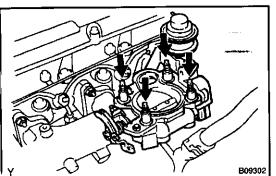
Disconnect the engine wire clamp and clip from the (b) throttle body.



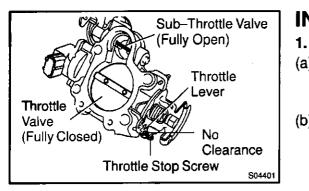
Remove the 4 stud bolts, throttle body and gasket. (ċ) HINT:

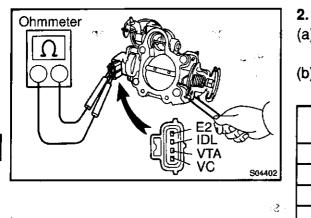
At the time of installation, place refer to the following item. Place a new gasket on the intake manifold.

Torque: 20 N·m (204 kgf·cm, 15 ft·lbf)









INSPECTION

INSPECT THROTTLE VALVE

(a) Check that there is no clearance between the throttle stop screw and throttle lever when the throttle valve is fully closed.

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(b) Check that the sub-throttle valve is fully open.

INSPECT THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR

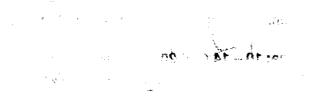
- (a) Insert a feeler gauge between the throttle stop screw and stop lever.
- (b) Using an ohmmeter, measure the resistance betweer each terminal.

Clearance between lever and stop screw	Between terminals	Resistance
0 mm (0 in.)	VTA – E2	0.2 – 5.8 kΩ
0 mm (0 in.)	IDL – E2	2.3 k Ω or less
1.6 mm (0.063 in.)	IDL E2	Infinity
Throwle using fully again	VTA – E2	1.4 – 9.5 kΩ
Throttle valve fully open	VC - E2	2.5 – 5.9 kΩ

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Installation is in the reverse order of removal (See page ED-5).

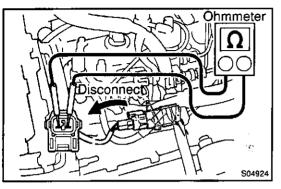


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TIMING CONTROL VALVE



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INSPECT TIMING CONTROL VALVE

- (a) Disconnect the valve connector.
- (b) Using an ohmmeter, measure the resistance between the terminals.

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Resistance: 10 - 14 \Omega at 20°C (68°F)
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If the resistance is not as specified, replace the valve.

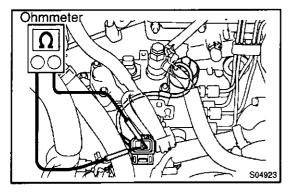
- (c) Inspect the valve solenoid operation.
 - (1) Connect the battery positive the terminal to the valve terminal +B.
 - (2) Connect the battery negative terminal to the valve terminal TCV.

(3) Check that the solenoid makes a "clicks" sound.

If operation is not as specified, replace the valve.

- NOTICE:
- Do not apply voltage for more than 30 seconds to avoid burning out the solenoid.
- If repeating this step, wait until the solenoid coils down enough that it can be touched by hand.
- (d) Reconnect the valve connector.

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SPILL CONTROL VALVE

INSPECT SPILL CONTROL VALVE

- (a) Disconnect the valve connector.
- (b) Using an ohmmeter, measure the resistance between the terminals.

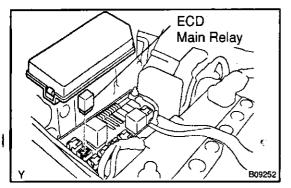
Resistance: $1 - 2 \Omega$ at 20° C (68°F)

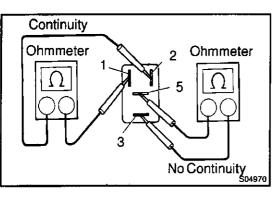
If the resistance is not specified, replace the injection pump assembly (See page FU-16).

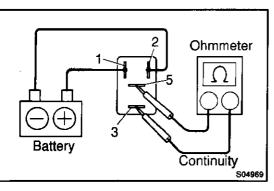
(c) Reconnect the valve connector.

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3. INSPECT ECD MAIN RELAY

- (a) Inspect the relay continuity.
 - (1) Using an ohmmeter, check that there is continuity between terminals 1 and 2.

If there is no continuity, replace the relay.

(2) Check that there is no continuity between terminals 3 and 5.

If there is continuity, replace the relay.

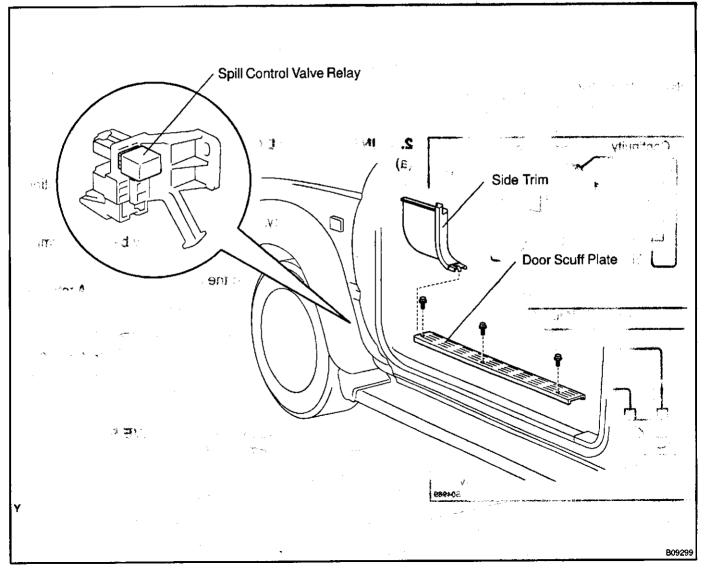
- (b) Inspect the relay operation.
 - (1) Apply battery voltage across terminals 1 and 2.
 - (2) Using an ohmmeter, check that there is continuity between terminals 3 and 5.

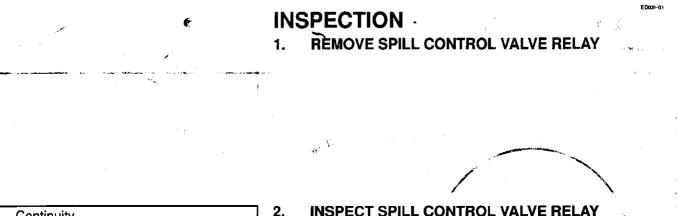
If there is no continuity, replace the relay.

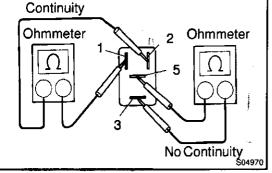
- 4. REINSTALL ECD MAIN RELAY
- 5. REINSTALL ENGINE ROOM R/B COVER

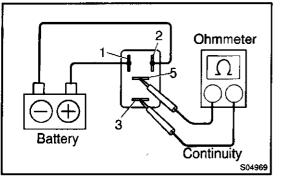
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SPILL CONTROL VALVE RELAY COMPONENTS









INSPECT SPILL CONTROL VALVE RELAY

- Inspect the relay continuity. (a)
 - Using an ohmmeter, check that there is continuity (1)between terminals 1 and 2.

If there is no continuity, replace the relay.

Check that there is no continuity between terminals (2)3 and 5.

If there is continuity, replace the relay.

- (b) Inspect the relay operation.
 - (1)Apply battery voltage across terminals 1 and 2.
 - Using an ohmmeter, check that there is continuity (2)between terminals 3 and 5.

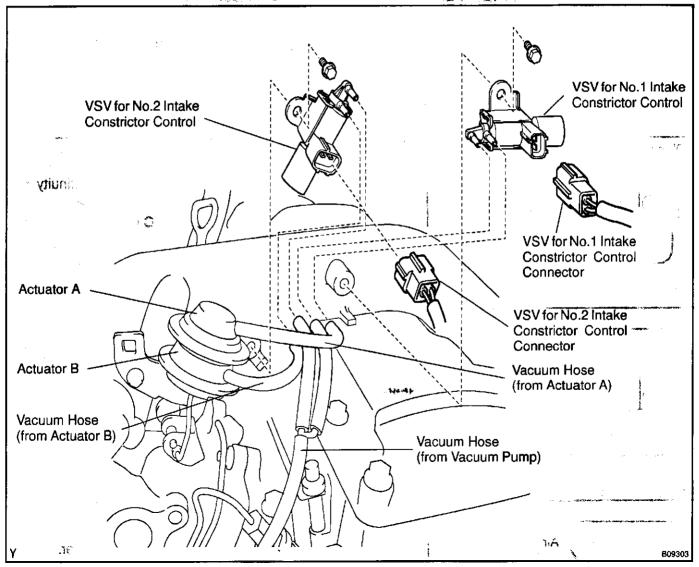
If there is no continuity, replace the relay.

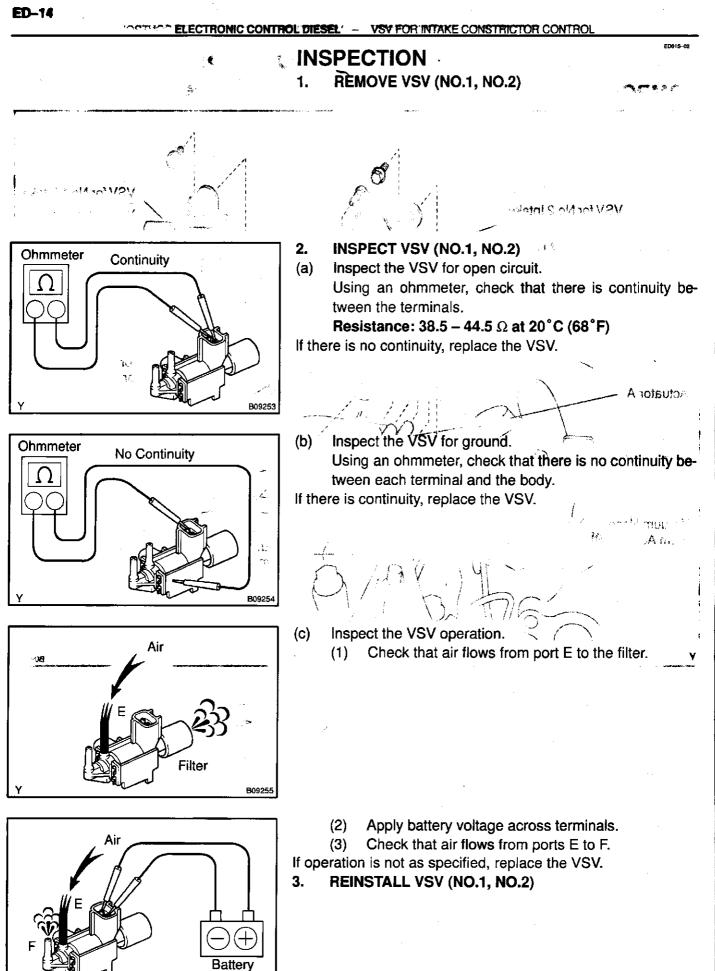
3. **REINSTALL SPILL CONTROL VALVE RELAY**

VSV FOR INTAKE CONSTRICTOR CONTROL COMPONENTS

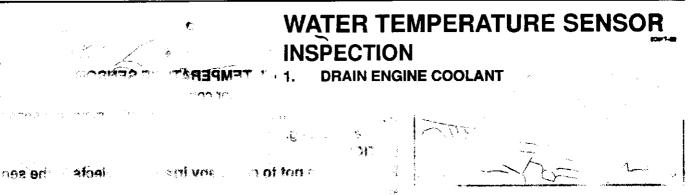


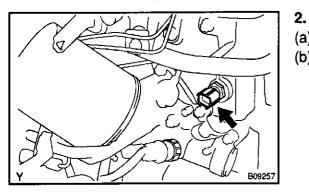






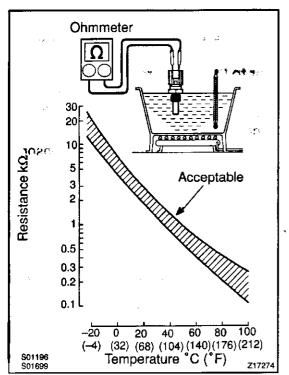
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REMOVE WATER TEMPERATURE SENSOR

- (a) Disconnect the sensor connector.
- (b) Using a 19 mm deep socket wrench, remove the sensor and gasket.



3. **INSPECT WATER TEMPERATURE SENSOR** Using an ohmmeter, measure the resistance between terminals.

Resistance: Refer to the chart graph

If the resistance is not as specified, replace the sensor.

- 4. REINSTALL WATER TEMPERATURE SENSOR
- (a) Using a 19 mm deep socket wrench, install a new gasket and the sensor.

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Torque: 25 N·m (255 kgf·cm, 18 ft-lbf)

- (b) Connect the sensor connector.
- 5. REFILL WITH ENGINE COOLANT

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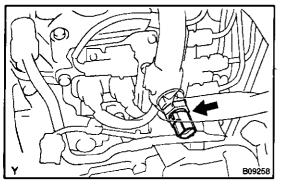
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FUEL TEMPERATURE SENSOR

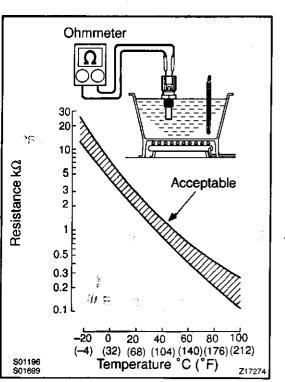
1. REMOVE FUEL TEMPERATURE SENSOR

- (a) Disconnect the sensor connector.
- (b) Using a 19 mm deep socket wrench, remove the sensor and O-ring.

NOTICE:

Pay attention not to catch any irregular objects in the sensor installation hole of the injection pump.

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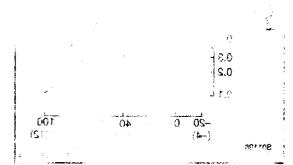
2. INSPECT FUEL TEMPERATURE SENSOR

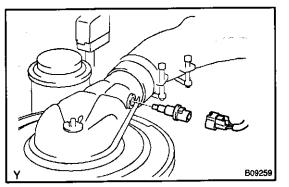
Using an ohmmeter, measure the resistance between terminals.

Resistance: Refer to the chart graph

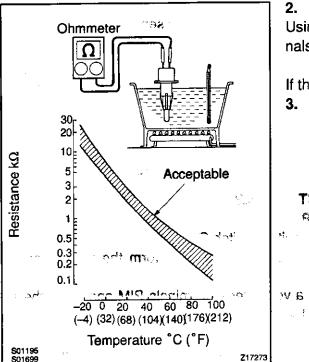
If the resistance is not as specified, replace the sensor.

- 3. REINSTALL FUEL TEMPERATURE SENSOR
- (a) Install a new O-ring to the sensor.
- (b) Using a 19 mm deep socket wrench, install the sensor. Torque: 21.6 N·m (220 kgf·cm, 16 ft·lbf)
- (c) Connect the sensor connector.





INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR INSPECTION 1. REMOVE INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR



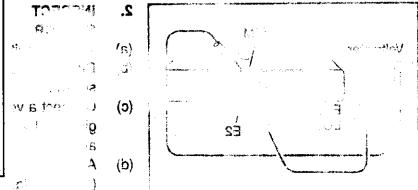
INSPECT INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Using an ohmmeter, measure the resistance between terminals.

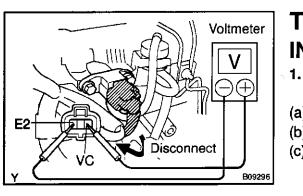
Resistance: Refer to the chart graph

If the resistance is not as specified, replace the sensor.

3. REINSTALL INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR



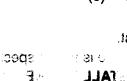
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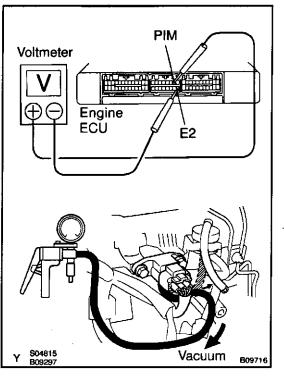
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TURBO PRESSURE SENSOR

- INSPECT POWER SOURCE VOLTAGE OF TURBO PRESSURE SENSOR
- (a) Disconnect the turbo pressure sensor connector.
- (b) Turn the ignition switch ON.
- (c) Using a voltmeter, measure the voltage between connector terminals VC and E2 of the wiring harness side. Voltage: 4.5 – 5.5 V
- (d) Turn the ignition switch OFF.
- (e) Reconnect the turbo pressure sensor connector.



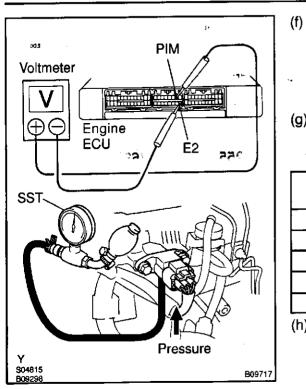


- 2. INSPECT SUPPLY POWER OF TURBO PRESSURE SENSOR
- (a) Turn the ignition switch ON.
- (b) Disconnect the vacuum hose form the turbo pressure sensor.
- (c) Connect a voltmeter to terminals PIM and E2 of the engine ECU, and measure the output voltage under ambient atmospheric pressure.
- (d) Apply vacuum to the turbo pressure sensor in 13.3 kPa (100 mmHg, 3.94 in.Hg) segments to 40.0 kPa (300 mmHg, 11.81 in.Hg).
- .(e) Measure the voltage drop from step (c) above for each segment.

Voltage drop:

Applied vacuum kPa (mmHg, in.Hg)	Voltage drop V
13.3 (100, 3.94)	0.3-0.5
26.7 (200, 7.87)	0.6 - 0.8
40.0 (300, 11.81)	0.95 - 1.15

ELECTRONIC CONTROL DIESEL - TURBO PRESSURE SENEOR



Using SST (turbocharger pressure galled), apply composition of the sure to the turbo pressure sensor in 19.6 kPa 1 20 kgf/cm², 2.84 psi) segments to 98.0 kPa (1.00 kgf cm², 14.2 psi).

SST 09992-00242

(g) Measure the voltage up from step (c) above for each segment.

Voltage up:

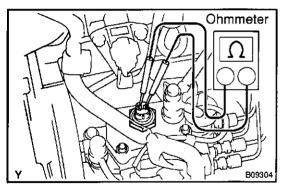
• · ·	
Applied pressure kPa (kgf/cm ² , psi)	Voltage up V
19.6 (0.20, 2.84)	0.1 - 0.4
39.2 (0.40, 5.69)	0.4 - 0.7
58.8 (0.60, 8.53)	0.7 – 1.0
78.5 (0.80, 11.4)	1.0 - 1.3
98.0 (1.00, 14.2)	1.3 - 1.6

(h) Reconnect the vacuum hose to the turbo pressure sensor.

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ELECTRONIC CONTROL DIESEL - ENGINE SPEED SENSOR

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ENGINE SPEED SENSOR INSPECTION INSPECT ENGINE SPEED SENSOR

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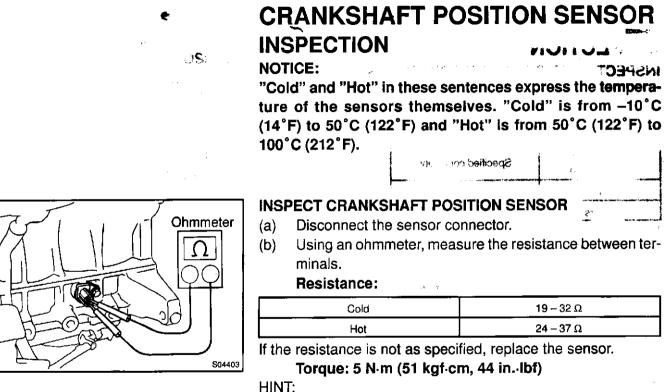
(a) Disconnect the sensor connector.

(b) Using an ohmmeter, measure the resistance between terminals.

Resistance: 205 – 255 Ω at 20°C (68°F)

If the resistance is not specified, replace the injection pump assembly (see page FU–16).

Reconnect the sensor connector.



Apply engine oil to a new O-ring.

NOTICE:

Be careful not drop and shock the sensor.

(c) Reconnect the sensor connector.

ELECTRONIC CONTROL DIESEL - FIRST GEAR POSITION SWITCH

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FIRST GEAR POSITION SWITCH

INSPECTION

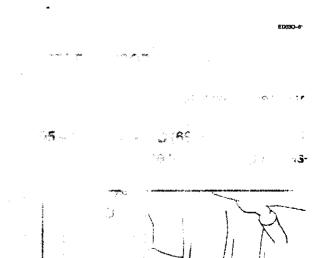
INSPECT FIRST GEAR POSITION SWITCH

- (a) Disconnect the switch connector.
- (b) Using an ohmmeter, check the switch continuity. Continuity:

Transmission Shift Position	Specified continuity
1	Continuity
Others	No continuity

If continuity is not as specified, replace the switch.

(c) Reconnect the switch connector.

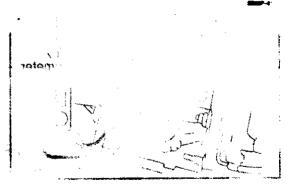




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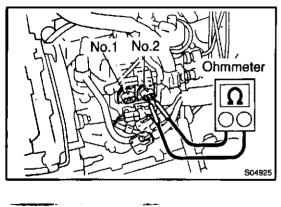
REPLACEMENT

- 1. REMOVE TRANSMISSION
- 2. REMOVE FIRST GEAR POSITION SWITCH
- (a) Using SST, remove the switch and gasket. SST 09817-16011
- (b) Remove the gasket from the switch.
- 3. REINSTALL NEW FIRST GEAR POSITION SWITCH
- (a) Install a new gasket to the switch.
- (b) Using SST, install the switch. 16 (1997) **Torque: 30 N·m (306 kgf·cm, 22.1 ft·lbf)** (1997) SST 09817–16011 (1997)
- 4. REINSTALL TRANSMISSION



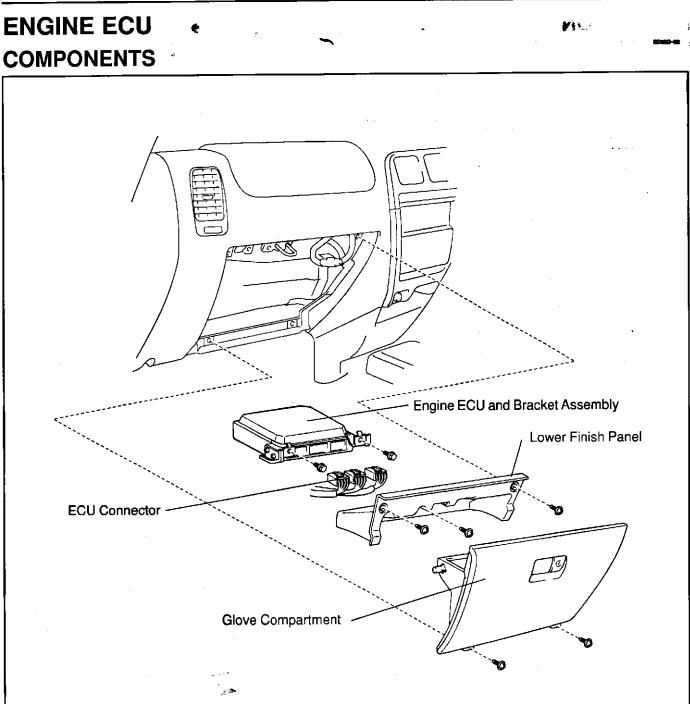
ED-24

ELECTRONIC CONTROL DIESEL - INJECTION PUMP CORRECTION RESISTOR



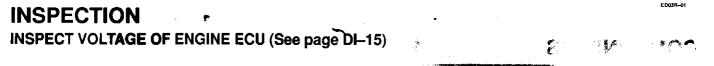
INJECTION PUMP CORRECTION RESISTOR 利益 INSPECTION 1.1 **INSPECT INJECTION PUMP CORRECTION RESISTORS** Disconnect the resistor connectors. an av (a) (b) Using an ohmmeter, measure the resistance between terminals of resistor No.1 and No.2. Resistance: 0.1 – 2.5 kΩ at 20°C (68°F) If the resistance is not as specified, replace the injection pump assembly (See page FU-16).

(c) Reconnect the resistor connectors."





ELECTRONIC CONTROL DIESEL - ENGINE ECUTION ON ANTONIO



ENGINE FUEL

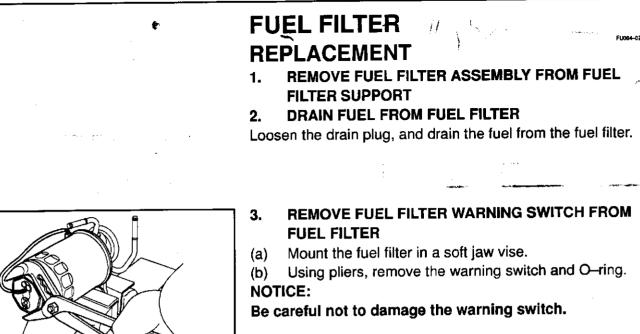
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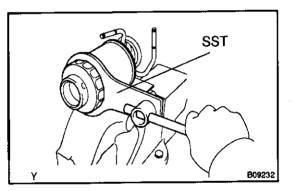
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FUEL FILTER	FU–1
INJECTION NOZZLE	FU–3
	FU-15

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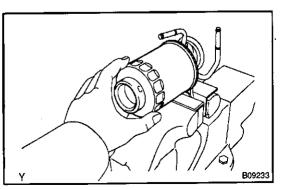
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4. REMOVE FUEL FILTER Using SST, remove the fuel filter. SST 09228–64040



5. INSTALL NEW FUEL FILTER

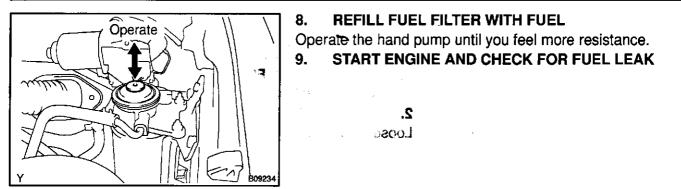
(a) Check and clean the fuel filter installation surface.

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- (b) Apply fuel to the gasket of a new fuel filter.
- (c) Lightly screw the fuel filter into place, and tighten it until the gasket comes into contact with the seat.
- (d) Tighten it additional 3/4 turn by hand.
- 6. INSTALL FUEL FILTER WARNING SWITCH TO NEW FUEL FILTER
- (a) Install a new O-ring to the warning switch.
- (b) Apply fuel to the O-ring of the warning switch.
- (c) Install the warning switch to a new fuel filter by hand.
- 7. REINSTALL FUEL FILTER ASSEMBLY TO FUEL FILTER SUPPORT

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ERGINE FOEL - FOEL ALTER



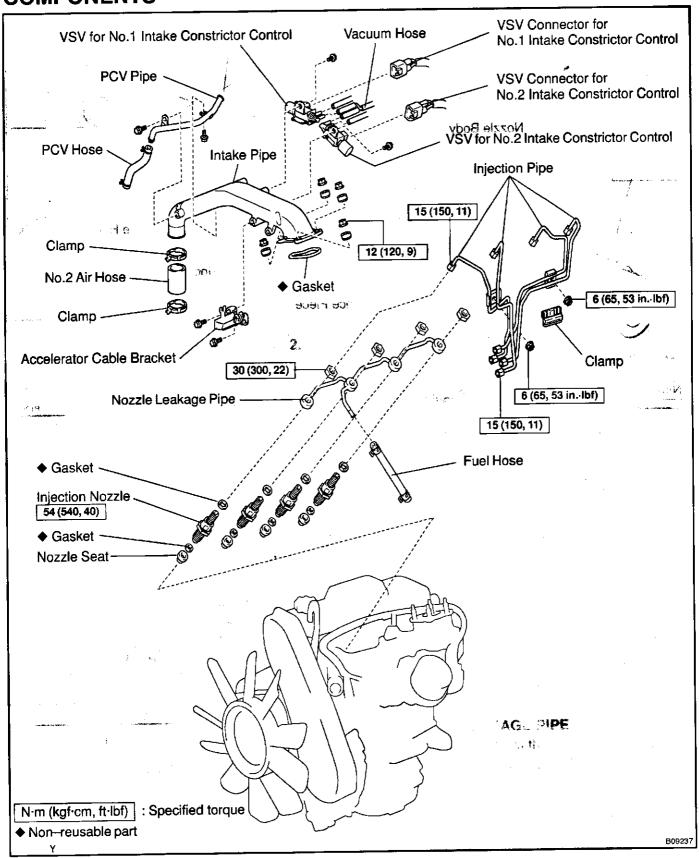


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INJECTION NOZZLE COMPONENTS

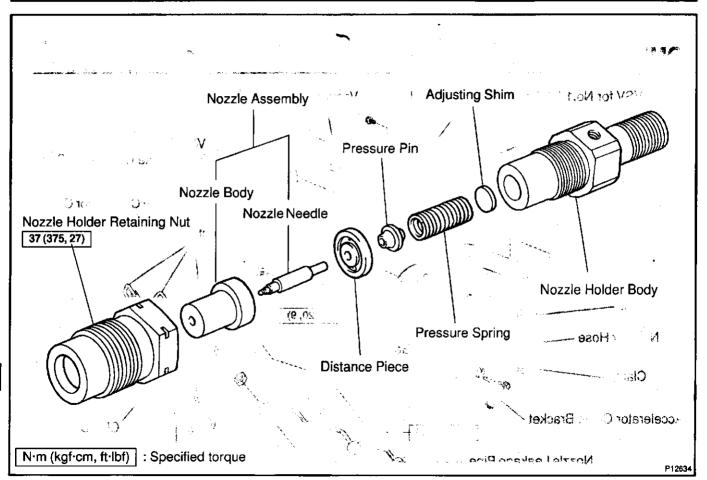


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ENGINE FUEL - INJECTION NOZZLE





- (a) Disconnect the 2 VSV connectors.
- (b) Disconnect the 2 vacuum hoses from the actuator.
- (c) Disconnect the vacuum hose from the 3-way (from vacuum pump).
- (d) Remove the 4 nuts and seal washers.
- (e) Disconnect the 2 PCV hoses.

(g)

P11700

P12510

(f) Use pliers to pinch the ends of the clamp together until the lock plate engages the catch.

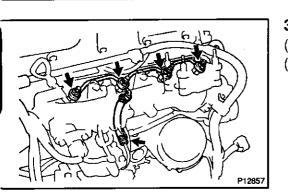
Make sure the lock plate and catch are engaged securely. Remove the intake pipe and gasket.

- (h) Remove the 2 nuts and accelerator cable bracket from the intake pipe.
- (i) Remove the 2 nuts and PCV pipe from the intake pipe.

2. **REMOVE INJECTION PIPES**

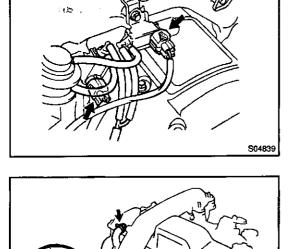
- (a) Remove the 2 nuts holding the clamps (A) to the intake manifold.
- (b) Using a screwdriver, pry out the clamp (B).

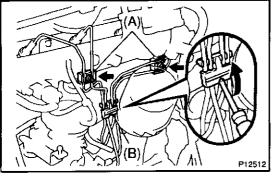
- (c) (d)
 - (c) Loosen the 8 union nuts of the injection pipes.
 - Remove the 4 injection pipes and 2 clamps (A).



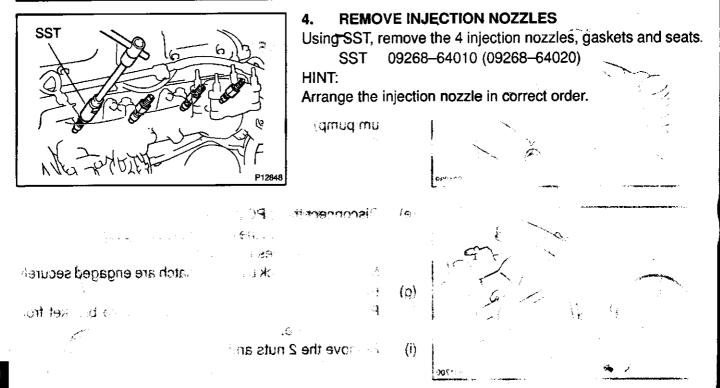
3. REMOVE NOZZLE LEAKAGE PIPE

- (a) Disconnect the fuel hose from the return pipe.
- (b) Remove the 4 nuts, leakage pipe and 4 gaskets.

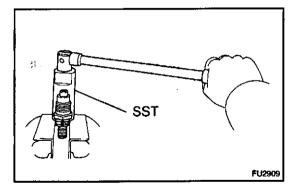




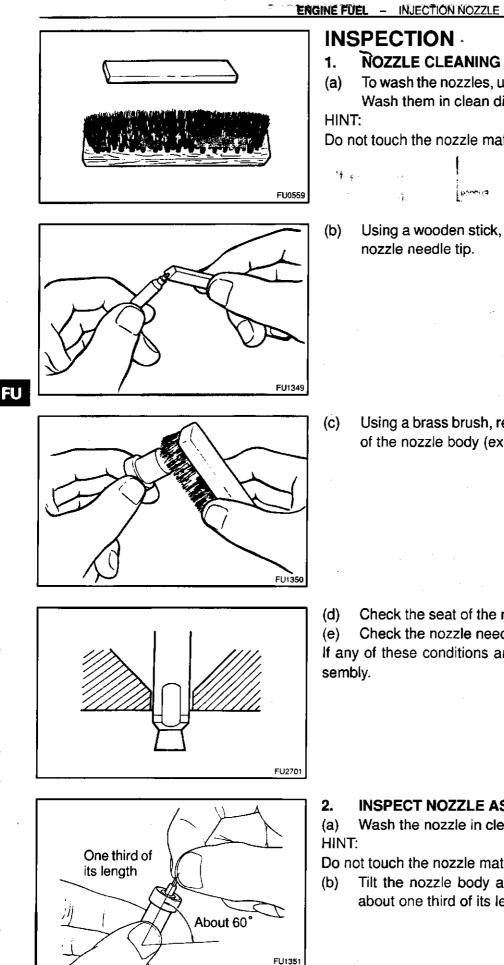
ENGINE FUEL - INJECTION NOZZLE



ENGINE FUEL - INJECTION NOZZLE



FU06T-01 DISASSEMBLY DISASSEMBLE INJECTION NOZZLES Using SST, remove the nozzle holder retaining nut. (a) 09268-64010 (09268-64020) SST NOTICE: When disassembling the nozzle, be careful not to drop the inner parts. Remove the pressure spring, shim, pressure pin, dis-(b) tance piece and the nozzle assembly.



To wash the nozzles, use a wooden stick and brass brush. Wash them in clean diesel fuel.

Do not touch the nozzle mating surfaces with your fingers.

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Using a wooden stick, remove the carbon adhering to the

Using a brass brush, remove the carbon from the exterior of the nozzle body (except lapped surface).

Check the seat of the nozzle body for burns or corrosion. Check the nozzle needle tip for damage or corrosion. If any of these conditions are present, replace the nozzle as-

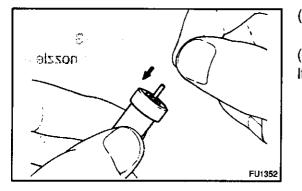
INSPECT NOZZLE ASSEMBLY Wash the nozzle in clean diesel fuel.

Do not touch the nozzle mating surfaces with your fingers.

Tilt the nozzle body about 60° and pull the needle out about one third of its length.



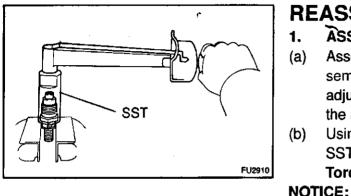
ENGINE FUEL - INJECTION NOZZLE



(c) When released, the needle should stick down into the body vent smoothly by its own weight.
(d) Repeat this test, rotating the needle slightly each time.
If the needle does not sink freely, replace the nozzle assembly.



TTENGINE FUEL - INJECTION NOZZLE





REASSEMBLY 1. ASSEMBLE INJECTION NOZZLE HOLDERS

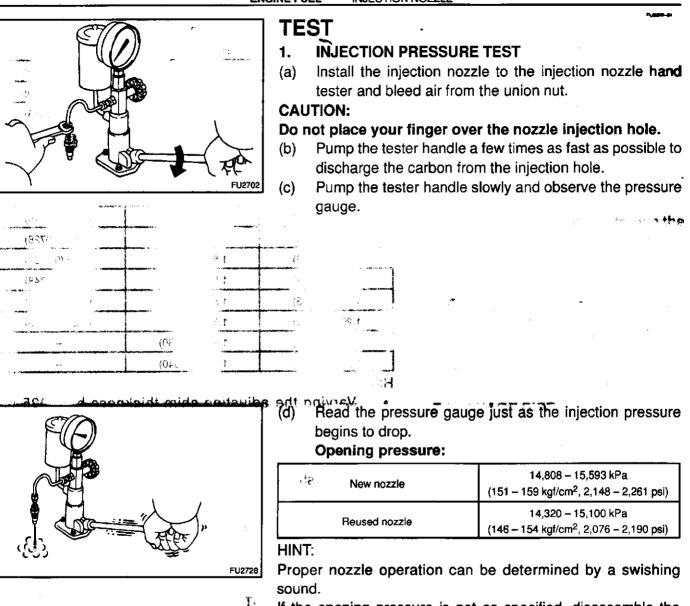
- (a) Assemble the nozzle holder retaining nut, the nozzle assembly, distance piece, pressure pin, pressure spring, adjusting shim and nozzle holder body, and finger tighten the retaining nut.
- (b) Using SST, tighten the retaining nut.
 SST 09268–64010 (09268–64020)
 Torque: 37 N·m (375 kgf·cm, 27 ft·lbf)



FILMSV_A

Over torquing could cause nozzle deformation and needle adhesion or other defects.

2. PERFORM PRESSURE AND SPRAY PATTERN TEST (See page FU-11)



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If the opening pressure is not as specified, disassemble the nozzle holder and change the adjusting shim on the top of the pressure spring.

Adjusted opening pressure: 14,220 – 15,200 kPa (145 – 155 kgf/cm², 2,062 – 2,205 psi) br

0

Adjusting shim thickness:				
	mm (in.)	тт (in.)	mm (in.)	
	0.90 0 (0.0354)	1.275 (0.0 502)	1.650 (0.0650)	
,	0.925 (0.0364)	1.300 (0.0512)	1.675 (0.0659)	
	0.950 (0.0374)	1.325 (0.0522)	1.700 (0.0669)	
ଂ ge ି	0.975 (0.0384)	1.350 (0.0531)	1.725 (0.0679)	
∙ na≓	1.000 (0.0394)	1.375 (0.0541)	1.750 (0 .0689)	
-o ch e	1.025 (0.0404)	1.400 (0.0551)	1.775 (0.0699)	
	1.050 (0.0413)	1.425 (0.0561)	1.800 (0.0709)	
	1.075 (0.0423)	1.450 (0.0571)	1.825 (0.0719)	
	1.100 (0.0433)	1. 475 (0.0581)	1.850 (0.0728)	
	1.125 (0.0443)	1.500 (0.0591)	1.875 (0.0738)	
	1.150 (0.0453)	1.525 (0.0600)	1.900 (0.0748)	
	1.175 (0.0463)	1.550 (0.061 0)	1.925 (0.0758)	
	1.200 (0.0472)	1.575 (0.0620)	1.950 (0.0768)	
	1.225 (0.0482)	1.600 (0.0630)	_	
[1.250 (0.0492)	1.625 (0.0640)		

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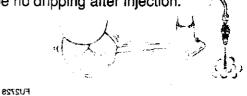
		
	janskiga k anan ann. ■	
14.010 - 16.110 kPa	(e)	
(15: 1 ⁵⁴ - ⁵⁵ - 1 ³ - 2 ³ - 2 ³ - 1 ³	(-)	
STECO DE VILLO	0ZZ16	

(**146** – 154 koth

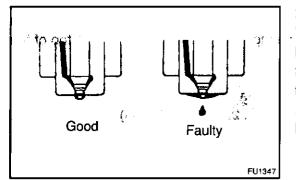
HINT:

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- Varying the adjusting shim thickness by 0.025 mm (0.0010 in.) changes the injection pressure by about 471 kPa (4.8 kgf/cm², 68 psi).
- Only one adjusting shim should be used.
- (e) There should be no dripping after injection.



mer nozzle operation can be determined by a swishing

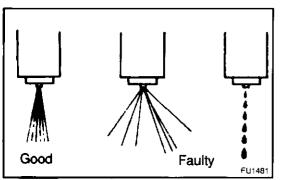


2. LEAKAGE TEST

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While maintaining pressure at about 981 - 1,961 kPa (10 - 20 kgf/cm², 142 - 284 psi) below opening pressure (adjust by tester handle), check that there is no dripping for 10 seconds from the injection hole or around the retaining nut.

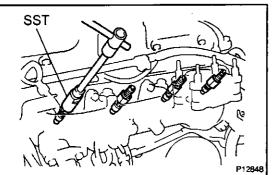
If the nozzle drips within 10 seconds, replace or clean and overhaul the nozzle assembly.



3. SPRAY PATTERN TEST

- (a) The injection nozzle should shudder at a certain pumping speed between 15-60 times (old nozzle) or 30-60 times (new nozzle) per minute.
- Check the spray pattern during shuddering. (b)

If the spray pattern is not correct during shuddering the nozzle must be replaced or cleaned.



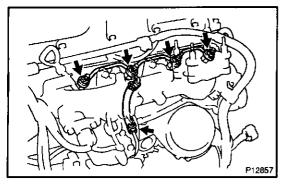
INSTALLATION

- 1. ♥ INSTALL INJECTION NOZZLES
- Place the 4 nozzle seats and new gaskets into the injec-(a) tion nozzle holes of the cylinder head.
- Using SST, install the 4 injection nozzles. (b) 09268-64010 (09268-64020) SST Torque: 54 N·m (540 kgf·cm, 40 ft·lbf)

NOTICE:

Over torguing could cause nozzle deformation and needle adhesion or other defects.

uils analige and tail of the similar when installing the injection nozzle, never torque the nozzle holder body. Torque the retaining nut section.



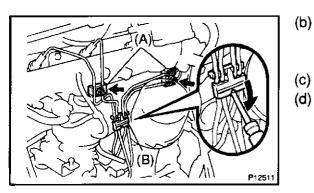
2. INSTALL NOZZLE LEAKAGE PIPE

- Install 4 new gaskets and the leakage pipe with the nuts. (a) 👘 Torque: 30 N·m (300 kgf·cm, 22 ft·lbf)
- Connect the fuel hose to the return pipe. (b)



P12510

- **INSTALL INJECTION PIPES** 3.
- (a) Temporarily install the 2 clamps (A) and 4 injection pipes.

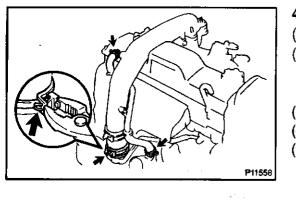


(b) Install the 2 nuts holding the clamps (A) to the intake manifold.

Torque: 6 N·m (65 kgf·cm, 53 in. lbf)

- Using a screwdriver, attach the clamp (B).
- Tighten the 8 union nuts. Torque: 15 N·m (150 kgf·cm, 11 ft·lbf)

TENGINE FUEL - INJECTION NOZZLE



4. INSTALL INTAKE PIPE

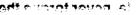
- (a) Install the PCV pipe with the 2 nuts to the intake pipe.
- (b) Install the accelerator cable bracket with the 2 nuts to the intake pipe.

Torque: 20 N·m (200 kgf·cm, 15 ft·lbf)

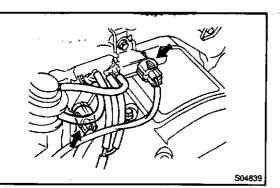
- (c) Place a new gasket on the intake manifold.
- (d) Connect the air hose and install the intake pipe.
- (e) Press the clamp lock together with the pliers and press down the tip of the lock plate. Carefully let the lock spread apart.

Take care not to let the pliers slip.

(f) Connect the 2 PCV hoses.





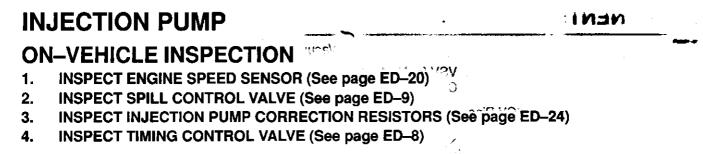


- (g) Install the 4 seal washers and nuts.
 - Torque: 12 N·m (120 kgf·cm, 9 ft·lbf)
- (h) Connect the vacuum hose to the 3-way (to vacuum pump).
- (i) Connect the 2 vacuum hoses to the actuator.

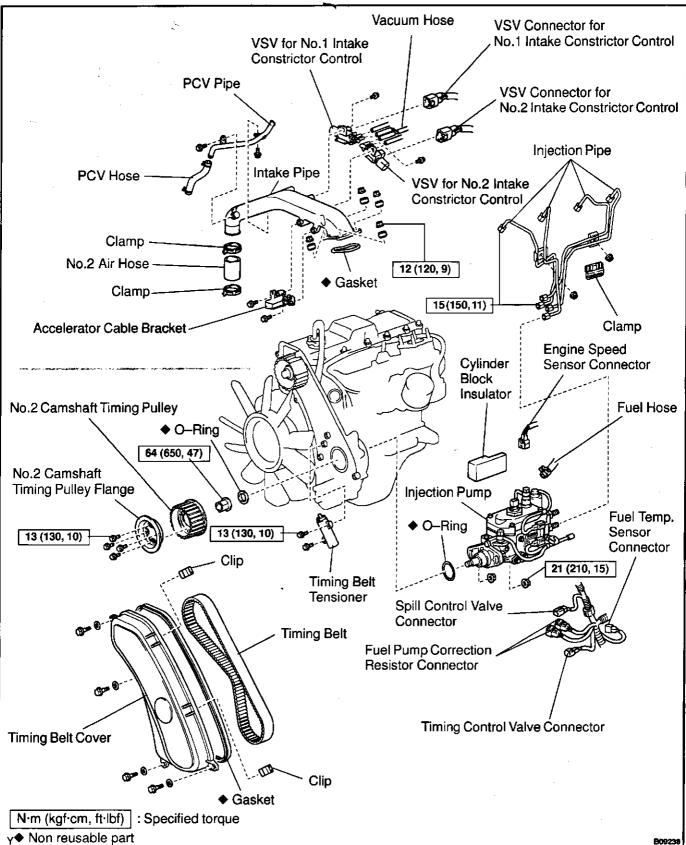
P12857

- (j) Connect the 2 VSV connectors.
- 5. START ENGINE AND CHECK FOR FUEL LEAKAGE

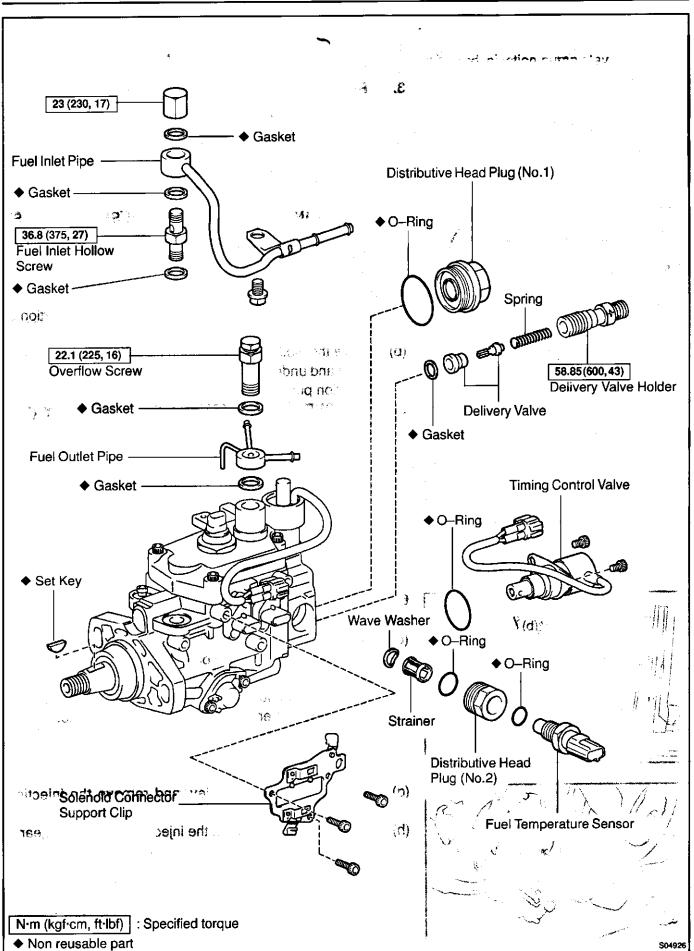
That ENGINE FUEL - INJECTION PUMP



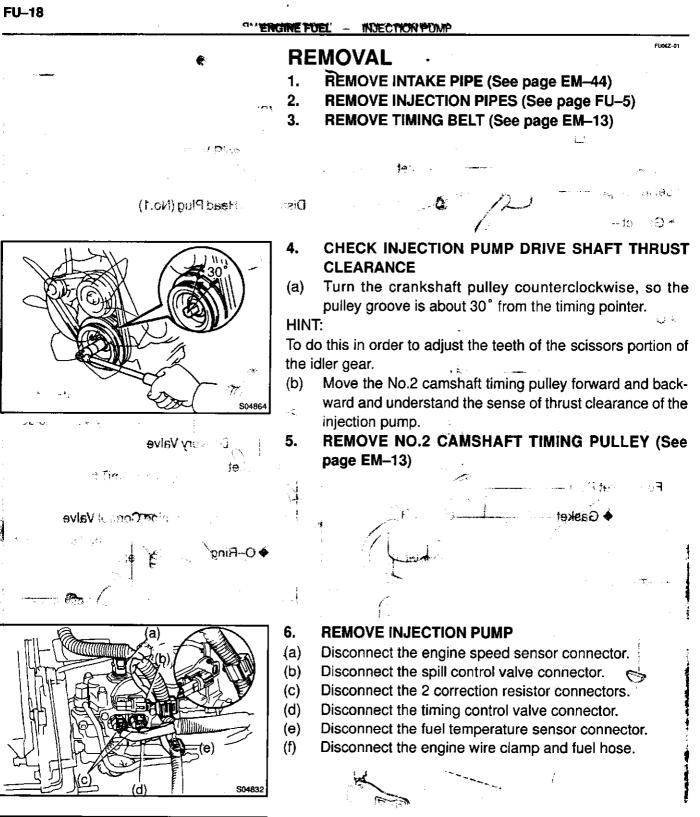
COMPONENTS



- ENGINE FUEL - INJECTION PUMP



FU-17

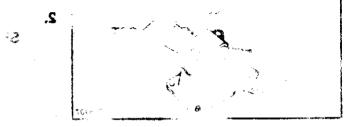


- P12196
- Hold the crankshaft pulley, and remove the injection (g) pump drive gear set nut. (h)
 - Remove the O-ring from the injection pump drive gear.

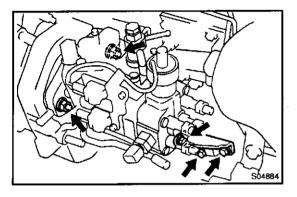
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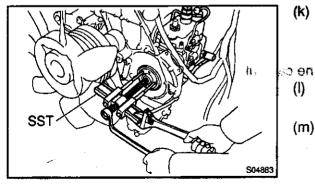
ENGINE FUEL - INJECTION PUMP

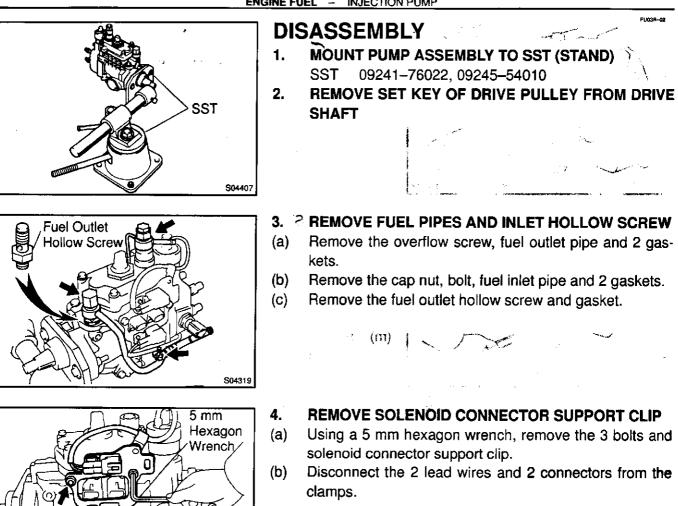
- (i) Loosen the 2 nuts holding the injection pump to the timing gear case.
- (j) Remove the 3 bolts and injection pump stay.



- (k) Using SST, disconnect the injection pump from the timing gear case.
 - SST 09960-50010 (09951-05010, 09952-05010, 09953-05020, 09954-05010)
- (I) Remove the 2 nuts, injection pump and cylinder block insulator.
- (m) Remove the O-ring from the injection pump.







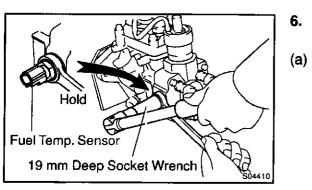
5 mm Hexagon Wrench S04409

\$04408

5. **REMOVE TIMING CONTROL VALVE**

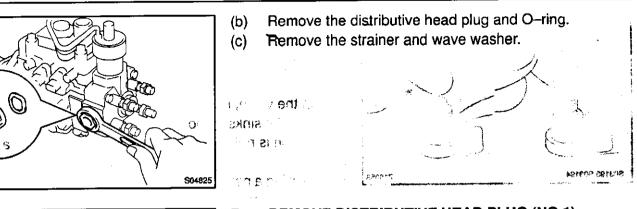
Using a 5 mm hexagon wrench, remove the 2 bolts and timing control valve.

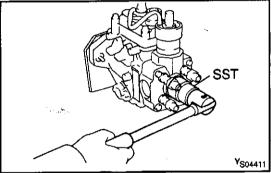
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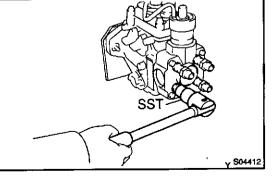
REMOVE FUEL TEMPERATURE SENSOR AND DIS-TRIBUTIVE HEAD PLUG (NO.2)

Hold the distributive head plug, and using a 19 mm deep socket wrench, remove the fuel temperature sensor and O-ring.









8. REMOVE DELIVERY VALVE HOLDERS

(a) Using SST, remove the 4 delivery valve holders and springs.

SST 09260-54012 (09269-54020)

(b) Remove the 4 delivery valves and gaskets.

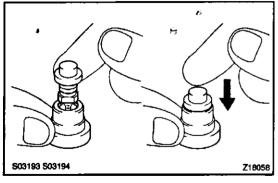
NOTICE:

Do not touch the sliding surfaces of the delivery valve with your hand.

HINT:

Arrange the delivery valves, springs, and holders in order.

FU-21



TOP

INSPECTION

Do not touch the sliding surfaces of the delivery valves. INSPECT DELIVERY VALVES

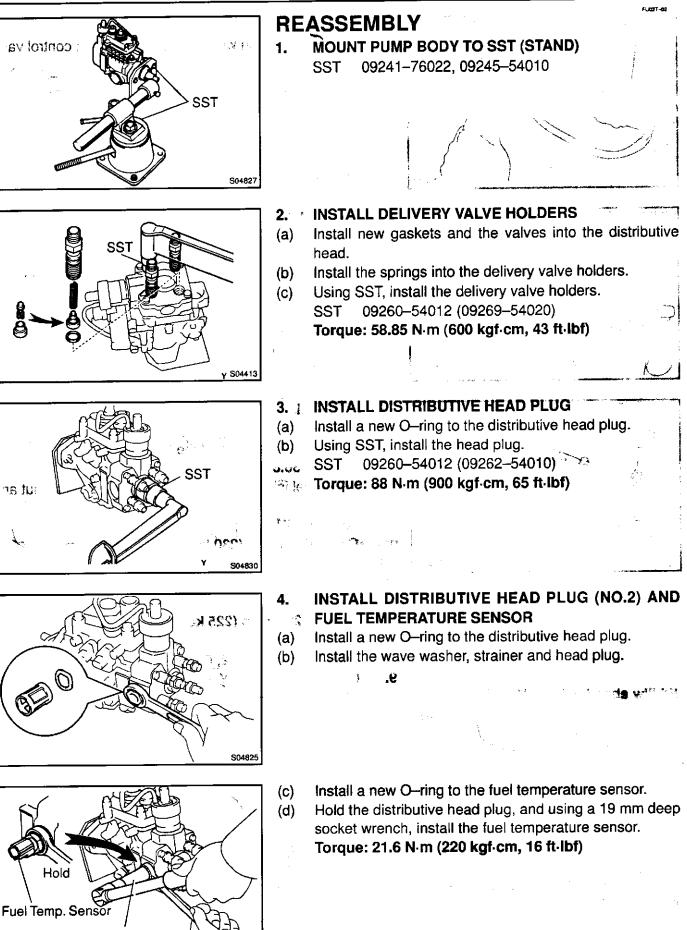
FU03S-0

Pull up the valve, release it.

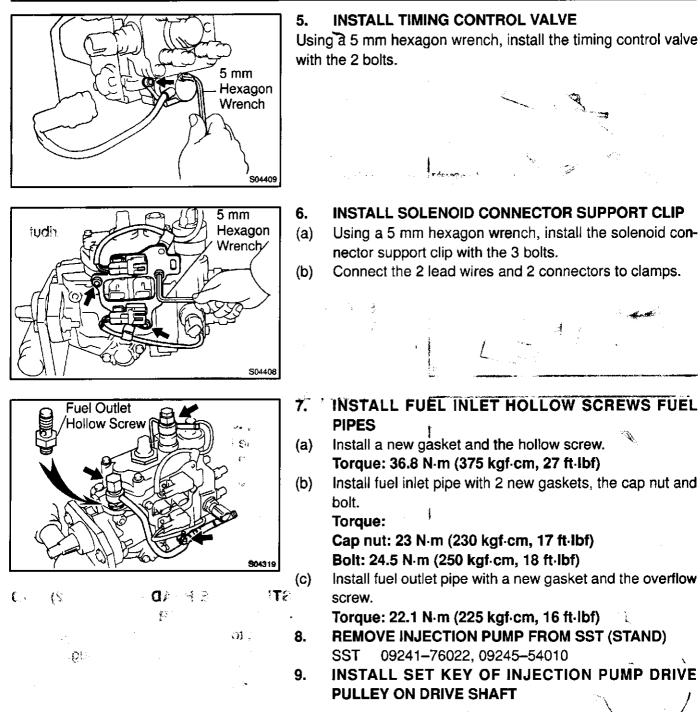
Check that it sinks smoothly to the valve seat.

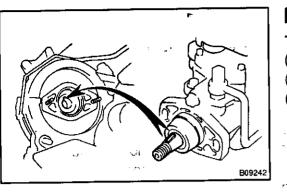
If operation is not as specified, replace the valve as a set. HINT:

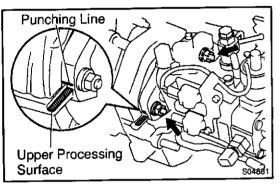
Z18058 Before using a new valve set, wash off the rust prevention compound with diesel fuel. Then re-wash with diesel fuel and perform the above tests.

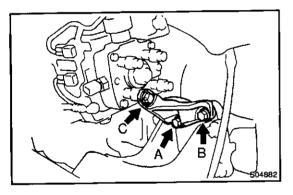


19 mm Deep Socket Wrench









INSTALLATION INSTALL INJECTION PUMP (a) Install a new O-ring to the pump. (b) Apply a light coat of engine oil on the O-ring. (c) Align the set key on the drive shaft and groove of the injection pump drive gear.

- (d) Hold the injection pump with hands and press the injection pump drive gear to the backward and weld it with the injection pump drive shaft.
- (e) Align the punching line of the injection pump flange and the upper processing surface of the timing gear case, and then temporarily install the 2 nuts.
- (f) Tighten the 2 nuts holding the injection pump to the timing gear case.

Torque: 21 N·m (210 kgf·cm, 15 ft·lbf)

- (g) Temporarily install the injection pump stay with the 2 bolts (A, B).
- (h) Install the injection pump set C bolt.
 Torque: 32 N·m (330 kgf·cm, 24 ft·lbf)
- (i) Torque the A and B bolts. Torque: 21 N⋅m (210 kgf⋅cm, 15 ft·lbf)

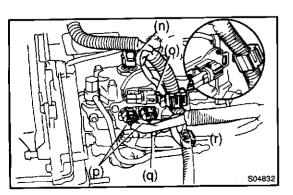
NOTICE:

Before tightening to the standard torque, check whether the pump stay is up against the injection pump.

- (j) Install the cylinder block insulator.
- (k) Install a new O-ring to the injection pump drive gear.
- (I) Install the injection pump drive gear set nut.
- (m) Hold the crankshaft pulley, and torque the set nut. Torque: 64 N·m (650 kgf·cm, 47 ft·lbf)

NOTICE:

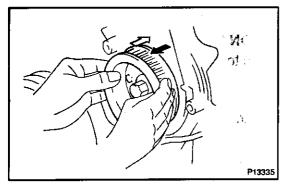
Do not turn the crankshaft pulley. The valve heads will hit against the piston top.



- (n) Connect the engine speed sensor connector.
- (o) Connect the spill control valve connector.
- (p) Connect the 2 correction resistor connectors.
- (q) Connect the timing control valve connector.
- (r) Connect the fuel temperature sensor connector.
- (s) Connect the engine wire clamp and fuel hose.
- 2. INSTALL NO.2 CAMSHAFT TIMING PULLEY (See page EM-18)

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3. CHECK INJECTION PUMP DRIVE SHAFT THRUST CLEARANCE

Move the No.2 camshaft timing pulley back and forth to check that the injection pump drive shaft has sufficient thrust clearance.

Thrust clearance (Reference): 0.15 – 0.55 mm (0.0059 – 0.0217 in.)

0.15 - 0.55 mm (0.0059 - 0.0217 In.) ⁷ If the thrust clearance is not sufficient, loosen the 2 injection pump nuts and the 3 pump stay bolts, than retighten them.

If the thrust clearance is still not sufficient, remove the timing gear cover and then reinstall it.

- 4. INSTALL TIMING BELT (See page EM-18)
- 5. | INSTALL INJECTION PIPES (See page FU-13)
- 6. (INSTALL INTAKE PIPE (See page EM-64)

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 CO-1

 WATER PUMP
 CO-3

 THERMOSTAT
 CO-10

 RADIATOR
 CO-14

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COUNG-42

CO-1

HINT:

Check the coolant level when the engine is cold.

1. CHECK ENGINE COOLANT LEVEL AT RADIATOR RESERVOIR

The engine coolant level should be between the "L" and "F" lines.

If low, check for leaks and add "Toyota Long Life Coolant" or equivalent up to between the "L" and "F" lines.

2. CHECK ENGINE COOLANT QUALITY

SIC

(a) Remove the radiator cap.

CAUTION:

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To avoid the danger of being burned, do not remove the radiator cap while the engine and radiator are still hot, as fluid and steam can be blown out under pressure.

(b) There should not be excessive deposits of rust or scale around the radiator cap or water filler hole, and the coolant should be free from oil.

If excessively dirty, clean the coolant passages and replace the coolant.

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(c) Reinstall the radiator cap.

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REPLACEMENT

CAUTION:

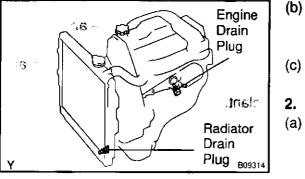
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To avoid the danger of being burned, do not remove the radiator cap while the engine and radiator are still hot, as fluid and steam can be blown out under pressure.

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- **DRAIN ENGINE COOLANT** 1.
- valent up to between the "L" and "F" 8. .s



- (a) Remove the radiator cap. hns. NIC afor can adt i
- Loosen the radiator drain plug (on the right side of the ra-(b) diator lower tank) and engine drain plug (on the oil cooler cover), and drain the coolant.
- Close the drain plugs. .∋OP∍. 911. (C) Torque: 8 N m (80 kgf cm, 69 in. lbf) for Engine
- 2. 3. FILL ENGINE COOLANT SSOX 5 V.
 - 31. 12 Slowly fill the system with coolant.
 - Use of improper coolants may damage engine cooling system.
 - Use "Toyota Long Life Coolant" or equivalent and ٠ mix it with plan water according to the manufacturer's directions.
 - Using of coolant which includes more than 50 % • [freezing protection down to -35°C (-31°F)] or 60 % [freezing protection down to -50°C (-58°F)] of ethylene-glycol is recommended but not more than 70 %.

NOTICE:

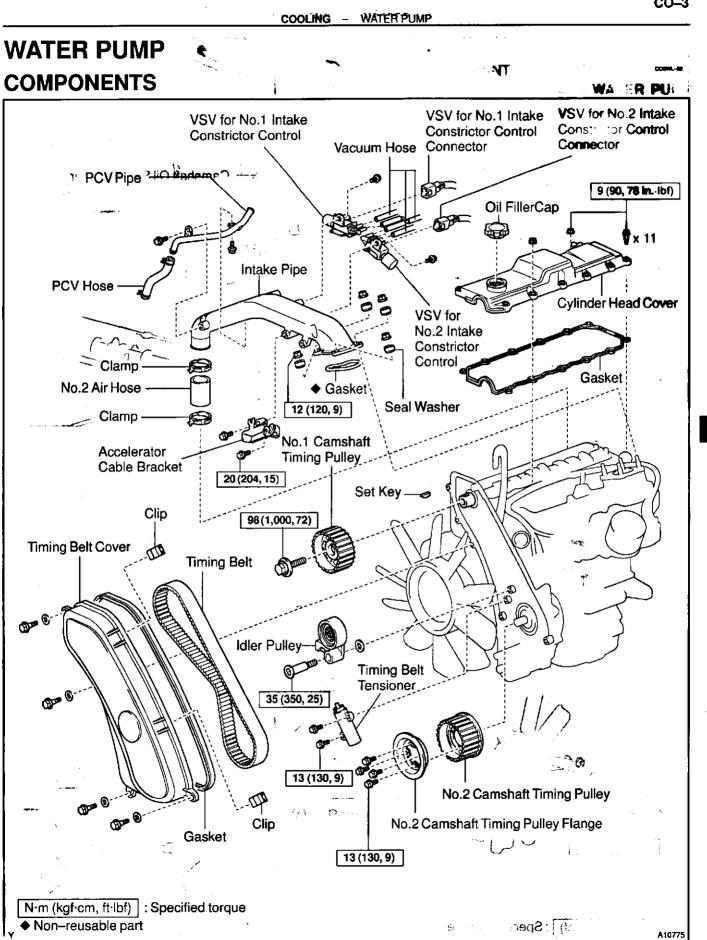
- Do not use an alcohol type coolant or plain water alone.
- The coolant should be mixed with plain water (preferably demineralized water or distilled water). Capacity:

9.5 liters (10.0 US qts, 8.4 Imp. qts)

- Reinstall the radiator cap. (b)
- Start the engine, and bleed the cooling system. (C)
- (d) Refill the radiator reservoir with coolant until it reaches the "F" line.
- CHECK ENGINE COOLANT FOR LEAKS 3.
- 4. CHECK ENGINE COOLANT SPECIFIC GRAVITY COR-RECTLY

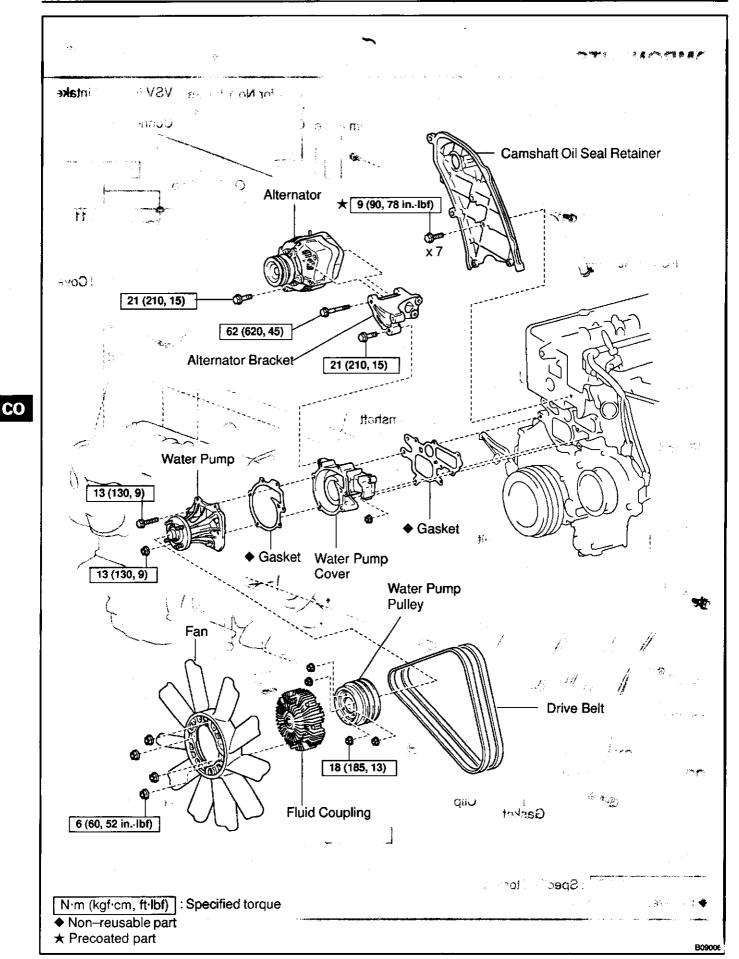
CO

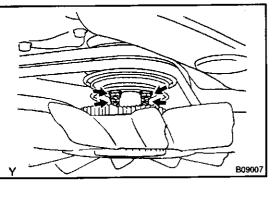
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CO-3



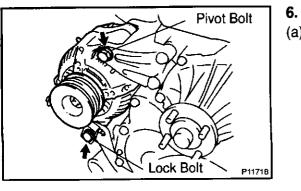


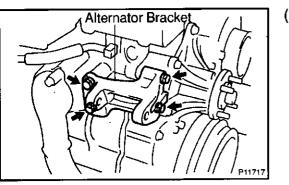
REMOVAL

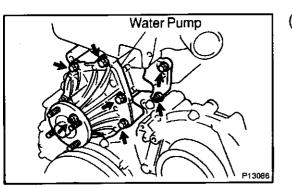
- 1. DRAIN ENGINE COOLANT
- 2. REMOVE DRIVE BELTAS, FAN AND WATER PUMP PULLEY
- (a) Stretch the belt tight and loosen the 4 pump pulley set nuts.
- (b) Loosen the pivot bolt and adjusting lock bolt.
- (c) Loosen the adjusting bolt, and remove the drive belt.
- (d) Remove the 4 nuts, fan and fluid coupling assembly and pulley.
- 3. REMOVE TIMING BELT AND IDLER PULLEY (See page EM-13)
- 4. REMOVE NO.1 CAMSHAFT TIMING PULLEY (See page EM-13)
- 5. REMOVE CAMSHAFT OIL SEAL RETAINER (See page EM-24)

REMOVE WATER PUMP

(a) Remove the lock bolt, pivot bolt and alternator.







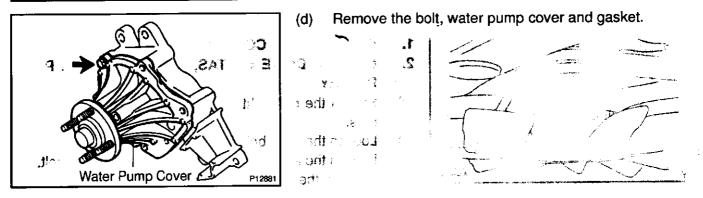
(b) Remove the 4 bolts and alternator bracket.

(c) Remove the 5 bolts, 2 nuts, water pump and gasket.

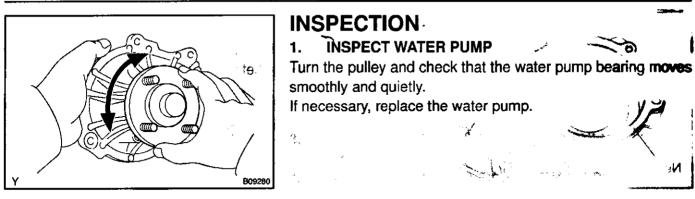
CO-5

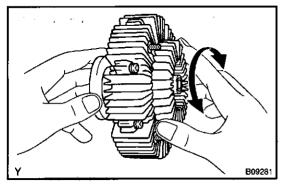
CO-6

COOLING - WATER PUMP



COOLING - WATER PUMP





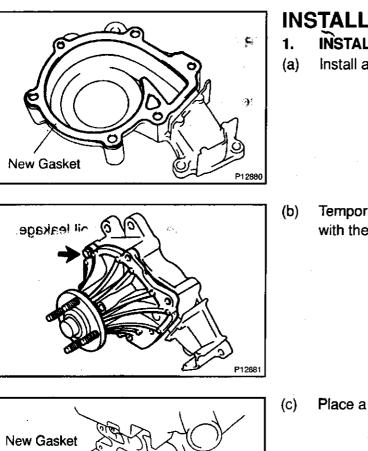
2. INSPECT FLUID COUPLING

Check the fluid coupling for damage and silicon oil leakage. If necessary, replace the fluid coupling.

17**19**

CO.





- INSTALLATION
 1. INSTALL WATER PUMP ASSEMBLY
 (a) Install a new gasket to the water pump cover.
 - Temporarily install the water pump and water pump cover with the bolt.

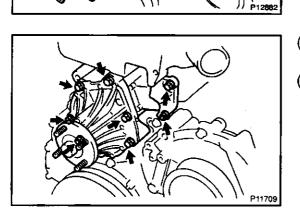


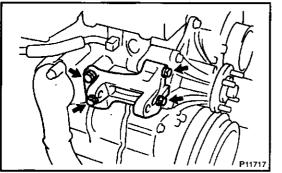
Place a new gasket in position on the cylinder head.

- (d) Temporarily install the water pump with the 5 bolts and 2 nuts.
- (e) Tighten the bolts and nuts. Torque: 13 N·m (130 kgf·cm, 9 ft·lbf)

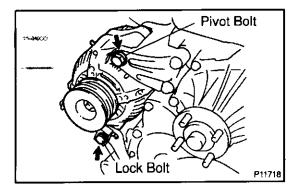
- (f)
- Install the alternator bracket with the 4 bolts. Torque: 21 N·m (210 kgf·cm, 15 ft·lbf)

CO

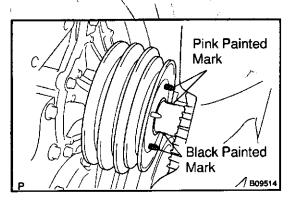


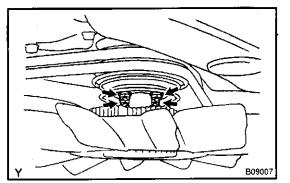


COOLING - WATER PUMP



- (g) Install the alternator with the pivot bc and lock bolt. 1 [Torque:
 - 21 N·m (210 kgf·cm, 15 ft·lbf) for Lock bolt 62 N·m (620 kgf·cm, 45 ft·lbf) for Pivot bolt
- 2. INSTALL CAMSHAFT OIL SEAL RETAINER (See page EM-34)
- 3. INSTALL NO.1 CAMSHAFT TIMING PULLEY (See page EM-18)
- 4. INSTALL IDLER PULLEY AND TIMING BELT (See page EM-18)
- 5. INSTALL WATER PUMP PULLEY, FAN AND DRIVE BELT





(a) Install the pump pulley, the fluid, fan and coupling assembly with the 4 nuts.

CO

30, 9)

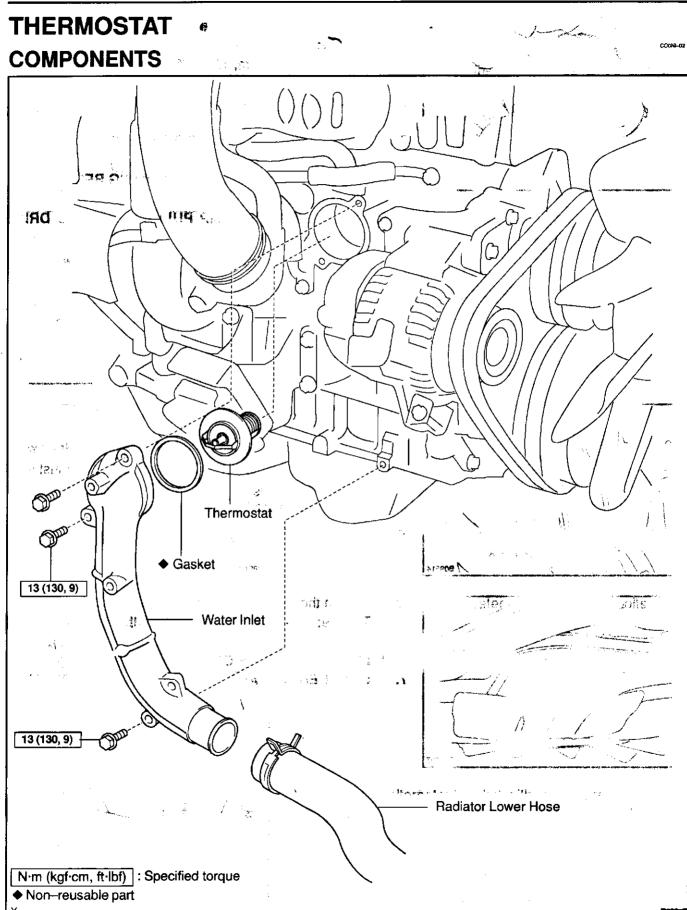
HINT:

When intalling the fluid coupling on the water pump, must intall it by making the marking color of the bolt of the water pump and the marking color of the fulid coupling meet.

- (b) Place the drive belt on each pulley.
- (c) Stretch the belt tight and torque the 4 nuts. Torque: 18 N·m (185 kgf·cm, 13 ft·lbf)
- (d) Adjust the drive belt deflection. (See page CH-2)
- 6. FILL WITH ENGINE COOLANT
- 7. START ENGINE AND CHECK FOR COOLANT LEAKS

CO

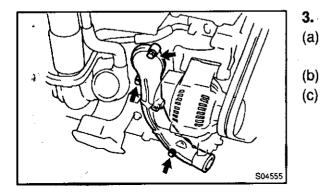
COOLING - THERMOSTAT



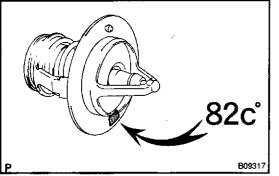
5 <u>s</u>



INT:	1
Removal of the thermostat would have an adverse effect, ca	IUS-
ng a lowering of cooling efficiency. Do not remove the them	no-
tat, even if the engine tends to overheat.	1
. DRAIN ENGINE COOLANT	
DISCONNECT RADIATOR LOWER HOSE	



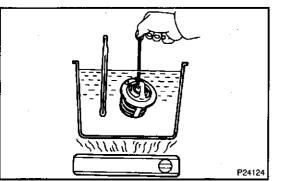
- 3. REMOVE WATER INLET AND THERMOSTAT
 (a) Remove the 3 bolts and water inlet from the cylinder block.
 (b) Remove the thermostat.
 - Remove the gasket from the thermostat.

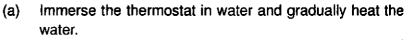


INSPECTION INSPECT THERMOSTAT

HINT:

The thermostat is numbered with the valve opening temperature.





(b) Check the valve opening temperature.

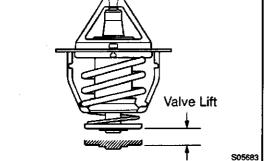
Valve opening temperature: 80 – 84°C (176 – 183°F) If the valve opening temperature is not as specified, replace the thermostat.

(c) Check the valve lift.

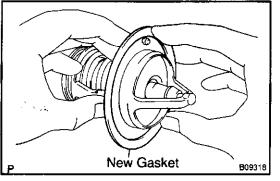
Valve lift: 10 mm (0.39 in.) or more at 95 °C (203°F) If the valve lift is not as specified, replace the thermostat.

(d) Check that the valve is fully closed when the thermostat is at low temperatures (below 40°C (104°F)).

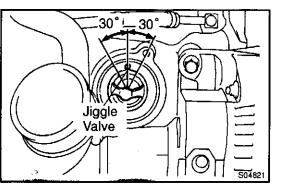
If not closed, replace the thermostat.

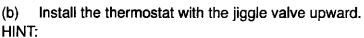


C00NK-02

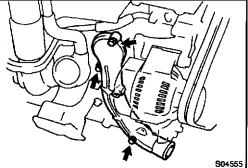


INSTALLATION HOTAK PLACE THERMOSTAT IN CYLINDER BLOCK 1. Install a new gasket to the thermostat. (a)





The jiggle valve may be set within 30° of either side of the prescribed position.



INSTALL WATER INLET TO CYLINDER BLOCK 2.

Install the water inlet with the 3 bolts.

Torque: 13 N·m (130 kgf·cm, 9 ft·lbf) NOTICE:

Torque the 2 upper bolts first.

- FILL WITH ENGINE COOLANT 3.
- START ENGINE AND CHECK FOR COOLANT LEAKS 4.

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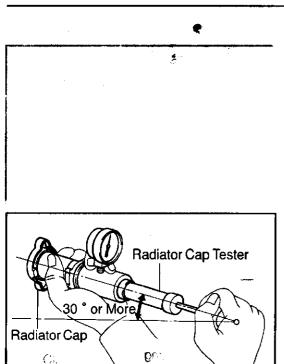
COOLING - RADIATOR

RADIATOR

ON-VEHICLE CLEANING

Using water or a steam cleaner, remove any mud and dirt from the radiator core. **NOTICE:**

If using a high pressure type cleaner, be careful not to deform the fins of the radiator core. (i.e. Maintain a distance between the cleaner nozzle and radiator core.)



CO1242

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ON_VEHICLE INSPECTION 16

1. REMOVE RADIATOR CAP

CAUTION:

To avoid the danger of being burned, do not remove the radiator cap while the engine and radiator are still hot, as fluid and steam can be blown out under pressure.



INSPECT RADIATOR CAP

NOTICE:

2.

Z00570

- If the radiator cap has contaminations, always rinse it with water.
- Before using a radiator cap tester, wet the relief valve
 and pressure valve with engine coolant or water.
- When performing steps (a) and (b) below, keep the tester at an angle of over 30° above the horizontal.
- (a) Using a radiator cap tester, slowly pump the tester and check that air is coming form the vacuum valve.

Pump speed: 1 push / (3 seconds or more) NOTICE:

Push the pump at a constant speed.

If air is not coming from the vacuum valve, replace the radiator cap.

- (b) Pump the tester and measure the relief valve opening pressure.
 - Pump speed: 1 push within 1 second

NOTICE:

This pump speed is for the first pump only (in order to close the vacuum valve). After this, the pump speed can be reduced.

- Standard opening pressure:
 - 93 125 kPa (0.95 1.25 kgf/cm², 10.7 14. 9psi) Minimum epoplar processor
 - Minimum opening pressure:
 - 59 kPa (0.6 kgf/cm², 8.5 psi)

HINT:

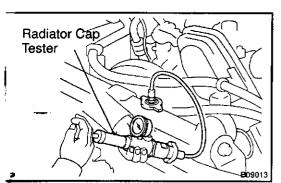
Use the tester's maximum reading as the opening pressure.

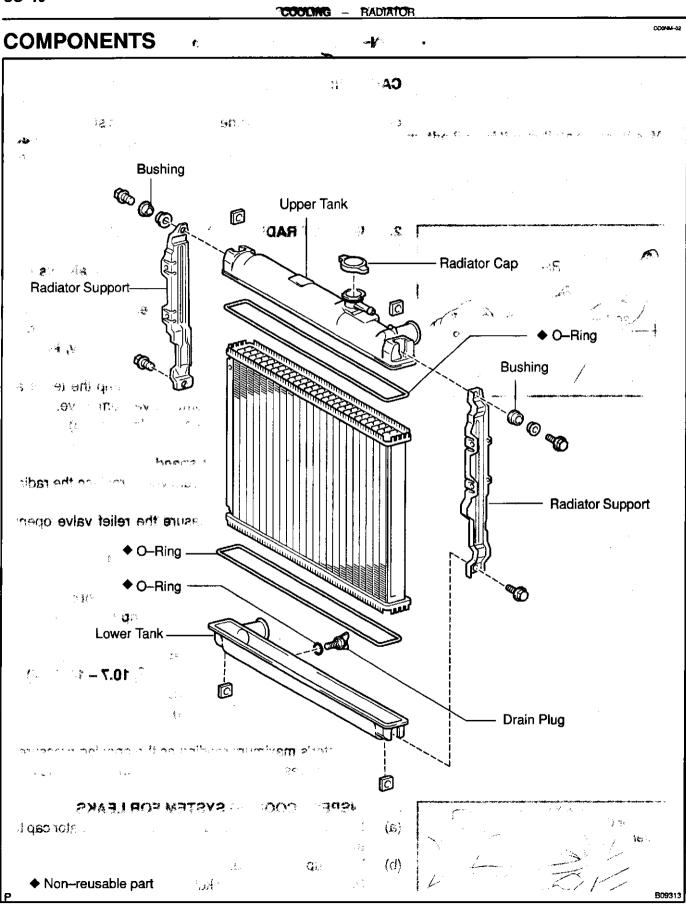
If the opening pressure is less than minimum, replace the radiator cap.

- 3. INSPECT COOLING SYSTEM FOR LEAKS
- (a) Fill the radiator with coolant, and attach a radiator cap tester.
- (b) Warm up the engine.
- (c) Pump it to 118 kPa (1.2 kgf/cm², 17.1 psi), and check that the pressure does not drop.

If the pressure drops, check the hoses, radiator or water pump for leaks. If no external leaks is found, check the heater core, cylinder block and head.

4. REINSTALL RADIATOR CAP





CO-16

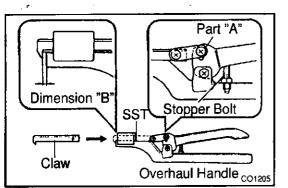
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Remove the 2 bolts, nuts, pipe, bushing and radiator support. Remove the LH and RH supports.

- 2. REMOVE RADIATOR CAP
- 3. REMOVE DRAIN PLUG
- (a) Remove the drain plug.
- (b) Remove the O-ring.



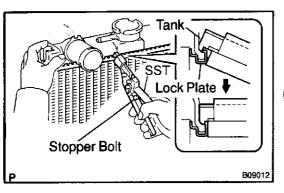
4. ASSEMBLE SST

SST 09230-01010

- (a) Install the claw to the overhaul handle, inserting it in the hole in part "A" as shown in the diagram.
- (b) While gripping the handle, adjust the stopper bolt so that dimension "B" is as shown in the illustration.

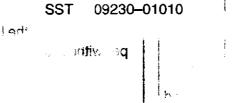
Dimension B: 0.2 – 0.3 mm (0.008 – 0.012 in.) NOTICE:

If this adjustment is not done the claw may be damaged.

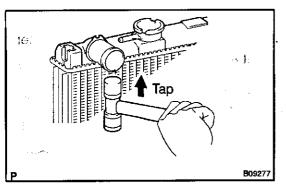


5. UNCAULK LOCK PLATES

Using SST to release the caulking, squeeze the handle until stopped by the stopper bolt.







6. REMOVE TANKS AND O-RINGS

Lightly tap the radiator inlet or outlet (or bracket of the radiator) with a soft-faced hammer, and remove the tank and the O-ring.



Lock Plate

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Tap





1. INSPECT LOCK PLATE FOR DAMAGE

HINT:

Lock Plate

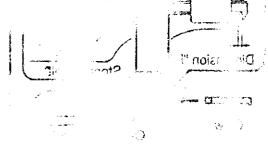
CO1267

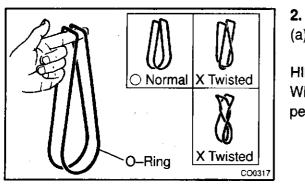
Core

- If the sides of the lock plate groove are deformed, reassembly of the tank will be impossible.
 - Therefore, first correct any deformation with pliers or simi-
- lar object. Water leakage will result if the bottom of the
 lock plate groove is damaged or dented.

NOTICE:

Te The radiator can only be recaulked 2 times. After the 2nd time, the radiator core must be replaced.





CORRECT

WRONG

B09014

INSTALL NEW O-RINGS AND TANKS

 (a) After checking that there are no foreign objects in the lock plate groove, install a new O-ring without twisting it.
 HINT:

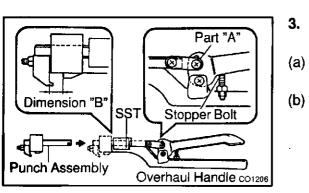
When cleaning the lock plate groove, lightly rub it with sand paper without scratching it.



(b) Install the tank without damaging the O-ring.

(c) Tap the lock plate with a soft-faced hammer so that there is no gap between it and the tank.





Tank

Lock Plate

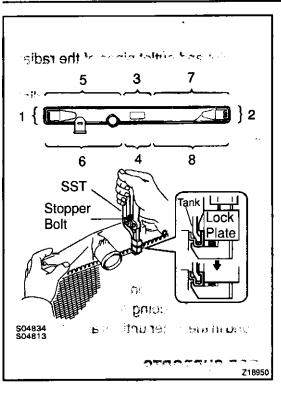
ASSEMBLE SST

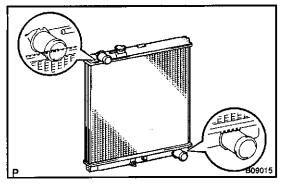
SST 09230-01010, 09231-14010

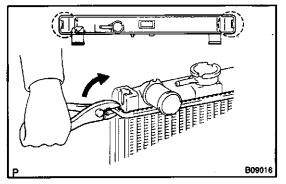
Install the punch assembly to the overhaul handle, inserting it in the hole in part "A" as shown in the illustration.

) While gripping the handle, adjust the stopper bolt so that dimension "B" is as shown in the illustration.

Dimension "B": 8.4 mm (0.331 in.)



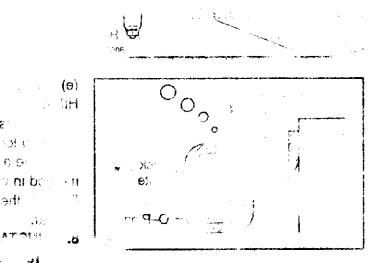






(a) Lightly press SST against the lock plate in the order shown in the illustration. After repeating this a few times, fully caulk the lock plate by squeezing the handle until stopped by the stopper bolt.

SST 09230-01010



HINT:

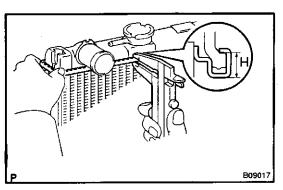
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Do not stake the areas protruding around the ports.

The points shown in the rib sides near here cannot be staked with SST. Use pliers similar object and be careful not to damage the core plates.



(b) Check the lock plate height (H) after completing the caluking.

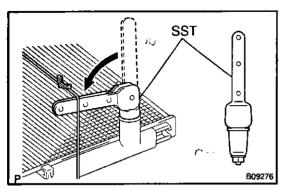
Plate height (H):

7.40 - 7.80 mm (0.2913 - 0.3071 in.)

If not within the specified height, adjust the stopper bolt of the handle again and caulk again.

- 5. **INSTALL RADIATOR CAP**
- 6. **INSTALL DRAIN PLUG**
- (a) Install a new O-ring to the drain plug.
- (b) Install the drain plug.

CO-20





7. CHECK FOR WATER LEAKS

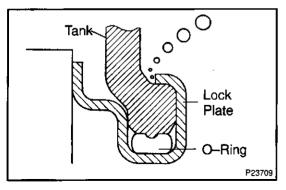
- (a) Fighten the drain plug.
- (b) Using SST, plug the inlet and outlet pipes of the radiator. SST 09230-01010
- Using a radiator cap tester, apply pressure to the radiator.
 Test pressure: 147 kPa (1.8 kgf/cm², 26 psi)

(d) Submerge the radiator in water.

(e) Inspect for water leaks. HINT:

On radiators with resin tanks, there is a clearance between the tank and lock plate where a minute amount of air will remain, giving the appearance of an air leak when the radiator is submerged in water. Therefore, before doing the water leak test, first swirl the radiator around in the water until all air bubbles disappear.

8. INSTALL RADIATOR SUPPORTS Torque: 13 N·m (130 kgf cm, 9 ft lbf)



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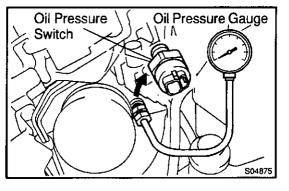
OIL AND FILTER	LU-1
OIL PUMP	LU-4
OIL COOLER	LU-16
OIL NOZZLE	LU-23

OIL AND FILTER

LU-1

LUOBW-02

Recommended Viscosity (SAE): 10W-30 5W-30 40 30 -18 °C --29 °F --20 16 27 38 -7 4 20 100 0 40 60 80 **TEMPERATURE RANGE ANTICIPATED** BEFORE NEXT OIL CHANGE **17**2 B05542



INSPECTION

CHECK ENGINE OIL QUALITY 1.

Check the oil for deterioration, entry of water, discoloring or thinning.

If the quality is visibly poor, replace the oil.

Oil grade:

API CF-4 or CF (You may also use API CE or CD)

If you use SAE 10W-30 or higher viscosity oil in extremely low temperatures, the engine may become difficult to start, so SAE 5W–30 engine oil is recommended.

CHECK ENGINE OIL LEVEL 2.

After warming up the engine and then 5 minutes after the engine stops, oil level should be between the "L" and "F" marks of the dipstick.

If low, check for leakage and add oil up to the "F" mark. NOTICE:

Do not fill with engine oil above the "F" mark.

CHECK OIL PRESSURE 3.

- Using a 24 mm deep socket wrench, remove the oil pres-(a) sure switch.
- (b) Install an oil pressure gauge.
- Allow the engine to warm pu to normal operating tempera-(c) ture.
- (d) Check the oil pressure.

Oil pressure:

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sate the fifter rubbing an known deen engine oil

At idle	29 kPa (0.3 kgf/cm ² , 4.3 psi) or more
At 3,000 rpm	245 kPa (2.5 kgf/cm ² , 33 psi) or more

Remove the oil pressure gauge. (e)



Adhesive S02870

A TOUR HOLES

Apply adhesive to 2 or 3 threads of the oil pressure switch. (f) Adhesive:

Part No. 08833-00080, THREE BOND 1344, LOCTITE 242 or equivalent

- Reinstall the oil pressure switch. (g)
- Start the engine and check for oil leak. (h)

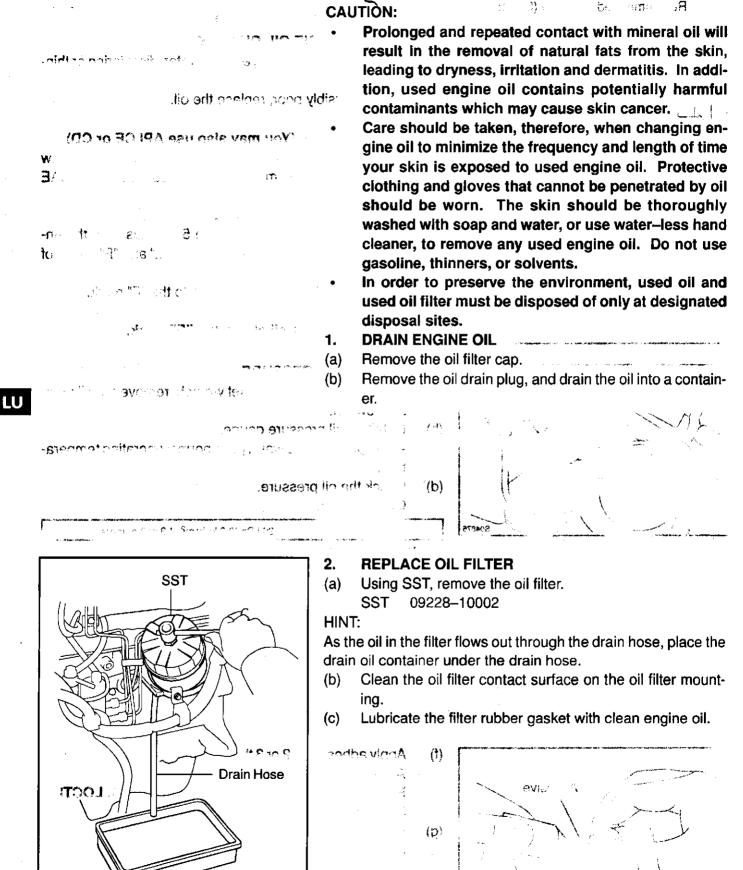
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REPLACEMENT CAUTION:

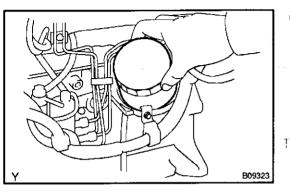
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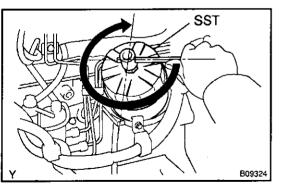


B09322



(d) Tighten the oil filter by hand until the rubber gasket con-Tacts the seat of the filter mounting.





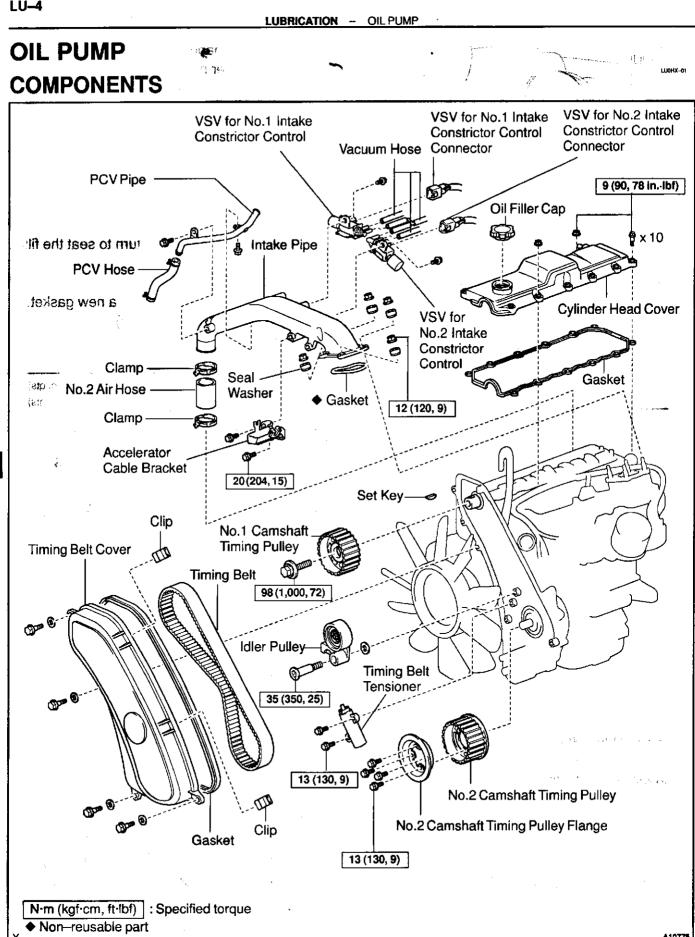
- (e) Using SST, give it an additional 3/4 turn to seat the filter. SST 09228–10002
- 3. FILL WITH ENGINE OIL
- (a) Clean and install the oil drain plug with a new gasket. Torque: 34 N·m (350 kgf·cm, 25 ft·lbf)
- (b) Fill with fresh engine oil.

Capacity:

Drain and refill	w/ Oil filter change w/o Oil filter change	7.0 liters (7.4 US qts, 6.2 lmp. qts) 6.4 liters (6.8 US qts, 5.6 lmp. qts)
Dry fill		7.5 liters (7.9 US qts, 6.6 lmp. qts)

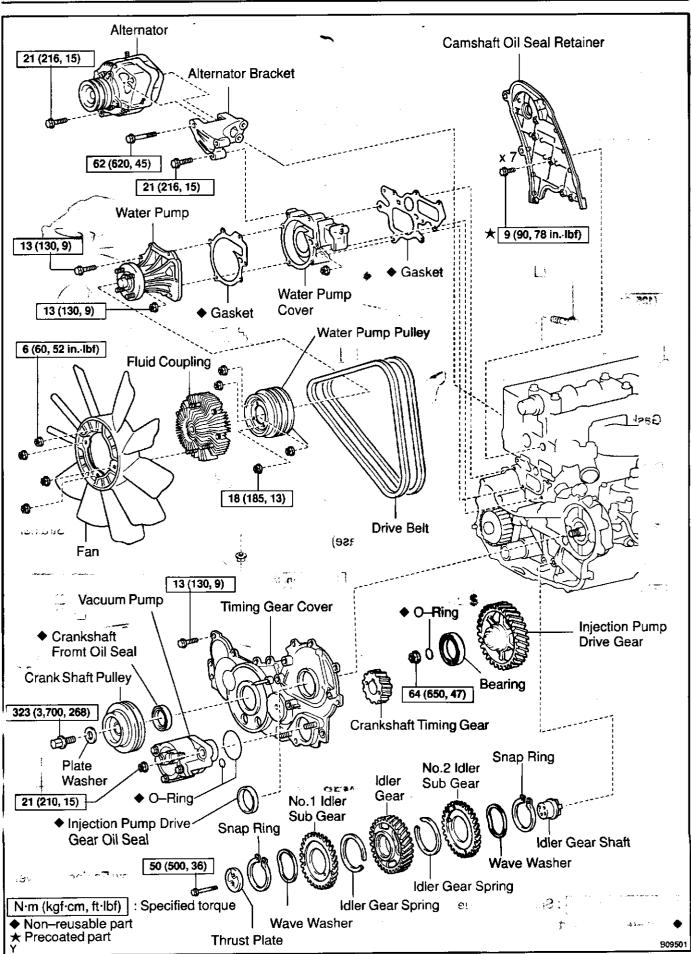
- (c) Reinstall the oil filter cap.
- 4. START ENGINE AND CHECK FOR OIL LEAKS
- 5. RECHECK ENGINE OIL LEVEL

10-3



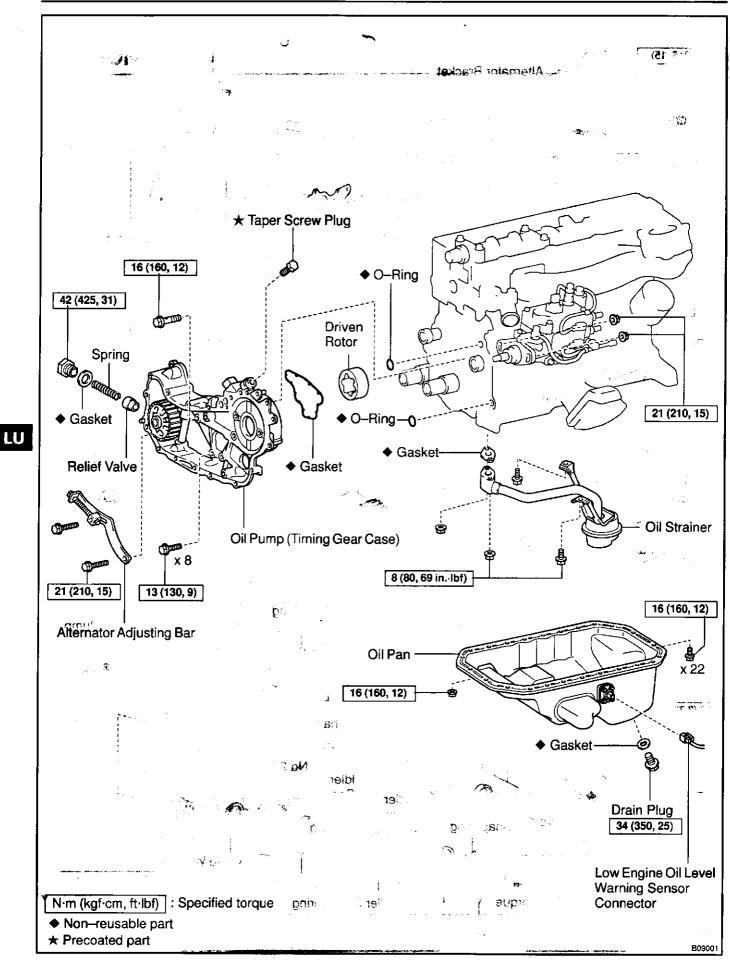
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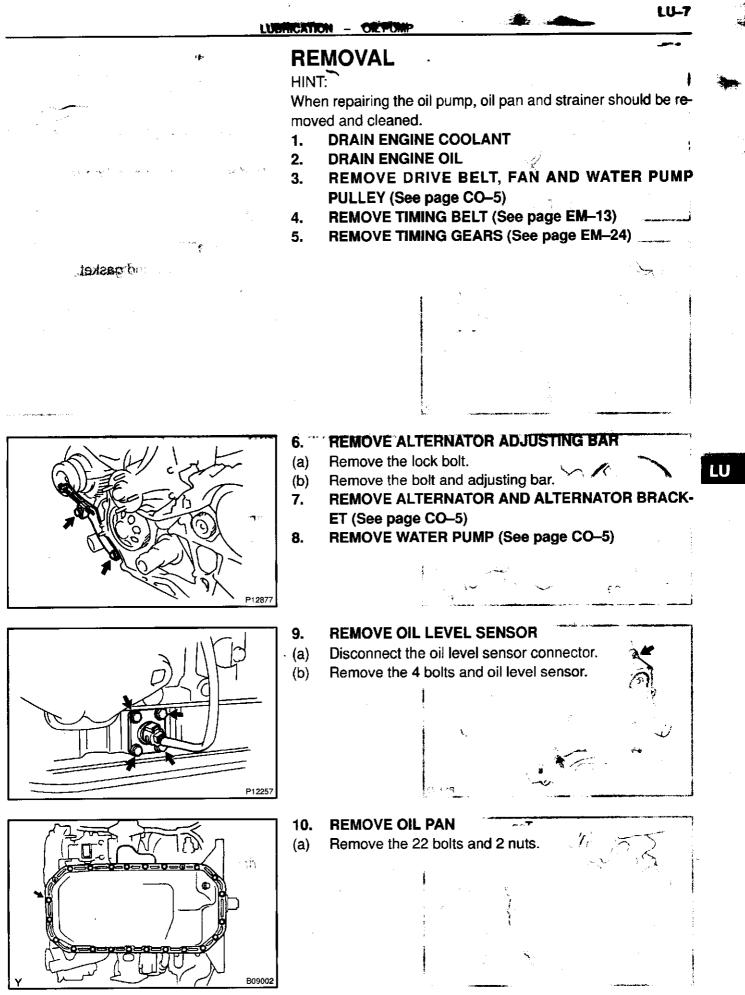
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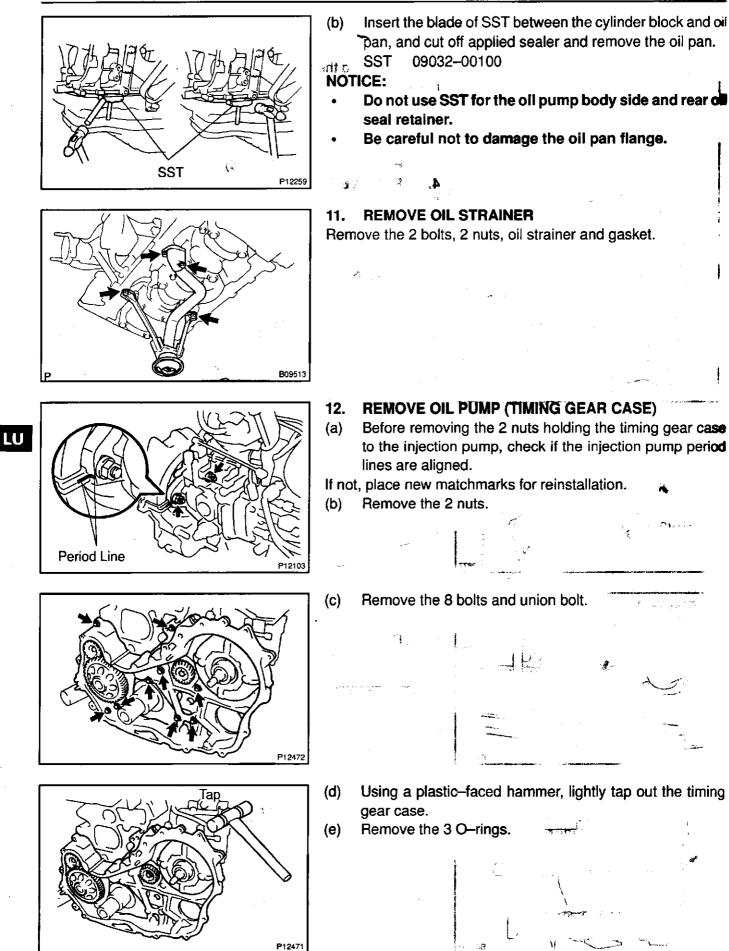




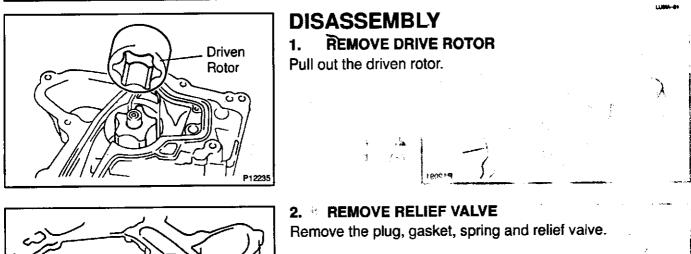
LUBRICATION - OIL PUMP

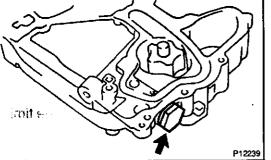


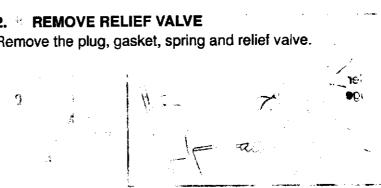




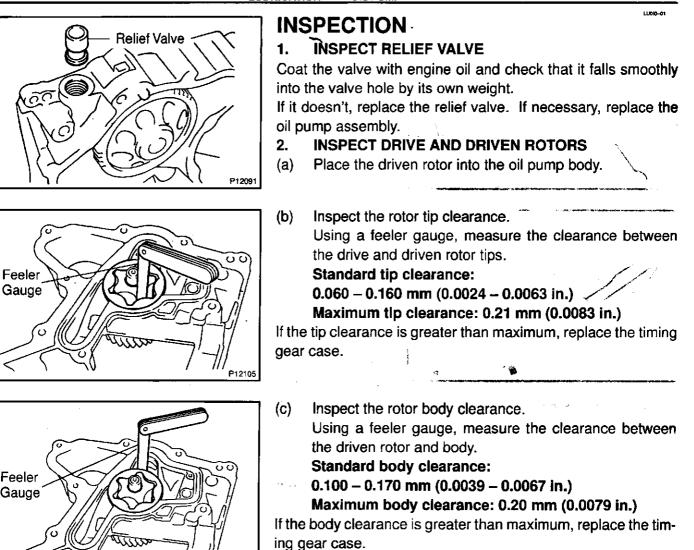
LUBRICATION - OIL PUMP

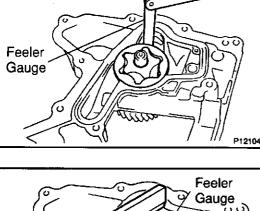


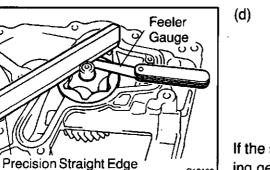




: LU-9







P12106

Inspect the rotor side clearance.

Using a feeler gauge and precision straight edge, measure the clearance between the rotors and precision straight edge.

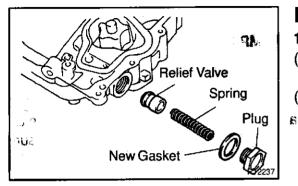
Standard side clearance:

0.030 - 0.090 mm (0.0012 - 0.0035 in.) Maximum side clearance: 0.15 mm (0.0059 in.)

If the side clearance is greater than maximum, replace the timing gear case.

LUBRICATION - OIL PUMP

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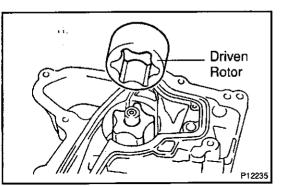


REASSEMBLY

- 1. INSTALL RELIEF VALVE
- (a) Insert the relief valve and spring into the installation hole of the timing gear case.

LU-11

- (b) Install a new gasket and the plug.
 - Torque: 42 N·m (425 kgf·cm, 31 ft·lbf)



2. INSTALL DRIVE AND DRIVEN ROTORS Install the driven rotor into the pump.

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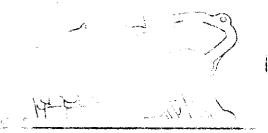
INSTALLATION

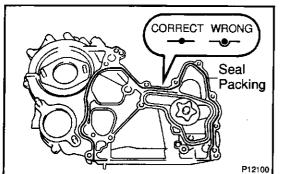
1. 🗼 ÎNSTALL OIL PUMP (TIMING GEAR CASE) 🖄

- Remove any old packing (FIPG) material and be careful not to drop any oil on the contact surfaces of the timing
 gear case and cylinder block.
 - Using a razor blade and gasket scraper, remove all the old packing (FIPG) material from the gasket surfaces and sealing groove.

ii Nr:

- Thoroughly clean all components to remove all the loose material.
 - Using a non-residue solvent, clean both sealing surfaces.





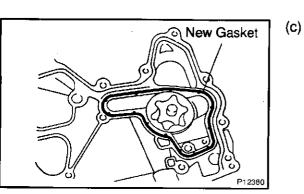
 \mathbf{C}

(b) Apply seal packing to the timing gear case as shown in the illustration.

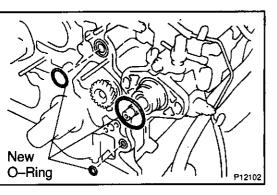
Seal packing: Part No. 08826-00080 or equivalent NOTICE:

Aroid applying an excessive amount to the surface.

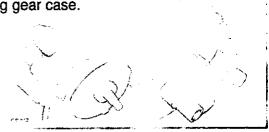
- Install a nozzle that has been cut to a 3 5 mm (0.12 0.20 in.) opening.
- Parts must be assembled within 3 minutes of application. Otherwise the material must be removed and reapplied.
- Immediately remove nozzle from the tube and reinstall cap.



Place a new gasket into the groove of the timing gear case as shown in the illustration.



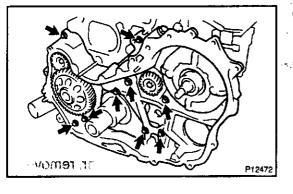
- (d) Install 3 new O-rings to the cylinder block and injection pump.
- (e) Install the timing gear case.



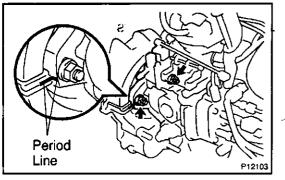
- (f) The matchmark on the No.1 balance shaft driven gear should be aligned with the "2" mark.
- (g) Align the mark on the oil pump drive gear with the mark on the timing gear case.

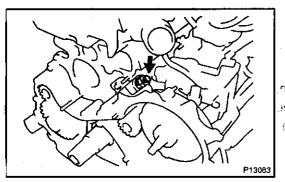


(h) Install the 8 bolts and union bolt.
Torque:
13 N·m (130 kgf·cm, 9 ft·lbf) for Bolt
16 N·m (160 kgf·cm, 12 ft·lbf) for Union bolt



P12097

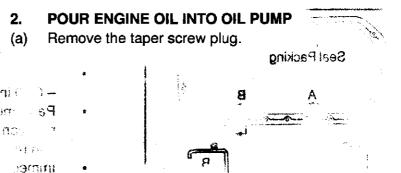


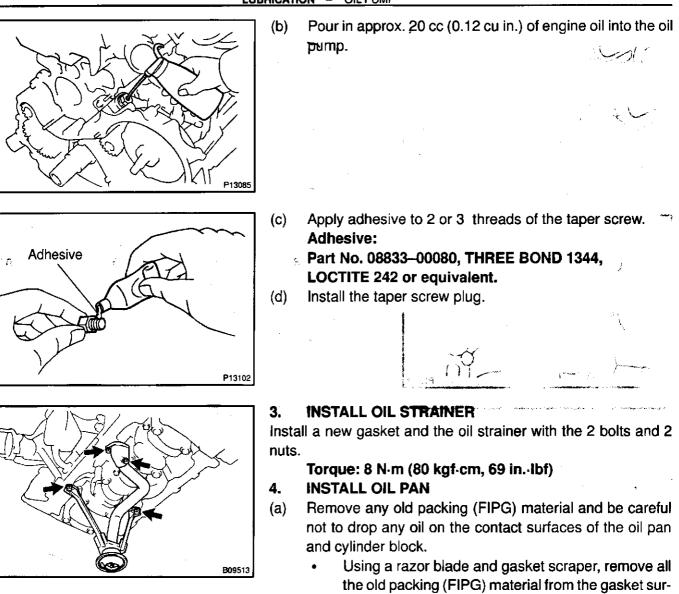


(i) Install the 2 nuts holding the injection pump to the timing gear case.

Torque: 21 N·m (210 kgf·cm, 15 ft·lbf) for bolt

(j) Check that the injection pump period lines (or matchmarks) are aligned by tilting the injection pump.





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- - surfaces. 319 NOTICE:

Do not use a solvent which will affect the painted surfaces.

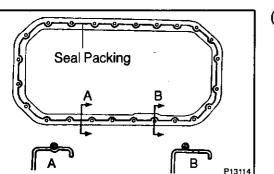
Thoroughly clean all components to remove all the

Using a non-residue solvent, clean both sealing

× 11 1) 14

faces and sealing groove.

loose material.

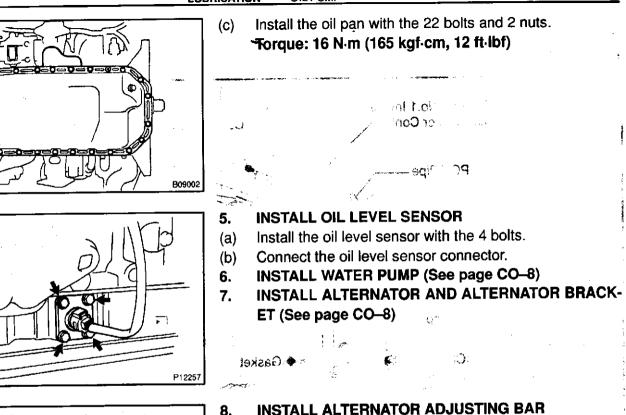


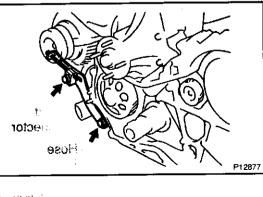
(b) Apply seal packing to the oil pan as shown in the illustration.

Seal packing: Part No. 08826 -00080 or equivalent

- Install a nozzle that has been cut to a 3-5 mm (0.12) - 0.20 in.) opening.
- Parts must be assembled within 5 minutes of application. Otherwise the material must be removed and reapplied.
- Immediately remove nozzle from the tube and reinstall cap.

LUBRICATION - OIL PUMP





INSTALL ALTERNATOR ADJUSTING BAR

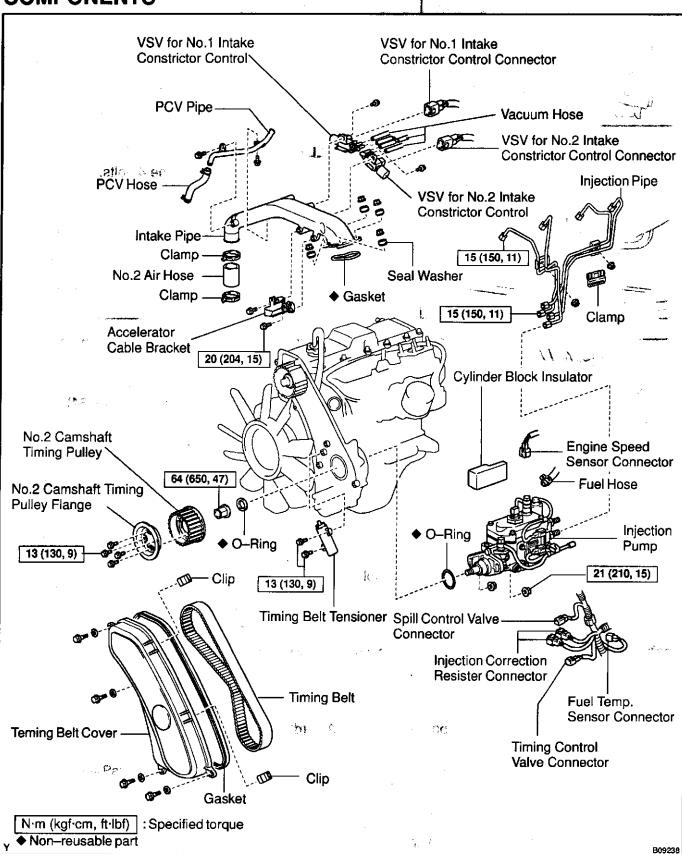
Install the adjusting bar with the bolt and lock bolt.

- Torque: 21 N·m (210 kgf·cm, 15 ft·lbf)
- **INSTALL TIMING GEARS (See page EM-34)** 9.
- **INSTALL TIMING BELT (See page EM-18)** 10.
- INSTALL WATER PUMP PULLEY, FAN AND DRIVE 11. BELT (See page CO-8)
- FILL WITH ENGINE OIL 12.
- FILL WITH ENGINE COOLANT 13.
- START ENGINE AND CHECK FOR OIL LEAKS 14.
- **RECHECK ENGINE OIL LEVEL** 15.

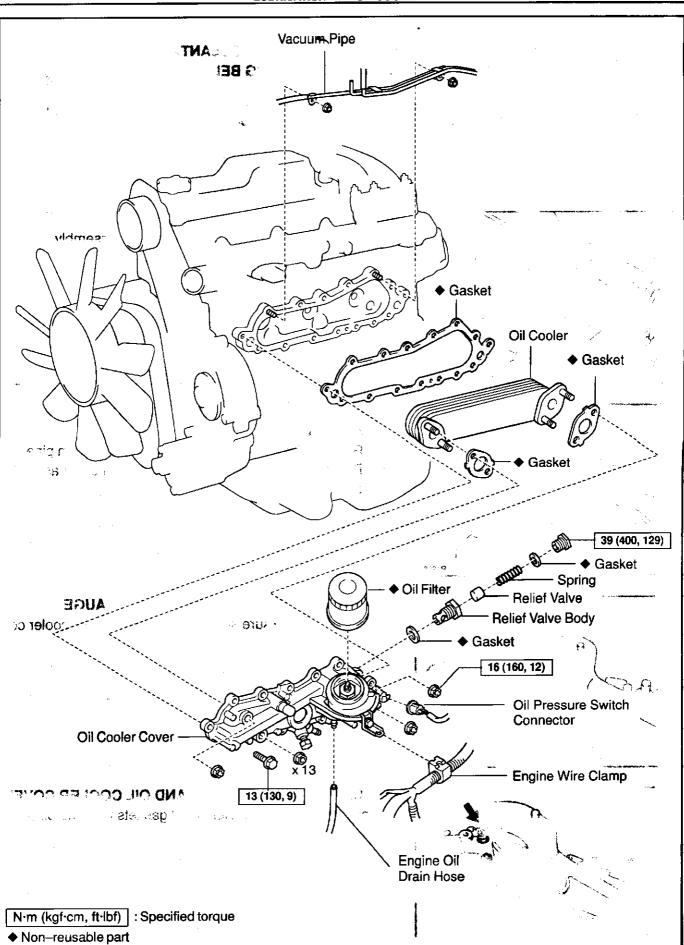
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LU013-01

OIL COOLER COMPONENTS



LUBRICATION - OIL COOLER



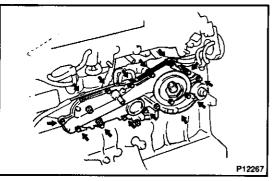
LU-17

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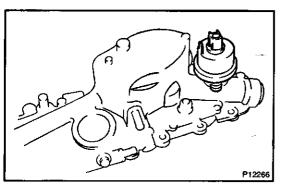




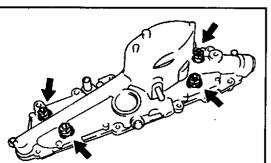
LU014-0 REMOVAL DRAIN ENGINE COOLANT 1. **REMOVE TIMING BELT (See page EM-13)** 2. **REMOVE INJECTION PIPES (See page FU-5)** 3. **REMOVE INJECTION PUMP (See page FU-18)** 4. REMOVE OIL DIPSTICK AND GUIDE 5. (a) Remove the nut and oil dipstick guide assembly. (b) remove the O-ring from the oil dipstick guide. 6. **REMOVE OIL FILTER (See page LU-2)**



- 7. REMOVE OIL COOLER AND OIL COOLER COVER AS-SEMBLY
- (a) Remove the 2 nuts and disconnect the vacuum pipe.
- (b) Remove the 13 bolts, oil cooler, oil cooler cover assembly and gasket.



8. **REMOVE OIL PRESSURE SENDER GAUGE** Remove the oil pressure sender gauge from the oil cooler cover.



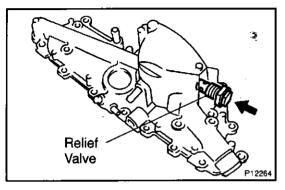
9. SEPARATE OIL COOLER AND OIL COOLER COVER Remove the 4 nuts, oil cooler and 2 gaskets from the oil cooler cover.

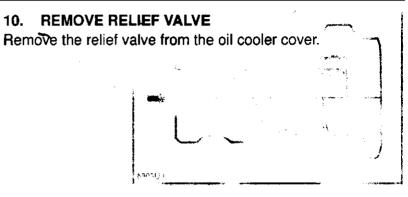
m (kofrom ft-lbfi) ; Specified torque

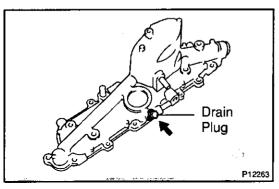
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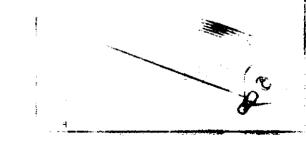




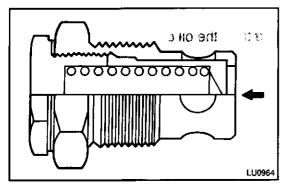


11." REMOVE DRAIN PLUG

Remove the drain plug from the oil cooler cover.



LUBRICATION - OIL COOLER

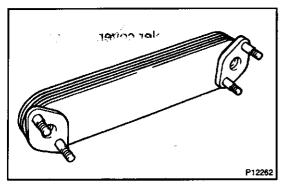


INSPECTION

1. INSPECT RELIEF VALVE

Push the valve with a wooden stick to check if it is stuck. If stuck, replace the relief valve.





2. * INSPECT OIL COOLER

Check the oil cooler for damage or clogging. If necessary, replace the oil cooler.

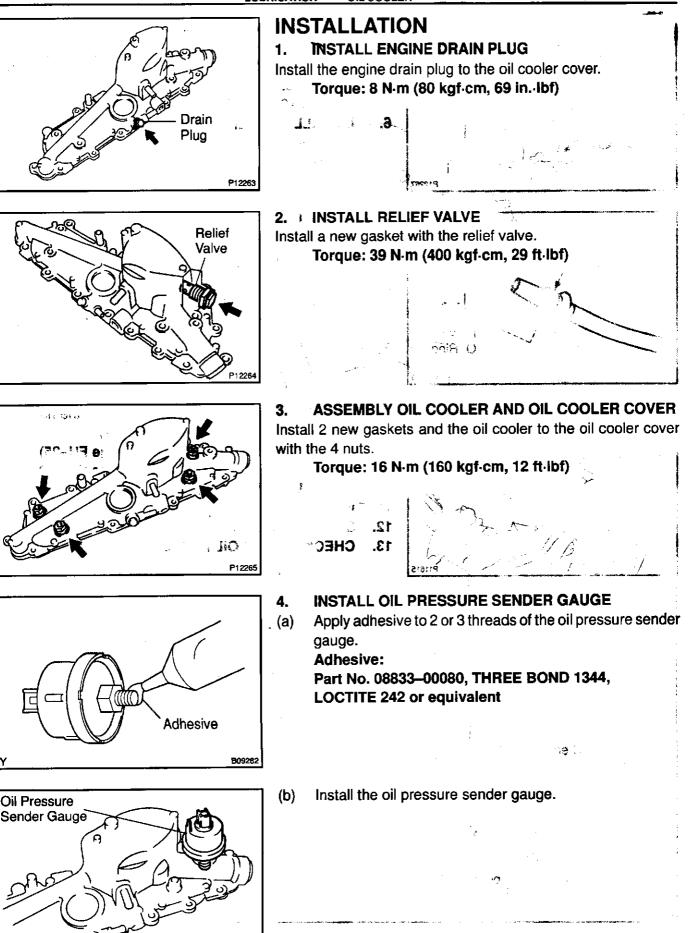


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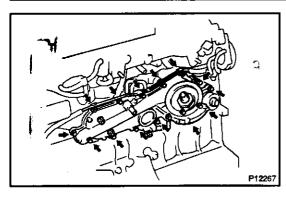




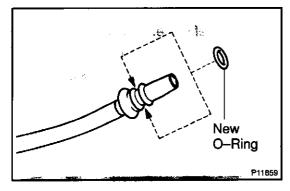


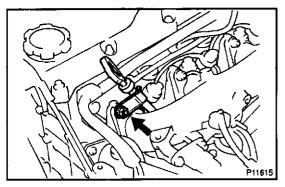
P12266

LUBRICATION - OIL COOLER



5. INSTALL OIL COOLER AND OIL COOLER COVER AS-SEMBLY
Install a new gasket, the oil cooler and oil cooler cover assembly with the 13 bolts. Torque: 13 N·m (130 kgf·cm, 9 ft·lbf)
6. INSTALL OIL FILTER (See page LU–2)

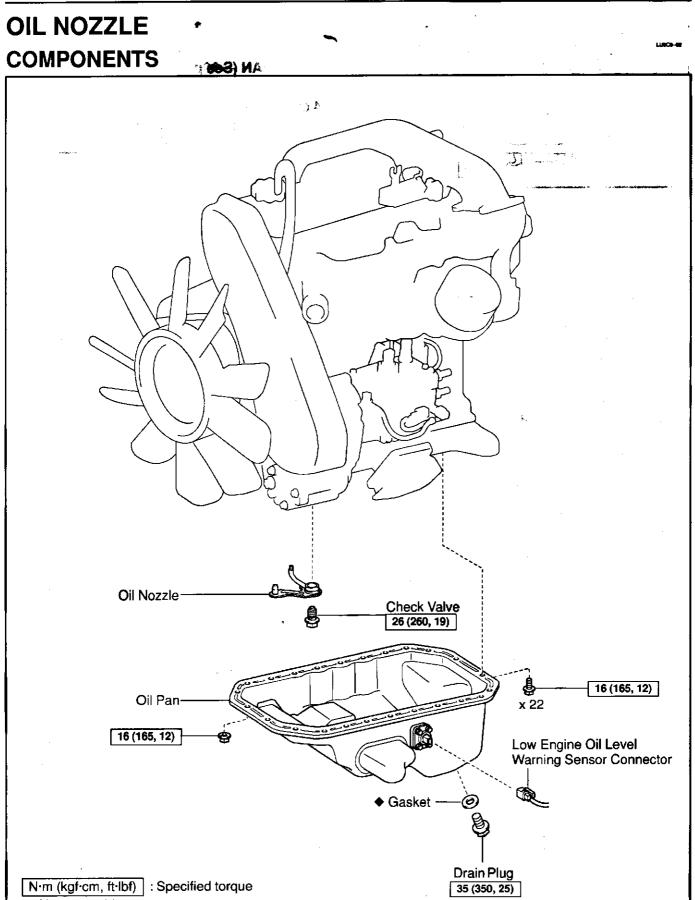




- 7. INSTALL OIL DIPSTICK GUIDE AND OIL DIPSTICK
- (a) Install a new O-ring to the dipstick guide.



- (b) Install the oil dipstick guide assembly with the nut. Torque: 29 N·m (300 kgf·cm, 22 ft·lbf)
- 8. INSTALL INJECTION PUMP (See page FU-25)
- 9. INSTALL INJECTION PIPES (See page FU-13)
- 10. INSTALL TIMING BELT (See page EM-18)
- 11. FILL WITH ENGINE COOLANT
- 12. START ENGINE AND CHECK FOR LEAKS
- 13. CHECK ENGINE OIL LEVEL

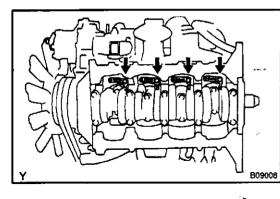


◆ Non-reusable part

LU-24

LUBRICATION - OIL NOZZLE

2.



REMOVAL ·

- I. DRAIN ENGINE OIL
 - REMOVE OIL PAN (See page LU-7)
- 3. REMOVE CHECK VALVE AND OIL NOZZLES

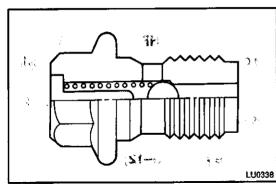
Remove the 4 check valves and oil nozzles.



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LUBRICATION - OIL NOZZLE

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INSPECTION 1. INSPECT CHECK VALVES

Push the valve with a wooden stick to check if it is stuck. If stuck, replace the check valve.

2. INSPECT OIL NOZZLES

Check the oil nozzles for damage or **clog**ging. If necessary, replace the oil nozzle.

LU-25

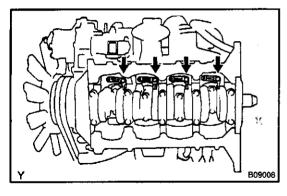
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LU-26

LUBRICATION - OIL'NOZZLE

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INSTALLATION

- . ÎNSTALL OIL NOZZLES AND CHECK VALVES
- (a) Align the pin of the oil nozzle with the pin hole of the cylinder block.
- (b) Install the oil nozzle with the check valve. Install the 4 oil nozzles and check valves.
 - Torque: 26 N·m (260 kgf·cm, 19 ft·lbf)
 - INSTALL OIL PAN (See page LU-12)
 - FILL WITH ENGINE OIL _____
- START ENGINE AND CHECK FOR LEAKS

LU019-01

STARTING

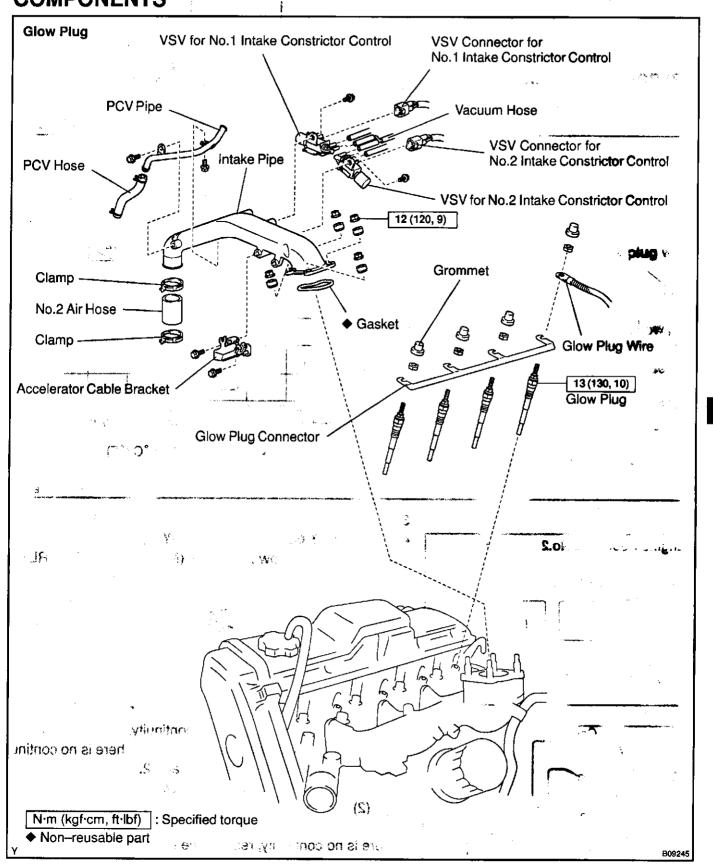
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	PRE-HEATING SYSTEM	ST-1
	STARTER	ST-6
.,e *	STARTER RELAY	ST-20

Contraction

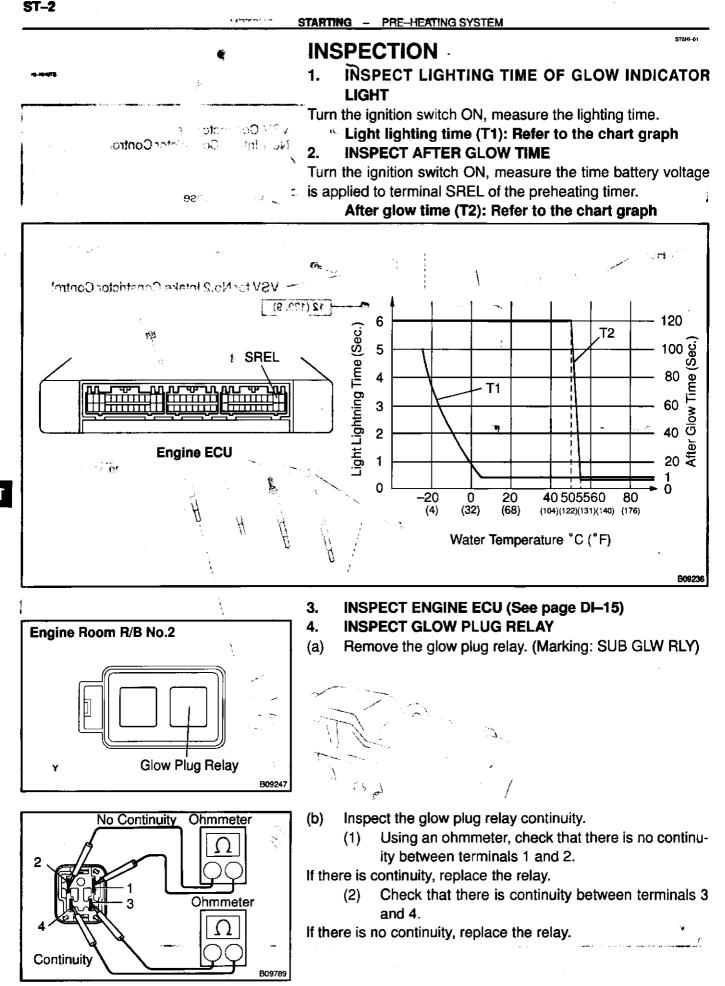
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PRE-HEATING SYSTEM COMPONENTS



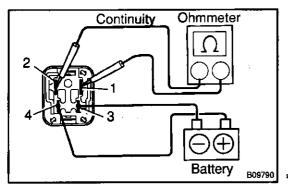
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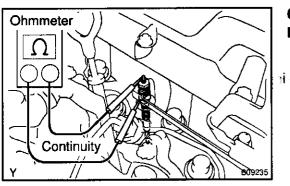
STARTING - PRE-HEATING SYSTEM



- (c) Inspect the glow plug relay operation.
 - (1) Apply battery voltage across terminals 3 and 4.
 - (2) Using an ohmmeter, check that there is computery between terminals 1 and 2.

If there is no continuity, replace the relay.

- (d) Reinstall the glow plug relay.
- 5. INSPECT WATER TEMPERATURE SENSOR (See page ED-15)



6. INSPECT GLOW PLUGS NOTICE:

- Be careful not to damage the glow plug pipes as it could cause an open circuit or shorten life of the glow plugs.
 - Avoid getting oil and gasoline on the glow plug when cleaning.
 - During inspection, be sure to wipe any oil of the terminal and bakelite washer with a dry cloth.
 - Be careful no to apply more than 11 V to the glow plug as it could cause an open circuit.

Using an ohmmeter, check that there is continuity between the glow plug terminal and ground.

Standard resistance: Approx. 0.72 Ω at 20°C (68°F) If there is no continuity, replace the glow plug (See page ST-4).

Torque: 13 N·m (130 kgf·cm, 10 ft·lbf)

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STARTING - PRE-HEATING SYSTEM

REPLACEMENT **REPLACE GLOW PLUGS**

NOTICE:

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STOM SURGE

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The cylinder head and glow plug hole can seize up with carbon deposits. And if the glow plug is forcefully twisted when you remove it, the torsion can crack the ceramic. So keep removal of the glow plugs to a minimum.

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The heater element is ceramic. So if you drop or knock a glow plug even once, replace the glow plug. Replace it regardless of it being new or used, having a normal resistance value and no sign of external damage.

Remove the intake pipe. (See page EM-44)

P13105

Remove the glow plugs.

- Remove the 4 screw grommets from the glow plugs. (1)
- (2) Remove the ground wire from the glow plug.
- Remove the 4 nuts and glow plug connector from (3) the glow plugs.

Torque: 13

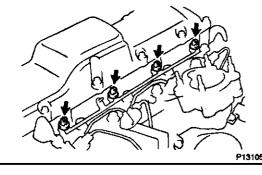
P13094

(4) Using a 12 mm deep socket wrench, remove the 4 glow plugs from the cylinder head.

NOTICE:

Before reinstalling glow plugs, always first remove the carbon from the glow plug hole according to the following procedure.

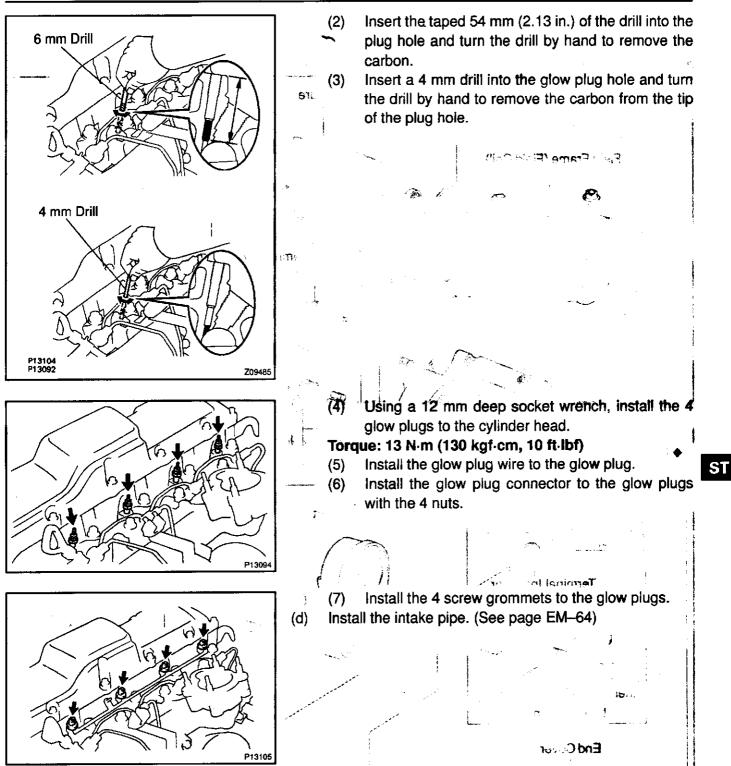
- 54 mm Tape P13115
- (c) Install the glow plugs.
 - (1)Wind tape back for 54 mm (2.13 in.) from the tip of a 6 mm drill.

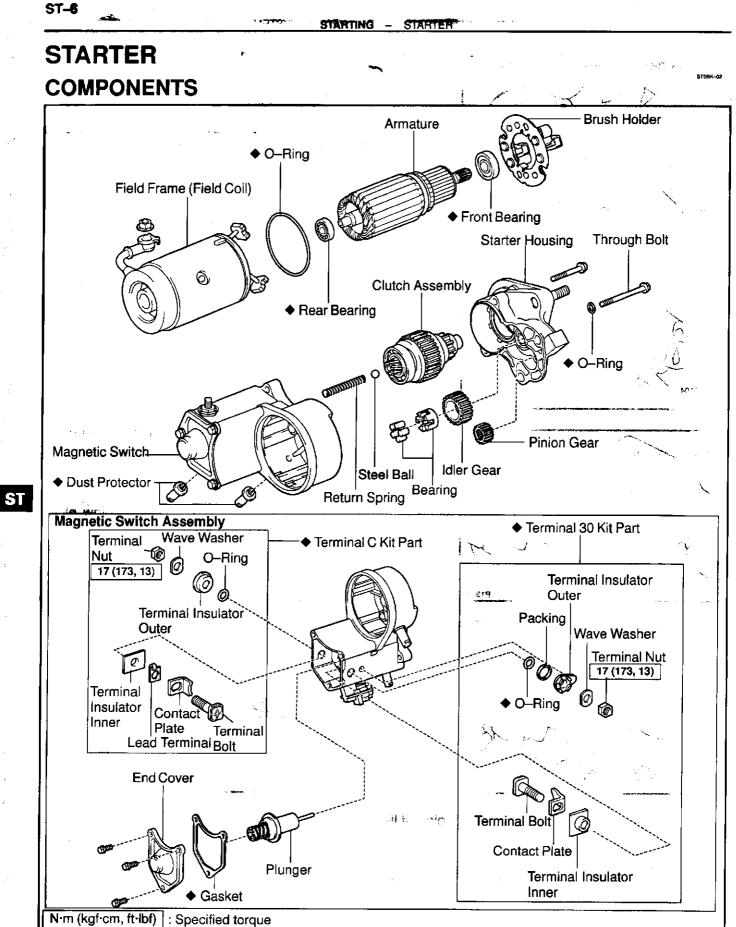


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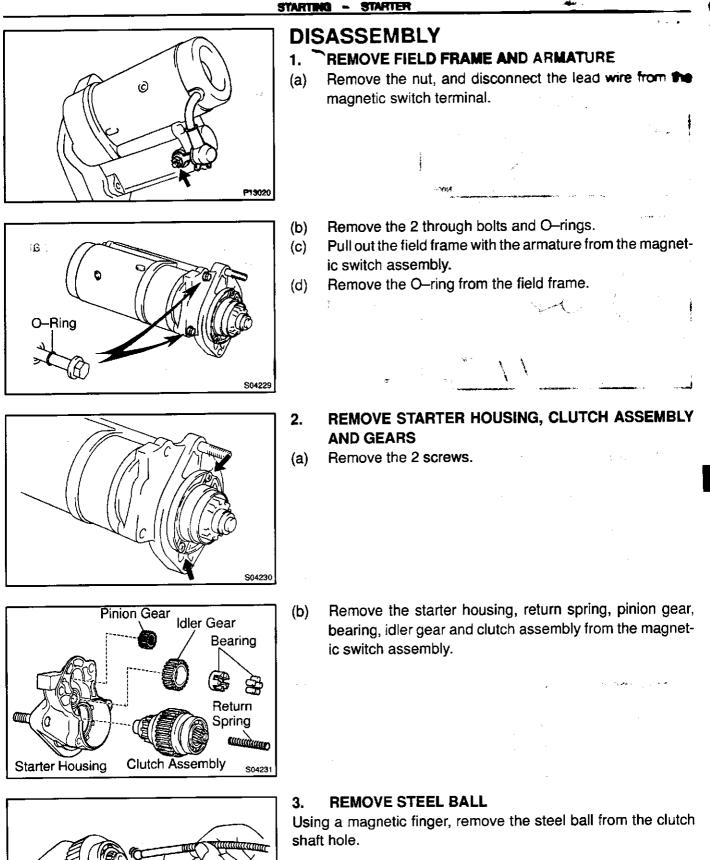
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◆ Non-reusable part



P05056

Magnetic Finger

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51.

STARTING - STARTER

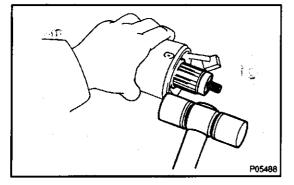
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ST-8

4. REMOVE BRUSH HOLDER

Using a screwdriver, hold the spring back and disconnect the brush from the brush holder. Disconnect the 4 brushes and remove the brush holder.



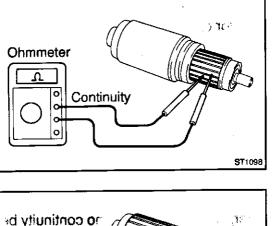


5. REMOVE ARMATURE FROM FIELD FRAME

Using a plastic hammer, tap the frame end to remove the armature from the field frame.







Ohmmeter

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INSPECTION

- 1. INSPECT ARMATURE COIL
- (a) Check the commutator for open circuit.
 - Using an ohmmeter, check that there is continuity between the segments of the commutator.

If there is no continuity between any segment, replace the armature.

(b) Check the commutator for ground. Using an ohmmeter, check that there is no continuity between the commutator and armature coil core.

If there is continuity, replace the armature.

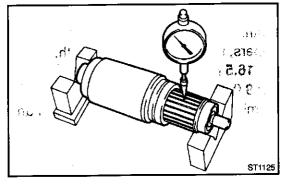
2. INSPECT COMMUTATOR

(a) Check the commutator for the dirty and burnt surfaces. If the surface is dirty or burnt, correct it with sandpaper (No. 400) or on a lathe.

- (b) Check the commutator circle runout.
 - (1) Place the commutator on V-blocks.

(2) Using a dial gauge, measure the circle runout.
 Maximum circle runout: 0.05 mm (0.0020 in.)

If the circle runout is greater than maximum, correct it on a lathe.



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(c) Using vernier calipers, measure the commutator diameter.

Standard diameter: 35 mm (1.38 in.) Minimum diameter: 34 mm (1.34 in.)

If the diameter is less than minimum, replace the armature.



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(d) Check that the undercut depth is clean and free of foreign materials. Smooth out the edge.

Standard undercut depth: 0.7 mm (0.027 in.) Minimum undercut depth: 0.2 mm (0.008 in.)

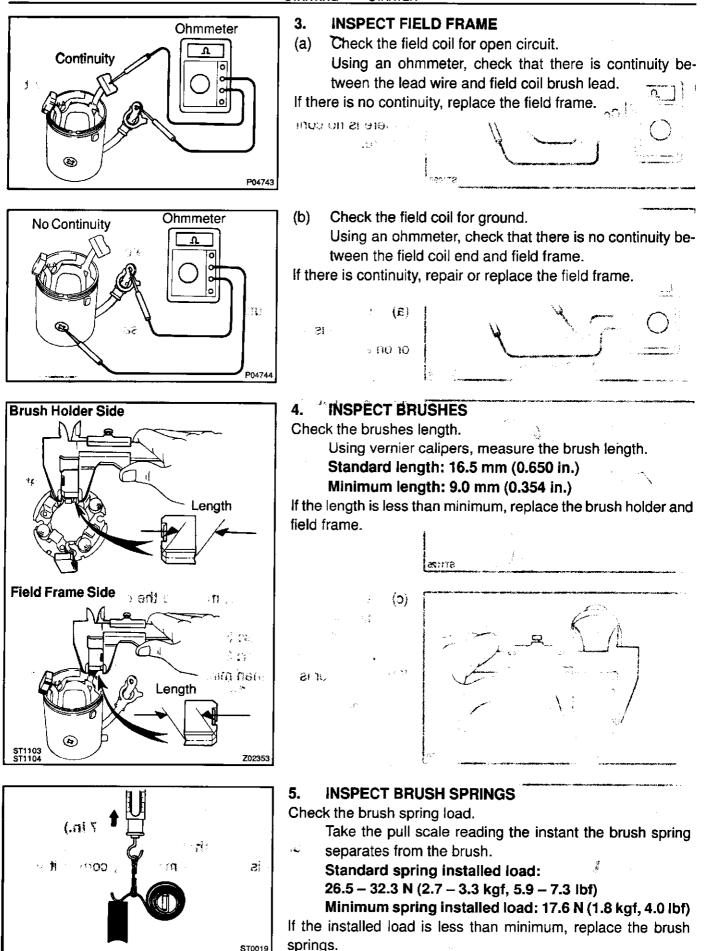
If the undercut depth is less than minimum, correct it with a hacksaw blade.

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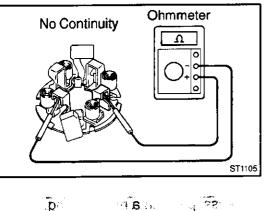
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STARTING - STARTER



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6. INSPECT BRUSH HOLDER

Check the brush holder insulation.

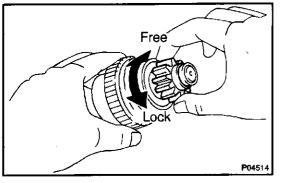
Using an ohmmeter, check that there is no continuity between the positive (+) and negative (-) brush holders.

If there is continuity, repair or replace the brush holder.

- 7. INSPECT CLUTCH AND GEARS
- (a) Check the gear teeth on the pinion gear, idle gear and clutch assembly for wear or damage.

If damaged, replace the gear or clutch assembly.

If damaged, also check the drive plate ring gear for wear or damage.



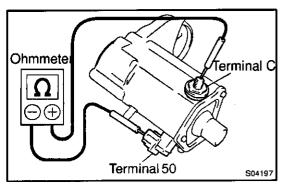
(b) Check the clutch pinion gear.

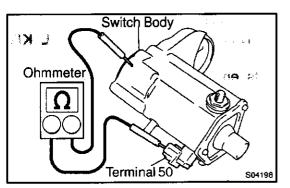
Hold the starter clutch and rotate the pinion gear clockwise, and check that it turns freely. Try to rotate the pinion gear counterclockwise and check that it locks.

If necessary, replace the clutch assembly.

8. INSPECT BEARINGS

Turn the bearing by hand while applying inward force. If resistance is felt or the bearing sticks, replace the bearing. (See page ST-12)





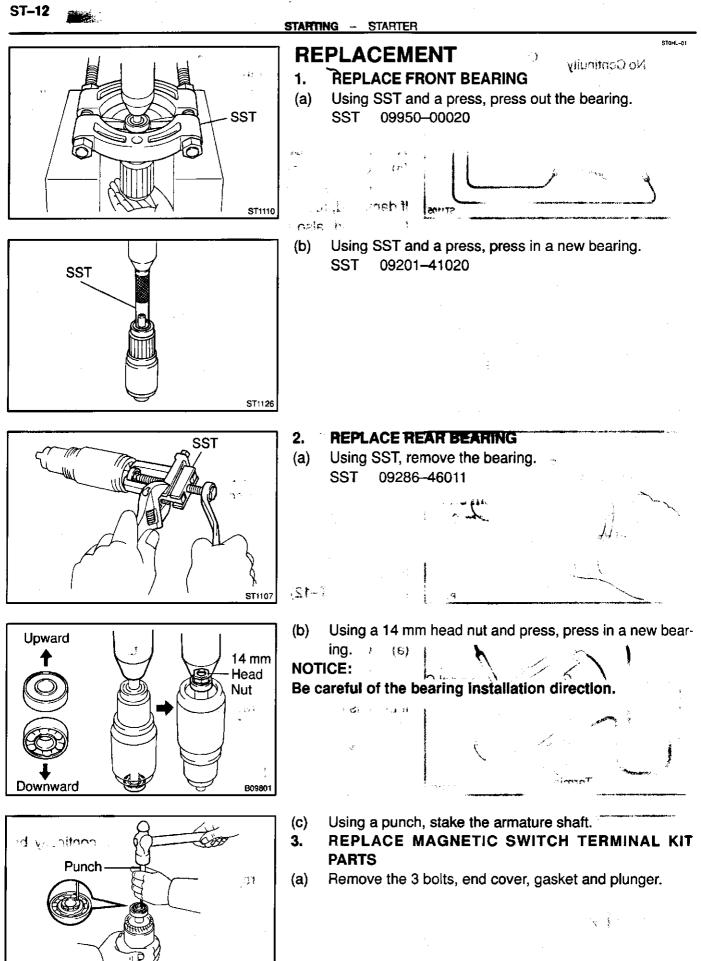
- 9. INSPECT MAGNETIC SWITCH
- (a) Check the pull-in coil for open circuit.
 Using an ohmmeter, check that there is continuity be-
- tween terminals 50 and C.

If there is no continuity, replace the magnetic switch.

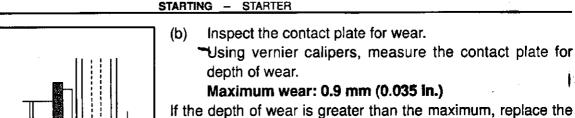
- (b) Check the hold-in coil for open circuit.
 - Using an ohmmeter, check that there is continuity between terminal 50 and the switch body.

If there is no continuity, replace the magnetic switch.

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If the depth of wear is greater than the maximum, replace the contact plate.

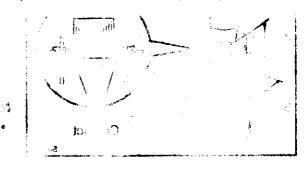
- (c) Remove the terminal kit parts.
 - (1) Using SST, loosen the terminal nuts.
 - SST 09810-38140
 - (2) Terminal C:

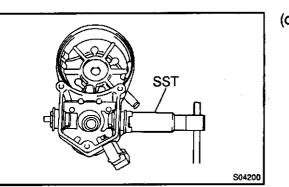
Remove the terminal nut, wave washer, terminal insulator (outside), O-ring, terminal bolt, contact plate and terminal insulator (inside).

(3) Terminal 30:

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н dc Remove the terminal nut, wave washer, terminal insulator (outside), packing, O-ring, terminal bolt, contact plate, terminal insulator (inside).

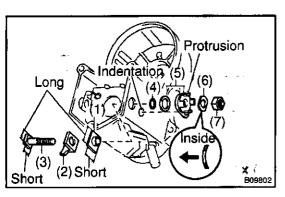




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- (d) Install new terminal 30 kit parts.
 - (1) Temporarily install a new terminal insulator (inside).
- = (- (2) Temporarily install a new contact plate.
 - (3) Temporarily install a new terminal bolt.
 - (4) Temporarily install a new O-ring.
 - (5) Temporarily install a new packing and new terminal insulator (outside).

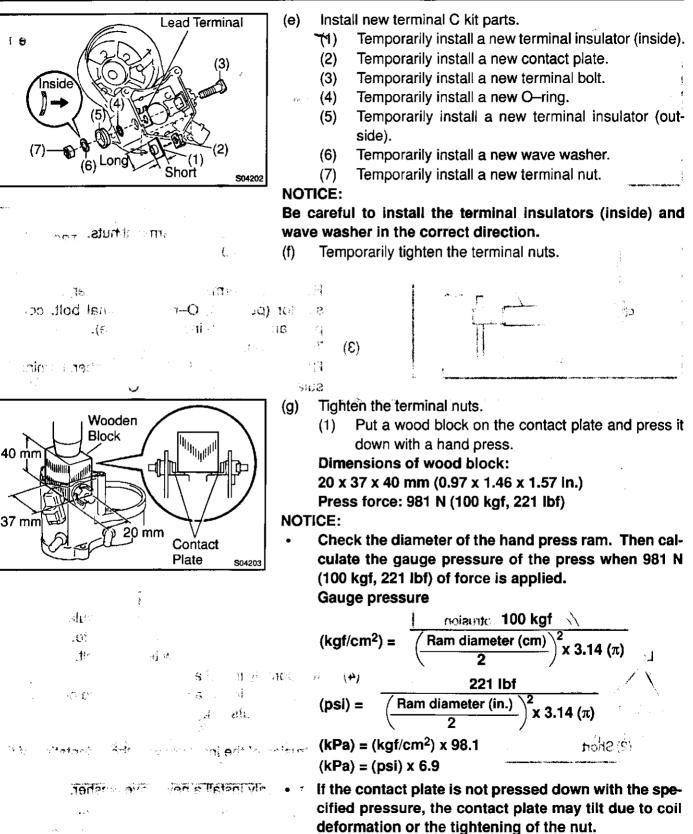
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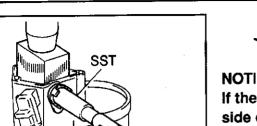
Match the protrusion of the insulator with the indentation of the housing.

- (6) Temporarily install a new wave washer.
- (7) Temporarily install a new terminal nut.

NOTICE:

Be careful to install the terminal insulators (inside) and wave washer and terminal bolt in the correct direction.





S0420

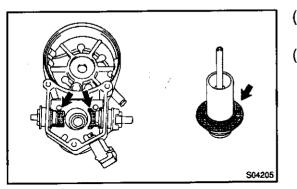
STARTING - STARTER

Using SST, tighten the nuts to the specified torque. (2)-SST 09810-38140

Torque: 17 N·m (173 kgf·cm, 13 ft·lbf)

NOTICE:

If the nut is over tightened, it may cause cracks on the inside of the insulator.



19 S. 21

Clean the contact surfaces of the remaining contact plate (h) and plunger with a dry shop rag. 1 Reinstall the plunger, a new gasket and end cover with (i) the 3 bolts.

Torque: 3.6 N m (36 kgf cm, 32 in. lbf)

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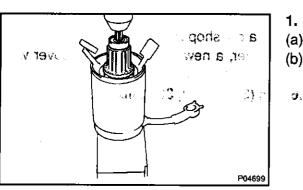
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REASSEMBLY

HINT:

Use high-temperature grease to lubricate the bearings and gears when assembling the starter.

Add the second



PLACE ARMATURE INTO FIELD FRAME

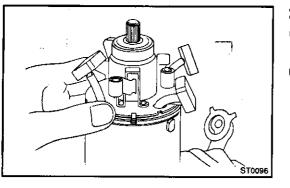
- (a) Apply a grease to the armature bearings.
- (b) Using a press, press the armature into the field frame.

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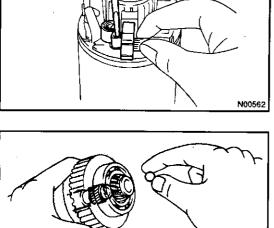
2. INSTALL BRUSH HOLDER

- (a) Align the claw of the brush holder with the claw groove of the field frame.
- (b) Place the brush holder on the field frame.

(c) Using a screwdriver, hold the brush spring back, and connect the brush into the brush holder. Contact the 4 brushes.

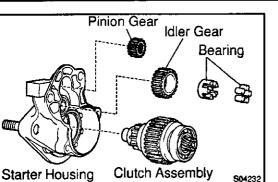
NOTICE:

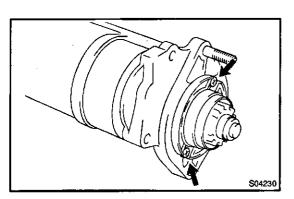
Check that the positive (+) lead wires are not grounded.

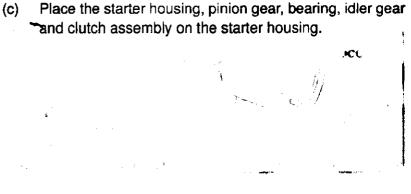


- 3. INSERT STEEL BALL INTO CLUTCH SHAFT HOLE
- (a) Apply grease to the steel ball.
- (b) Insert the steel ball into the clutch shaft hole.
- 4. INSTALL STARTER HOUSING, CLUTCH ASSEMBLY AND GEARS
- (a) Apply grease to the return spring.
- (b) Insert the return spring into the magnetic switch hole.

P05018





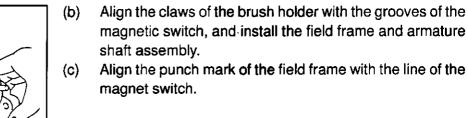


(d) Assemble the starter housing and magnetic switch assembly and install the 2 screws.

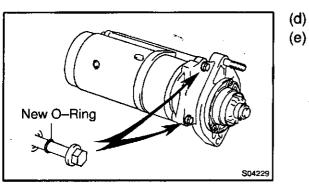
Torque: 9.3 N·m (95 kgf·cm, 82 in.·lbf)

- New O-Ring ST0100
- INSTALL FIELD FRAME AND ARMATURE ASSEMBLY Place a new O-ring in position on the field frame. (a)

P05017



5.



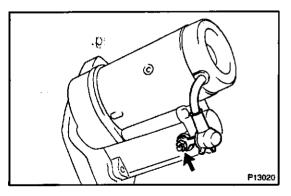
- Install a new O-rings to the through bolts. Install the field frame and armature assembly with the 2 (e) through bolts.

Torque: 12.7 N·m (130 kgf·cm, 9 ft·lbf)

ST-18

STARTING - STARTER

(f)



Connect the lead wire to terminal C, and install the nut. **Forque: 5.9 N·m (60 kgf·cm, 52 in.·lbf)**

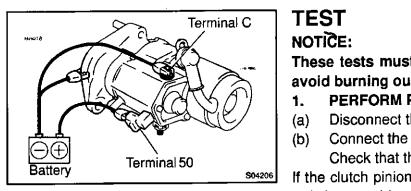
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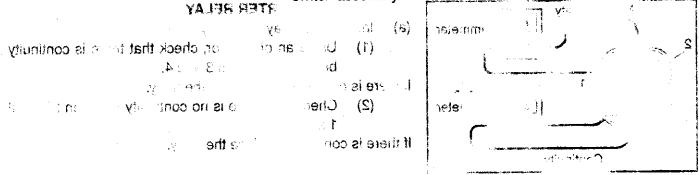
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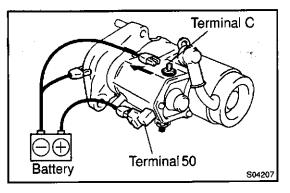


These tests must be performed within 3 to 5 seconds to avoid burning out the coil.

- PERFORM PULL-IN TEST
- Disconnect the field coil lead wire from terminal C.
- Connect the battery to the magnetic switch as shown. Check that the clutch pinion gear moves outward.

If the clutch pinion gear does not move, replace the magnetic switch assembly.

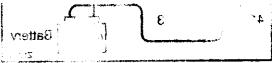


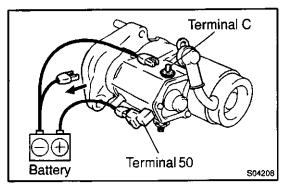


PERFORM HOLD-IN TEST 2.

With battery connected as above with the clutch pinion gear out, disconnect the negative (-) lead from terminal C. Check that the pinion gear remains out.

If the clutch pinion gear returns inward, replace the magnetic switch assembly.

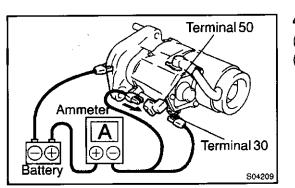






Disconnect the negative (-) lead from the switch body. Check that the clutch pinion gear returns inward.

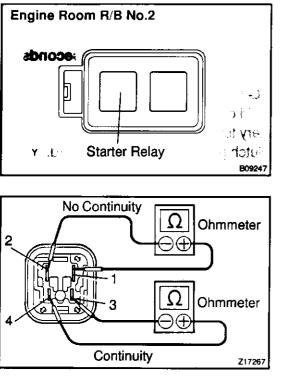
If the clutch pinion gear does not return, replace the magnetic switch assembly.

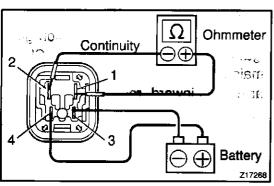


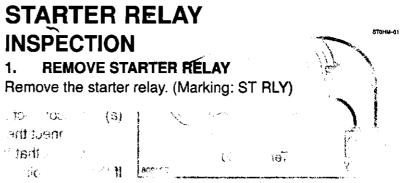
PERFORM NO-LOAD PERFORMANCE TEST 4.

- Connect the battery and ammeter to the starter as shown. (a)
- Check that the starter rotates smoothly and steadily with (b) the pinion gear moving out. Check that the ammeter shows the specified current.

Specified current: 120 A or less at 11.5V







2. INSPECT STARTER RELAY

(a) Inspect the relay continuity.

(1) Using an ohmmeter, check that there is continuity between terminals 3 and 4.

If there is no continuity, replace the relay.

(2) Check that there is no continuity between terminal 1 and 2.

If there is continuity, replace the relay.

- (b) Inspect the relay operation.
 - (1) Apply battery voltage across terminals 3 and 4.
 - (2) Using an ohmmeter, check that there is continuity
 - between terminals 1 and 2.

If there is no continuity, replace the relay.

3. REINSTALL STARTER RELAY

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- ¢ CHARGING 1.96 CHARGING SYSTEM CH-1 ALTERNATOR CH-5 .

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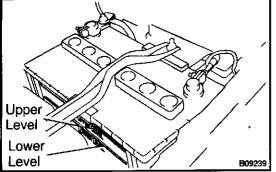
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CHARGING - CHARGING SYSTEM

CHARGING SYSTEM

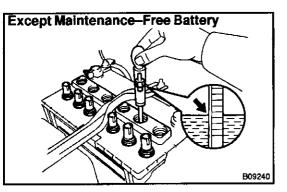
PRECAUTION

- Check that the battery cables are connected to the correct terminals.
- Disconnect the battery cables when the battery is given a quick charge.
- Do not perform tests with a high voltage insulation resistance tester.
- Never disconnect the battery while the engine is running.



ON-VEHICLE INSPECTION 1. CHECK BATTERY ELECTROLYTE LEVEL

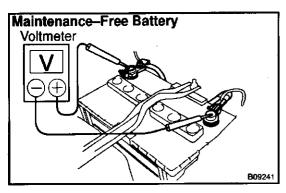
Check the electrolyte quantity of each cell. Maintenance–Free Battery: If under the lower level, replace the battery (or add distilled water if possible). Check the charging system.



2. Except Maintenance–Free Battery: CHECK BATTERY SPECIFIC GRAVITY

Check the specific gravity of each cell.

Standard specific gravity: 1.25 – 1.29 at 20°C (68°F) If the specific gravity is less than specification, charge the battery.

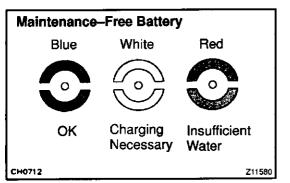


3. Maintenance–Free Battery: CHECK BATTERY VOLTAGE

- (a) After having driven the vehicle and in the case that 20 minutes have not passed after having stopped the engine, turn the ignition switch ON and turn on the electrical system (headlight, blower motor, rear defogger etc.) for 60 seconds to remove the surface charge.
- (b) Turn the ignition switch OFF and turn off the electrical systems.
- (c) Measure the battery voltage between the negative (-) and positive (+) terminals of the battery.

Standard voltage: 12.5 – 12.9 V at 20°C (68°F)

If the voltage is less than specification, charge the battery.



HINT:

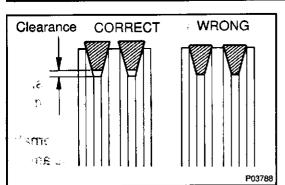
Check the indicator as shown in the illustration.

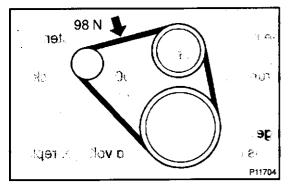
- 4. CHECK BATTERY TERMINALS, FUSIBLE LINK AND FUSES
- (a) Check that the battery terminals are not loose or corroded.

If the terminals are corroded, clean the terminals.

(b) Check the fusible link and fuses for continuity.

5.





INSPECT DRIVE BELTS (a) ~Visually check the drive belt for cracks, oiliness or wear. Check that the belt does not touch the bottom of the pulley groove.

If necessary, replace the drive belts as a set.



Check the drive belt deflection by pressing on the belt at (b) the points indicated in the illustration with 98 N (10 kgf, 22 lbf) of pressure. 121

Drive belt deflection:

New belt	6 – 8 mm (0.24 – 0.31 in.)
Used belt	8 – 12 mm (0.31 – 0.47 in.)

If necessary, adjust the drive belt deflection.

- **Belt Tension** Gaude **C**11 B08104
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Reference: * (c) Using a belt tension gauge, measure the belt tension. **Belt tension gauge:** BTG-20 (95506-00020) Drive belt tension:

New belt	400 – 600 N (41 – 61 kgf)
Used belt	300 – 500 N (31 – 51 kgf)

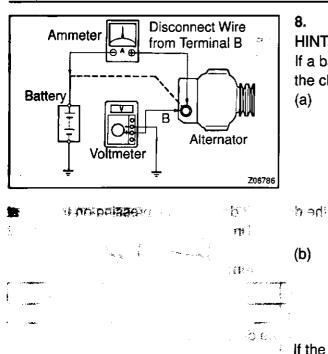
If the belt tension is not as specified, adjust it. HINT:

- "New belt" refers to a belt which has been used less than • 5 minutes on a running engine.
- "Used belt" refers to a belt which has been used on a running engine for 5 minutes or more.
- After installing a new belt, run the engine for about 5 min-٠
- Э utes and recheck the deflection.
- VISUALLY CHECK ALTERNATOR WIRING AND LIS-6. TEN FOR ABNORMAL NOISES
- (a) Check that the wiring is in good condition.
- Check that there is no abnormal noise form the alternator (b) while the engine is running.

7. INSPECT DISCHARGE WARNING LIGHT CIRCUIT

- (a) Turn the ignition switch "ON". Check that the discharge warning light comes on.
- Start the engine. Check that the light goes off. (b)

If the light does not operate as specified, troubleshoot the discharge warning light circuit.



CH-4

INSPECT CHARGING CIRCUIT WITHOUT LOAD HINT:

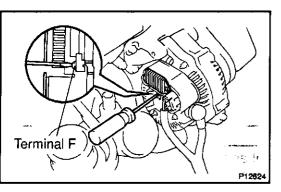
If a battery / alternator tester is available, connect the tester to the charging circuit as per the manufacturer's instructions.

- If a tester is not available, connect a voltmeter and amme-(a) ter to the charging circuit as follows:
 - Disconnect the wire from terminal B of the alternator and connect it to the negative (-) lead of the ammeter.
 - Connect the positive (+) lead of the voltmeter to terminal B of the alternator.
 - Ground the negative (-) lead of the voltmeter.
- (b) Check the charging circuit as follows:

With the engine running from idle to 2,000 rpm, check the reading on the ammeter and voltmeter.

Standard amperage. 10 A or less Standard voltage: 13.2 - 14.8 V

If the voltmeter reading is more than standard voltage, replace the IC regulator.



If the voltmeter reading is less than the standard voltage, check the IC regulator and alternator as follows: With terminal F grounded, start the engine and

- check the voltmeter reading of terminal B.
- If the voltmeter reading is more than standard voltage, replace the IC regulator,
- If the voltmeter reading is less than standard voltage, check the alternator.

INSPECT CHARGING CIRCUIT WITH LOAD 9.

- (a) With the engine running at 2,000 rpm, turn on the high beam headlights and place the heater blower switch at "HI".
- Check the reading on the ammeter. (b)

Standard amperage: 30 A or more

If the ammeter reading is less than standard amperage, repair the alternator. ð HINT:

If the battery is fully charged, the indication will sometimes be er si prinivis reon ai esc less than standard amperage.

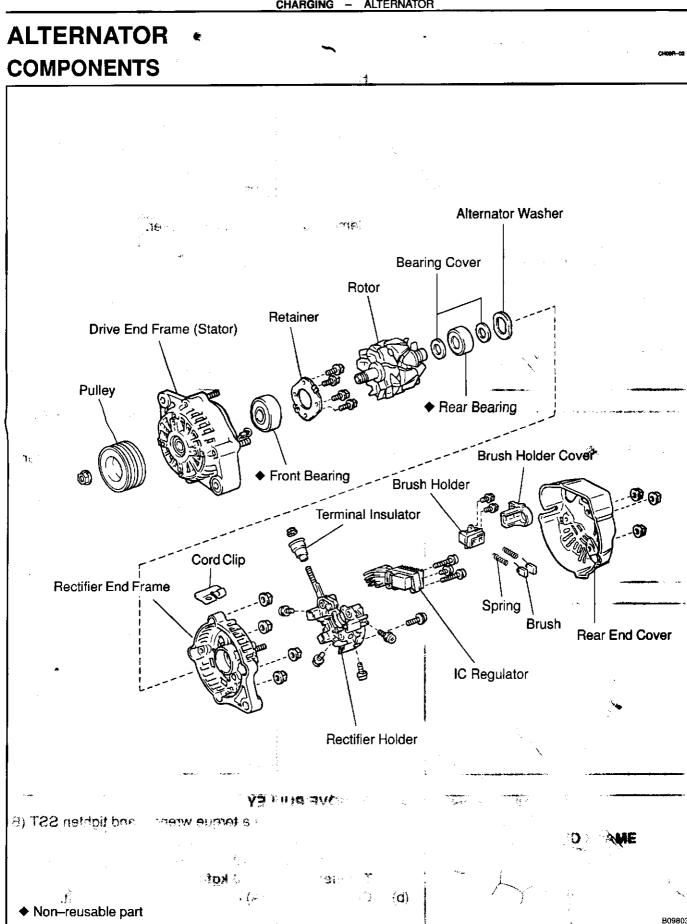
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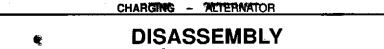
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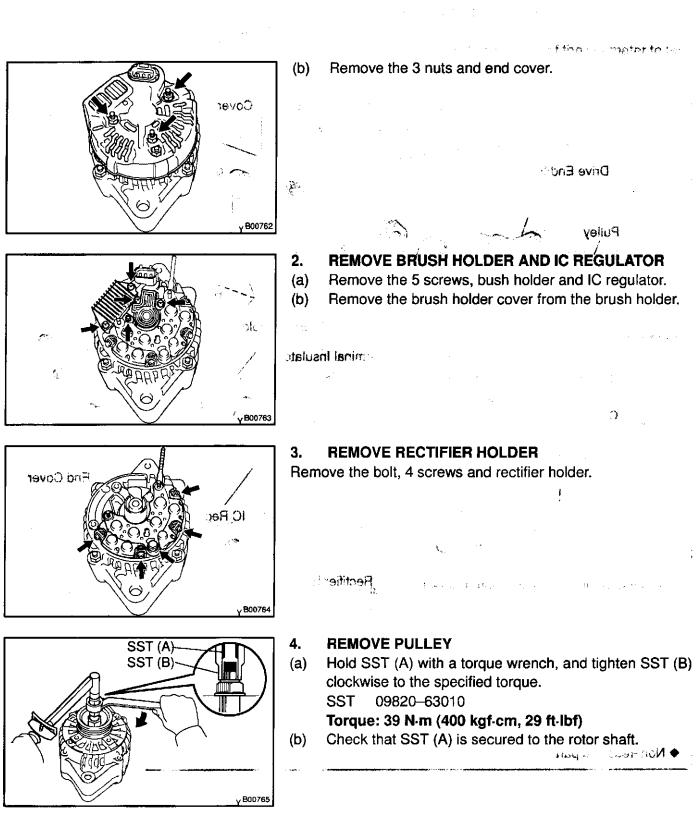
CHARGING - ALTERNATOR

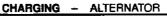
CH-5



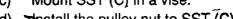


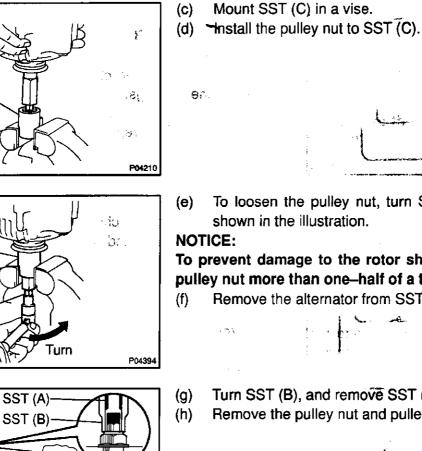
(a) Remove the nut and terminal insulator.











SST (C).

SST (C)-

SST (A)

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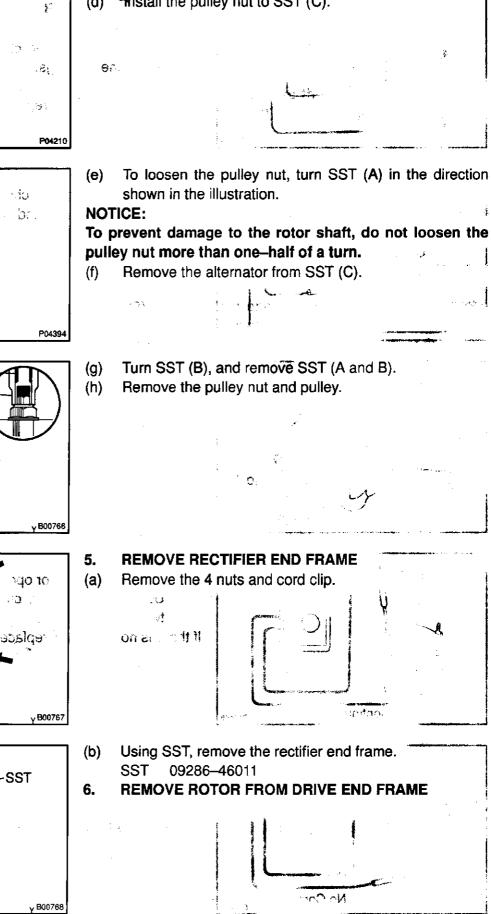
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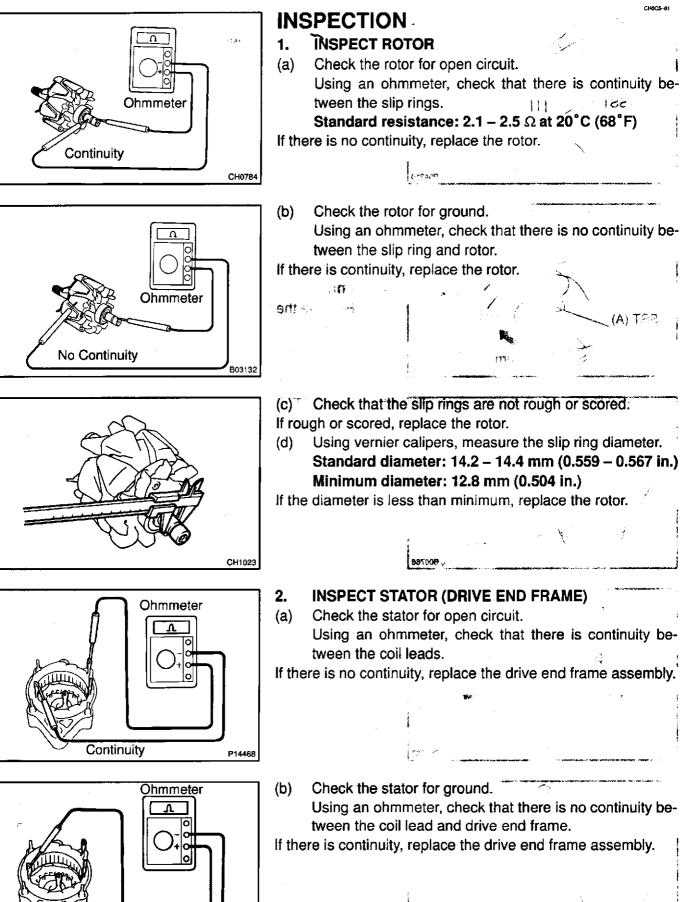
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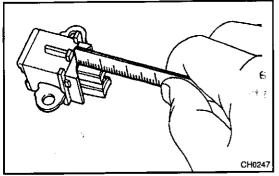




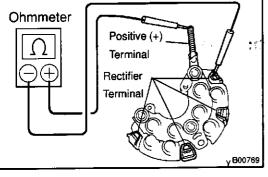
No Continuity

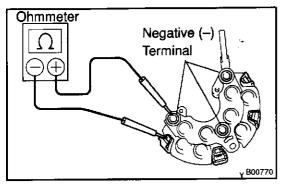
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3. INSPECT BRUSHES Using a scale, measure the exposed brush length. Standard exposed length: 9.5 - 11.5 mm (0.374 - 0.453 in.) Minimum exposed length: 1.5 mm (0.059 in.) If the exposed length is less than minimum, replace the brushes. (See page CH-10) 4.





INSPECT RECTIFIER (RECTIFIER HOLDER)

- Check the positive (+) rectifier. (a)
 - Using an ohmmeter, connect one tester probe to the (1)positive (+) terminal and the other to each rectifier terminal.
 - Reverse the polarity of the tester probes and repeat (2) step (a).
 - Check that one shows continuity and the other (3) shows no continuity.

If continuity is not as specified, replace the rectifier holder.

- Check the negative (-) rectifier. (b)
 - Using an ohmmeter, connect one tester probe to (1)each negative (-) terminal and the other to each rectifier terminal.
 - Reverse the polarity of the tester probes and repeat (2) step (a).
 - Check that one shows continuity and the other (3) shows no continuity.

If continuity is not as specified, replace the rectifier holder.

INSPECT BEARINGS 5.

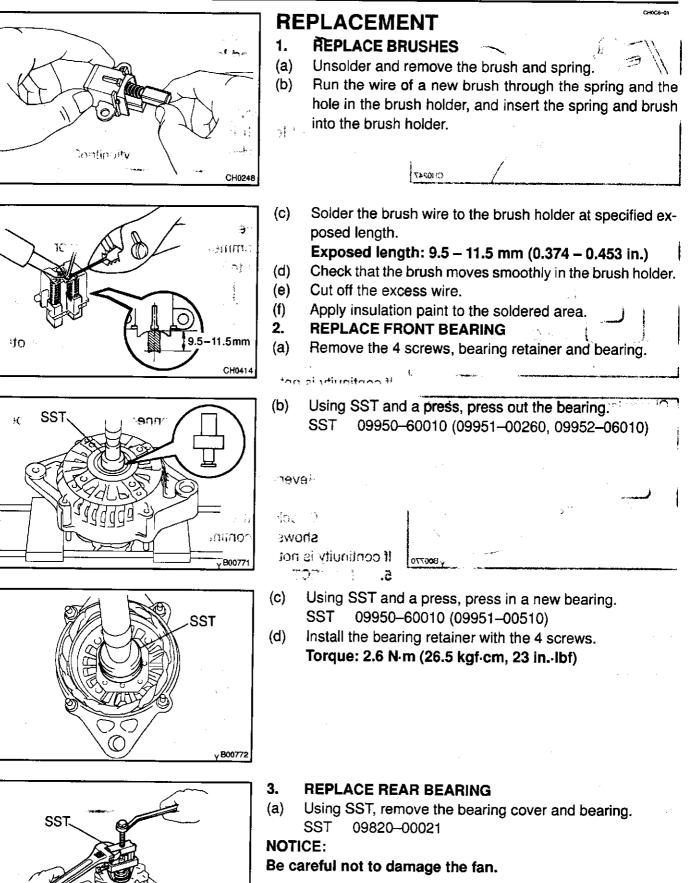
Check the bearing is not rough or worn.

If necessary, replace the bearing. (See page CH-10)

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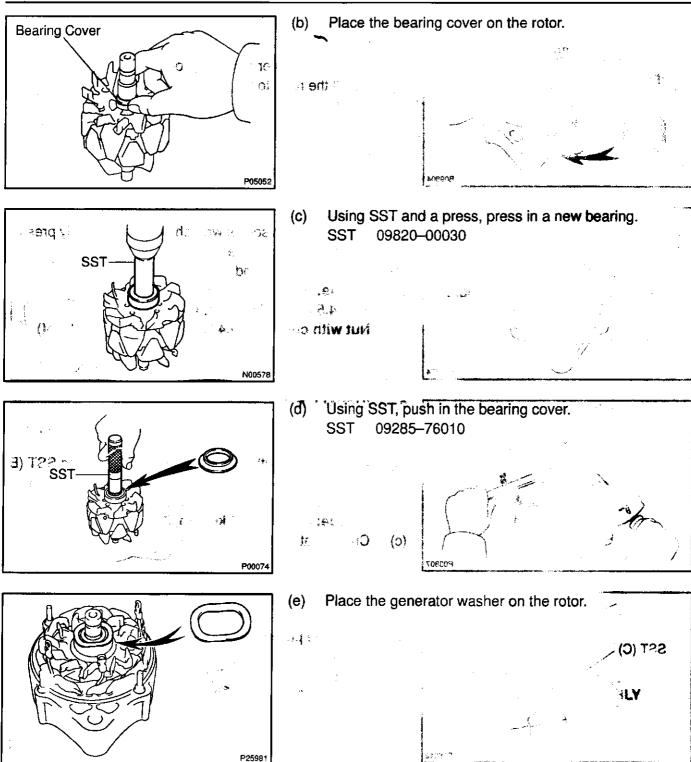


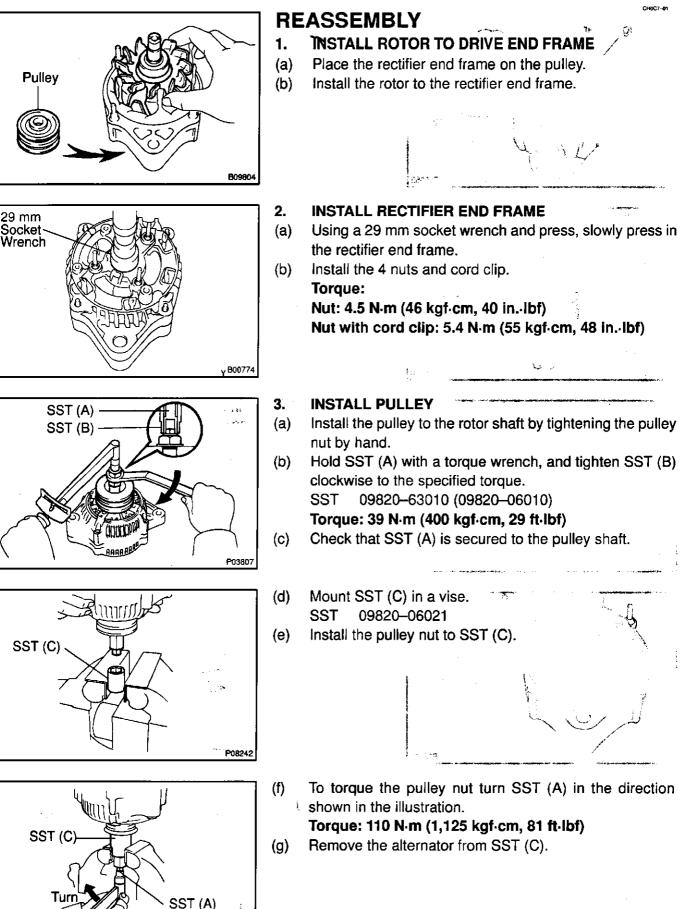
CHARGING - ALTERNATOR



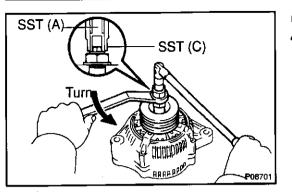
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"CHANGING - ALTERNATOR





P04395



 (h) Turn SST (B) and remove SST (A and B).
 4. NNSTALL RECTIFIER HOLDER
 Install the rectifier holder with the bolt and 4 screws. Torque: Screw: 1.96 N·m (20 kgf·cm, 17.4 in.-lbf) Torque: Bolt: 3.9 N·m (40 kgf·cm, 34.7 in.-lbf)

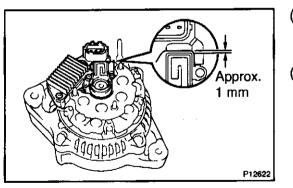
5. INSTALL IC REGULATOR AND BRUSH HOLDER

Upward Protrusion

(a) Install the brush holder cover to the brush holder. **NOTICE:**

Be careful of the holder installation direction.

(b) Place the IC regulator together with the brush holder horizontally on the rectifier end frame.



- (c) Install the 5 screws until there is a clearance of approx. 1 mm (0.04 in.) between the brush holder and connector. Torque: 1.96 N-m (20 kgf·cm, 17 in.-Ibf)
- (d) Fit the brush holder cover.

6. (a) (b) 7.

INSTALL REAR END COVER

- (a) Install the end cover with the 3 nuts. Torque: 4.5 N·m (46 kgf·cm, 40 in.·lbf)
- (b) Install the terminal insulator with the nut. Torque: 4.1 N·m (42 kgf·cm, 36 in.·lbf)
- 7. CHECK THAT ROTOR ROTATES SMOOTHLY

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