responsibility to the exclusion of that of the manufacturer».

«The technical information appearing in this brochure is subject to updating as the characteristics of each model in the range evolve. Motor vehicle repairers are invited to contact the CITROËN network periodically for further information and to obtain any possible updates».

CITROEN C8 4000 CThe technical information contained in this document is intended for the exclusive use of the trained personnel of the contained in this document is intended for the exclusive use of the trained personnel of the contained in this document is intended for the exclusive use of the trained personnel of the contained in this document is intended for the exclusive use of the trained personnel of the contained in this document is intended for the exclusive use of the trained personnel of the contained in this document is intended for the exclusive use of the trained personnel of the contained in this document is intended for the exclusive use of the trained personnel of the contained in this document is intended for the exclusive use of the trained personnel of the contained in this document is intended for the exclusive use of the trained personnel of the contained in this document is intended for the exclusive use of the trained personnel of the contained in this document is intended for the exclusive use of the vehicle. The



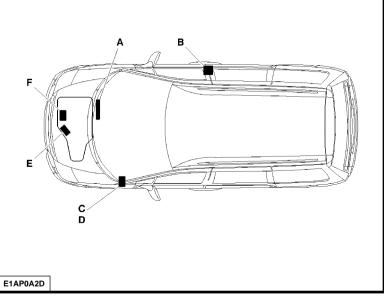
### **PRESENTATION**

THIS HANDBOOK summarises the specifications, adjustments, checks and special features of the CITROEN C8.

The handbook is divided into the following sections representing the main functions:

GENERAL - ENGINE - INJECTION - IGNITION - CLUTCH - GEARBOX - DRIVESHAFTS - AXLES - SUSPENSION - STEERING - BRAKES - HYDRAULICS - ELECTRICAL - AIR CONDITIONING.

### **IDENTIFICATION OF VEHICLES**



- (A) Chassis stamp (cold stamp on bodywork).
- (B) Manufacturer's data plate (under RH centre pillar).
- **(C)** A-S / RP No. and RP paint code (label on front pillar).
- **(D)** Inflation pressures and tyre references. *(label on front pillar)*
- (E) Gearbox reference Factory serial no.
- (F) Engine legislation type Factory serial no.

IDENTIFICATION OF VEHICLES								
		Petrol						
		2.0i	16V		2.2i	16V		
	Mar	Manual Automatic Manua			nual			
	X - SX  SX  Captain Cha		SX Captain Chair	X – SX Exclusive	SX Captain Chair Exclusive Captain Chair			
Emission standard			IF	L5				
Type code	EB RI	NC/IF	EB RFNF/IF	EA RFNF/IF	EB 3FZC/IF	EA 3FZC/IF		
Engine type		RI	-N		3	FZ		
	1998			2230				
Cubic capacity (cc)		19	98		22	230		
Cubic capacity (cc) Fiscal rating (hp)		19				230 11		
	BE		9	L4				

- (1) = Right hand drive(2) = Left hand drive.

	IDENTIFICATION OF VEH			
	Petrol			
	3.0i V6 S24			
	Auto	Automatic		
	Exclusive	Exclusive Captain Chair		
Emission standard	IFL	IFL5		
Type code	SEB XFWF/IF	EA XFWF/IF		
Engine type	XF	W		
Cubic capacity (cc)	294	46		
Fiscal rating (hp)	14	4		
Gearbox type	4 HF	P 20		
Gearbox ident. plate	20 H	7.07		

IDENTIFICATION OF VEHICLES								
		Diesel						
		2.0 HDi (*)			2.0 H	Di (**)		
	Manual Automatic			Manual	Auto	matic		
	X - SX -	Exclusive	SX Captain Chair	X – SX – Exclusive Cap		SX Captain Chair		
Emission standard			L	4				
Type code	EB RHTB	EB RHTE	EA RHTE	EB RHWB EB RHWE		EA RHWE		
Engine type		RHT			RHW			
Cubic capacity (cc)		1997						
Fiscal rating (hp)	7							
Gearbox type	ML5C	A	L4	ML5C	AL4			
Gearbox ident. plate	20 LM 05	20 1	ΓS 04	20 LM 05	20 1	ΓS 04		

(\*) = With particle filter. (\*\*) = Without particle filter.

IDENTIFICATION OF VEHICLES				
	Die	Diesel		
	2.2 HDi (*)			
	Man	Manual		
	SX Captain Chair	SX Captain Chair Exclusive Captain Chair		
Emission standard	L4	L4		
Type code	EB 4HWB	EA 4HWB		
Engine type	4H <sup>1</sup>	W		
Cubic capacity (cc)	217	79		
Fiscal rating (hp)	8			
Gearbox type	ML5	5C		
Gearbox ident. plate	20 LN	Л 01		

(\*) = With particle filter.

### GENERAL SPECIFICATION: LIFTING AND SUPPORTING THE VEHICLE



## Tooling.

[1] Crossbeam : (-). 0010.

#### Front lifting on one side.

Position the jack (4) at the strongpoints provided for this purpose on each side of the front crossmember between the bumper (2) and the engine (3).

#### Front central lifting.

Using a jack equipped with a crossbeam (sufficiently rigid) take the weight at the two strongpoints on the front crossmember.

#### Side lifting.

#### At the front and at the rear

Take the weight at the sill, by means of the crossbeam [1], as close as possible to the jacking point.

Position a stand at the jacking point provided for the purpose of lifting the vehicle with the jack.

WARNING: Avoid the battery tray on the right hand side.

#### Side lifting at both front and rear

Take the weight at the sill, by means of the crossbeam [1].

Position stands at the jacking points provided for the purpose of lifting the vehicle with the jack.

WARNING: Lifting at the rear of the vehicle using the crossbeam is <u>STRICTLY PROHIBITED.</u>

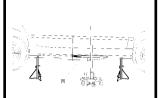


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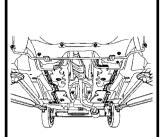
E2AK030D

E2AK031D





## GENERAL SPECIFICATION: LIFTING AND SUPPORTING THE VEHICLE



#### Lifting by means of a two-column workshop lift

**WARNING:** The removing of components such as the engine/gearbox, rear subframe etc, can cause a displacement of the centre of gravity: Use a lift equipped with retaining devices to keep the body stable on the lift.

#### Without body clamps.

Place the lift's guide pads at each jacking point.

WARNING: To prevent any risk of the vehicle toppling, it is prohibited to remove mechanical components.



WARNING: These clamps are fitted only on FOG lifts.

Position the clamps at the sill in the jacking points provided, screw heads oriented towards the outside of the vehicle. Tighten the clamps using the gudgeon pin and, after tightening, engage the pin in the hole (A).

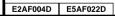
## Towing (front).

Lift the blank with the aid of the flat part of the towing eye (1) and then screw the eve home.

**NOTE**: The towing eye is to be found on the front panel inside the engine compartment.

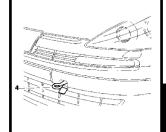
### Towing (rear).

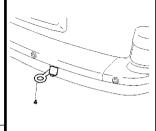
Lift the blank (1) and screw the towing eye home.





E2AK02XD



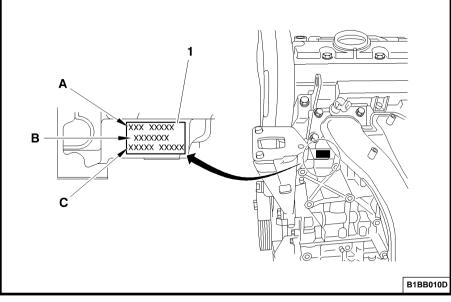


CAPACITIES (in litres)							
		Pe	trol		Diesel		
	2.0i	16V	2.2i 16V	3.0i 24V	2.0 HDi		2.2 HDi
	Auto.			Auto.	Auto.		]
Engine type	RFN		3FZ	XFW	RHT - RHW 4		4HW
Engine angle							
Engine with filter change		4.25		5.25	4.75		
Between Min. and Max.		1.7		2	1.9		1.5
5-speed gearbox	1.8		2		2		2
Automatic gearbox		6		8.3		6	
After oil change		3		5.3		3	
Hydraulic or brake circuit	0.66				0.66		
Cooling system	7	,	7.2	10.5	10	10.2	11.3
Fuel tank capacity		8	0			80	

ENGINE SPECIFICATIONS									
		Engines : RFN - 3FZ - XFW - RHW - RHT - 4HW							
		Petrol		Dies	el				
			All Types						
	2.0i 16V	2.2i 16V	3.0i 24V	2.0 HDi	2.2 HDi				
Engine type	RFN	3FZ	XFW	RHT- RHW	4HW				
Cubic capacity (cc)	1997	2230	2946	1997	2179				
Bore / Stroke	85/88	86/96	87/82.6	85/88	85/96				
Compression ratio	10	0.8/1	10.9/1	17.3/1	17.6/1				
Power ISO or EEC KW - rpm	100-6000	116-5650	150-6000	79-4000	94-4000				
Power DIN (HP - rpm)	138-6000	160-5650	204-6000	109-4000	130-4000				
Torque ISO or EEC (m.daN - rpm)	19-4100	21.7-3900	28.5-3750	27-1750	31.4-2000				

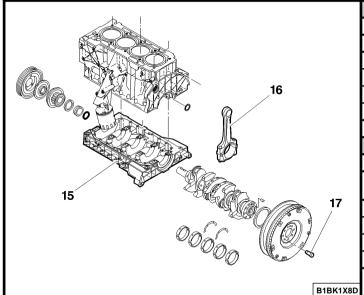
## **ENGINE SPECIFICATIONS**

## Engines : RFN - 3FZ



- (1) Compulsory engine plate :
- (A) Engine legislation type.
- (B) Component reference.
- (C) Factory serial no.

## Engines : RFN - 3FZ



Crankshaft bearing cap cover (15)							
	_						
Description M11 M6							
Pre-tightening	1 ± 0.1	0.5					
Slackening	Yes	No					
Re-tightening	1 ± 0.1 puis 2 ± 0.2	1 ± 0.1					
Angular tightening	70° ± 5°						

Description	(16) Con-rod caps	(17) Flywheel/ crankshaft fixing
Pre-tightening	1 ± 0.1	2.5 ± 0.2
Slackening	Yes	18°± 1°
Re-tightening	2.5 ± 0.2	1 ± 0.1
Angular tightening	46° ± 5°	22° ± 2°

Crankshaft

Description

**Tightening** 

# SPECIAL FEATURES: TIGHTENING TORQUES (m.daN) Equipment on cylinder head Engine: RFN Engine: 3FZ B1BK1X9D B1BK1XAD Description (18) Camshaft bearing cap covers (19) Valve covers Pre-tightening 0.5 0.5 **Tightening** $1 \pm 0.1$ $1.5 \pm 0.1$

(21) Exhaust manifold

 $3.5 \pm 0.3$ 

(20) Inlet manifold

 $1 \pm 0.1$ 

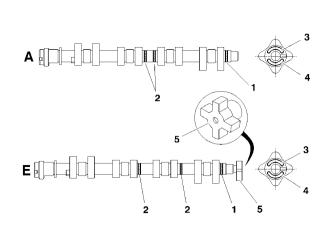
SPECIAL FEATURES: POWER UNIT SUSPENSION								
Upper RH engine support		Engines : RFN	- 3FZ					
<b>₽</b> —— 1	Dof	Description	RI	FN	3FZ			
2	Ref.	Gearbox type	BE4/5	AL4	ML5C			
<b>9</b>	(1)	Rod/body fixing screw		5 ± 0.5				
3	(2)	Engine support/torque reaction rod flexible stop pin		4.5 ± 0.4				
	(3)	Upper support/intermediate support fixing screw.		6.5 ± 0.6				
	(4)	Upper support/body fixing screw	3 ± 0.3					
Intermediate engine support	(5)	Upper support/flexible support fixing nut.		4.5 ± 0.4				
intermediate engine support	(6)	Support						
S8	(7)	LH flexible support/LH engine support fixing nut.		6.5 ± 0.6				
	(8)	LH flexible support/body fixing screw.		3 ± 0.3				
5	(9)	Intermediate engine support/gearbox casing fixing screw.		4.5 ± 0.4				
9-10 11	(10)	LH intermediate support/gearbox fixing screw.	6 ± 0.6		4.5 ± 0.4			
B1BK1X	SD (11)	Flexible support pin.		5 ± 0.5				

SPECIAL FEATURES: POWER UNIT SUSPENSION								
Intermediate engine support		Engines : RFN -	- 3FZ					
	Ref.	Description	RI	RFN BE4/5 AL4				
	Nei.	Gearbox type	BE4/5	AL4	ML5C			
	(12)	Lower RH rod/subframe fixing screw.		9 ± 0.9				
	(13)	Lower RH engine support/cylinder block fixing screw.		4.5 ± 0.4				
	(14)	Lower rod/lower RH engine support fixing screw		6.5 ± 0.6				
12 14 B1BK1X7D								

#### CYLINDER HEAD Engines: RFN - 3FZ Cylinder head gasket identification Cylinder head tightening (m.daN) Cylinder head bolts annasinannasinasina E F G H I 2 X 00 00 (00000 1B / 1C B1BK24QD B1DK001C B1DB002C Multi-layer metallic gasket. Tighten in the order indicated X = MAXI re-usable RFN 3FZ Cylinder head gasket thickness (mm) 1/: 1.5 RFN Ref. Pre-tightening 3FZ 2/:5 RFN 3FZ Slackening 360° (1B): Nominal dimension E - H = 0.8E - G = 0.8**Tightening** 2 (1C): Repair dimension E - F - H = 0.99E-F-G sans 144.5 mm 127.5 mm Angular 285° 270° (1D): Manufacturer tightening identification.

### SPECIAL FEATURES: VALVE TIMING

Engines: RFN - 3FZ



#### The camshafts are referenced following two methods.

- (1) Marking position (2) Paint rings.

- (3) Marking position (4) Marking at end of shaft.

- (5) Target for camshaft position sensor.

#### Marking position:

(1) Paint ring: Repair reference.(2) Green paint ring: Factory reference.

(3) Inlet **D1309** : Exhaust **D1348**.

(4) Inlet 96 332 713 99 : Exhaust 96 3425433 99.

## Timing belt.

Width : 25.4 mm
Number of teeth : 153
Material : HSN

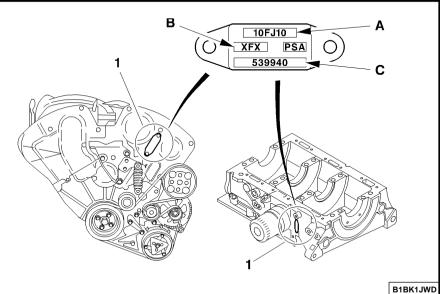
#### Valve clearances when cold

Inlet (A) : NON adjustable Exhaust (E) : NON adjustable

B1EK1UCD

## **ENGINE SPECIFICATIONS**





- (A) Component reference.
- (B) Engine legislation type.
- (C) Factory serial no.

Engine : XFW

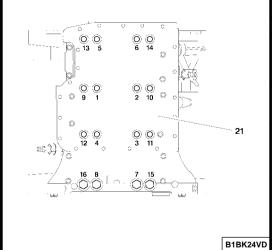
	Power unit suspension					
RH engine support (Suspension)		Gearbox suspension				
3 - 4	B1BK24RD	10 8 12 12 9b 9	B1BK24SD			
<ul> <li>(2) Link rod fixing</li> <li>(3) Link rod fixing</li> <li>(4) Fixing of upper RH engine support on intermediate engine support flexible mounting</li> <li>(5) Fixing of RH engine support on flexible mounting</li> <li>(6) Fixing of flexible mounting</li> <li>(7) Fixing of RH intermediate engine support on cylinder block</li> </ul>	: 5 ± 0.5 : 4.5 ± 0.4 : : 6 ± 0.6 : 4.5 ± 0.4 : 3 ± 0.3 : 6 ± 0.6	<ul> <li>(8) Fixing of gearbox support on LH flexible mounting</li> <li>(9) Shaft</li> <li>(10) Fixing of flexible mounting on support</li> <li>(11) Fixing of flexible mounting support on body</li> <li>(12) Fixing of flexible mounting support on body</li> </ul>	: 6.5 ± 0.6 : 6.5 ± 0.6 : 3 ± 0.3 : 2.5 ± 0.2 : 2.5 ± 0.2			

Engine : XFW								
Power unit suspension – Engine support (Lov	wer)	Crankshaft						
14 13	B1BK24TD	18	17	B1BK24UD				
<ul><li>(13) Torque reaction link rod fixing</li><li>(14) Fixing of link rod on torque reaction flexible mounting</li><li>(15) Fixing of torque reaction flexible mounting</li><li>(16) Fixing of heat shield on torque reaction flexible mounting</li></ul>	: 9 ± 0.9 : 6.5 ± 0.6 : 4.5 ± 0.4 g : 1 ± 0.1	<ul> <li>(17) Bearing cap</li> <li>(18) Timing pinion</li> <li>(19) Fixing of starter gear support converter support</li> <li>(20) Accessory pulley on timing page 1</li> </ul>	Tightening Angular tightening	: 2 ± 0.2 : 74° ± 7° : 4 ± 0.4 : 80° ± 8° : 2 ± 0.2 : 60° ± 6° : 2.5 ± 0.2				

Engine : XFW

Cylinder block

Bearing cap cover

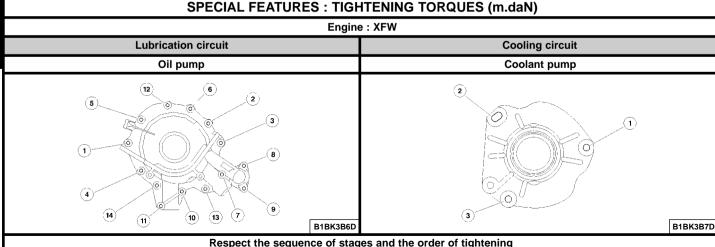


Respect the sequence of stages and the order of tightening				
Reference/description	M11 M8 Bolts from 1 Bolts from 9 to 8 to 16)		М6	
(21) Fixings of bearings/cap covers or bearings/caps	<u>Stage 1</u> 3 ± 0.3	<u>Stage 2</u> 1 ± 0.1	<u>Stage 3</u> 1 ± 0.1	
21) Fixings of bearings/cap covers or bearings/caps (Slacken to zero torque.)	<u>Stage 4</u> YES	<u>Stage 4</u> YES	NO	
(21) Fixings of bearing cap cover or bearing caps (Tighten bolt by bolt) Tightening + Angular tightening	Stage 5 3 ± 0.3 180°	Stage 6 1 ± 0.1 180°		

## Engine : XFW

## Lubrication circuit

Lubrication circuit.		Oil sump	
26 — 22 23 25 — 25	B1BK24WD	8 (18 9 (19 (10 20) (1) (1) (1) (6) (6) (7) (1) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (1	B1BK24XD
(00) 011		Respect the sequence of stages and the order of tightening	
(22) Oil separator	: 0.8	Stage 1 : Do up bolts 13,15 and 17.	
(23) Strainer	: 0.8	Stage 2: Tighten bolts 13,15 and 17 to	: 0.2
(24) Induction pipe	: 0.8	Stage 3 : Do up the 17 remaining bolts.	
(25) Drain plug	: 3 ± 0.3	Stage 4 : Tighten the remaining bolts to	: 0.5
(26) Oil filter sleeve (with coolant/oil exchanger)	: 0.5	Stage 5: Tighten all the bolts	: 0.8
Oil filter	: 0.2	<b>Stage 6</b> : Repeat the tightening a few times in the sa a tightening torque of <b>0.8 m.daN</b> on all the bolts.	ame order to obtain



#### Respect the sequence of stages and the order of tightening

Stage 1 : Position t	he screws a	and do them u	p by hand
----------------------	-------------	---------------	-----------

: 0.5 Stage 2: Pre-tighten the screws Stage 3: Tighten the screws : 0.8

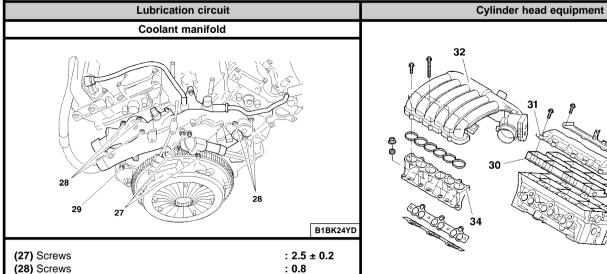
Stage 4: Repeat the tightening a few times in the same order to obtain a tightening torque of 0.8 m.daN on all the screws.

Stage 1: Position the screws and do them up by hand.

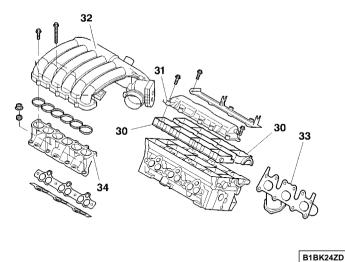
Stage 2: Pre-tighten the screws : 0.5 Stage 3: Tighten the screws : 0.8

Stage 4: Repeat the tightening a few times in the same order to obtain a tightening torque of 0.8 m.daN on all the screws.

Engine : XFW



(29) Screws

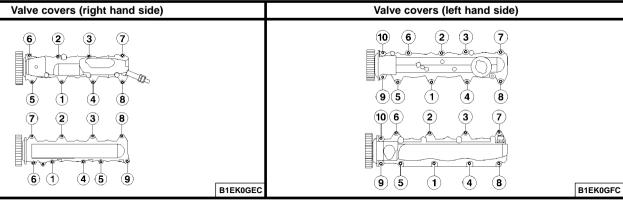


: 0.8

#### SPECIAL FEATURES: TIGHTENING TORQUES (m.daN) **Engine: XFW** Cylinder head equipment Camshaft bearing cap cover (right hand side) Camshaft bearing cap cover (left hand side) (11) (3) **(8**) 3 4 (8) 9 5 (12) 5 (5) **(2**) 3 2 (9)(8) B1EK0GCC B1BK3B8D Respect the sequence of stages and the order of tightening (30) Camshaft bearing cap cover or camshaft bearing: Pre-tighten to : 0.2 Tighten to : 1

**Engine: XFW** 

## Cylinder head equipment



## Respect the sequence of stages and the order of tightening

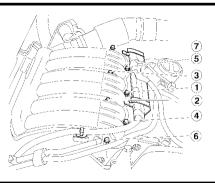
(31) Valve cover:

Pre-tighten to : 0.5
Tighten to : 0.8

Engine : XFW

## Cylinder head equipment

Inlet manifold



B1BK251D

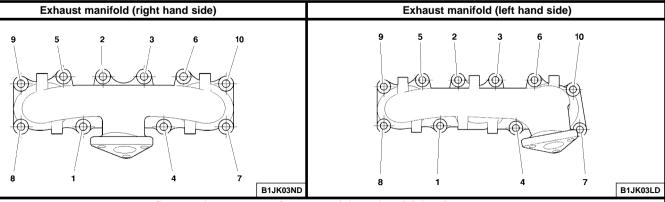
## Respect the sequence of stages and the order of tightening

(32) Inlet manifold:

Pre-tighten to : 0.4
Tighten to : 0.8

**Engine: XFW** 

## Cylinder head equipment



## Respect the sequence of stages and the order of tightening

(33) Exhaust manifold:

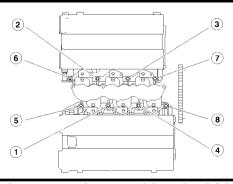
Pre-tighten to Tighten to

: 3 ± 0.3

Engine: XFW

## Cylinder head equipment

## Inlet distributor



B1BK252D

## Respect the sequence of stages and the order of tightening

(34) Inlet distributor:

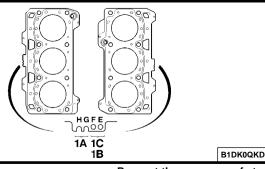
Pre-tighten to : 0.4
Tighten to : 0.8

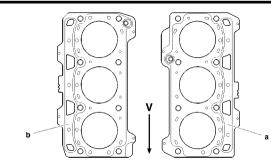
### **CYLINDER HEAD**

#### **Engine: XFW**

## Identification of cylinder head gaskets

## The RH and LH cylinder head gaskets are specific, of multilayer metallic type.





B1DK0QLD

## Respect the sequence of stages and the order of tightening

## Cylinder head gasket thicknesses

(1A): Engine ref: G-H

(1B): Nominal dimension: Without marking  $= 0.75 \, \text{mm}$ 

(1C): CRepair dimension: E (1st repair dimension R1) = 0.95 mm= 1.15 mm

(1C): Repair dimension: E-F (2nd repair dimension R2)

(a): RH cylinder head gasket.

(b): LH cylinder head gasket.

V: Engine flywheel side.

## CYLINDER HEAD **Engine: XFW** Cylinder head tightening (m.daN) Cylinder head bolts Pre-tightening : **2** Slackening : YES **Tightening** : 1.5 Angular tightening : 225° NOTE: Grease the bolts on the threads and under the heads, using engine oil or Molykote G plus). B1DK0QPD X = MAX. re-usable 149.5 mm B1EK0XAD

# CYLINDER HEAD Engine : XFW Identification of camshafts

A DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY

B1EK0WVD

A =	Inle	et ca	ıms	haft
-----	------	-------	-----	------

E = Exhaust camshaft

# The camshafts are identified by the following references:

- (1) Exhaust camshaft E389 (Front)
  (2) Inlet camshaft. A423 (Front)
- (2) Inlet camshaft. A423 (Front)
  (3) Inlet camshaft. A422 (Rear)
- (4) AExhaust camshaft E388 (Rear)

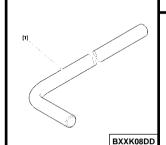
## Timing belt

Width: 32 mm Number of teeth: 259

#### CYLINDER HEAD Engines: RHT - RHW - 4HW Identification of cylinder head gasket Cylinder head tightening (m.daN) Cylinder head bolts (8) **(4) 1 (5)** (9) 0 $\circ$ 0 0 0 $\circ$ 0 0 0 NOTE: Grease the holts on % /<del>=</del> [ the threads and under the (7) **(3**) **(6) (2**) (10) ‱ ∫<del>-</del> € heads, using engine oil or Molykote G plus). G Plus) %... F B1DK1M6D B1DK0Q6C B1DK00SC Piston Hole at F Tighten in the order indicated X = MAX. re-usable Thickness Hole at stand-proud RHT G (mm) 4HW Pre-tightening: 2 (mm) RHW **RHT - RHW** 4HW 0.55 to 0.60 $1.25 \pm 0.04$ O Slackening: 360° 0.61 to 0.65 $1.30 \pm 0.04$ O 2 Tightening: 134 mm 134.5 mm 0.66 to 0.70 1.35 + 0.040 3 Angular tightening: 220° 0.71 to 0.75 $1.40 \pm 0.04$ 0

### **AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT DRIVE BELT**





Tools

[1] Peg for dynamic tensioner roller

(-).0189-E

Removing.

Remove:

The front RH wheel.

The front RH splash-shield.

Detension the auxiliary drive belt by actioning the screw (1).

Peg the dynamic tensioner roller (2), using tool [1].

Remove the auxiliary drive belt.

ESSENTIAL: Check that the rollers (3) and (4) turn freely (no tight spot).

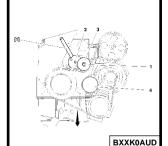
Refitting.

Refit the auxiliary drive belt.

Check that the auxiliary drive belt is correctly positioned in the grooves of the various pulleys.

Remove tool [1].

Continue the refitting operations in reverse order to removal.

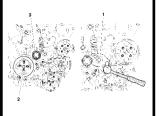


#### **AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT DRIVE BELT**





B1EK0VAD



. .

Tools

[1] Ratchet spanner FACOM (1/2" square).

[2] Reduction box FACOM S.230 (1/2" - 3/8" square).

Removing.

Move aside the power steering oil low pressure pipe flange.

Pivot the support (1) of the tensioner roller clockwise, as far as it will go, using tools [1] and [2].

Remove the auxiliary drive belt.

IMPERATIVE: Check the operation of the rollers (no play, no tight spot).

Refitting.

Position the auxiliary drive belt.

Commence with the crankshaft pulley (2).

Finish with the tensioner roller (3).

Free the support (1) of the tensioner roller, pivoting it anti-clockwise, using tools [1] and [2].

ESSENTIAL: Check that the belt is correctly positioned in the grooves of the various pulleys.

Continue the refitting operations in reverse order to removal.

B1EK0VBD

#### **AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT DRIVE BELT**

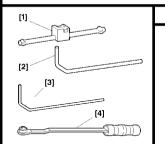
Engine: RHT-RHW

: (-).0188-J2.

: (-) 0188-Q1.

: (-).0188-Q2.

: (-).1888-Z.



Tools

[1] Tensioning lever [2] Peg for dynamic roller Ø 4 mm

[3] Peg for dynamic roller Ø 2 mm

[4] Dynamic roller compression lever

(A) Pegging hole.

(B) Belt wear check mark (fixed on engine).

(C) Zero wear mark.

(D) Maximum wear mark.

This marking system permits checking of the belt wear; if the marks (D) and (B) coincide, it implies that the belt requires replacing.

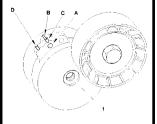
Tighten the screw (1) to  $4.5 \pm 0.4$  m.daN.



#### Remove:

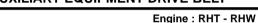
- The front RH wheel.
- The front RH splash-shield.
- The under-engine shield.

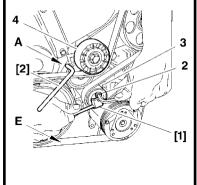
IMPERATIVE: Mark the direction of rotation of the belt if to be re-used.



F5AK0F9C

#### **AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT DRIVE BELT**





#### Removing (continued).

Slacken the fixing (2).

Action the roller (3), using tool [1], until the tool [2] is positioned in the pegging hole (A).

Bring the roller (3) back towards the rear.

Gently tighten the screw (2).

Remove the belt.

ESSENTIAL: Check that the rollers (3) and (4) turn freely (no play, no tight spot).

#### Refitting.

IMPERATIVE: If re-using the belt, refit it respecting the direction of rotation marked on removal.

Refit the belt, finishing with the tensioner roller (4).

Action the roller (3), using tool [1] (clockwise) to free the tool [2].

Tighten the fixing (2) to  $4.5 \pm 0.5$  m.daN, without altering the position of the roller.

ESSENTIAL: Check that the belt is correctly positioned in the grooves of the various pulleys.

Remove the tool [1].

Rotate the engine four times.

Check that the marks (B) and (C) coincide.

Tool [3] should be able to engage freely, if not, repeat the adjustment.

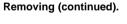
Complete the refitting.

B1BK1A4C

### **AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT DRIVE BELT Engine: 4HW** BCA Tools [1] [1] Peg for dynamic roller : (-) 0188-Q1 [2] Dynamic roller compression lever : (-).1888-Z. (A) Pegging hole. (B) Belt wear check mark (fixed on engine). (C) Zero wear mark. (D) Maximum wear mark. E5AK0EDC B3FK09PC This marking system permits checking of the belt wear; if the marks (D) and (B) coincide, it implies that the belt requires replacing. Tighten the screw (1) to $4.5 \pm 0.4$ m.daN. Removing. Remove: - The front RH wheel. - The front RH splash-shield. - The under-engine shield. IMPERATIVE: Mark the direction of rotation of the belt if to be re-used. E5AK0E8C

#### **AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT DRIVE BELT**





Action the roller (3), using tool [2], until the tool [1] is positioned in the pegging hole (A). Remove the belt.

ESSENTIAL: Check that the rollers (3) and (4) turn freely (no play, no tight spot).

Refitting.

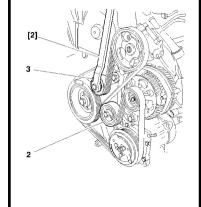
IMPERATIVE: If re-using the belt, refit it respecting the direction of rotation marked on removal.

Refit the belt, finishing with the tensioner roller (3).

ESSENTIAL: Check that the belt is correctly positioned in the grooves of the various pulleys.

Rotate the engine four times.

Complete the refitting.



B1BK1IWD

#### BELT TENSION/SEEM UNITS CORRESPONDENCE TABLE Tools 4122-T (C.TRONIC.105.5) **Ψ ↓ 4099-T** (C.TRONIC.105) 4 5 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 | 30 | 35 | 40 | 45 | 50 | 55 | 60 | 65 | 70 | 75 | 80 | 85 | 90 | 95 | 100 | daN TYPE DE COURROIES TYPE DE COURROIES 18 28 36 44 51 58 64 70 76 82 88 94 100 106 112 18 28 36 44 51 58 64 70 76 82 88 94 100 106 112 18 23 27 31 34 37 40 43 46 49 52 54 56 58 60 62 64 66 68 25 32 39 45 50 54 58 62 66 70 74 78 81 84 86 88 89 90 91 32 | 41 | 48 | 55 | 62 | 69 | 76 | 83 | 90 | 96 | 102 | 108 | 114 | 120 | 126 | 132 | 138 | 144 | 150 1 70000000 **E6** 27 36 43 49 55 61 66 71 76 80 84 32 41 49 57 63 69 75 81 87 93 99 **E**6 26 35 42 48 53 58 63 68 73 78 82 30 | 40 | 47 | 54 | 61 | 68 | 75 | 81 | 87 | 93 | 99 E7 45 | 55 | 65 | 74 | 83 | 89 | 95 | 101 | 107 | 113 | 119 36 49 52 64 73 80 86 92 98 104 110 J <u>■ E</u>7 28 34 39 44 48 52 56 60 64 68 71 34 41 48 55 62 69 76 83 89 96 102 ) E8 32 39 45 51 56 61 66 71 76 79 81 37 43 51 59 66 73 80 86 92 98 104 52 | 60 | 67 | 74 | 81 | 88 | 94 | 100 | 106 | 110 | 114 B1EP135D 49 57 63 69 75 81 87 93 99 105 111

#### **AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT DRIVE BELT**

#### **Engines : All Types Petrol and Diesel**

#### **TOOLS**

Belt tension measuring instrument: 4122 - T .(C.TRONIC 105.5)

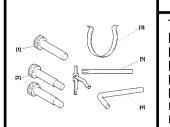
WARNING: If using tool 4099-T (C.TRONIC 105), refer to the correspondence table on page 39.

#### **ESSENTIAL:**

#### Before refitting the auxiliary equipment drive belt, check that:

- 1 / The roller(s) rotate freely (no play or stiffness)
- 2 / The belt is correctly engaged in the grooves of the various pulleys.

: (-).0189-B



## Engine : RFN

#### Tools

[1] Crankshaft setting peg

[2] Camshaft hub setting pegs : (-).0189-AZ
[3] Belt retaining pin : (-).0189-K

[4] Positioning peg : (-).0189-J
I51 Tool for immobilising hub : (-).6310-T

Removing.

Disconnect the battery.

#### Remove:

- The under-engine shield.
- The auxiliary drive belt (see corresponding operation).

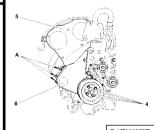
#### Move aside:

- The fuel delivery pipe.
- The canister purge electrovalve.
- The expansion chamber.

#### Remove:

- The screws (1) and (2).
- The torque reaction rod (3).
- The screws (4), plus the auxiliary drive pulley.
- The timing covers (5) and (6).

WARNING: Do not slacken the fixing screws (A).



B1EK0V7D

B1EK1UDD

# CHECKING AND SETTING THE VALVE TIMING Engine: RFN Removing (continued). Peg: - The camshafts, using tool [2]. - The crankshaft, using tool [1]. Slacken the screw (7) while holding tool [4]. Using the hexagonal recess (C), turn the eccentric hub (8) of the tensioner roller (9) (clockwise), to detension the belt. The cursor (10) moves against the tool [4]. Remove the timing belt. B1EK1UED B1EK1UFD





Systematically replace the timing belt.

IMPERATIVE: Check that the rollers (9) and (11), as well as the coolant pump (12) turn freely (no tight spot).

When replacing the belt (11), tighten the fixing to  $3.5 \pm 0.3$  m.daN.

Position the belt on the crankshaft pinion (13), respecting its direction of fitting.

Immobilise the belt, using tool [3].

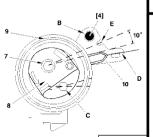
Refit the timing belt, well-tensioned, in the following sequence:

- Guide roller (11).
- Pinions (14) and (15).
- Coolant pump (12).
- Tensioner roller (9).

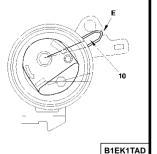
B1EK1T8D



Engine: RFN



B1EK1T9D



Tensioning the timing belt.

Remove tool [3].

(D): Max. position.

(E): Nominal tension position.

Using the hexagonal recess (C), turn the roller hub (anti-clockwise), to bring the index (10) to position (D) to tension the helt to the maximum

Turn the eccentric hub (8) of the roller (9) (clockwise), to bring the cursor (10) into light contact with the peg [4].

IMPERATIVE: Never make a complete rotation of the eccentric hub (8) when tool [4] is in position.

**NOTE**: This operation places the index (10) in the nominal position (E).

Tighten the screw (7) to 2 ± 0.2 m.daN while holding the roller by means of the hexagonal recess (C).

Remove the pegs [1], [2] and [4].

Checks

Make **two rotations** of the crankshaft (direction of rotation of the engine).

IMPERATIVE: Never turn the crankshaft backwards.

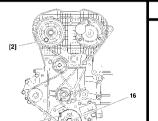
Make sure that the timing is correctly set, by refitting the pegs [1] and [2].

Remove the pegs [1] and [2].

Make **ten rotations** of the crankshaft (direction of rotation of the engine).

Check the position of the index (10).

If the tensioner index is not in its adjustment position (E), recommence the operations to tension the timing belt.



Positioning the crankshaft.

**NOTE**: This operation positions all the pegs in their respective pegging points.

Peg:

- The camshaft pullevs, using tool [2].

- The crankshaft, using tool [1].

If this is not possible, reposition the flange (17).

B1EK1TBD

B1EK1TCD

IMPERATIVE: This operation guarantees the setting of the timing for subsequent operations.

Engine: RFN

Slacken the screw (16) so as to free the crankshaft pinion (17).

Bring the flange (17) to the pegging point, using tool [5].

Position tool [1].

Tightening of screw (16) (Tool FACOM D360).

Tighten to :  $4 \pm 0.4$  m.daN

Angular tighten to :  $53^{\circ} \pm 5^{\circ}$ .

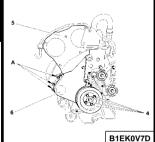
Remove tools [1], [2] and [5].

[5]

IMPERATIVE: When tightening screw (16), hold the pulley (17) in position, using tool [5].







### Refitting (continued).

#### Refit:

- The timing cover (6).
- The auxiliary drive pulley.
- The screws (4), tighten to 2.1 ± 0.2 m.daN.
- The timing cover (5).
- The torque reaction rod (3).
- The screws (1) and (2), tighten to  $4.5 \pm 0.4$  m.daN.

Refit the auxiliary drive belt (see corresponding operation).

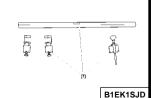
Continue the refitting operations in reverse order to removal.



B1EK1T7D

Engine: 3FZ







#### Tools.

[1] Crankshaft setting peg

[2] Exhaust camshaft setting peg [3] Inlet camshaft setting peg

[4] Positioning peg

[5] Tool for immobilising hub

[6] Belt retaining pin[7] Engine support crossmember

: 6310-T : (-).0189.K : 4090-T

: (-).0189-B

: (-).0189-L

: (-).0189-J

: (-).0189-AZ

#### Removing.

Disconnect the battery.

#### Remove:

- The under-engine shield.
- The auxiliary drive belt (see corresponding operation).
- Uncouple the exhaust line (to avoid damaging the flexible pipe).

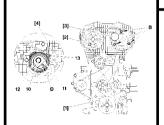
Position the tool [7].

#### Move aside:

- The fuel delivery pipe.
- The canister purge electrovalve.
- The expansion chamber.

### CHECKING AND SETTING THE VALVE TIMING Engine: 3FZ Remove: - The screws (1) and (2). - The torque reaction rod (3). - The nut (4). - The 3 screws (5). - The RH engine support (6). - The screws (7), plus the auxiliary drive pulley. B1EK1SUD B1EK1SMD - The timing covers (8) and (9). WARNING: Do not slacken the fixing screws (A). IMPERATIVE: Do not slacken the fixing screws (B). Peg: - The exhaust camshaft, using tool [2]. - The inlet camshaft, using tool [3]. - The crankshaft, using tool [1]. B1EK1SKD





Position tool [4].

Slacken the screw (10) while holding tool [4].

Using the hexagonal recess (D), turn the eccentric hub (11) of the tensioner roller (12) (clockwise), to detension the belt. The cursor (13) moves against the tool [41.

Remove the timing belt.

Refitting.

Systematically replace the timing belt.

IMPERATIVE: Check that the rollers (12) and (14), as well as the coolant pump (15) turn freely (No play, no tight spot).

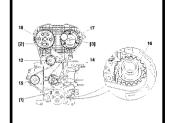
When replacing the belt (14), tighten the fixing to  $3.5 \pm 0.3$  m.daN.

Position the belt on the crankshaft pinion (16), respecting its direction of fitting.

Immobilise the belt, using tool [6].

Refit the timing belt, well-tensioned, in the following sequence:

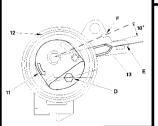
- Guide roller (14).
- Pinion (17).
- Pinion (18).
- Coolant pump (15).
- Tensioner roller (12).



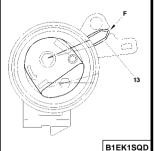
B1EK1SND

B1EK1SMD





B1FK1SPD



Tensioning the timing belt.

Remove tool [6].

(E): Max. position.

(F): Nominal tension position.

Using the hexagonal recess (D), turn the roller hub (anti-clockwise), to bring the index (13) to position (E) to tension the belt to the maximum.

Turn the excentric hub (11) of the roller (12) (clockwise), to bring the cursor (13) into light contact with the tool [4]. IMPERATIVE: Never make a complete rotation of the eccentric hub (11) when tool [4] is in tension.

NOTE: This operation places the index (13) in the nominal position (F).

Tighten the screw (10) to  $2 \pm 0.2$  m.daN while holding the roller by means of the hexagonal recess (D).

Remove the tools [1], [2], [3], and [4].

Checks.

Make **two rotations** of the crankshaft (direction of rotation of the engine).

IMPERATIVE: Never turn the crankshaft backwards.

Make sure that the timing is correctly set, by refitting the camshaft and crankshaft setting pegs.

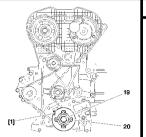
Remove the pegs.

Make **ten rotations** of the crankshaft (direction of rotation of the engine).

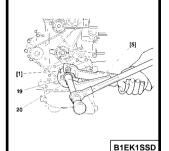
Check the position of the index (13).

If the tensioner index is not in its adjustment position (F), recommence the operations to tension the timing belt.





B1EK1SRD



#### Positioning the crankshaft.

**NOTE**: This operation positions all the pegs in their respective pegging points.

#### Peg:

- The inlet camshaft pulley, using tool [3].
- The crankshaft, using tool [1].

If this is not possible, reposition the flange (20).

IMPERATIVE: This operation guarantees the setting of the timing for subsequent operations.

Immobilise the crankshaft, using tool [5].

Slacken the screw (19) so as to free the crankshaft pinion (16).

Bring the flange (20) to the pegging point, using tool [5].

Position tool [1].

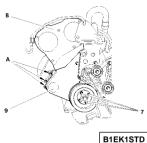
Tightening of screw (19) (Tool FACOM D360).

Tighten to :  $4 \pm 0.4$  m.daN

Angular tighten to :  $53^{\circ} \pm 5^{\circ}$ .

Remove tools [1], [3] and [5].





## Refitting (continued).

#### Refit:

- The timing cover (9).
- The auxiliary drive pulley.
- The screws (7), tighten to  $2.1 \pm 0.2$  m.daN.
- The timing cover (8).
- The RH engine support (6).
- The torque reaction rod (3).

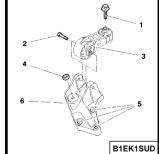
#### BIEKISIL

#### Tighten:

- Screws (5) to 6 ± 0.6 m.daN
- Nut (4) to 4.5 ± 0.4 m.daN
- Screws (1) and (2) to 4.5 ± 0.4 m.daN

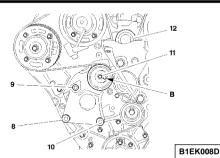
Refit the auxiliary drive belt (see corresponding operation).

Continue the refitting operations in reverse order to removal.



#### CHECKING AND SETTING THE VALVE TIMING **Engine: XFW** Tools. [11] Camshaft setting pegs : (-).0187-B : (-).0187-A [2] Crankshaft setting peg [3] Belt retaining pin : (-).0187-J [4] Peg for checking camshaft settings : (-).0187-CZ [5] Tool for immobilising inlet camshaft hubs : (-).0187-C [6] Tool for immobilising exhaust camshaft hubs : (-).0187-F [7] Instrument for measuring belt tension : (-).0192 Removing. Remove: The front RH wheel The RH wheelarch. The front RH tie-bar. The auxiliary drive belt (see corresponding operation). The tensioner roller assembly (1). The crankshaft pulley (2). Support the engine using a stand. Remove: The upper RH torque reaction rod. The RH engine support. B1EK004D

### CHECKING AND SETTING THE VALVE TIMING **Engine: XFW** Removing (continued). Remove: The twelve screws (3) (6 mm external hexagonal adaptor). The seven screws (4) (7 mm external hexagonal adaptor). The two covers (5). The cover (6). B1EK005D B1EK007D The fixing screws of the power steering pump, then suspend the latter. The support (7). **NOTE**: The camshaft pegging operation can be performed without slackening the pinion screws or rotating the camshafts (using tools [5] and [6]; lightly oil the pegs [1] and [2] prior to fitting. Peg in the sequence: Camshafts, using tool [1]. Crankshaft, using tool [2]. **B1EK006D**



Removing (continued). Remove screw (8).

Slacken screws (9) and (10) and nut (11).

Pivot the tensioner roller eccentric (clockwise), using tool FACOM R 161 at «B».

Remove the guide roller (12).

Remove the timing belt, commencing with the tensioner roller and the coolant pump.

**Engine: XFW** 

#### Refitting.

Make sure that the camshafts, as well as the crankshaft, are correctly pegged.

Check that the rollers (13) and (14), as well as the coolant pump (15) turn freely (no tight spots).

If replacing the belt, tighten the rollers (13) and (14) to  $8 \pm 0.8$  m.daN.

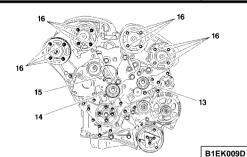
Slacken screws (16) by a 1/4 turn.

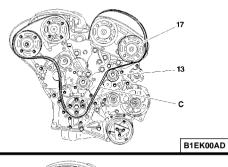
Ensure that the camshaft pinions rotate freely on their hubs.

Turn the four camshaft pinions (clockwise), to end of slots.

Engage the timing belt on the crankshaft pinion.

Immobilise the belt, using tool [4].





Refitting (continued).

Position the belt on the guide roller (13), belt at (C) well tensioned.

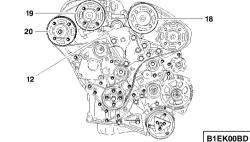
**NOTE**: Carefully turn the camshaft pinion in the opposite direction to the rotation of the engine in order to engage the belt on the pinion.

Engine: XFW

Engage the belt on the LH exhaust camshaft pinion (17).

IMPERATIVE: The angular displacement value of the pinion relative to the timing belt should not be greater than the width of one tooth.

Engage the belt on the LH inlet camshaft pinion (18), as before. Refit the roller (12), tighten to  $8 \pm 0.8$  m.daN.





#### Refitting (continued).

Engage the belt on:

The roller (13).

The camshaft pinions, inlet (19) then RH exhaust (20), as before for the camshafts.

Simultaneously engage the belt on:

The roller (21).

The pump (15).

The roller (14).

Using tool FACOM S.161, at «A», pivot the plate to be able to engage the screw (8).

Tighten screws (8), (9) and (10) to  $2.5 \pm 0.2$  m.daN.

Pivot the tensoner roller to tension the belt to the maximum (anti-clockwise), using tool FACOM R.161 at «B»:

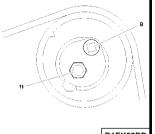
Engine: XFW

- SFFM CTI 901-1: 440 + 15 SEEM units.

SEEM CTG 105.5: 83 ± 2 SEEM units.

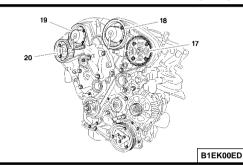
- SEEM CTG 105 6 · 86 + 2 SEEM units

Tighten the nut (11) of the tensioner roller to  $1 \pm 0.1$  m.daN.



IMPERATIVE: Check that the camshaft pinions are not at end of slots (by removing a screw). If they are, repeat the operation to refit the belt.

B1FK00CD



Refitting (continued).

Tighten at least two screws (16) per hub to  $1 \pm 0.1$  m.daN, in the order indicated (17), (18), (19) and (20).

Engine: XFW

Remove tools [4], [7], [1] and [2].

Effect two rotations of the crankshaft (direction of rotation of the engine).

WARNING: Never rotate the engine backwards.

Peg the crankshaft, using tool [2].

Slacken the nut (11) a 1/4 turn.

Align the marks (D) and (E) of the tensioner roller, using tool FACOM R.161.

Tighten the nut (11) to  $2.5 \pm 0.2$  m.daN, without altering the position of the roller.

Remove the crankshaft setting peg [2].

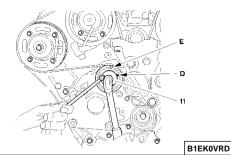
Effect two rotations of the crankshaft.

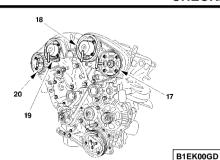
**WARNING**: Never rotate the engine backwards.

Peg the crankshaft, using tool [2].

Check the position of the tensioner roller.

If the marks are not aligned, recommence the alignment of the marks (D) and (E) of the tensioner roller.





**Engine: XFW** 

#### Refitting (continued).

Peg the camshaft hubs, starting with LH exhaust (17) then (18), (19) and (20), using tool [1], proceeding in the following way:

- The peg goes in: slacken by 45° the fixing screws of the pinion on the camshaft hub,
- The peg does not go in: slacken by **45°** the fixing screws of the pinion on the camshaft hub until the peg will go in.

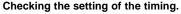
ESSENTIAL: Check that the camshaft pinions are not at end of slots (by removing a screw).

If they are, repeat the operation to refit the belt.

Tighten the pinions in the sequence below:

Pinions (17), (18), (19), (20) tighten to  $1 \pm 0.1$  m.daN.

Remove tools [1] and [2]

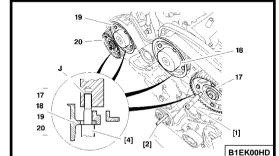


Effect two rotations (Normal direction of rotation of the engine).

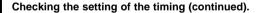
IMPERATIVE: Never turn the engine backwards.

Refit the crankshaft peg [2].

Check that the peg for checking the camshaft settings [4] engages freely in the cylinder heads (J), as far as the camshaft pinions.







Should this not be the case, repeat the operation to refit the belt. Remove the crankshaft peg [2].

### Refitting (continued).

Refit:

The power steering pump.

The support (7).

The tensioner roller assembly (1).

Tighten:

Screw (22) to 2.5 m.daN + LOCTITE FRNETANCH.

Screw (23) to 4.0 m.daN + LOCTITE FRNETANCH.

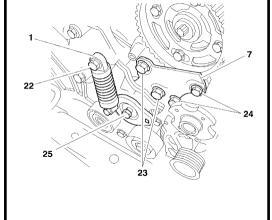
Screw (24) to 2.5 m.daN + LOCTITE FRNETANCH.

Screw (25) to 6.0 m.daN + LOCTITE FRNETANCH.

Tighten the crankshaft pulley screws to 2.5 ± 0.2 m.daN.

Refit the auxiliary drive belt (see corresponding operation).

Complete the refitting operations in the opposite order to removal.



B1EK00JD

#### **Engines: RHT-4HW**

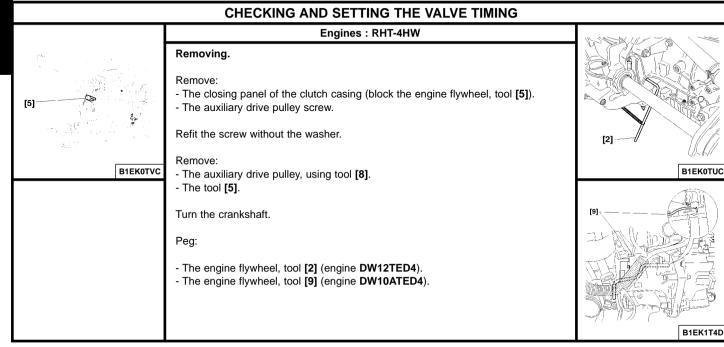
#### Tools:

[1] Instrument for measuring belt tension SEEM C.TRONIC : (-).0192 [2] Crankshaft setting peg (engine **DW12TED4**) : (-).0188-X [3] Camshaft peg : (-).0188-M [4] Belt retaining pin : (-).0188-K [5] Engine flywheel stop : (-).0188-F [7] Tensioning lever : (-).0188-J2 [8] Pulley extractor : (-).0188-P [9] Crankshaft setting peg (engine DW10ATED4) : (-).0188-Y [10] Crossmember : 4090-T [11] Tie-bar support : 4176-T [12] Retaining support : (-).0911-J [13] Support with adjustable screw : (-).0911-H [14] Set of plugs : (-).0188-T

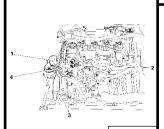
#### Removing.

#### Remove:

- The front RH splashshield.
- The under-engine shield.
- The auxiliary drive belt (see corresponding operation).







#### Removing (continued).

Disconnect the battery.

Move aside the header tank.

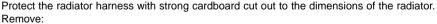
Position the tools for supporting the engine [10], [11], [12] and [13].

#### Remove:

- The scuttle panel grille.
- The torque reaction rod (1).
- The fuel unions (2).

#### B1EK1TTD

#### IMPERATIVE: Plug the apertures using tool [13].



- The RH engine support (4).
- The timing covers (3).
- The lower timing cover.

Peg the camshaft pulley, using tool [3].

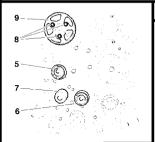
Slacken the tensioner roller fixing (5).

Retighten the fixing to the position of maximum de-tension. (Tighten to **0.1 m.daN**). Remove the timing belt.

4T2D



B1EK1T2D



Refitting.

IMPERATIVE: Check that the rollers (5) and (6) as well as the coolant pump (7) turn freely (no play, no tight spot), check also that these rollers are not noisy and/or that they are not throwing out grease.

**Engines: RHT-4HW** 

In the event of replacement, tighten the roller (6) to  $4.3 \pm 0.4$  m.daN.

Slacken the screws (8).

Check that the pulley (9) turns freely on its hub.

Tighten the screws (8) by hand.

Slacken the screws (8) by a 1/6 turn.

Turn the pulley (9) (clockwise), to end of slots.

Refit the timing belt, well tensioned, in the following order:

- Crankshaft (immobilise the belt, using tool [4]).
- Guide roller (6).

Engage the timing belt on the pulley (10).

Carefully turn the camshaft pinion in the opposite direction to the rotation of the engine in order to engage the belt on the pinion.

**WARNING**: The angular displacement «a» of the pulley relative to the belt should not be greater than the width of one tooth.

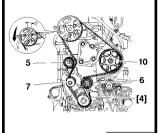
Engage the belt on the tensioner roller (5) and on the coolant pump pinion (7).

Turn the tensioner roller (5) (anti-clockwise), so as to put the tensioner roller (5) in contact with the belt.

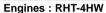
Pre-tighten the fixing screw of the tensioner roller to 0.1 m.daN.

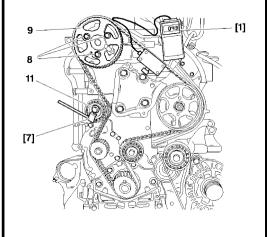
Remove the tool [4].





B1EK0TYC





Pre-tensioning the timing belt.

Position the tool [1].

**NOTE**: Check that the tool is not in contact with anything else around it.

Turn the roller (5) (anti-clockwise), using tool [7] to obtain a tension of:

98 ± 2 SEEM units.

Tighten the screw (11) to  $2.3 \pm 0.2 \text{ m.daN}$  (without modifying the position of the roller).

Remove the tool [1].

IMPERATIVE: By removing one of the screws (8) on the pulley (9), make sure that these screws (8) are not at end of slots. (If they are, repeat the operation to refit the timing belt).

Bring the screws (8) into contact with the pulleys.

Tighten the screws (8) to  $2 \pm 0.2$  m.daN.

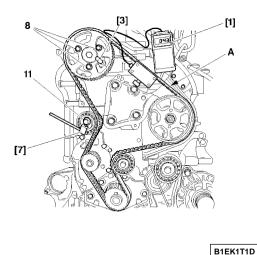
Remove the setting pegs [3] and [2].

Effect eight turns of the engine in the normal direction of rotation.

IMPERATIVE: Never turn the crankshaft backwards.

B1EK1TSD





#### Tensioning the timing belt.

Refit the pegs [2] and [3].

Slacken the screws (8).

Tighten the screws (8), by hand.

Slacken the screws (8) by a 1/6 turn.

Slacken screw (11).

Place tool [1] on the belt at (A).

Turn the roller (anti-clockwise), using tool [7] to obtain a tension of:

51 ± 2 SEEM units.

Tighten screw (11) to  $2.3 \pm 0.2$  m.daN. (without modifying the position of the roller).

Tighten the screws (8) to  $2 \pm 0.2$  m.daN.

Remove tool [1] to release the internal forces.

Refit the tool [1].

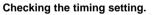
The tension value should be between 48 and 55 SEEM units.

IMPERATIVE: Value noted outside the tolerance: detension the belt and recommence the operation

Remove tools [1], [2] and [3].

66





Effect two turns of the engine in the normal direction of rotation, without turning the engine hackwards

Refit the peg [2].

IMPERATIVE: Check visually that the offset between the hole in the camshaft hubs and the corresponding pegging hole is not more than 1 mm.

Remove the peg [2].

Refit:

- The lower timing cover.
- The elements (3) of the timing cover.
- The engine support (4).
- The screws (13), tighten to  $6.1 \pm 0.6$  m.daN.
- The nut (12), tighten to  $4.5 \pm 0.4$  m.daN.

IMPERATIVE: Apply an opposite torque at (A).

Refit:

- The torque reaction rod (1).
- Screw (14), tighten to 5 ± 0.5 m.daN.
- Screw (15), tighten to  $5 \pm 0.5$  m.daN.

B1EK1T0D







ON DE Y

#### Refit:

- The tool [5].
- The auxiliary drive pulley

Clean the threads of the pulley screw going into the crankshaft, (Tap **M16x150**). Brush the screw threads.

Nettoyer le taraudage de la screws de poulie dans le vilebrequin. (Taraud **M16x150**). Brosser le filetage de la screws.

Tightening torque for the screw:

Tighten to : 7 ± 0.7 m.daN (+ LOCTITE FRENETANCH)

Angular tighten :  $60^{\circ} \pm 6^{\circ}$  (Outil FACOM D360).

Check the tightening: 26 ± 2.6 m.daN

Refit the auxiliary drive belt (see corresponding operation).

Remove tool [5].

Refit the closing plate, tighten to **0.7 m.daN**.

Tighten the wheel bolts to 10 m.daN.

Complete the refitting in reverse order to removal.

Initialise the various ECUs.

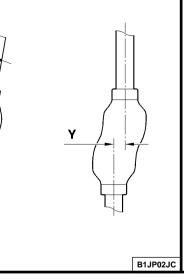
B1EK0TVC

COOLING SYSTEM SPECIFICATIONS					
	Vehicle with air conditioning Engines : RFN – 3FZ – XFW – RHT – 4HW				
	2.0i 16V	2.2i 16V	3.0i 24V	2.0 HDi	2.2 HDi
Engine type	RFN	3FZ	XFW	RHT - RHW	4HW
Circuit capacity	7 litres	7.2 litres	10.5 litres	10 litres (*)	11.3 litres
Radiator surface	25 dm <sup>3</sup>				
Pressurisation	1.4 Bar				
Opening of thermostatic regulator	89°C		78°C	89°C	
Cooling fan	1x350W (**)	1x350W	1x350W +1x300W	1x400W +1x300W (***)	1x460 + 1x300W
1st speed	97°C or 10 Bars in aircon circuit			97°C or 10 Bars in aircon circuit	
2nd speed	101°C or 17 Bars in aircon		97°C or 10 Bars in aircon circuit	101°C or 17 Bars in aircon circuit	105°C or 22 Bars in aircon circuit
3rd speed	105°C or 22 Bars in aircon circuit				
Aircon cut-out	115°C		112°C	115°C	
Warning	118°C				
Post-cooling	No				

<sup>(\*) = (\*) =</sup> With automatic gearbox : 10.2 litres ; (\*\*) =With automatic gearbox = 1x460W ; (\*\*\*) =With automatic gearbox = 1x350W+1x300W

#### **EXHAUST SPECIFICATIONS**

#### Petrol engines all types



#### Repair

Respect the precautions to be taken when operating on a vehicle.

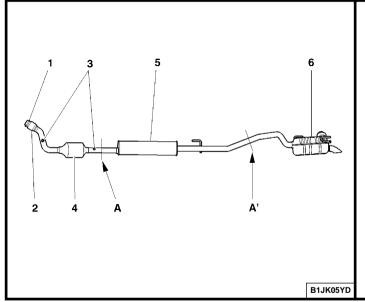
The flexible pipe must not come into contact with corrosive products.

Do not distort the flexible pipe by more than 20° angular (X), 20mm axial, 25 mm shear (Y) (flexible pipe not fitted).

Do not distort the flexible pipe by more than 3° angular (X), 0 mm axial, 3 mm shear (Y) (flexible pipe in place).

**WARNING:** Non-respect for these precautions will result in a reduction in the lifetime of the flexible pipe. It is thus essential to disconnect or remove the exhaust line in any operation necessitating the lifting of the power unit.

## Engines: RFN-3FZ



## Tightening torques (m.daN)

(1) Bicone collar Ø 74.5 mm

Fixing of catalytic converter/manifold pipework

(2) Flexible metallic pipe

(3) Lambda probes take-off

: 4.7 ± 0.7

 $: 2.5 \pm 0.4$ 

(4) Catalytic converter

(5) Intermediate silencer

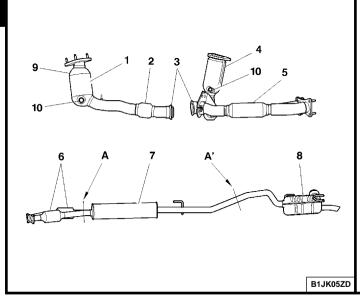
(6) Rear silencer

A and A': After sales cutting zones.

Connecting sleeve Ø 55 mm

: 5.2 ± 0.7

## Engine: XFW



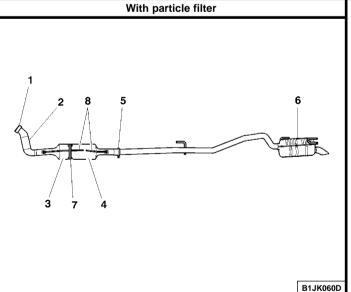
## Tightening torques (m.daN)

: 2.5 + 0.4

- (1) Front precatalyser
- (2) Flexible metallic pipe
- (3) Bicone collar Ø 66 mm
- (front/rear precatalyser assembly)
- (4) Rear precatalyser
- (5) Flexible metallic pipe
- (6) Catalytic converters
- (7) Intermediate silencer
- (8) Rear silencer
- (9) Upstream lambda probe take-off :  $4.7 \pm 0.7$
- (10) Downstream lambda probe take-off :  $4.7 \pm 0.7$
- A and A' After sales cutting zones.

Connecting sleeve  $\emptyset$  55 mm : 5.2  $\pm$  0.7

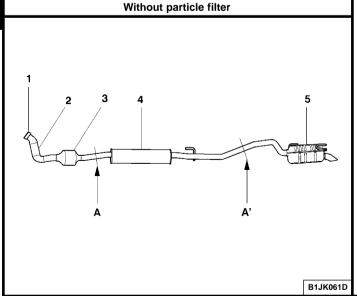
Engines: RHT-4HW



## Tightening torques (m.daN)

- (1) Ball-joint front fixing bracket  $: 4.5 \pm 0.7$
- (2) Precatalyser
- (3) Catalytic converter
- (4) Particle filter
- (5) Bicone collar Ø 74.5 mm : 2.5 ± 0.4
- (6) Rear silencer
- (7) Catalytic converter bracket (P. filter) : 3.3 ± 0.5
- (8) C. converter and p. filter pressure take-off : 1.7 ± 0.1

## Engine : RHW



## Tightening torques (m.daN)

- (1) Ball-joint front fixing bracket :  $4.5 \pm 0.7$
- (2) Precatalyser
- (3) Catalytic converter
- (4) Intermediate silencer
- (5) Rear silencer

A and A' After sales cutting zones.

Connecting sleeve Ø 55 mm

: 5.2 ± 0.7

CHECKING THE OIL PRESSURE									
			ı	Petrol	engines	3			
	2.0i	16V		2.2i	16V			3.0i 24V	
Engine type	RI	FN		3	FZ			XFW	
Temperature (°C)				80	)°C				
Pressure (Bars)	1.5	5	3.4	6	6.3	6.9	1.2	2	5
Rpm	1000	3000	1000	20	000	4000	650	900	3000
				Diesel	engines	3			
		2.0 HDi			2.2 HDi				
Engine type		RHT- RHW	I		4HW				
Temperature (°C)	80°C								
Pressure (Bars)	2.0		4.0			2.0		4.0	)
Rpm	1000		2000			1000		200	00

## Tools (Toolkit 4103-T).

- [1] Pressure gauge
- [2] Flexible pipe
- [3] Union 4202-T

ESSENTIAL: Respect the safety and cleanliness recommendations.

WARNING: Checking the oil pressure should be done when the engine is hot, after having checked the oil level.

## **OIL FILTERS**

# To be read together with the Petrol and Diesel correspondence tables

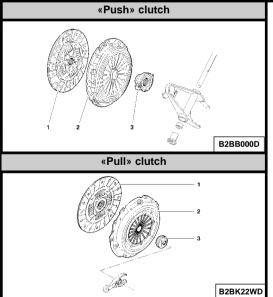
		2.0i 16V – 2.2i 16V	3.0i 24V	2.0 HDi – 2.2 HDi
PURFLUX	LS 880		X	
FURFLUX	LS 923	Х		Х

		Ø (mm)	Height (mm)	
Specifications	LS 880	86	140	
Specifications	LS 923	80		

CLUTCH SPECIFICATION							
	Peti	rol	Die	sel			
	2.0i 16V	2.2i 16V	2.0 HDi	2.2 HDi			
Engine type	RFN	3FZ	RHT - RHW	4HW			
Gearbox type	BE4/5		ML5C				
Feature	«Push» clutch		Push» clutch «Pull» clutch				
Supplier	VALE	<b>E</b> O	LUK				
Mechanism / type	230 DNG 4700	230 DNG 5100	225 T 5700	242 T 6500			
Clutch disc	11 R 1	14 X	Clutch with double damping flywheel (DVA)				
No. of splines							
Ø of lining. Ext/Int	228/1	155	225/150	242/162			
Quality of lining		F 8	08				

## **CLUTCH SPECIFICATION**

## Engines: RFN - 3FZ - RHT - RHW - 4HW



«Push» clutch and «Pull» clutch.

- (1) Clutch disc.
- (2) Clutch plate.
- (3) Clutch bearing.

#### HYDRAULIC CLUTCH CONTROL SPECIFICATION

#### Engines: RFN-3FZ-RHT-RHW-4HW

## Bleeding the hydraulic clutch control.

## Composition of the hydraulic circuit.

- Brake fluid reservoir located on the master cylinder.
- Hydraulic control sender located in the passenger compartment and fixed on the pedal gear.
- Clutch pedal.
- Hydraulic control receiver fixed on or inside the clutch housing, depending on gearbox type.

#### Bleed.

IMPERATIVE: Use only new, clear brake fluid, avoid entry of any foreign bodies or impurities into the hydraulic circuit.

Use only hydraulic fluid that is approved and recommended : DOT4.

IMPERATIVE: Do not use any automatic bleed apparatus (risk of the fluid emulsifying in the reservoir).

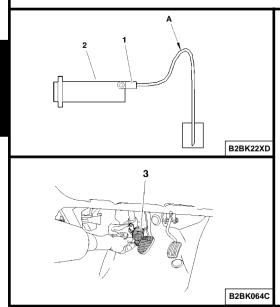
#### Remove:

- The pollen filter and its support (see corresponding operation in chapter on aircon).
- The air filter and its union.
- The under-engine sound-deadening.

Refill the brake fluid reservoir to the maximum of its capacity.

## HYDRAULIC CLUTCH CONTROL SPECIFICATION

#### **Engines: RFN-3FZ-RHT-RHW-4HW**



## Bleeding the hydraulic clutch control.

Couple a transparent pipe onto the bleed screw (1).

Submerge the end of the pipe in a receptacle containing brake fluid, situated lower than the clutch slave cylinder (2).

Create a syphon at «A» above the clutch slave cylinder, using the transparent pipe.

Open the bleed screw (1).

Action the clutch pedal (3) manually through all its travel, with seven rapid down-up movements.

On the final movement, hold the clutch pedal (3) at the end of its travel.

Reclose the bleed screw (1).

Allow the clutch pedal (3) to rise back up again.

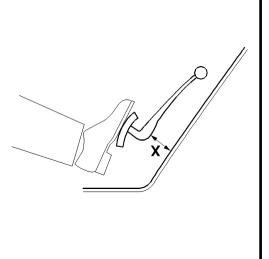
Fill the brake fluid reservoir to the maximum of its capacity.

NOTE: For new bleed operations: open the bleed screw (1).

If necessary, repeat the operation.

## HYDRAULIC CLUTCH CONTROL SPECIFICATION

## Engines: RFN-3FZ-RHT-RHW-4HW



## Bleeding the hydraulic clutch control (continued).

Top up the brake fluid level to the **MAXIMUM** of the brake fluid reservoir capacity.

Declutch and clutch rapidly 40 times.

Start the engine.

Apply the handbrake.

Engage a gear.

Check that the clutch starts to engage at a dimension (X) greater than or equal to 35 mm (Dimension (X) is given as a guide).

**NOTE**: If incorrect, repeat the bleed operations.

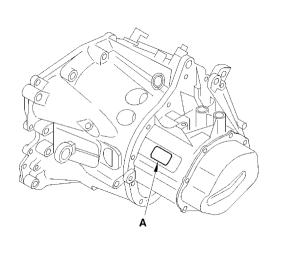
Tighten the bleed screw (1) to 0.75.m.daN.

B2BK065C

	GEARB	OX AND TYRE SP	ECIFICATIONS				
			Petrol				
		2.0i 16V		2.2i 16V	3.0i 24V		
			Auto.		Auto.		
Engine type		RFN		3FZ	XFW		
Tyres-Rolling circumference		205/65 R 15 – 1.973 m	1	215/65 R15-2.016 m	215/60 R16-2.025 m		
Gearbox type	BI	<b>Ξ4/5</b>	AL4	ML5C	4 HP 20		
Gearbox ident. plate	20 DL 26 (*)	20 DL 27 (**)	20 TP 74	20 LM 09	20 HZ 27		
Reduction box torque	14	lx62	21 x 73	14x65	19 x 73		
Speedometer ratio	18	18x14		25x20	_		
		Diesel					
	2.0	HDi	2.2 HDi				
		Auto.					
Engine type	RHT - RHW	RHT	4HW				
Tyres-Rolling circumference		215/65 R 15 - 2.016 M					
Gearbox type	ML5C	AL4	ML5C				
Gearbox ident. plate	20 LM 05	20 TP 74	20 LM 01				
Reduction box torque	15x67	21 x 73	16x69				
Speedometer ratio	27x21	20 x 16	27x21				

## **BE4/5 GEARBOX SPECIFICATION**

Engine : RFN



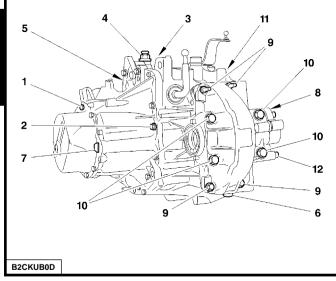
B2CKU3PD

(A) Marking zone including:

- Component reference.
- Factory serial no.

## **BE4/5 GEARBOX SPECIFICATION**

## Engine : RFN

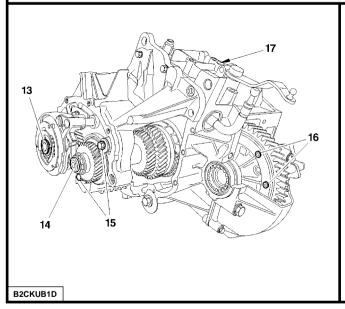


## Tightening torques m.daN.

(1) Gearbox rear casing	: 1.5 ± 0.1
(2) Gearbox casing / clutch casing fixings	: 1.5 ± 0.1
(3) Reverse gear rocker shaft fixing nut	: 4.5 ± 0.4
(4) Breather pipe	: 1.5 ± 0.1
(5) Reverse gear switch	: 2.5 ± 0.2
(6) Drain plug	: 3.5 ± 0.2
(7) Top-up plug	: 2 ± 0.2
(8) Speedo drive support	: 1.5 ± 0.1
(9) Differential housing fixings (M7)	: 1.5 ± 0.1
(10) Differential housing fixings (M10)	: 5 ± 0.5
(11) Clutch bearing guide fixing screw	: 1.5 ± 0.1
(12) Differential extension fixing	: 1.5 ± 0.1

## **BE4/5 GEARBOX SPECIFICATION**

## Engine : RFN



## Tightening torques m.daN.

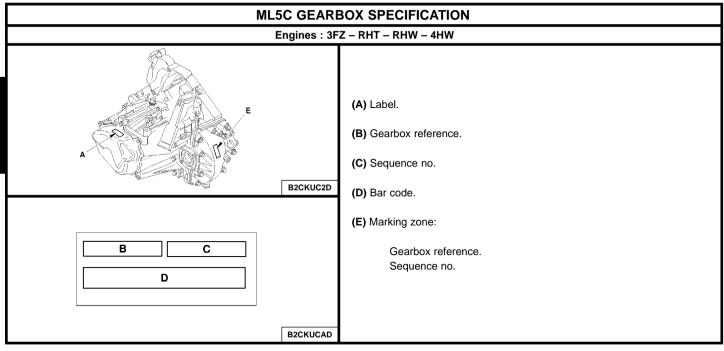
(13) Primary shaft nut	: 7.5 ± 0.7
------------------------	-------------

(14) Secondary shaft nut :  $6.5 \pm 0.6$ 

(15) Bearing retaining screw :  $1.5 \pm 0.1$ 

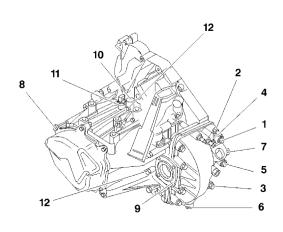
(16) Differential gearwheel screw :  $6 \pm 0.6$ 

(17) Gear control support screw :  $1.5 \pm 0.1$ 



## ML5C GEARBOX SPECIFICATION

Engines: 3FZ - RHT - RHW - 4HW



B2CKUC4D

#### Gearbox lubrication.

Oil type: ESSO 75W80 EZL 848 or TOTAL 75W 80W H 6965

Oil capacity: 2.1 litres.

**NOTE**: If the gearbox is drained, refilling of the gearbox is via the venting hole.

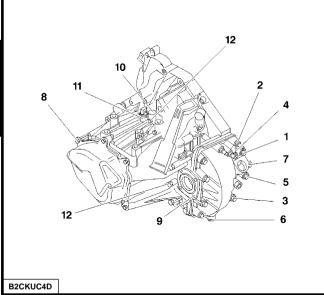
#### Tightening torques m.daN.

(1) Differential housing fixing (M8 L45)	: 1,8 ± 0,1
(2) Differential housing fixing (M8 L70)	: 1,8 ± 0,1
(3) Differential housing fixing (M10 L70)	$: 4 \pm 0,4$
(4) Differential housing fixing (M10 L50)	: 4 ± 0,4
(5) Differential housing fixing (M10 L85)	$: 4 \pm 0.4$
(6) Drain plug	$: 3 \pm 0.3$
(7) Speedo control support	: 1 ± 0.1

**WARNING:** Do not use the plug on the differential housing, this does not allow the gearbox oil level to be checked.

## ML5C GEARBOX SPECIFICATION

Engines: 3FZ - RHT - RHW - 4HW

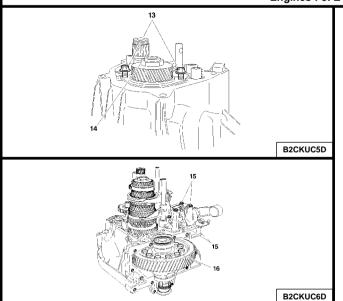


## Tightening torques m.daN.

- (8) Fixing of gearbox cover on gearbox casing :  $2 \pm 0.2$
- (9) Bearing stop plate :  $2 \pm 0.2$
- (10) Vent hole.
- (11) Reverse gear switch :  $2,5 \pm 0,2$
- (12) Fixing of gearbox casing on clutch casing :  $2 \pm 0.2$

## ML5C GEARBOX SPECIFICATION

## Engines: 3FZ - RHT - RHW - 4HW



## Tightening torques m.daN..

(13) Flange fixing screws :  $2 \pm 0.2$ 

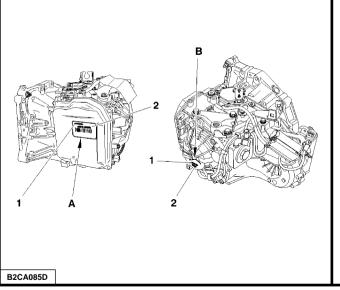
(14) Secondary shaft nut : 17  $\pm$  1,7

(15) Gear control support screw :  $1,5 \pm 0,1$ 

(16) Differential gearwheel screw :  $7.7 \pm 0.7$ 

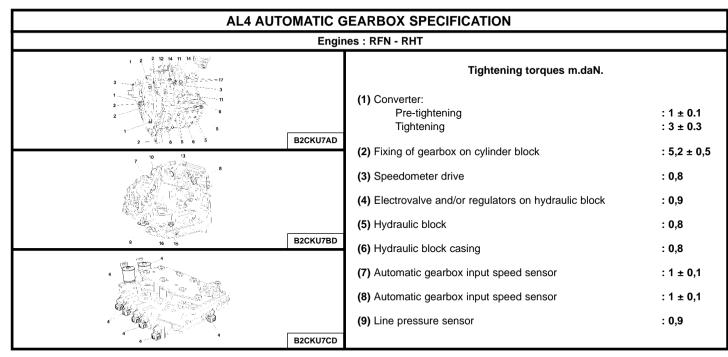
## AL4 AUTOMATIC GEARBOX SPECIFICATION

## Engines: RFN - RHT



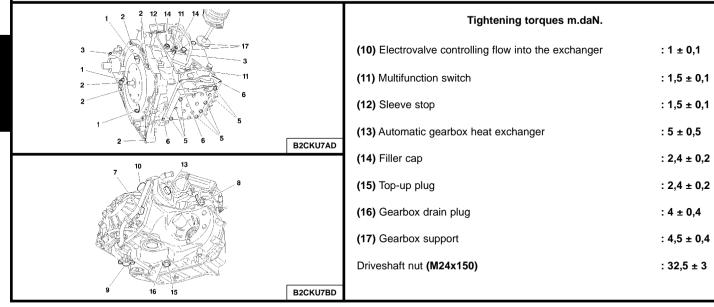
The automatic gearbox is identified by a self-adhesive label (A) or, failing that, by a marking (B).

- (1) Component reference.
- (2) Serial no.



## AL4 AUTOMATIC GEARBOX SPECIFICATION

## Engines: RFN - RHT



## DRAIN / REFILL /TOP-UP: 4 HP 20 GEARBOX

Engine: XFW

Tools.

[1] Filling kit : (-).0341
[1a] Filling cylinder : (-).0341-A
[1b] 4 HP 20 adaptor without gauge : (-).0341-B

NOTE:

- The 4 HP 20 automatic gearbox is lubricated for life.

- Check the level every 20 000 miles.

Checks

IMPERATIVE: Use only ESSO LT 71141.

Preliminary conditions:

Checks there are no faults, using the diagnostic tool.

Place the vehicle on a lift, keep vehicle horizontal.

Gear lever in position «P», without applying the handbrake.

Heavy electrical consumers disconnected.

Connect the diagnostic tool.

Select the parameter measures function.

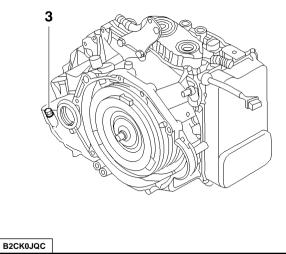
Make starting this operation, make sure that the oil temperature is well below **55°C**: if it is not, allow the oil to cool.

Press the brake pedal.

Start the engine and allow it to run at idling speed, engage all the gears using the gear selector. Return to  ${\it «P».}$ 

## DRAIN / REFILL /TOP-UP: 4 HP 20 GEARBOX

## Engine : XFW



## Checks (continued)

With the engine running at the temperature  $55^{\circ} \pm 1^{\circ}$ C, open the top-up plug (3). Wait for the temperature to reach  $60^{\circ} \pm 1^{\circ}$ C.

#### 1st possibility:

- Oil flows out, the level is correct.
- Refit the top-up plug (3), tighten to  $2.5 \pm 0.2$  m.daN.

#### 2nd possibility:

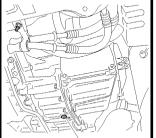
- Oil does not flow out.
- Refit the top-up plug (3).
- Add 0,5 litres of oil. (Refer to the chapter on refilling).

Repeat the procedure of checking the oil level.

Refit the metallic part of the vent plug **(2)**, using an **18mm** dia. punch and a mallet. Clip the plastic part of the vent plug **(2)**.

## DRAIN / REFILL /TOP-UP: 4 HP 20 GEARBOX

Engine: XFW



#### Draining.

#### Preliminary conditions:

- Draining should be carried out with the engine hot, to eliminate impurities in suspension in the oil.

The draining is partial since the converter cannot be totally emptied.

In draining, approx. 3 litres is removed.

Tighten the cap (1) to  $4.5 \pm 0.4$  m.daN.

## Filling.

## IMPERATIVE: Use only ESSO LT 71141.

Place the vehicle on a lift

Move aside the air filter assembly.

ESSENTIAL: Leave the air temperature sensor connected.

Remove the air vent assembly (2).

Raise the vehicle

Remove the top-up plug (3).

Using tool [1], pour new oil through the air vent aperture, until oil flows out via the top-up hole. Start the engine and allow it to run at idling speed (applying the brake pedal) and engage all the gears using the gear selector. Return to «P».

Add oil until it flows out via the top-up hole.

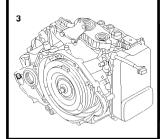
Reclose the top-up hole.

Stop the engine.

IMPERATIVE: Check the oil level.

B2CK17KC B2CK0JPC

95



B2CK0JQC

		DRIN	/ESHAFTS - GE	ARBOX			
			Tightening to	rques (m.daN)	Geark	oox oil seal mar	drels
Vehicles	Gearbox	Engines	Driveshaft bearing	Driveshaft nut	Right	Left	Tool kit
	BE4/5	RFN			7114-T.X	744 4 TW	7116-T
	BE4/5	3FZ			/114-1.X	T.X 7114-T.W	7110-1
	ML5C	RHT - RHW		901	9017-T.C	5701-T.A	9017-T
C8	WESC	4HW	1.0	10 + 60°	5511 116	0701 1.74	3017-1
Co	AL4	RFN	] 1.0	10 + 00	(-).0338.J1	(-).0338.H1	(-).0338
	ALT	RHT			(-).0338.J3	(-).0338.H2	(-).0330
	4 HP 20	XFW			(-).8010-T.D (-).8010-T.K1	(-).8010-T.J (-).8010-T.K2	(-).8010-T

## Tightening torques (m.daN) for the wheel bolts

	Steel	
CITROËN C8	Light alloy	10 ± 0.5

	WHEELS AND TYRES							
	2.0i 16V 2.2i 16V 3.0i 24S 2.0 HDi 2.2 HDi							
Engine typ	oe .		RFN	3FZ	XFW	RHT - RHW	4HW	
Tyre circumfere	ence	S 205x65 R 15 94 H 245x6 B 45 9 H 315x6 B 45 90 H 205x65 R 15 94 H 205x		MICHELIN XH1 205x65 R 15 94 H 1.973 m				
		Т	6.5 J 1	5-5-27	Non	6.5 J 1	5-5-27	
Wheel		Α	CHARMES 6.5J15-5-27 (*)		DOUGLAS 7J16-5-27	CHARMES 6.5J15-5-27 (*)		
Pressure	Front/ Rear	(1)	2.5/2.5	2.4/2.4	2/2	2.4/2.4		
(Bars)	Front/ Rear	(2)	2.5/3.2	2.4/3	2/3	2.	4/3	
Spare	Tyre circumference		This tyre is the same size as the tyres fitted on the wheels.					
wheel	Wheel							
	Pressure (Bars)		3.2	3			3	
Electronic under-inflation detection			Vehicles equipped with the under-inflation detection system are identifiable by the presence of aluminium valves. The under-inflation detection option can only be fitted on vehicles equipped with light alloy wheels.					
(1) = Nori (2) = Pres	Symbols and abbreviations used:  S = Standard fitting  T = Alu-steel wheel.  A = Alloy wheel  (*) = Option fitting  (Max. 4 persons and 40 kg in the boot).  (2) = Pressure under load  (More than 4 persons and «MAX» load in the boot).  Winter fitting: NOTE: All the above tyres can take chains on the front wheels. (Snow chain for 205/65/15 = KOeNIG Ref: 9410.26).							

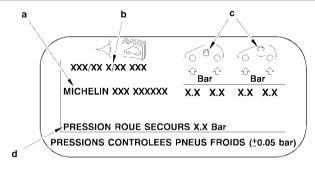
## WHEELS AND TYRES

#### Inflation pressures

The label giving the recommended inflation pressures is affixed to one of the front door pillars.

- a: Type of tyre.
- **b**: Tyre specifications.
- c: Recommended tyre inflation pressures (unladen and laden).
- **d:** Recommended tyre inflation pressures for the spare wheel.

Tightening torque: 10 m.daN.



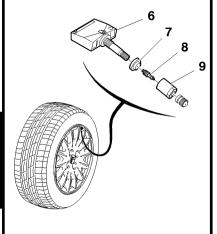
B2GP00ND

C4BP1CCD

## WHEELS AND TYRES Wheel bolts. Spare wheel (1) Bolt for steel wheel. Anti-theft securing of the spare wheel. (5) Winch. (2) Bolt for light alloy wheel. (e) Winch control. (3) Anti-theft bolt for light alloy wheel. (4) Anti-theft socket. The wheel is retained at the centre by a cable linking its hub to the Post-equipment for alloy wheels: fit the correct type of wheel bolt. floor of the boot Anti-theft bolts for light alloy wheels: light alloy wheels are equipped as standard with anti-theft bolts which are protected by chrome caps. The cable cannot be accessed from under the vehicle

B2GP014D

## **WHEELS AND TYRES**



## Special features

#### Under-inflation detection device.

- (6) High frequency transmitter module.
- (7) Seal.
- (8) Valve.
- (9) Nut.

#### Composition:

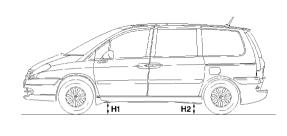
- Four **HF** transmitter modules **(6)** incorporated in the wheels in place of the valves, each including a lithium battery.
- A **HF** receiver incorporated in the switching module under the steering wheel.
- The tightening torque for the nut (9) is  $0.6 \pm 0.1$  m.daN.

#### WARNING:

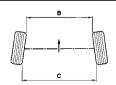
- Each time a tyre is replaced, the valve (8) must be replaced.
- Each time a rim is replaced, the seal (7) must be replaced.
- Each time a valve is replaced, it is necessary to have the transmitter recognised by the BSI, with the aid of a diagnostic tool.

B2GP015C

	AXLE GEOMETRY								
				Front axle					
Engines	Specification	H1	Wheel	tracking	Camber	Castor	King pin		
Engines	Specification	пі	(mm)	(°)	Camber	Castor	inclination		
RFN	205/65 R15	170							
3FZ RHT RHW 4HW	215/65 R15	174	+2 ± 1	+0°18' ± 0° 9'	0° ± 30'	3° 30' ± 30'	12°24' ± 40'		
XFW	215/60 R16	16 <b>178</b>							



E1AP0A5D



	NOTE		
A < B = Positive figure :	+=	TOE-IN	
A > B = Negative figure :	-=	TOE-OUT	

AXLE GEOMETRY						
	Front axle					
Engines	Specification	H1	Wheel tracking		Camber	
Engines			(mm)	(°)	(°)	
RFN	205/65 R15	390		0°46' ± 0°8'	1 ± 30'	
3FZ RHT RHW 4HW	215/65 R15	394	5 ± 1			
XFW	215/60 R16	398				

#### Tools.

[1] Set of two suspension compressors: 9511-T.A[2] Set of two shackles: 9511-T.C[3] Under body height gauge: 2305-T[4] Set of two straps: 9511-T.B[5] Set of two slings: 9511-T.D

The front tracking can be checked and adjusted in running order (Systematic use of two tyres).

To check all the angles, it is necessary to set the vehicle at reference height (Castor, camber, tracking).

## Setting at reference height.

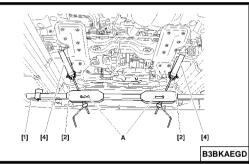
Requirements prior to setting at reference height.

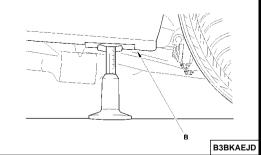
**WARNING:** The checks of the front and rear axle geometry values, as well as the adjusting of the front suspension should be carried out at precise positions of suspension compression (reference height) on a suspension test bed.

Make sure that:

- Tyres are in conformity and at the correct inflation pressures.
- The front wheels are straight ahead.

Remove wheel trims.





#### At the front (H1).

Engage the straps [4] with their shackles [2] on the subframe.

Position the suspension compressor [1], selecting the separation (A) most suited to pull

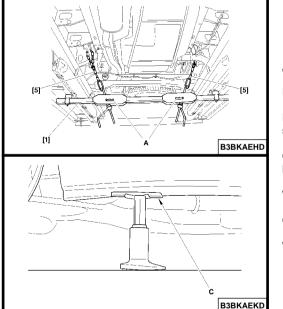
the straps as far upwards as possible.

Compress the suspension so as to obtain, on the RH and LH sides, the bodyshell height H1 (reference height), to be measured between the lowermost edge (B) and the ground.

**WARNING**: take account of pivoting surfaces when measuring the reference height **H1**.

**NOTE**: Only the tracking is adjustable.

**WARNING**: The tracking value varies as a function of the vehicle height.



#### At the rear (H2).

Engage the slings [5] on the rear longerons.

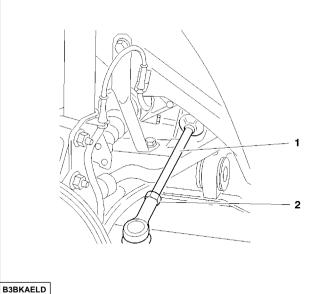
Position the suspension compressor [1] selecting the separation (A) most suited to pull the straps as far upwards as possible.

Compress the suspension so as to obtain, on the RH and LH sides, the bodyshell height H2 (reference height), to be measured between the lowermost edge (C) and the ground.

WARNING: take account of pivoting surfaces when measuring the reference height H2.

Check that the height H1, measured already at the front, has not changed.

**WARNING**: The rear axle angles are not adjustable.



## Adjusting the rolling axles.

**NOTE**: Only the tracking is adjustable (at the front).

If the value is incorrect, adjust the track rods (1).

One turn of the rod = 2 mm approx.

Tighten the nuts (2), tighten to  $4 \pm 0.4$  m.daN.

# FRONT AXLE B3CK09JD

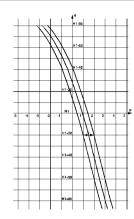
# Identification

- (1) Crossmember
- (2) Tie-rods
- (3) Springs
- (4) Front suspension leg
- (5) Anti-roll bar
- (6) Subframe

	Anti-roll bar	
Engines	Diameter (mm)	
RFN-3FZ-RHT-RHW-4HW	21.5	
XFW	22	

# FRONT AXLE

# Vehicle in running order



- (H) Height between the ground and the jacking point.
- (P) Wheel tracking.
- (I) Tolerance ± 0.5 mm.

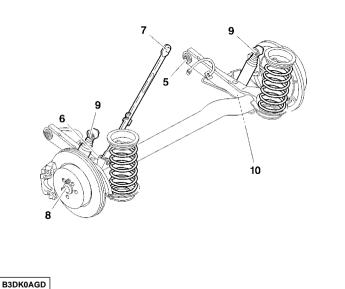
B3CK08KD

# Tightening torques (m.daN)

Fixing of subframe on body	: 10.5 ± 1
Fixing on tie-rod on body	: 6.5 ± 0.6
Fixing of crossmember on body	: 8 ± 0.8
Fixing of tie-rod on subframe	: 6.5 ± 0.6
Fixing of damper on pivot	: 9 ± 0.9
Fixing of damper rod on upper cup	: 9 ± 0.9
Fixing of upper cup on body	: 3.5 ± 0.3
Fixing of anti-roll bar on subframe	: 10.5 ± 1
Driveshaft nut	: 10 ± 1
Fixing of wishbone on subframe	: 7 ± 0.7
Fixing of ball-joint on pivot	: 7 ± 0.7
Fixing of steering track rod on pivot	: 4 ± 0.4
Fixing of track rod on damper body	: 5.5 ± 0.5
Fixation biellette sur barre antidévers	: 5.5 ± 0.5

# REAR AXLE Identification (1) Damper. (2) Spring. (3) Stabiliser bar. B2CP3J3D

# **REAR AXLE**



#### Tightening torques (m.daN)

(5) Fixing of rear axle on body :  $8 \pm 0.8$ 

(6) Fixing of stabiliser bar on rear axle :  $8 \pm 0.8$ 

(7) Fixing of stabiliser bar on body :  $6 \pm 0.6$ 

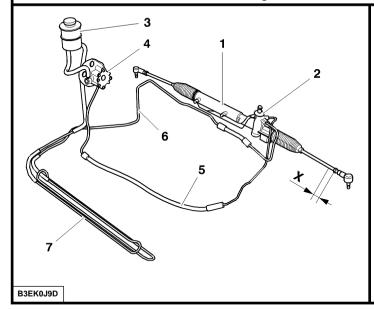
(8) Hub nut :  $38 \pm 3.8$ 

(9) Fixing of damper on body :  $9 \pm 0.9$ 

(10) Fixing of damper on rear axle :  $9 \pm 0.9$ 

#### REAR AXLE

# Engines: RFN -3FZ - XFW - RHT - RHW - 4HW



#### Identification

- (X) Pre-adjustment.
- (1) Steering mechanism.
- (2) Distributor valve.
- (3) Power steering reservoir.
- (4) Power steering pump.
- (5) High pressure union.
- (6) Low pressure union.
- (7) Steering oil radiator fitted on the front panel. (according to equipment)

#### SPECIFICATIONS OF POWER-ASSISTED STEERING Engines: RFN - 3FZ - XFW - RHT - RHW - 4HW RFN 3FZ XFW RHT - RHW 4HW Engine type **Features** Power steering with integral ram Travel (mm) 166 156 162 Angle of lock 40°48' 37°18' 39°24' for inside wheel Angle of lock for 34°36' 32°24' 33°42' outside wheel Type of pump Falling flow Pump pressure (bars) 100 110 Circuit capacity (litres) 1.3 Number of steering wheel 3.25 3.17 3.05 rotations Number of teeth on drive 9 pinion

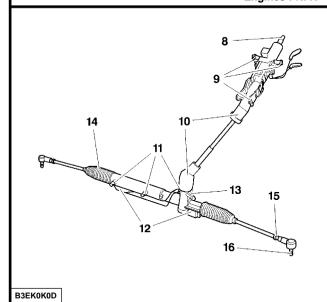
# AXLES USPENSION STEERING

: 2 ± 0.2

 $: 2.5 \pm 0.2$ 

#### SPECIFICATIONS OF POWER-ASSISTED STEERING

#### Engines: RFN - 3FZ - XFW - RHT - RHW - 4HW



# Tightening torques (m.daN)

(8) Steering wheel fixing nut	$: 2 \pm 0.2$
(b) Steering wheel lixing hat	. Z ± U,Z

(9) Fixing of steering column to support :  $2 \pm 0.2$ 

(10) Fixing of upper and lower shafts to steering column :  $2.5 \pm 0.2$ 

(11) Fixing of ram valve supply unions :  $1 \pm 0.1$ 

(12) Fixing of steering mechanism :  $14.5 \pm 1.4$ 

(13) Fixing of pump/valve supply unions
Pump

Valve

(14) Fixing of ball-joint housing on steering rack :  $9 \pm 0.9$ 

(15) Steering rod locking nut :  $6 \pm 0.6$ 

(16) Steering ball-joint nut :  $4 \pm 0.4$ 

BRAKE SPECIFICATIONS									
		2.0i 16V	2.2i 16V	3.0i 24S	2.0 HDi	2.2 HDi			
Eng	ine ty	/ре		RFN	3FZ	XFW	RHT - RHW	4HW	
Master cylinder		22,2 (val	22,2 (valve type)		22,2 (valve type)				
	_ [	Master-vac		25	254		254		
	ø mm	Ø Caliper/piston		LUC	LUCAS		LUCAS		
FT	""""	makes		6	60		60		
		Disc	Ventilated	28	35	310	28	35	
	Disc thickness/min. thickness		28/	28/26		28/26			
	Bral	ke pad grade		GALFER	3366 (8)	-	FERODO	782 (2)	
	Caliper/piston		LUCAS C38HR						
	Ø  mm	Ø   makes			38				
		Disc	Ventilated		272				
RR	Disc thickness/min. thickness		12/10						
	Make		TEXTAR						
	Brake pad grade			T 4131					
				•					

# **BRAKE TIGHTENING TORQUES (m.daN)**

Engines: RFN - 3FZ - XFW - RHT - RHW - 4HW

# Tightening torques (m.daN)

Fixing of disc on hub :  $1.5 \pm 0.1$ 

Fixing of front brake caliper on support :  $3.5 \pm 0.3$ 

Fixing of front brake caliper support on pivot :  $16 \pm 1.6$ 

Fixing of brake pipe unions :  $1.5 \pm 0.1$ 

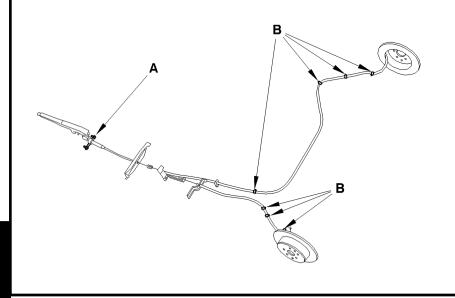
Fixing of rear brake caliper on support :  $3.5 \pm 0.3$ 

Fixing of rear brake caliper support on pivot :  $9.5 \pm 0.9$ 

Fixing of brake servo on pedal gear :  $2 \pm 0.2$ 

Fixing of master-cylinder on servo :  $2 \pm 0.2$ 

Fixing of handbrake lever on body :  $4 \pm 0.4$ 



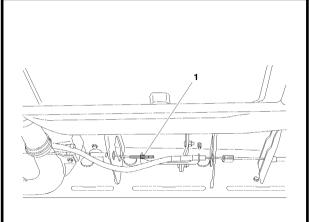
(A) Zone for fixing on floor.

(B) Clips for retaining on bodyshell.

B3FK263D

#### ADJUSTING THE HANDBRAKE

#### Adjustment



Raise and support the vehicle, wheels hanging.

WARNING: Bleed the braking circuit.

Detension the secondary brake cables by slackening the nut (1).

With the engine running and the handbrake released, press **40 times** on the brake pedal.

Carefully tighten the nut **(1)**, until the brake cables begin to come under tension. Pull the handbrake lever about ten times in a normal fashion.

Engage the handbrake lever at the **2**<sup>nd</sup> **notch** of its travel relative to its position of rest.

Turn the nut (1) until the brake pads start touching.

Check that:

- The normal travel of the handbrake lever does not exceed 6 notches.
- The two secondary brake cables on the slide are moving together.

With the handbrake slackened, make sure that the road wheels turn freely when moved by hand.

Check that the handbrake warning lamp lights up from the 1st notch of the lever's total travel.

B3FK264D

# BRAKE

# DRAINING, FILLING AND BLEEDING THE BRAKING SYSTEM

#### Tools.

[1] Generic bleeding apparatus : «LURO» or similar

[2] Filler plug: (-).0810[3] PROXIA diagnostic tool: 4165-T[4] LEXIA diagnostic tool: 4171-T

#### Draining.

Remove the pollen filter (See corresponding operation).

Take out the filter from the brake fluid reservoir.

Drain the brake fluid reservoir with the aid of a clean syringe.

Refit the filter in the brake fluid reservoir.

#### Filling.

IMPERATIVE: Use only new, clear brake fluid, avoiding any ingress of impurities into the hydraulic circuit.

WARNING: Use only hydraulic fluid(s) that are approved and recommended.

Renew the brake fluid in the calipers, bleeding the circuit until clean fluid flows out.

**WARNING**: During the bleed operations, take care to maintain the level of brake fluid in the reservoir, topping up if necessary.

# DRAINING, FILLING AND BLEEDING THE BRAKING SYSTEM

**Pre-conditions** for bleeding a braking circuit:

After a repair on the master cylinder or ABS block, bleed in the following order:

Front LH wheel. Front RH wheel. Rear LH wheel.

After a repair on a caliper or on a wheel cylinder, bleed in this order (caliper or wheel cylinder removed):

Front LH wheel. Front RH wheel. Rear LH wheel. Rear RH wheel.

**NOTE**: If removing/refitting the master cylinder, it is advised to complete the automatic bleed with a manual bleed.

ABS:

The hydraulic valve blocks are delivered pre-filled; it is thus possible to perform:

- a manual bleed (using the pedal),
- an automatic bleed.

Should the bleed of the circuit prove unsatisfactory, it is possible to bleed the ABS block using a diagnostic tool (See Tools), following the instructions given by the diagnostic tool.

Use of the diagnostic tool will be necessary in cases where the following conditions all come together simultaneously:

- Air in the circuit.
- Regulation block active.
- Action on the brake pedal.

#### Bleeding.

IMPERATIVE: Start the engine.

**WARNING:** Respect the order of opening of the bleed screws.

Automatic bleed:

Position tool [2] on the brake fluid reservoir.

Connect tool [2] to an approved automatic bleed apparatus (See Tools). Bleed the circuit, referring to the user instructions provided with the apparatus.

Manual bleed (using the pedal):

Two operators are necessary.

Connect a transparent pipe on the bleed screw.

Press slowly on the brake pedal.

Open the bleed screw.

Keep the pedal pressed fully down.

Close the bleed screw.

Allow the brake pedal to rise gradually.

Repeat the operation until the brake fluid flows out clean and free of air bubbles.

Proceed in an identical fashion in the case of all the other wheels.

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ſ	AIR CONDITIONING SYSTEM (R 134A) (HFC)						
ſ				Refrigerant refill (± 25 gr)	Compressor		
l	Vehicle	Engines	Date		Variable capacity	Quantity of oil (cc)	Quality of oil
I		RFN	13/06/02 →	750	SD 7 V 16	135 ± 15	SP10
		3FZ					
C8	C8	XFW					
		RHT - RHW					
		4HW					

# Tightening torques (m.daN).

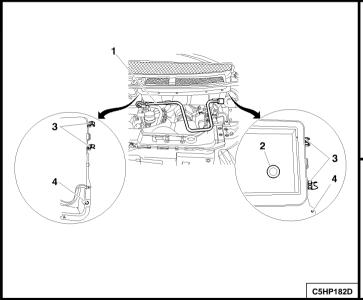
	Unions		
Pipe diameters	Steel / Steel	Aluminium / Steel	
М 06	1.7 ± 3	1.3 ± 3	
M 08	3.8 ± 3	2 ± 2	
M 10	4 ± 3	2.5 ± 3	

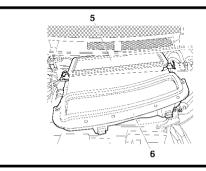
**NOTE**: Tighten the unions to the recommended torques using a retaining spanner whenever possible.

NOTE: For operations concerning draining, drying (empty), checking and refilling of a system: refer to BRE 0290.

WARNING: For R 134A quantities: see table on page: 120).

#### Pollen filter





C5HP183C

**NOTE**: The pollen filter is located under the bonnet on the LH side. **Removing.** 

Remove the handle (1).

Uncouple the evacuation pipe (2).

Release at (3), on the RH and LH sides.

Slacken the screws (4) on the RH and LH sides by a quarter turn.

Pull the assembly (6) outwards.

Remove the pollen filter (5).

Refitting.

Proceed in reverse order.

#### Removing-refitting the drying cartridge



#### Removing.

Depressurise the air conditioning circuit.

Remove the hose (1).

Disconnect the connector (2).

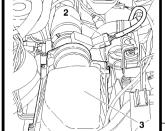
Remove the air filter (3).

Turn the plastic pins (4) by a guarter turn.

Move aside the condenser (5).

Clean the area around the skirt (6) of the reservoir (7).

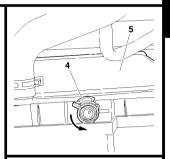
Remove the screw (8) of the fixing (9).

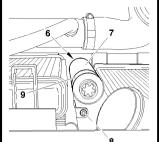


B1BP2MGC B1BP2MHC

C5HP184C

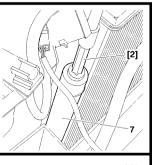
C5HP185C





Removing-refitting the drying cartridge (continued)

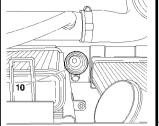
**WARNING:** This operation should remain clean before the fitting of the new reservoir.



Unscrew the reservoir (7) (Adaptor: TORX 70 FACOM)

Unscrew the reservoir (7), and the protection skirt (6).

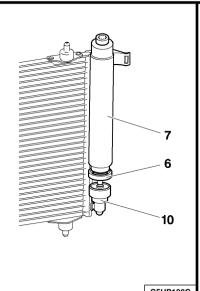
Cap the base (10).



**WARNING:** Do not allow more than **5 minutes** to elapse between unwrapping the cartridge (reservoir **(7)**) and fitting it.

C5HP186C C5HP187C

#### Removing-refitting the drying cartridge (continued)



#### Refitting.

Note: Check, before you refit the reservoir (7), that the base (10) is clean.

(If it is not, clean in and around the base with a paper towel (10)).

# Preparing the new drying reservoir

Remove the protection cap from the neck of the reservoir (7).

Leave in place the protection at the other end of the neck of the reservoir (7), before fitting.

- Grease the threads of the reservoir (7) (sachet of grease in the kit).
- Oil the reservoir's two O-ring seals (7) (sachet of oil in the kit).

#### Remove:

- The protection cap fitted at the time of removal, from the base (10).
- The protection at the other end of the reservoir (7).

Engage the reservoir (7) equipped with its skirt (6) on the threads of the base (10).

Manually screw on the reservoir (7), until the reservoir (7) is touching the foot of the base (10).

NOTE: Check that the bottom edge of the skirt (6) covers the base (10) all around it.

Tighten the reservoir (7) (TORX 70 FACOM).

#### Tighten to 1,4 ± 0,1 m.daN.

Fit the plastic clip (9) and the screw (8) (new, in exchange kit).

Complete the fitting in reverse order to the removing.

#### Proceed to:

- Recharge the circuit. (See corresponding operation).
- Check that the air conditioning system functions correctly. (See corresponding operation).

C5HP188C

#### Compressor lubricant.

# ESSENTIAL: The compressor lubricant is extremely hygroscopic; always use FRESH oil.

Checking the compressor oil level.

#### There are three specific cases:

- 1/ Repairs to a system without leaks.
- 2/ Slow leak.
- 3/ Fast leak.

#### 1/Repairing a system without leaks..

- a) Using draining/recovery equipment not fitted with an oil decanter.
- Drain the system as slowly as possible via the LOW PRESSURE valve, so as not to lose any oil.
- No more oil should be added when filling the system with R 134A fluid.
- b) Using draining/filling equipment fitted with an oil decanter.
- Drain the R 134A fluid from the system in accordance with the instructions in the equipment handbook.
- Measure the amount of oil recovered.
- Add the same amount of NEW oil when filling the system with R 134A fluid.
- c) Replacing a compressor.
- Remove the old compressor, drain it and measure the oil quantity.
- Drain the new compressor (supplied full), so that the same amount of NEW oil is left in the compressor as was in the old compressor.
- No more oil should be added when filling the system with R 134A fluid.

# Checking the compressor oil level (continued)

#### 2/ Slow leak.

- Slow leaks do not lead to oil loss, therefore the same procedure should be followed as if there was no leak at all.

#### 3/ Fast leak

This type of leak causes both oil loss as well as allowing air to enter the system.

It is therefore necessary to:

- Replace the dryer.
- Drain as much oil as possible (when replacing the faulty component).

Either before or during filling of the system with R 13A fluid, introduce 80 cc of NEW oil into the system.

#### CHECKING THE EFFICIENCY OF THE AIR CONDITIONING SYSTEM

#### CHECKING PRESSURES

	Low pressure too low	Low pressure normal	Low pressure too high	
I Hinn pressure I "		Cooling fan speed unsuitable.     Faulty compressor.	- Faulty pressure control valve Faulty compressor.	
High pressure normal	- Faulty compressor. - Dirty evaporator.	- Circuit normal.	- Cooling fan speed unsuitable.	
High pressure too high	- Faulty pressure control valve System blocked Water in the system.	<ul><li>Presence of solid matter in the system.</li><li>Dirty condenser.</li></ul>	<ul><li>Excessive fluid charge.</li><li>Dirty condenser.</li><li>Faulty pressure control valve.</li><li>Cooling fan speed unsuitable.</li></ul>	

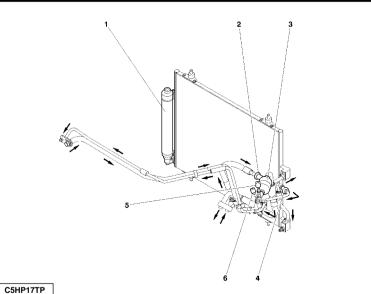
Checking the pressure at temperatures between 15°C and 35°C for information only.

In general, the pressure should be approximately :

- for R134A fluid, less than 2 Bars (Low pressure), and between 13 and 24 Bars (High pressure).

# **AIR CONDITIONING SYSTEM R 134A**



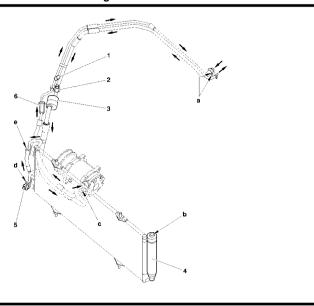


- 1 Drying cartridge.
- 2 Clickfit union.
- 3 Buffer capacity.
- 4 Clickfit union.
- 5 High pressure valve
- 6 Low pressure valve

C5HP18TP

# **AIR CONDITIONING SYSTEM R 134A**

# Engine : XFW



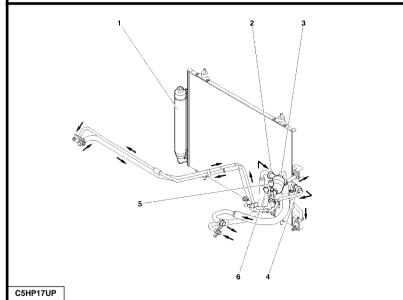
- 1 High pressure valve
- 2 Low pressure valve
- 3 Buffer capacity.
- 4 Drying cartridge.
- 5 Pressostat
- 6 Clickfit union. (Tool 8005-T.C)

# Tightening torques (m.daN).

- a 0.8 b 1.4 c
- d
- e 0.8

# **AIR CONDITIONING SYSTEM R 134A**

# Engines : RHT-4HW



- 1 Drying cartridge.
- 2 Clickfit union.
- 3 Buffer capacity.
- 4 Clickfit union.
- 5 High pressure valve (Tool 8005-T.C)
- 6 Low pressure valve (Tool 8005-T.A)